

Project 5 - Zipcodes Version 3

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.5

Chapter 1

readme

Project 4 Instructions

Compiling Compile with `g++ -std=c++17 -Wall -o ZipCode.out *.cpp -lstdc++fs`

(`-lstdc++fs` links the filesystem library and must be at the end of the call to `g++`)

Running There are two optional arguments that will change the way the program functions.

`-Z<list_of_zip_codes>` where `list_of_zip_codes` is a comma separated list of zip codes to search the file for

`-C<csv_filename>` where `csv_filename` is the name of a csv file of the type used in this project.

The only required argument is a path to a file.

If `-C` is used, the program will try to convert the csv file to the lirl format and write it to the lirl path provided.

If `-Z` is used, the program will load the file from the path provided and search for the zip codes.

If both `-C` and `-Z` are used, the program will currently act as if only `-C` was used. (This might change later)

These options can appear in any order after the executable name.

Examples:

`./ZipCode.out -Z24321,42444 example_file`

will try to open and read a file called `example_file` and search for the zip codes 24321 and 42444. Any zip codes that are found in the file will have their entire record printed in a table. The zip codes that are not found will be listed after any that were found.

1.0.1 For example, using these two zip codes on the file provided, the output will look like

1.0.2 Zip Place NameState County Latitude Longitude

1.0.3 42444 Poole KY Webster 37.641 -87.6439

The following zip codes did not match any records in the file: 24321

`./ZipCode.out -Cexample_csv_file.csv example_file`

will try to open and read a file called `example_csv_file.csv` and will create or overwrite a file called `example_file` with the data read from the csv file.

`./ZipCode.out example_file`

without either optional argument, the program will simply try to read `example_file` as a file and do nothing.

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

BlockBuffer	??
CsvBuffer	??
FieldInfo	??
FileInfo	??
Header	??
HeaderBuffer	??
HeaderInfo	??
PrimaryKey::IndexFileHeader	??
PrimaryKey::KeyStruct	??
LengthIndicatedBuffer	??
LengthIndicatedFile	??
Place	??
PlaceBlock	??
PrimaryKey	??

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

blockBuffer.h	??
CsvBuffer.h	??
enums.h	??
Header.h	??
HeaderBuffer.h	??
LengthIndicatedBuffer.h	??
LengthIndicatedFile.h	??
Place.h	??
PlaceBlock.h	??
PrimaryKey.h	??

Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 BlockBuffer Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- void `processBlockHeader` ()
- void `setBlockHeader` (BlockHeader `blockHeader`)
- `BlockBuffer` ()=default
- `BlockBuffer` (BlockFileHeader &`header`)
- bool `read` (istream &file, int `RBN`)
- void `write` (ostream &file, int `RBN`)
- bool `unpack` (`LengthIndicatedBuffer`< BlockFileHeader > &IBuf)
- void `pack` (`PlaceBlock` pb, `LengthIndicatedBuffer`< BlockFileHeader > &IBuf)
- void `pack` (`LengthIndicatedBuffer`< BlockFileHeader > &IBuf)
- void `setPrecedingBlock` (int `RBN`)
- void `setSucceedingBlock` (int `RBN`)
- void `clear` ()
- void `init` (BlockFileHeader &`header`)

Public Attributes

- std::vector< char > `buffer`
- BlockFileHeader `header`
- BlockHeader `blockHeader`
- int `unpackedRecords` = 0
- int `curr` = 0
- int `length` = 0
- int `RBN`

Private Member Functions

- bool `read` (istream &file)

4.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.1.1 **BlockBuffer()** [1/2]

```
BlockBuffer::BlockBuffer ( ) [default]
```

default constructor

Precondition

none

Postcondition

class comes as defined

4.1.1.2 **BlockBuffer()** [2/2]

```
BlockBuffer::BlockBuffer (
    BlockFileHeader & header )
```

constructor that specifies a header for the file

Parameters

<i>header</i>	the header to set in-class
---------------	----------------------------

Precondition

none

Postcondition

class has custom file header

4.1.2 **Member Function Documentation**

4.1.2.1 **clear()**

```
void BlockBuffer::clear ( )
```

resets the buffer

Precondition

none

Postcondition

empties the buffer and sets variables accordingly

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.1.2.2 pack() [1/2]**

```
void BlockBuffer::pack (
    LengthIndicatedBuffer< BlockFileHeader > & lBuf )
```

packs data into the block buffer

Parameters

<i>lBuf</i>	length buffer where data is retrieved
-------------	---------------------------------------

