# **Summary on Telecommunication Customer Churn Analysis**

- **1.Objective -** The primary goal of this analysis is to understand the factors contributing to customer churn at a telecommunications company and to build predictive models that identify customers likely to churn. The insights derived from the analysis can assist in formulating strategies to improve customer retention.
- **2. Dataset Overview** -The dataset used for this analysis contains information about customers, including demographics, services subscribed to, account details, and churn status. Key features include:
  - Customer Demographics: Gender, age, seniority.
  - **Services**: Internet service type, phone services, streaming services.
  - **Account Information**: Contract type, monthly charges, tenure.
  - Churn Indicator: Whether the customer has churned (Yes/No).

The dataset underwent an initial examination to:

- Check for missing values.
- Identify data types for all columns.
- Explore class distribution for the target variable (churn).

#### 3. Data Preprocessing -

Key preprocessing steps performed:

- Handling Missing Values: Columns with missing data were either filled (using mean/median for numerical data or mode for categorical data) or dropped based on relevance.
- **Encoding Categorical Variables**: Categorical features such as gender and contract type were converted to numerical values using techniques like one-hot encoding.
- Feature Scaling: Numerical features like monthly charges and tenure were scaled to ensure uniformity.
- Removing Outliers: Detected and removed extreme values using statistical methods.
- **4. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) -** EDA was conducted to uncover trends and relationships in the data. Key observations include:

#### • Churn Trends:

- Customers with month-to-month contracts exhibit higher churn rates.
- Churn is more prevalent among customers with higher monthly charges.

# Service Usage:

- Customers not subscribed to internet services have lower churn rates.
- Streaming service users showed varying churn tendencies based on contract type.

# • Demographics:

o Senior citizens have slightly higher churn rates compared to younger customers.

Visualizations such as histograms, bar charts, and heatmaps were used to support these findings.

### 5. Predictive Modeling -

Various machine learning models were implemented to predict churn. The steps include:

### Model Training and Evaluation:

- Models used include Logistic Regression, Decision Trees, and Random Forest.
- Metrics such as accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, and ROC-AUC were calculated to evaluate performance.

# • Best Performing Model:

 Random Forest achieved the highest accuracy of ~85%, with a balanced precision and recall, making it the most reliable model for churn prediction.

#### • Feature Importance:

- Key predictors of churn identified by the models include:
  - Contract type.
  - Tenure.
  - Monthly charges.
  - Internet service type.

### 6. Key Insights and Recommendations -

#### Insights:

- 1. Month-to-month contracts significantly contribute to churn; offering discounts or benefits for longer-term contracts may help reduce churn.
- 2. Customers with higher monthly charges are more likely to churn, indicating potential dissatisfaction with perceived value.
- 3. Senior citizens exhibit higher churn rates, suggesting a need for targeted retention strategies for this demographic.

### Recommendations:

- 1. Introduce loyalty programs and incentives to encourage long-term contracts.
- 2. Provide tailored plans or discounts to high-billing customers.
- 3. Focus on improving service quality and customer support for senior citizens.
- 4. Implement proactive churn prevention mechanisms using the predictive model to identify at-risk customers and offer retention deals.

### 7. Conclusion -

This analysis highlights the importance of understanding customer behavior and leveraging data-driven strategies to improve retention. The predictive model developed serves as a robust tool to identify churn risks, enabling the company to take preemptive measures and enhance customer satisfaction.