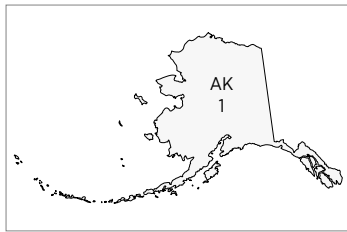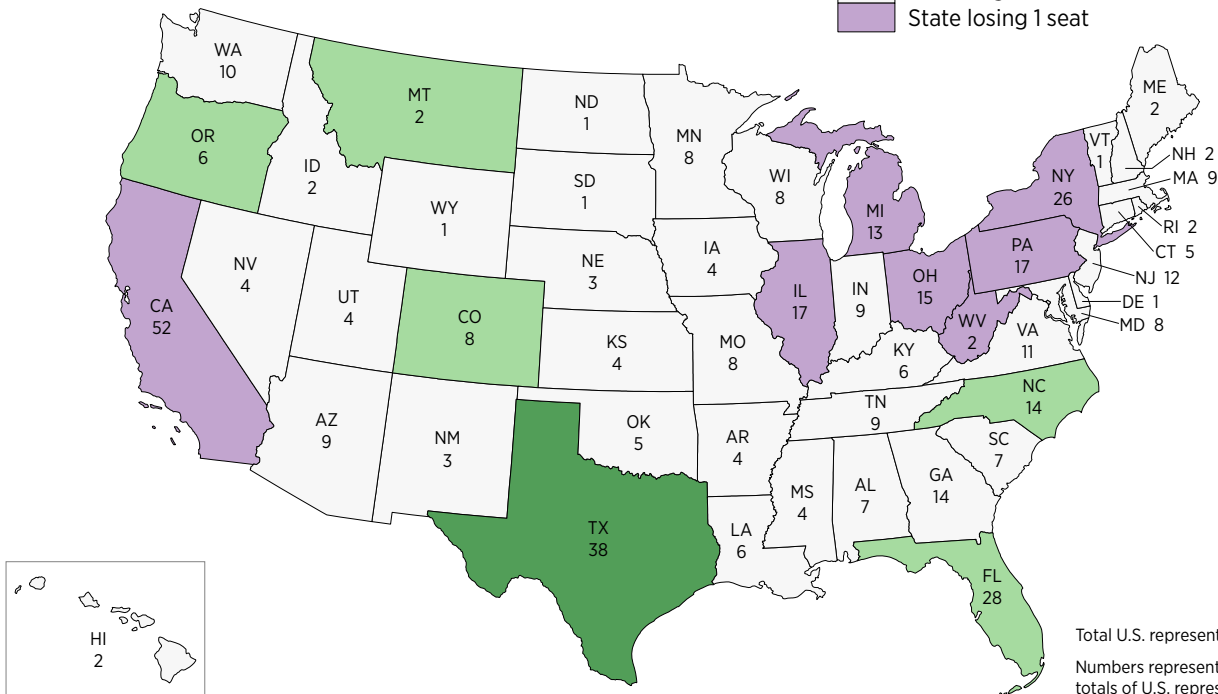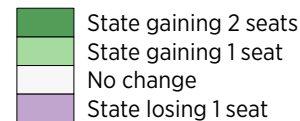# 5 Minute Challenge: Apportionment Map
Warm-Up Activity

Apportionment of the U.S. House of Representatives Based on the 2020 Census

Change from 2010 to 2020

- State gaining 2 seats
- State gaining 1 seat
- No change
- State losing 1 seat

AK 1

WA 10
OR 6
MT 2
ND 1
MN 8
ME 2
VT 1
NH 2
MA 9
NY 26
ID 2
WY 1
SD 1
WI 8
MI 13
RI 2
CT 5
NV 4
UT 4
CO 8
NE 3
IA 4
IL 17
IN 9
OH 15
PA 17
NJ 12
DE 1
MD 8
CA 52
AZ 9
NM 3
KS 4
MO 8
KY 6
WV 2
VA 11
OK 5
AR 4
TN 9
NC 14
SC 7
MS 4
AL 7
GA 14
TX 38
LA 6
FL 28
HI 2

Total U.S. representatives: 435

Numbers represent reapportioned totals of U.S. representatives.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau <www.census.gov/library/visualizations/2021/dec/2020-apportionment-map.html>.

What is apportionment? Apportionment is the process of dividing the 435 memberships, or seats, in the U.S. House of Representatives among the 50 states. The U.S. Constitution requires that a census (population count) be taken every 10 years for the purpose of reapportioning the U.S. House of Representatives.

Use the map above to complete the following:

1. What states gained the most seats in the house, and what states lost the most?

2. Of the states that had no change in their numbers, list those that have 8 or more seats in the House.

3. Of the states that gained one or more seat(s) in the House, list those that have 8 or fewer seats.

4. Of the states that lost one or more seat(s) in the House, list those that have fewer than three seats.

5. How many states have 20 or more seats in the House? What conclusions can you draw about these states?