# Predicting Water Wells In Need Of Repair For The Government Of Tanzania

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#### Overview

- Tanzania
  - Country in East Africa within the African Great Lakes region.
  - Faces challenges in providing clean water to it's population of over 57,000,000
- Many wells have been added
  - o Some need repairs.
  - Some have stopped working.
- Goal:
  - Build classification model to identify broken wells for The Ministry of Water.

# **Business And Data Understanding**

- Data source: Taarifa waterpoints dashboard
  - o Aggregates data from the Tanzania Ministry of Water
  - Open source platform for crowd-sourced reporting and triaging of infrastructure-related issues
  - Helps engage citizens with their local government

# Modeling

#### I WILL ATTEMPT TO ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

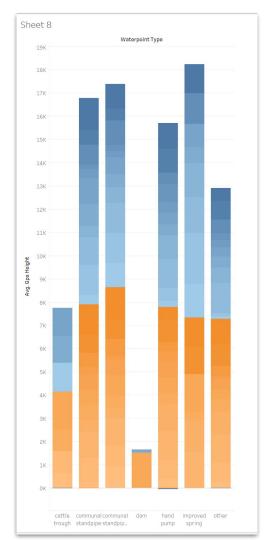
- Is there a pattern in regards to:
  - o WHO?
    - Government
    - private business
    - etc
  - WHERE
    - Hotspots
    - Patterns in location
  - And PERMIT STATUS
    - Does it affect probability of repair status?

## **Evaluating The Model**

- Prioritizing False Negatives
  - Showing up to a functioning well is worse than ignoring a broken one!
- Therefore, used Precision metric
  - Used minimize false negatives
    - Occur when the model incorrectly identifies negative instances.
  - Trade off with Accuracy
    - Will identify more false positives as a result.
- Final model precision:
  - 0 79%
  - Model correctly identified 79% of broken wells as positive

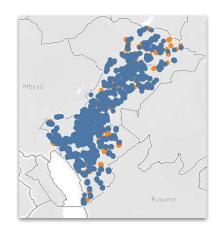
- WHO:
  - No pattern in data used.

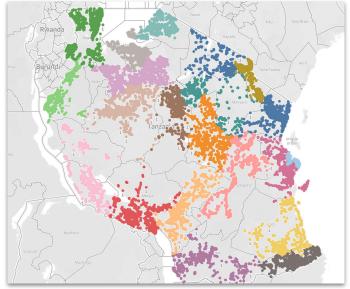




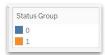


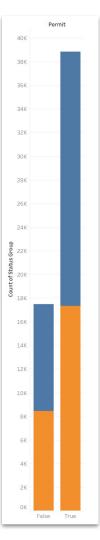
- WHERE:
  - o Iringa
    - Has the highest number of broken wells.
  - Highly correlated with Longitude/Latitude
    - There are hotspots
      - But the model itself can't tell you where
  - Other Indicators:
    - High Population
    - Year Constructed





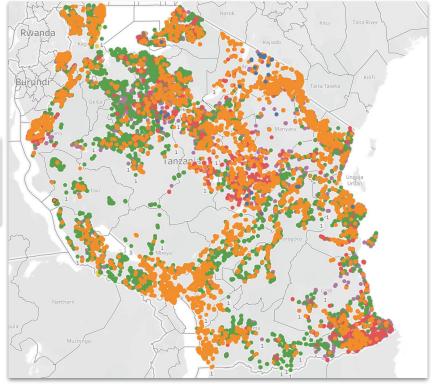
- Permits:
  - o Don't seem to matter.

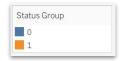


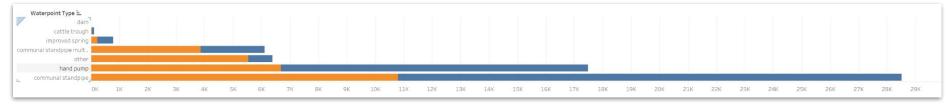


- Most waterpoints are
  - Communal
  - Hand Pump









# **Recommendations & Next Steps**

- Biggest Problem
  - Data has overlapping categories
    - Could use some cleaning up.
  - Very difficult to manage multicollinearity
- Look into hotspots:
  - Some places are more likely than others.
  - o Iringa
- Look into specifically
  - Communal Standing Pipes
  - Handpumps
  - Pumps with
    - Low water
    - Old
    - High Population

### **Questions?**

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