### Lista 1

October 18, 2021

# 1 Największy wspólny dzielnik

```
[1]: def Greatest_common_divisor(a,b):
         while a!=b:
             if a>b:
                  if b==1:
                      a=1
                  else:
                      if a>b*10**3:
                          p=4
                          while a>b*10**p:
                              p+=1
                          p-=1
                          a-=b*10**p
                      else:
                          a-=b
             else:
                  if a==1:
                     b=1
                  else:
                      if b>a*10**3:
                          p=4
                          while b>a*10**p:
                              p+=1
                          p-=1
                          b-=a*10**p
                      else:
                          b-=a
         return a
```

#### 2 Podstawowa klasa

```
[2]: class Fraction:
    def __init__(self, Num, Dem):
        if type(Num)!=int or type(Dem)!= int:
            raise TypeError("Muszą być liczby całkowite")
```

```
if Dem==0:
           raise ValueError ("Mianownik musi być różny od zera")
       gcd=Greatest_common_divisor(abs(Num),abs(Dem))
       self.sign = 1 if Num*Dem>0 else -1 if Num*Dem<0 else 0</pre>
       self.num=abs(Num)//gcd
       self.dem=abs(Dem)//gcd
  def __add__(self, other):
       return Fraction(self.sign*self.num*other.dem + other.sign*other.
→num*self.dem, self.dem*other.dem)
  def __sub__(self, other):
      return Fraction(self.sign*self.num*other.dem - other.sign*other.
→num*self.dem, self.dem*other.dem)
  def __mul__(self, other):
       return Fraction(self.sign*other.sign*self.num*other.num, self.dem*other.
→dem)
  def __truediv__(self, other):
      return self * Fraction(other.sign*other.dem, other.num)
  def __gt__(self,other):
       if self.sign*self.num*other.dem > other.sign*other.num*self.dem:
           return True
      return False
  def __ge__(self,other):
       if self.sign*self.num*other.dem >= other.sign*other.num*self.dem:
           return True
      return False
  def __eq__(self, other):
       if self.sign*self.num*other.dem == other.sign*other.num*self.dem:
           return True
      return False
  def getNum(self):
      return self.num
  def getDem(self):
      return self.dem
  def __str__(self):
      return str(self.sign*self.num)+" // "+ str(self.dem)
```

### 3 Test działania

```
[3]: txt="""a=Fraction(1,2)
     b=Fraction(1,3)
     a+b
     a-b
     a*b
     a/b
     a>b
     a<=b
     a.getNum()
     a.getDem
     a=Fraction(-1,1)
     b=Fraction(1,-1)
     a==b"""
[4]: for line in txt.splitlines():
         if line:
             print(">>> "+line)
             exec("d="+line)
             print(" ",d)
             print()
         else:
             print()
    >>> a=Fraction(1,2)
       1 // 2
    >>> b=Fraction(1,3)
       1 // 3
    >>> a+b
       5 // 6
    >>> a-b
       1 // 6
    >>> a*b
       1 // 6
    >>> a/b
       3 // 2
```