Precondition

none

Postcondition

data is packed into block buffer

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.1.2.3 pack() [2/2]

```
void BlockBuffer::pack (
    PlaceBlock pb,
    LengthIndicatedBuffer< BlockFileHeader > & lBuf )
```

packs data into block buffer for entire block

Parameters

<i>pb</i>	place block class used to find all lines of block
<i>lBuf</i>	length buffer that gets data taken from it

Precondition

none

Postcondition

data is packed into block buffer

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.2.4 processBlockHeader()

```
void BlockBuffer::processBlockHeader ( )
```

keeps track of the record block number processes the block header

Precondition

buffer contains block of records

Postcondition

places block header at beginning of block

4.1.2.5 read() [1/2]

```
bool BlockBuffer::read (
    istream & file ) [private]
```

reads the data in the file

Parameters

<i>file</i>	file to be read
-------------	-----------------

Precondition

none

Postcondition

reads data into buffer. returns true or false based on if file was opened and read or not

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.2.6 read() [2/2]

```

bool BlockBuffer::read (
    istream & file,
    int RBN )
  
```

function that reads a particular record block number

Parameters

<i>file</i>	the file to be read
<i>RBN</i>	the record block number to get

Precondition

none

Postcondition

returns success or failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.1.2.7 setBlockHeader()

```

void BlockBuffer::setBlockHeader (
    BlockHeader blockHeader )
  
```

function used to determine contents of block header

Parameters

<i>blockHeader</i>	block header to be used
--------------------	-------------------------

Precondition

none

Postcondition

sets in-class block header to equal block header placed into function

4.1.2.8 setPrecedingBlock()

```
void BlockBuffer::setPrecedingBlock (
    int RBN )
```

sets previous block number to the argument RBN

Parameters

<i>RBN</i>	block number of previous block to be set
------------	--

Precondition

none

Postcondition

sets preceding block to the value of RBN

4.1.2.9 setSucceedingBlock()

```
void BlockBuffer::setSucceedingBlock (
    int RBN )
```

sets next block number to the argument RBN

Parameters

<i>RBN</i>	block number of next block to be set
------------	--------------------------------------

Precondition

none

Postcondition

sets succeeding block to the value of RBN

4.1.2.10 unpack()

```
bool BlockBuffer::unpack (
    LengthIndicatedBuffer< BlockFileHeader > & lBuf )
```

unpacking buffer data into a length buffer

Parameters

<i>lBuf</i>	the length buffer
-------------	-------------------

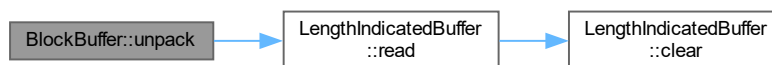
Precondition

data must be in the block buffer

Postcondition

data is read into the length buffer and returns true or false based on success

Here is the call graph for this function:

**4.1.2.11 write()**

```
void BlockBuffer::write (
    ostream & file,
    int RBN )
```

function that writes to a particular block

Parameters

<i>file</i>	the file to write to
<i>RBN</i>	desired record block number to write to

Precondition

none

Postcondition

writes data in desired file and block

4.1.3 Member Data Documentation

4.1.3.1 blockHeader

```
BlockHeader BlockBuffer::blockHeader
```

file header

4.1.3.2 curr

```
int BlockBuffer::curr = 0
```

records in buffer that remain unpacked

4.1.3.3 header

```
BlockFileHeader BlockBuffer::header
```

buffer itself

4.1.3.4 length

```
int BlockBuffer::length = 0
```

current position in buffer

4.1.3.5 RBN

```
int BlockBuffer::RBN
```

length of content in buffer

4.1.3.6 unpackedRecords

```
int BlockBuffer::unpackedRecords = 0
```

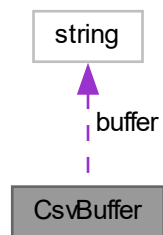
header for the block

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- blockBuffer.h
- blockBuffer.cpp

4.2 CsvBuffer Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for CsvBuffer:



Public Member Functions

- `CsvBuffer` (const char delim=',')
Construct a new Csv Buffer object.
- bool `read` (std::istream &instream)
Reads one record into the buffer if there is data left in the stream.
- bool `unpack` (std::string &str)
Reads a field and puts it into a string.
- void `init` (std::istream &instream)
Performs the first read and extracts the headers.
- std::pair< HeaderField, std::string > `getCurFieldHeader` ()
Gets the type and value of the current field.
- std::vector< std::pair< HeaderField, std::string > > `getHeaders` () const

Private Member Functions

- void `readHeader` ()
Reads through the first record in the file and extracts the fields for use as metadata.

