

Computer Operating Systems, Practice Session 4

Threads

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Today

Computer Operating Systems, PS 4

Thread Creation and Termination

Joining Threads

Using Global Variables in Threads

Thread Creation

```
#include <pthread.h>
```

```
int pthread_create(pthread_t *thread, const pthread_attr_t *attr, void  
*(*start_routine)(void*), void *arg);
```

pthread_t *thread	: Pointer to the thread to be created
const pthread_attr_t *attr	: Pointer to attributes of the thread to be created
void *(*start_routine)(void*)	: Pointer to the routine that will start the thread
void *arg	: Pointer to the arguments for the start routine

returns 0 on success and an error number on failure

Example Program 1

```
1 #include <pthread.h>
2 #include <stdio.h>
3 #include <stdlib.h>
4
5 void* print_message_function(void *ptr){
6     char *message;
7     // interpreting as char *
8     message = (char *) ptr;
9     printf("\n %s \n", message);
10    // terminating the thread
11    pthread_exit(NULL);
12 }
13
14 int main(){
15     pthread_t thread1, thread2, thread3;
16     char *message1 = "Hello";
17     char *message2 = "World";
18     char *message3 = "!...";
```

Example Program 1

```
1  // creating 3 threads with start routine as print_message_function
2  // and start routine arguments as message1, message2 and message3
3  if(pthread_create(&thread1, NULL, print_message_function, (void *)
4      message1)){
5      fprintf(stderr, "pthread_create failure\n");
6      exit(-1);
7  }
8  if(pthread_create(&thread2, NULL, print_message_function, (void *)
9      message2)){
10     fprintf(stderr, "pthread_create failure\n");
11     exit(-1);
12 }
13 if(pthread_create(&thread3, NULL, print_message_function, (void *)
14     message3)){
15     fprintf(stderr, "pthread_create failure\n");
16     exit(-1);
17 }
18 // to block main to support its threads until they terminate
19 pthread_exit(NULL);
```

Compiling a Program Including Thread/s

- ▶ Source File: `source.c`
- ▶ Executable File: `output`
- ▶ These applications should be linked with thread library. Sample, proper compilation:
`gcc -pthread source.c -o output`

Output of the Example Program 1

```
musty@musty-VirtualBox:/media/sf_virtualbox_shared_folder$ gcc -pthread  
Example1.c -o output  
musty@musty-VirtualBox:/media/sf_virtualbox_shared_folder$ ./output  
  
!...  
  
World  
  
Hello  
musty@musty-VirtualBox:/media/sf_virtualbox_shared_folder$ █
```

Example Program 2

```
1 #include <pthread.h>
2 #include <stdio.h>
3 #include <stdlib.h>
4 #include <math.h>
5 #define NUM_THREADS 4
6
7 void *BusyWork(void *t){
8     int i;
9     long tid;
10    double result=0.0;
11    tid = (long)t;
12    long exit_status = 10*tid;
13    printf("Thread %ld starting...\n", tid);
14    for (i=0; i<1000000; i++){
15        result = result + sin(i) * tan(i);
16    }
17    printf("Thread %ld done. Result = %e\n", tid, result);
18    pthread_exit((void*) exit_status);
19 }
```

Barney B. (2013). POSIX Threads Programming. Retrieved March 03, 2014 (and modified) from <https://computing.llnl.gov/tutorials/pthreads/>

Example Program 2

```
1 int main (int argc, char *argv[]) {
2     pthread_t thread[NUM_THREADS];
3     pthread_attr_t attr;
4     int rc;
5     long t;
6     void *status;
7     // Initialize and set thread detach state attribute
8     // Only threads that are created as joinable can be joined
9     // Threads created as PTHREAD_CREATE_DETACHED, cannot be joined
10    pthread_attr_init(&attr);
11    pthread_attr_setdetachstate(&attr, PTHREAD_CREATE_JOINABLE);
12    for(t=0; t<NUM_THREADS; t++) {
13        printf("Main: creating thread %ld\n", t);
14        // creating thread t
15        rc = pthread_create(&thread[t], &attr, BusyWork, (void *)t);
16        if (rc) {
17            printf("ERROR;return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
18            exit(-1);
19        }
20    }
```

Example Program 2

```
1 // Free library resources used by the attribute
2 pthread_attr_destroy(&attr);
3 // Join operation is used for synchronization between threads by
4 // blocking the calling thread until the specified thread (with
5 // given threadid) terminates. status is the exit status of the
6 // target thread (from pthread_exit) or PTHREAD_CANCELED if the
7 // target thread was canceled.
8 for(t=0; t<NUM_THREADS; t++) {
9     rc = pthread_join(thread[t], &status);
10    if (rc) {
11        printf("ERROR; return code from pthread_join() is %d\n", rc);
12        exit(-1);
13    }
14    printf("Main: completed join with thread %ld having a status of
15           %ld\n", t, (long)status);
16 }
17 printf("Main: program completed. Exiting.\n");
18 // to block main to support its threads until they terminate
19 pthread_exit(NULL);
```

Output of the Example Program 2

```
musty@musty-VirtualBox:/media/sf_virtualbox_shared_folder$ gcc Example2.c -lm  
-pthread -o Example2  
musty@musty-VirtualBox:/media/sf_virtualbox_shared_folder$ ./Example2  
Main: creating thread 0  
Main: creating thread 1  
Main: creating thread 2  
Main: creating thread 3  
Thread 3 starting...  
Thread 2 starting...  
Thread 1 starting...  
Thread 0 starting...  
Thread 3 done. Result = -3.153838e+06  
Thread 0 done. Result = -3.153838e+06  
Main: completed join with thread 0 having a status of 0  
Thread 2 done. Result = -3.153838e+06  
Thread 1 done. Result = -3.153838e+06  
Main: completed join with thread 1 having a status of 10  
Main: completed join with thread 2 having a status of 20  
Main: completed join with thread 3 having a status of 30  
Main: program completed. Exiting.  
musty@musty-VirtualBox:/media/sf_virtualbox_shared_folder$ █
```

Example Program 3

```
1 #include <pthread.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <stdio.h>
4
5 int myglobal;
6
7 void* thread_function(void *arg){
8     int i,j;
9     // changing the value of myglobal in thread_function
10    for(i=0;i<20;i++){
11        //myglobal++;
12        j=myglobal;
13        j=j+1;
14        myglobal=j;
15        printf(".");
16        // to force writing all user-space buffered data to stdout
17        fflush(stdout);
18        sleep(1);
19    }
20    pthread_exit(NULL);
21 }
```

Example Program 3

```
1  int main(void){
2      pthread_t mythread;
3      int i;
4      myglobal=0;
5      // creating a thread using thread_function as the start routine
6      if(pthread_create(&mythread, NULL, thread_function, NULL)){
7          printf("error creating thread");
8          abort();
9      }
10     // changing the value of myglobal in main()
11     for(i=0; i<20; i++){
12         myglobal = myglobal+1;
13         printf("o");
14         // to force writing all user-space buffered data to stdout
15         fflush(stdout);
16         sleep(1);
17     }
18     printf("\nmyglobal equals %d\n", myglobal);
19     // to block main to support its threads until they terminate
20     pthread_exit(NULL);
21 }
```

