



Introduction to Data Assimilation, Subgrid-Scale Parameterization and Predictability

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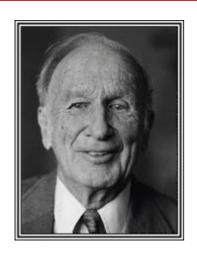
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Lorenz 1996 Model



Edward N. Lorenz 1917 – 2008

$$\frac{dX_k}{dt} = -X_{k-1}(X_{k-2} - X_{k+1}) - X_k + F - \frac{hc}{b} \sum_{j=J(k-1)+1}^{kJ} Y_j; \quad k = 1, \dots, K$$

$$\frac{dY_j}{dt} = -cbY_{j+1}(Y_{j+2} - Y_{j-1}) - cY_j + \frac{hc}{b} X_{\text{int}[(j-1)/J]+1}; \quad j = 1, \dots, JK. \quad (1b)$$

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial t} = F(X)$$

Simplest Scheme: Euler Forward (First Order)

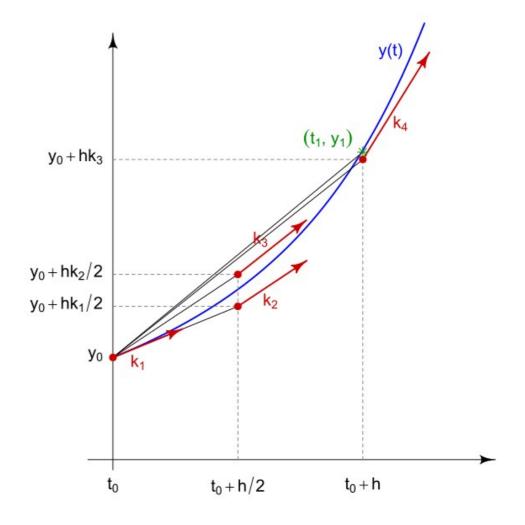
$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial t} = \frac{X(t + \delta t) - X(t)}{\delta t}$$

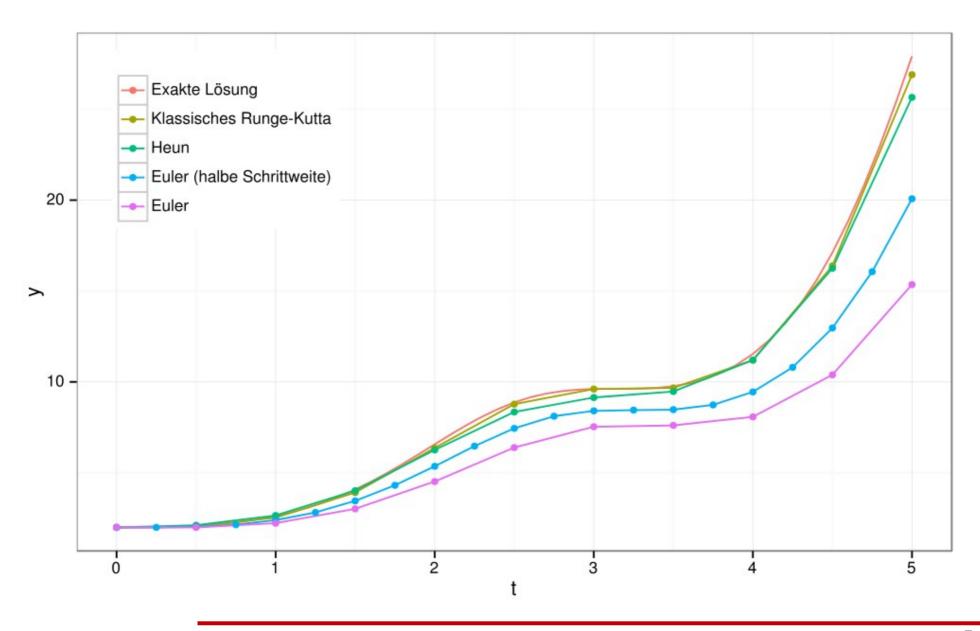
$$X(t+\delta t)=X(t)+\delta t F(X)$$

Runge-Kutta (4th Order)

$$egin{aligned} y_{n+1} &= y_n + rac{h}{6} \left(k_1 + 2 k_2 + 2 k_3 + k_4
ight), \ t_{n+1} &= t_n + h \end{aligned}$$

$$egin{align} k_1 &= f(t_n,y_n), \ k_2 &= f\left(t_n + rac{h}{2}, y_n + rac{h}{2}k_1
ight), \ k_3 &= f\left(t_n + rac{h}{2}, y_n + rac{h}{2}k_2
ight), \ k_4 &= f\left(t_n + h, y_n + hk_3
ight). \end{array}$$





How to choose time step size?

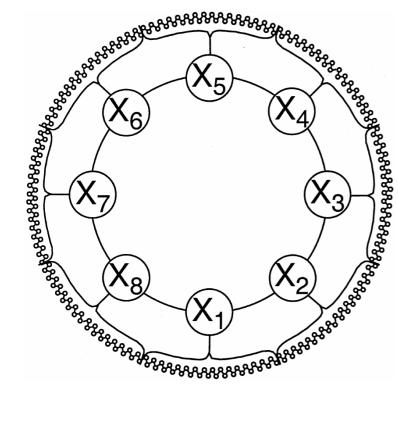
How to choose time step size?

RK4: Error should decrease $\sim (\delta t)^4$

- Integrate model forward for 2 time units from same initial condition for different δt (factor 10)
- Then compare differences
- Repeat until error is at machine precision

(time unit $\neq \delta t$; 1 time unit = N δt ; $\delta t = 1/N$)

Lorenz 1996 Model



We are going to look at:

- F=10 forcing
- h=1 coupling strength
- c = b = 10 scale separation (fluc 10x in Y's)
- K=36 Number of X modes
- J=10 Number of Y modes per X mode

How are we solving the system:

- Runge Kutta 4th order: time step 0.005
- Spinup: 100 time units
- Integration: 100 to 1000 time units