# HW 1: Basic Python Programming

CPE232 Data Models

# 1. Basic usage

John Doe is a 29 years-old system engineer who earns \$41500.00 a month.

Create and assign variables to store this person's information (name, age, position and salary).

```
In [1]: # Write your code here
name = 'John'
age = 29
position = 'system engineer'
salary = 41500
```

What is the type of each variables?

The manager decides to give John a 7% raise. Update his salary.

```
In [3]: # Write your code here
salary = salary*1.07
```

Prints his information again with his new salary.

```
In [4]: # Write your code here
print(int(salary))
```

44405

Now, he decides to resign. Delete his information from the system.

```
In [5]: # Write your code here
del name, age, position, salary
```

## 2. Variable and Expression

2.1 Write a code to convert temperature unit from celcius to other units

```
In [6]: C = 34.5
```

#### **Fahrenheit**

$$\frac{C}{5} = \frac{F - 32}{9}$$

In [7]: 
$$F = (C * 9/5) + 32$$

$$F = 94.1$$

#### Kelvin

$$K = C + 273.15$$

In 
$$[9]$$
:  $K = C + 273.15$ 

$$K = 307.65$$

#### Rømer

$$Ro = rac{C imes 21}{40} + 7.5$$

In [11]: 
$$Ro = C * 21/40 + 7.5$$

Ro = 25.6125

### 3. Multi-item variables

List

Create new variable call new\_name which takes input name of the user.

```
In [14]: ___ = input('Enter your name: ')
```

Insert new\_name into names list.

```
In [15]: # Write your code here
    names.append(___)
    print(names)
```

```
['Thomas', 'Kate', 'Mike', 'Amelia', 'James', 'Megan', 'Kaew']
```

Select your name from the list

```
In [16]: # Write your code here
         print(names[-1])
        Kaew
         Merge another_names into names.
In [17]: another_names = ['Peter', 'Steve', 'Sam', 'Charlotte']
In [18]: # Write your code here
         sum_names = names + another_names
         print(sum_names)
        ['Thomas', 'Kate', 'Mike', 'Amelia', 'James', 'Megan', 'Kaew', 'Peter', 'Steve',
        'Sam', 'Charlotte']
         Change Amelia 's name to Amy
In [19]: # Write your code here
         sum_names[3] = 'Amy'
         print(sum names)
        ['Thomas', 'Kate', 'Mike', 'Amy', 'James', 'Megan', 'Kaew', 'Peter', 'Steve', 'Sa
        m', 'Charlotte']
         Dictionary
In [58]: capital_city = {'England':'London',
                          'Spain':'Madrid',
                          'Japan':'Tokyo',
                          'Australia': 'Sydney',
                          'Germany': 'Berlin',
         Add a record Thailand and it's capital city to this dictionary
In [59]: # Write your code here
         capital_city['Thailand'] = 'Bangkok'
         You may notice that the capital city of Australia is wrong. It should be Canberra.
         Correct this mistake.
In [60]: # Write your code here
         capital_city['Australia'] = 'Canberra'
In [61]: print(capital_city)
        {'England': 'London', 'Spain': 'Madrid', 'Japan': 'Tokyo', 'Australia': 'Canberr
        a', 'Germany': 'Berlin', 'Thailand': 'Bangkok'}
```

## 4. Control Flows and conditional statements

if...elif...else

1. Define a variable to get input age from user.

```
In [42]: age = int(input('Enter your age: '))
```

Write a series of if...elif...else statement that categorize input age into following groups:

Babies: 0-2 years old

Children: 3-12 years old Teenager: 13-19 years old Young Adults: 20-29 years old

Middle-aged Adults: 30-45 years old

Old Adult: 46-59 years old Elderly: Above 60 years old

```
In [43]:
         # Write your code here
          if age >= 60:
              print('Elderly')
          elif age >= 46 and age < 60:</pre>
              print('Old Adult')
          elif age >= 30 and age < 46:
              print('Middle-aged')
          elif age >= 20 and age < 30:
              print('Young Adult')
          elif age >= 13 and age < 20:
              print('Teenager')
          elif age >= 3 and age < 13:</pre>
              print('Child')
          elif age >= 0 and age < 3:</pre>
              print('Baby')
          else:
              print('Invalid age')
```

Young Adult

## Looping

1. Write a code to create a multiplication table of an input number (multiplier from 1-12).

```
In [71]: # Write your code here
for i in range(1, 13):
    for j in range(1, 13):
        print(f"{i} x {j} = {i * j}")
```