Private Attributes

- const char **delim**
- std::string **buffer**
- size_t **curr**
holds the position of the start of unprocessed fields
- size_t **fieldNum**
number of records currently in the unprocessed part of the buffer
- size_t **numFields**
number of fields in each record
- std::vector< std::pair< HeaderField, std::string > > **headers**

4.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.2.1.1 CsvBuffer()

```
CsvBuffer::CsvBuffer (
    const char delim = ',' )
```

Construct a new Csv Buffer object.

Parameters

<i>delim</i>	The delimiter used in the csv file
--------------	------------------------------------

4.2.2 Member Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 getCurFieldHeader()

```
std::pair< HeaderField, std::string > CsvBuffer::getCurFieldHeader ( )
```

Gets the type and value of the current field.

Precondition

headers has been initialized

Postcondition

returns a pair containing the HeaderField type and the string value of the current field's header

Returns

`std::pair<HeaderField, std::string>`

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.2.2.2 init()**

```
void CsvBuffer::init (
    std::istream & instream )
```

Performs the first read and extracts the headers.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>instream</code>	stream to be read from
-----------------	-----------------------	------------------------

Precondition

buffer is empty

Postcondition

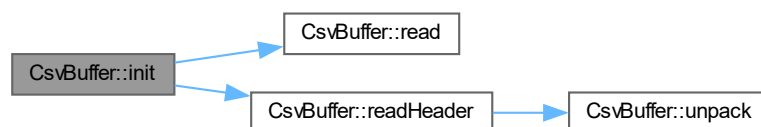
headers contains the values returned by `readHeader`

buffer contains one unprocessed record

curr points to the start of the record.

fieldNum is increased by one if the record contains more fields or is set to zero if the entire record has been read.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.2.2.3 read()

```
bool CsvBuffer::read (
    std::istream & instream )
```

Reads one record into the buffer if there is data left in the stream.

Parameters

in	<i>instream</i>	one record will be read
----	-----------------	-------------------------

Precondition

instream is an open stream that contains data in a CSV format

Postcondition

buffer contains data to be unpacked
instream points to next record or end of stream

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.4 readHeader()

```
void CsvBuffer::readHeader ( ) [private]
```

Reads through the first record in the file and extracts the fields for use as metadata.

Precondition

headers is an empty vector and the buffer has had data read into it

Postcondition

headers contains the pairs of header field types and the values of the header fields
 curr points to the first record
 numFields is equal to number of header fields found

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.2.2.5 unpack()**

```
bool CsvBuffer::unpack (
    std::string & str )
```

Reads a field and puts it into a string.

Parameters

out	str	the string that will hold the value of the field
-----	-----	--

Returns

true record has not had every field unpacked
 false record has no more fields to unpack

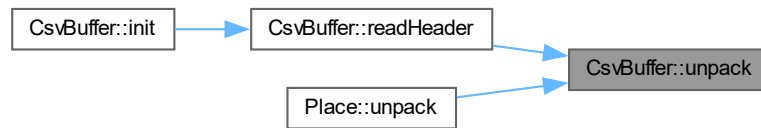
Precondition

curr is pointing to the start of a field str is an empty `std::string`

Postcondition

str contains the value of the field curr is pointing to the start of the next field or the end of the record

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.2.3 Member Data Documentation****4.2.3.1 fieldNum**

```
size_t CsvBuffer::fieldNum [private]
```

number of records currently in the unprocessed part of the buffer

keeps track of how many fields of a record have been processed

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `CsvBuffer.h`
- `CsvBuffer.cpp`

4.3 FieldInfo Struct Reference**Public Attributes**

- char **fieldName** [50]
- HeaderField **fieldType**
the name of the field

Friends

- `std::istream & operator>> (std::istream &ins, FieldInfo &fieldInfo)`
the HeaderField type of the field
- `std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &os, FieldInfo &fieldInfo)`

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `Header.h`

4.4 FileInfo Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- int **lengthIndicatorSize**
- LengthIndicatorType **lengthIndicatorFormat**
number of bytes in length indicator
- int **fieldsPerRecord**
ASCII, BINARY, or BCD.
- int **primaryKeyPosition**
number of fields in each record
- char **indexFileName** [100]
the ordinal position of the primary key used to index the file