#### [5]: c=Fraction(1/2,1)

## 4 Nadprogramowe

```
[6]: class Frac:
         mixed=False # Normalny czy mieszany
         precision=0 # Do którego miejsca po przecinku cyfry mają znaczenie.
      \rightarrow 0-maksynalne
         decimal=False # Czy wyświetlać w postaci ułamka dziesiętnego (ważniejszeu
      \rightarrow niz \ mixed)
         def __init__(self, Num, Dem=1):
             if type(Num) not in (float,int, Frac) or type(Dem) not in_
      →(float,int,Frac):
                 raise TypeError("Musisz podać liczbe")
             if Dem==0:
                 raise ValueError ("Mianownik musi być różny od zera")
             self.sign = 1 if Num*Dem>0 else -1 if Num*Dem<0 else 0</pre>
             if Frac.precision==0:
                 num_temp=Num.as_integer_ratio()
                 dem_temp=Dem.as_integer_ratio()
                 num=abs(num_temp[0]*dem_temp[1])
                 dem=abs(num_temp[1]*dem_temp[0])
             else:
                 num=int(abs(Num*10**Frac.precision))
                 dem=int(abs(Dem*10**Frac.precision))
             if num!=0:
                 gcd=Greatest_common_divisor(num,dem)
             else:
                 gcd=1
                 dem=1
             self.num=num//gcd
             self.dem=dem//gcd
         def __add__(self, other):
             if type(other)!=Frac:
                 other=Frac(other)
             return Frac(self.sign*self.num*other.dem + other.sign*other.num*self.
      →dem, self.dem*other.dem)
         def __radd__(self, other):
             return self + other
```

```
def __sub__(self, other):
       #return Frac(self.sign*self.num*other.dem - other.sign*other.num*self.
\rightarrow dem, self.dem*other.dem)
       return self+(-1)*other
   def __rsub__(self, other):
       return -1*self+other
   def __pow__(self, power):
       if type(power) == Frac:
           power=power.num/power.dem
       return Frac((self.sign*self.num)**power, self.dem**power) if power > 0_L
→else Frac((self.sign*self.dem)**(-power), self.num**(-power))
   def __rmul__(self, other):
       return self*other
   def __mul__(self, other):
       if type(other)!=Frac:
           other=Frac(other)
       return Frac(self.sign*other.sign*self.num*other.num, self.dem*other.dem)
   def __truediv__(self, other):
       return self * other**(-1)
   def __gt__(self,other):
       if type(other)!=Frac:
           other=Frac(other)
       if self.sign*self.num*other.dem > other.sign*other.num*self.dem:
           return True
       return False
   def __ge__(self,other):
       if type(other)!=Frac:
           other=Frac(other)
       if self.sign*self.num*other.dem >= other.sign*other.num*self.dem:
           return True
       return False
   def __eq__(self, other):
       if type(other)!=Frac:
           other=Frac(other)
       if self.sign*self.num*other.dem == other.sign*other.num*self.dem:
           return True
       return False
```

```
def __lt__(self,other):
       if type(other)!=Frac:
           other=Frac(other)
       if self.sign*self.num*other.dem < other.sign*other.num*self.dem:
           return True
       return False
   def __le__(self,other):
       if type(other)!=Frac:
           other=Frac(other)
       if self.sign*self.num*other.dem <= other.sign*other.num*self.dem:</pre>
           return True
       return False
   def getNum(self):
       return self.num
   def getDem(self):
       return self.dem
   def __str__(self):
       if Frac.decimal:
           return str(self.sign*self.num/self.dem)
       elif not self.mixed or self.num//self.dem == 0:
           return str(self.sign*self.num)+" // "+ str(self.dem) if self.dem !=_
→1 else str(self.sign*self.num)
       else:
           a = self.num//self.dem
           b = self.num - a*self.dem
           return str(self.sign*a) + " i " + str(b) + " // " + str(self.dem)
→if b !=0 else str(self.sign*a)
   def __repr__(self):
       return self.__str__()
   def __abs__(self):
       return Frac(self*self.sign)
   def as_integer_ratio(self):
       return (self.sign*self.num, self.dem)
   def __neg__(self):
       return Frac((-1)*self)
   def __pos__(self):
       return Frac(self)
```

```
def __float__(self):
    return self.sign*self.num/self.dem

def __int__(self):
    return self.sign*(self.num//self.dem)
```

```
5
        Test
[7]: import math
     a=Frac(1,2)
     b=Frac(1,3)
[8]: print(a)
     b
    1 // 2
[8]: 1 // 3
[9]: import math
     txt="""
     a=Frac(1,2)
     b=Frac(1,3)
     c=Frac(-1/2)
     f=Frac(math.pi)
     a+b
     a-b
     a*b
     a+c
     a-c
     a*5
     Frac.mixed=True
     a*5
     f
     Frac.decimal=True
     h=a**b
     h
     h=h**3
     h
     h-a
     a-1/2
     Frac(1/4)**a
     Frac.decimal=False
     Frac.mixed=False
```

```
a=Frac(1,1)
      a/2
      a>1/2
      a/2>1/2
      a/2>=1/2
      1/2 > = a/2
      a/2 >= Frac(1/3)
      1==a
      (a/2).as_integer_ratio()
      Frac.decimal=True
      k=-f
      k
      k+f
      Frac.decimal=False
      float(f)
      int(f)
      math.sin(f)
      math.sin(math.pi)-math.sin(f)
      math.exp(Frac(1,2))-math.e**(1/2)"""
[10]: for line in txt.splitlines():
          if line:
              print(">>> "+line)
              exec("d="+line)
              print(" ",d)
              print()
          else:
              print()
     >>> a=Frac(1,2)
        1 // 2
     >>> b=Frac(1,3)
        1 // 3
     >>> c=Frac(-1/2)
        -1 // 2
     >>> f=Frac(math.pi)
        884279719003555 // 281474976710656
```

```
>>> a+b
  5 // 6
>>> a-b
  1 // 6
>>> a*b
  1 // 6
>>> a+c
  0
>>> a-c
 1
>>> a*5
  5 // 2
>>> Frac.mixed=True
  True
>>> a*5
  2 i 1 // 2
>>> f
  3 i 39854788871587 // 281474976710656
>>> Frac.decimal=True
  True
>>> f
  3.141592653589793
>>> h=a**b
  0.7937005259840997
>>> h
  0.7937005259840997
>>> h=h**3
  0.499999999999994
>>> h
  0.4999999999999994
```

>>> h-a

#### -3.0834472233596806e-17

True

True

True

True

```
>>> k=-f
        -3.141592653589793
     >>> k
        -3.141592653589793
     >>> k+f
        0.0
     >>> Frac.decimal=False
        False
     >>> float(f)
        3.141592653589793
     >>> int(f)
        3
     >>> f
        884279719003555 // 281474976710656
     >>> math.sin(f)
        1.2246467991473532e-16
     >>> math.sin(math.pi)-math.sin(f)
        0.0
     >>> math.exp(Frac(1,2))-math.e**(1/2)
        0.0
[11]: f=Frac(1,0)
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
       <ipython-input-11-bc4f77eb7303> in <module>
       ----> 1 f=Frac(1,0)
       <ipython-input-6-97308a871bc7> in __init__(self, Num, Dem)
            11
            12
                       if Dem==0:
                           raise ValueError("Mianownik musi być różny od zera")
       ---> 13
            14
            15
                       self.sign = 1 if Num*Dem>0 else -1 if Num*Dem<0 else 0</pre>
```

ValueError: Mianownik musi być różny od zera