- $1 \times 1 = 1$
- $1 \times 2 = 2$
- $1 \times 3 = 3$
- $1 \times 4 = 4$
- $1 \times 5 = 5$
- $1 \times 6 = 6$
- $1 \times 7 = 7$
- $1 \times 8 = 8$
- $1 \times 9 = 9$
- $1 \times 10 = 10$
- $1 \times 11 = 11$
- $1 \times 12 = 12$
- $2 \times 1 = 2$
- $2 \times 2 = 4$
- $2 \times 3 = 6$
- $2 \times 4 = 8$
- $2 \times 5 = 10$
- $2 \times 6 = 12$
- $2 \times 7 = 14$
- $2 \times 8 = 16$
- $2 \times 9 = 18$
- $2 \times 10 = 20$
- $2 \times 11 = 22$
- $2 \times 12 = 24$
- $3 \times 1 = 3$
- $3 \times 2 = 6$
- $3 \times 3 = 9$
- $3 \times 4 = 12$
- $3 \times 5 = 15$
- $3 \times 6 = 18$
- $3 \times 7 = 21$
- $3 \times 8 = 24$
- $3 \times 9 = 27$
- $3 \times 10 = 30$
- $3 \times 11 = 33$
- $3 \times 12 = 36$
- $4 \times 1 = 4$
- $4 \times 2 = 8$
- $4 \times 3 = 12$
- $4 \times 4 = 16$
- $4 \times 5 = 20$
- $4 \times 6 = 24$
- $4 \times 7 = 28$
- $4 \times 8 = 32$  $4 \times 9 = 36$
- $4 \times 10 = 40$
- $4 \times 11 = 44$
- $4 \times 12 = 48$
- $5 \times 1 = 5$
- $5 \times 2 = 10$
- $5 \times 3 = 15$
- $5 \times 4 = 20$
- $5 \times 5 = 25$  $5 \times 6 = 30$
- $5 \times 7 = 35$
- $5 \times 8 = 40$  $5 \times 9 = 45$
- $5 \times 10 = 50$
- $5 \times 11 = 55$
- $5 \times 12 = 60$

- $6 \times 1 = 6$
- $6 \times 2 = 12$
- $6 \times 3 = 18$
- $6 \times 4 = 24$
- $6 \times 5 = 30$
- $6 \times 6 = 36$
- $6 \times 7 = 42$
- $6 \times 8 = 48$
- $6 \times 9 = 54$
- 6 x 10 = 60
- $6 \times 11 = 66$
- $6 \times 12 = 72$
- $7 \times 1 = 7$
- $7 \times 2 = 14$
- $7 \times 3 = 21$
- $7 \times 4 = 28$
- $7 \times 5 = 35$
- $7 \times 6 = 42$
- / X 0 42
- $7 \times 7 = 49$
- $7 \times 8 = 56$
- $7 \times 9 = 63$
- $7 \times 10 = 70$
- $7 \times 11 = 77$
- $7 \times 12 = 84$
- $8 \times 1 = 8$
- $8 \times 2 = 16$
- $8 \times 3 = 24$
- $8 \times 4 = 32$
- $8 \times 5 = 40$
- 8 x 6 = 48
- $8 \times 7 = 56$
- $8 \times 8 = 64$
- $8 \times 9 = 72$
- 8 x 10 = 80
- 8 x 11 = 88
- $8 \times 12 = 96$
- $9 \times 1 = 9$
- $9 \times 2 = 18$
- $9 \times 3 = 27$
- $9 \times 4 = 36$
- $9 \times 5 = 45$
- 9 x 6 = 54
- $9 \times 7 = 63$
- $9 \times 8 = 72$
- $9 \times 9 = 81$
- 9 x 10 = 90
- 9 x 11 = 99
- $9 \times 12 = 108$
- $10 \times 1 = 10$  $10 \times 2 = 20$
- $10 \times 3 = 30$
- $10 \times 4 = 40$
- 10 x 5 = 50
- $10 \times 5 = 50$   $10 \times 6 = 60$
- 10 x 7 = 70
- 10 x 8 = 80
- 10 x 9 = 90
- $10 \times 10 = 100$
- $10 \times 11 = 110$  $10 \times 12 = 120$

```
11 \times 1 = 11
11 \times 2 = 22
11 \times 3 = 33
11 \times 4 = 44
11 \times 5 = 55
11 \times 6 = 66
11 \times 7 = 77
11 \times 8 = 88
11 \times 9 = 99
11 \times 10 = 110
11 x 11 = 121
11 \times 12 = 132
12 \times 1 = 12
12 \times 2 = 24
12 \times 3 = 36
12 \times 4 = 48
12 \times 5 = 60
12 \times 6 = 72
12 \times 7 = 84
12 \times 8 = 96
12 \times 9 = 108
12 \times 10 = 120
12 \times 11 = 132
12 \times 12 = 144
```