Friends

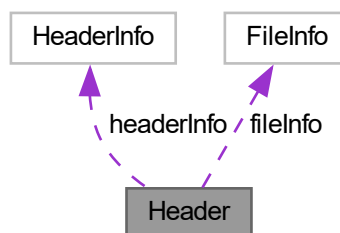
- std::istream & **operator**>> (std::istream &ins, [FileInfo](#) &fileInfo)
the name of the index file to be loaded at program start
- std::ostream & **operator**<< (std::ostream &os, [FileInfo](#) &fileInfo)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Header.h

4.5 Header Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for Header:



Public Attributes

- [HeaderInfo](#) **headerInfo**
- [FileInfo](#) **fileInfo**
- std::vector< [FieldInfo](#) > **fields**

Friends

- `std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &os, Header &header)`

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `Header.h`

4.6 HeaderBuffer Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- void [read](#) (std::istream &ins)
Read header file into buffer.
- [Header unpack](#) ()
Unpacks header fields from buffer into [Header](#) object.

Private Attributes

- `std::vector< unsigned char > buffer`

4.6.1 Member Function Documentation

4.6.1.1 read()

```
void HeaderBuffer::read (
    std::istream & ins )
```

Read header file into buffer.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>ins</code>	stream to be read in from
-----------------	------------------	---------------------------

Precondition

ins is pointing to an open length indicated file and ins.good() is true

Postcondition

ins is positioned at the first character after the header

buffer is filled with header bytes

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.6.1.2 unpack()

```
Header HeaderBuffer::unpack ( )
```

Unpacks header fields from buffer into [Header](#) object.

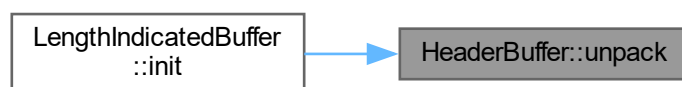
Precondition

[read\(\)](#) has been called on a valid file and buffer contains a header with the [Header](#) format

Returns

a [Header](#) object loaded with the information in the file

Here is the caller graph for this function:



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `HeaderBuffer.h`
- `HeaderBuffer.cpp`

4.7 HeaderInfo Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- char **magic** [4]
- int **version**
4 bytes at the start indicating that the file is of the correct type
- int **headerSize**
version number

Friends

- std::istream & **operator**>> (std::istream &ins, [HeaderInfo](#) &headerInfo)
size of header in bytes, including header info
- std::ostream & **operator**<< (std::ostream &os, [HeaderInfo](#) &headerInfo)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Header.h

4.8 PrimaryKey::IndexFileHeader Struct Reference

Public Attributes

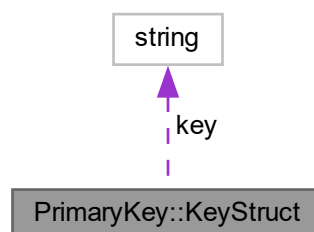
- int **version**
- int **keyCount**
- int **format**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- PrimaryKey.h

4.9 PrimaryKey::KeyStruct Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for PrimaryKey::KeyStruct:



Public Attributes

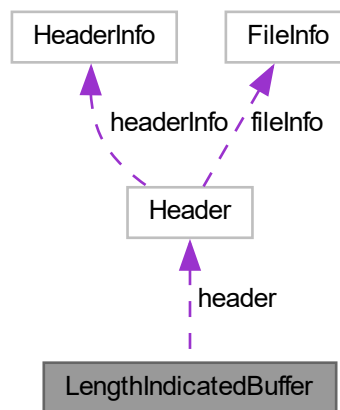
- `std::string` **key**
- `unsigned int` **offset**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `PrimaryKey.h`

4.10 LengthIndicatedBuffer Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for LengthIndicatedBuffer:



Public Member Functions

- `LengthIndicatedBuffer` (`const char delim=','`)
Construct a new `LengthIndicatedBuffer` object.
- `bool read` (`std::istream &instream`)
Read a single length indicated record into the buffer.
- `bool read` (`std::istream &instream, int indexOffset`)
Seek to the specified offset in the file and read a single length indicated record into the buffer.
- `bool unpack` (`std::string &str`)
Reads a field and puts it into a string.
- `void pack` (`const std::string str`)
Packs a field into the buffer.
- `void write` (`std::ostream &outstream`)
Writes length of the field and the data in the buffer to the stream.
- `bool init` (`std::istream &instream`)
read and extract the header.

- void [writeHeader](#) (std::ostream &ostream)
Seeks to the start of the stream and writes the header member to the stream.
- void [clear](#) ()
Sets curr to start of buffer.
- bool [checkFileType](#) (std::istream &istream)
read the first 4 bytes of the file and check against the magic number.
- std::string [getIndexFileName](#) ()
get the name of the index file from the header
- [FieldInfo](#) [getCurFieldHeader](#) ()
Gets the type and value of the current field.

Public Attributes

- [Header](#) **header**

Private Attributes

- const char **delim**
- int **recordLength**
- bool **initialized** = false
- char **buffer** [1000]
- int **curr**
holds the position of the start of unprocessed fields
- size_t **fieldNum** = 0
keeps track of how many fields of a record have been processed
- size_t **numFields**
number of fields in each record

4.10.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.10.1.1 LengthIndicatedBuffer()

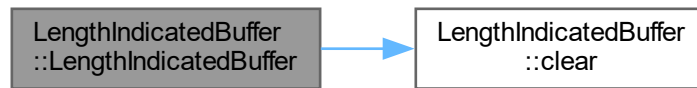
```
LengthIndicatedBuffer::LengthIndicatedBuffer (
    const char delim = ', ' )
```

Construct a new [LengthIndicatedBuffer](#) object.

Parameters

<i>delim</i>	The delimiter used between the record fields
--------------	--

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.10.2 Member Function Documentation

4.10.2.1 checkFileType()

```
bool LengthIndicatedBuffer::checkFileType (
    std::istream & instream )
```

read the first 4 bytes of the file and check against the magic number.

Parameters

in	<i>instream</i>	stream to be read from
----	-----------------	------------------------

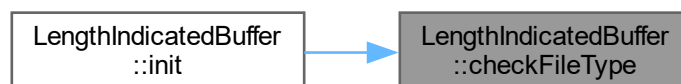
Precondition

instream is open for reading

Return values

<i>true</i>	if file has correct magic number
<i>false</i>	if file does not have correct magic number

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.10.2.2 clear()

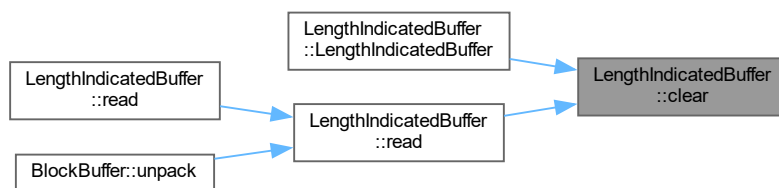
```
void LengthIndicatedBuffer::clear ( )
```

Sets curr to start of buffer.

Postcondition

curr = 0

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.10.2.3 getCurFieldHeader()

```
FieldInfo LengthIndicatedBuffer::getCurFieldHeader ( )
```

Gets the type and value of the current field.

Precondition

headers has been initialized

Postcondition

returns a [FieldInfo](#) struct with the field name and field type

Returns

[FieldInfo](#)

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.10.2.4 getIndexFileName()

```
std::string LengthIndicatedBuffer::getIndexFileName ( )
```

get the name of the index file from the header

Precondition

initialized = true

Returns

string containing index file name

4.10.2.5 init()

```
bool LengthIndicatedBuffer::init (
    std::istream & instream )
```

read and extract the header.

Parameters

in	<i>instream</i>	stream to be read from
----	-----------------	------------------------

Precondition

instream points to a valid length indicated file opened for reading

Postcondition

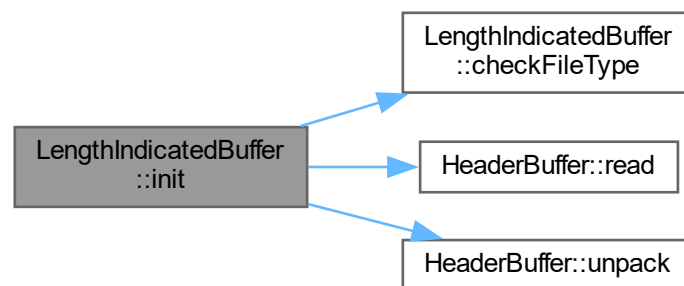
header has been loaded with the values from the stream

initialized has been set to true if header read was successful, false if it was not

Return values

<i>true</i>	header read was successful
<i>false</i>	header read was not successful

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.10.2.6 pack()

```
void LengthIndicatedBuffer::pack (
    const std::string str )
```

Packs a field into the buffer.