**2.** Write a code that construct the following pattern.

```
input: 5 output: * ** *** ****
```

```
In [45]: # Write your code here
    for i in range(6):
        print('*'*i)

*
    **
    ***
    ***
    ****
    *****
```

```
In [46]: languages = ['C/C++', 'Python', 'R', 'Java', 'SQLs', 'Assembly', 'Go', 'Rust',
In [72]: # Write your code here
         for i in languages:
             if i == 'Assembly':
                 print('Not you, Assembly')
             else:
                 print('I love', i)
        I love C/C++
        I love Python
        I love R
        I love Java
        I love SQLs
        Not you, Assembly
        I love Go
        I love Rust
        I love Kotlin
```

**4.** Write a code to print every number from 1 to 25 except the one that is divisible by 3.

```
In [48]: # Write your code here
          for i in range(1, 26):
              if i % 3 != 0:
                   print(i)
        1
        2
        4
        5
        7
        8
        10
        11
        13
        14
        16
        17
        19
        20
        22
        23
        25
```

**5.** Write a code that finds the number that is divisible by 7 in a given range.

```
In [75]: lower_bound = 1
    upper_bound = 100
    divisor = 7

result = []

In [76]: # Write your code here
    for i in range(lower_bound, upper_bound+1):
        if i % 7 == 0:
            result.append(i)
        print(result)

[7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49, 56, 63, 70, 77, 84, 91, 98]
```

**6.** Write a code that construct the following pattern.

```
In [83]: # Write your code here
  number = int(input('Enter a number: '))
  for i in range(1,number+1):
      print('*'*i+'#'*(number-i+1))
```

### 5. Functions

**1.** Define a function average that takes arbitrary number of arguments and calculate the mean of input.

```
In [87]: # Write your code here
           def average(*numbers):
               average = sum(numbers) / len(numbers)
               print(average)
           average(1, 2, 3)
           average(1, 2, 3, 4)
         2.0
         2.5
           2. Define a function sumproduct that takes 2 equal-sized lists and calculate sum of the
           products of two lists.
           It should look like this:
                  sumproduct([1,2,3],[4,5,6])
           output: 32
           (1*4) + (2*5) + (3*6) = 32
In [106...
          # Write your code here
           def sumproduct(list1, list2):
               sum = 0
               if len(list1) == len(list2):
                   for i in range(len(list1)):
                        sum += list1[i] * list2[i]
                   print(sum)
           sumproduct([1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6])
```

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**3.** Define a function fibonacci that returns Fibonacci number at n position. A Fibonacci number at position n is defined by F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2). Where F(0) = 0 and F(1) = 1

```
Example: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, ...
```

```
In [131... # Write your code here
    def fibonacci_sequence(n):
        fib_sequence = []
```

```
a, b = 0, 1
for _ in range(n):
    fib_sequence.append(a)
    a, b = b, a + b
    return ", ".join(map(str, fib_sequence))

print(fibonacci_sequence(14))
```

```
0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, 233
```

**4.** Define a function is\_palindrome that takes input string and check whether it is a palindrome or not.

A string is a palindrome if it reads the same forward and backwards.

**Example:** madam, race car, borrow or rob, amore roma, never odd or even Do not consider whitespace. Use str.replace('', '') to remove whitespace from your string.

Case-insensitive. You can turn everything into lower or uppercase using str.lower() or str.upper()

**Hint:** you can reverse the string using [::-1] slice.

```
In [136... str1 = "radar" # palindrome
    str2 = "rotator" # palindrome
    str3 = "lemon" # not palindrome

In [139... # Write your code here
    def is_palindrome(string):
        if string == string[::-1]:
            return 'palindrome'
        else:
            return 'not palindrome'

    print(is_palindrome(str1))
    print(is_palindrome(str2))
    print(is_palindrome(str3))
```

palindrome
palindrome
not palindrome

**5.** An anagram is a word or phrase formed by rearranging the letters of a different word or phrase.

Define a function <u>is\_anagram</u> that takes in 2 strings and check whether it is possible to compose a second string using letters in the first string or not.

Example: Tom Marrvolo Riddle can be rearraged into I am Lord Voldermort

Meaning of Life can be rearranged into Engine of a Film

Do not consider whitespace. Use str.replace('', '') to remove whitespace from your string.

Case-insensitive. You can turn everything into lower or uppercase using str.lower() or str.upper()

Returns only True of False

```
In [144... # Write your code here
    str1 = "Meaning of Life"
    str2 = "Engine of a Film"

def is_anagram(str1, str2):
        str1 = str1.replace(" ", "").lower()
        str2 = str2.replace(" ", "").lower()
        return sorted(str1) == sorted(str2)

print(is_anagram(str1, str2))
    print(is_anagram("Tom Marrvolo Riddle", "I am Lord Voldermort"))
    print(is_anagram("I love you", "You love me"))
```

True True False

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