Parameters

in	<i>str</i>	the string that will holds the value of the field
----	------------	---

Precondition

`str` is of the correct type indicated by `headers[fieldNum].fieldType`

Postcondition

if the field is not the first, buffer has had a comma and the data from `str` minus the null terminator added
 if the field is first, buffer has had the data from `str` minus the null terminator added
`curr` points to the first position in buffer after the newly added field

4.10.2.7 read() [1/2]

```
bool LengthIndicatedBuffer::read (
    std::istream & instream )
```

Read a single length indicated record into the buffer.

Parameters

in	<i>instream</i>	the stream that points to the record
----	-----------------	--------------------------------------

Precondition

instream is an open stream pointing to the start of a length indicated record
 $\text{record size} < \text{sizeof}(\text{buffer})$

Postcondition

instream is positioned at the start of the next record or the end of the stream
curr is set to 0 and *buffer* is zeroed

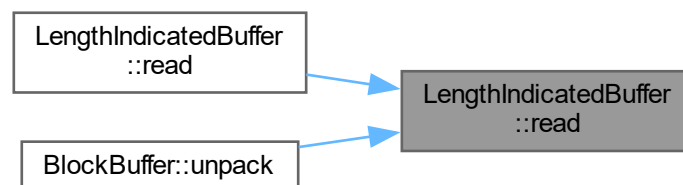
Return values

<i>true</i>	when <i>instream</i> .good() is true (indicating that we can read another record)
<i>false</i>	when <i>instream</i> .good() is false (indicating that we are probably at the end of the file)

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.10.2.8 read() [2/2]

```
bool LengthIndicatedBuffer::read (
    std::istream & instream,
    int indexOffset )
```

Seek to the specified offset in the file and read a single length indicated record into the buffer.

Parameters

in	<i>instream</i>	the stream that points to the record
in	<i>indexOffset</i>	the number of bytes from the start of the file to seek to before reading

Precondition

instream is an open stream pointing to the start of a length indicated record

indexOffset is the number of bytes from the start of the file to the start of a valid length indicated record

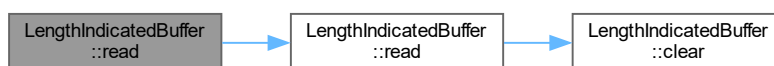
Postcondition

instream is positioned at the start of the next record or the end of the stream

Return values

<i>true</i>	when <i>instream</i> .good() is true (indicating that we can read another record)
<i>false</i>	when <i>instream</i> .good() is false (indicating that we are probably at the end of the file)

Here is the call graph for this function:

**4.10.2.9 unpack()**

```
bool LengthIndicatedBuffer::unpack (
    std::string & str )
```

Reads a field and puts it into a string.

Parameters

out	<i>str</i>	the string that will hold the value of the field
-----	------------	--

Precondition

`curr` is pointing to the start of a field `str` is an empty `std::string`

Postcondition

`str` contains the value of the field

`curr` is pointing to the start of the next field or the next record

`fieldNum` is pointing to the type of the next field

Return values

<i>true</i>	record has not had every field unpacked
<i>false</i>	record has no more fields to unpack

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.10.2.10 write()**

```
void LengthIndicatedBuffer::write (
    std::ostream & ostream )
```

Writes length of the field and the data in the buffer to the stream.

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>str</i>	the string that will holds the value of the field
-----------	------------	---

Precondition

`str` is of the correct type indicated by `headers[fieldNum].fieldType`

Postcondition

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.10.2.11 writeHeader()

```
void LengthIndicatedBuffer::writeHeader (
    std::ostream & ostream )
```

Seeks to the start of the stream and writes the header member to the stream.

Postcondition

ostream is pointing to the first byte after the header

Parameters

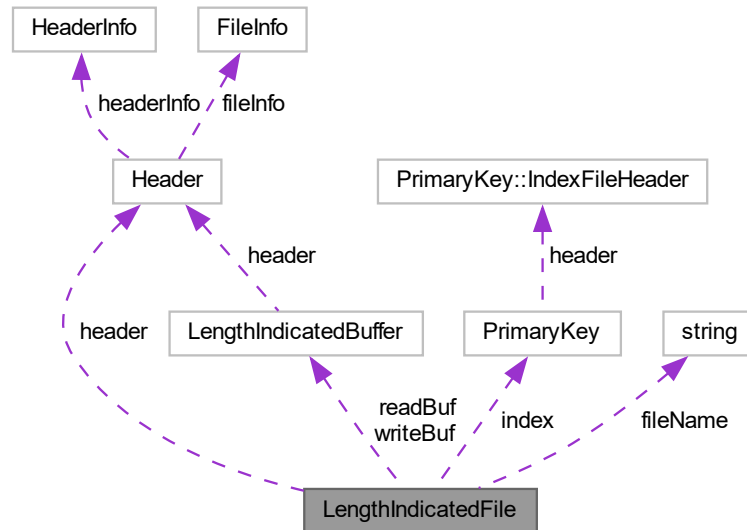
out	<i>ostream</i>	the stream to be written to
-----	----------------	-----------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LengthIndicatedBuffer.h
- LengthIndicatedBuffer.cpp

4.11 LengthIndicatedFile Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for LengthIndicatedFile:



Public Member Functions

- **LengthIndicatedFile** (std::string fileName)
- void **initializeBuffers** ()
- void **initializeIndex** ()
- bool **openDataFile** ()
- std::optional< [Place](#) > **findRecord** (std::string recordKey)
- void **generateIndex** ()
- bool **indexFileExists** ()

Private Attributes

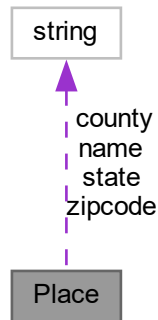
- [Header](#) **header**
- [PrimaryKey](#) **index**
- [LengthIndicatedBuffer](#) **readBuf**
- [LengthIndicatedBuffer](#) **writeBuf**
- std::string **fileName**
- std::fstream **file**
- int **dataStart**

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LengthIndicatedFile.h
- LengthIndicatedFile.cpp

4.12 Place Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for Place:



Public Member Functions

- `Place` (const `Place` &loc)
Copy constructor.
- `std::string getZipCode ()` const
Returns the Zip Code.
- `std::string getState ()` const
Returns the 2 digit State Id.
- `std::string getName ()` const
Returns the `Place` Name.
- `std::string getCounty ()` const
Returns the County.
- `double getLat ()` const
Returns the latitude.
- `double getLongi ()` const
Returns the longitude.
- `void unpack (CsvBuffer &buffer)`
Reads a record from the buffer and unpacks the fields into the class members.
- `void unpack (LengthIndicatedBuffer &buffer)`
Reads a record from the buffer and unpacks the fields into the class members.
- `void pack (LengthIndicatedBuffer &buffer)`
- `void operator= (const Place &loc)`
Assignment operator overload.
- `size_t getSize ()`
get size of object in bytes
- `void print ()`

Private Attributes

- `std::string` **zipcode**
- `std::string` **name**
- `std::string` **state**
- `std::string` **county**
- `double` **latitude**
- `double` **longitude**

4.12.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.12.1.1 `Place()`

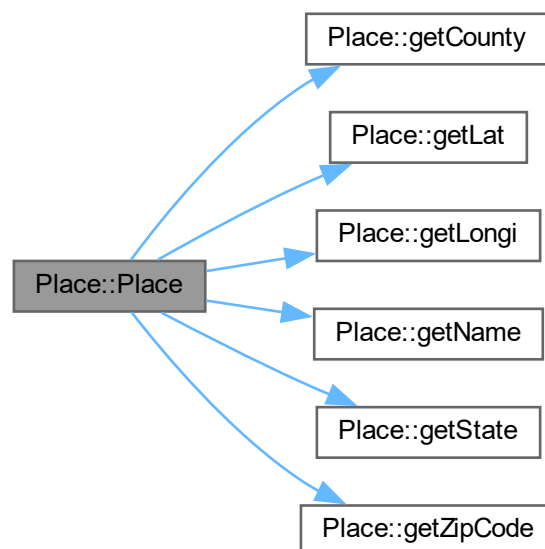
```
Place::Place (  
    const Place & loc )
```

Copy constructor.

Parameters

<i>loc</i>	
------------	--

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.12.2 Member Function Documentation

4.12.2.1 `getCounty()`

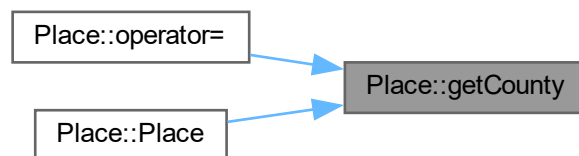
```
string Place::getCounty ( ) const
```

Returns the County.

Returns

`std::string`

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.12.2.2 `getLat()`

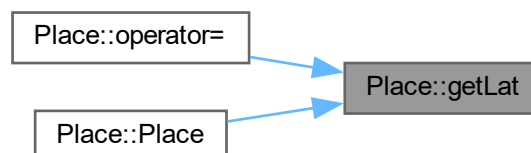
```
double Place::getLat ( ) const
```

Returns the latitude.

Returns

`double`

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.12.2.3 getLongi()

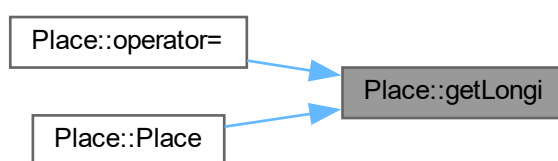
```
double Place::getLongi ( ) const
```

Returns the longitude.

Returns

double

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.12.2.4 getName()

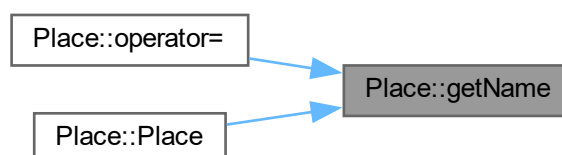
```
string Place::getName ( ) const
```

Returns the [Place](#) Name.

Returns

std::string

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.12.2.5 getSize()

```
size_t Place::getSize ( )
```

get size of object in bytes

Returns

size_t size of object

4.12.2.6 getState()

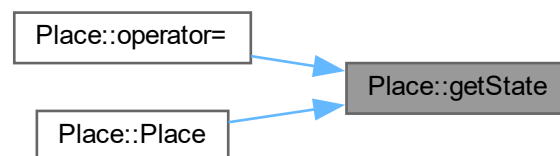
```
string Place::getState ( ) const
```

Returns the 2 digit State Id.

Returns

std::string

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.12.2.7 getZipCode()

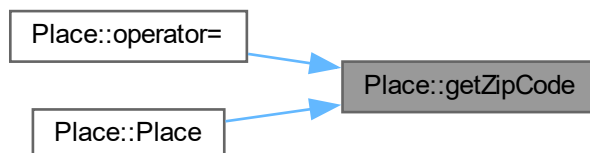
```
string Place::getZipCode ( ) const
```

Returns the Zip Code.

Returns

std::string

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.12.2.8 operator=()**

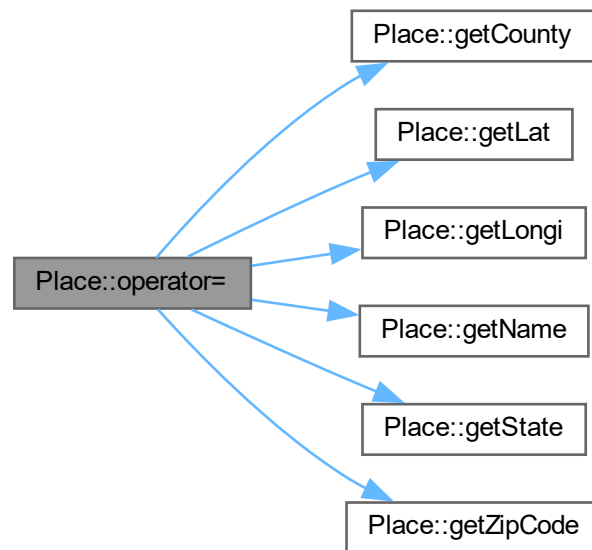
```
void Place::operator= (
    const Place & loc )
```

Assignment operator overload.

Parameters

<i>loc</i>	The place object that this one's parameters will match
------------	--

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.12.2.9 unpack() [1/2]

```
void Place::unpack (  
    CsvBuffer & buffer )
```

Reads a record from the buffer and unpacks the fields into the class members.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code>buffer</code>	The buffer to be read from
----------------------	---------------------	----------------------------

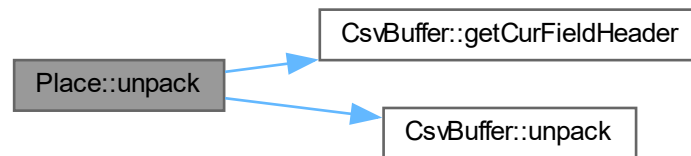
Precondition

`buffer` has a record that contains zipcode, place name, state id, county, latitude, and longitude fields

Postcondition

the member variables have been set to the values mentioned above, if the column with that name was found

Here is the call graph for this function:

**4.12.2.10 unpack() [2/2]**

```
void Place::unpack (
    LengthIndicatedBuffer & buffer )
```

Reads a record from the buffer and unpacks the fields into the class members.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code><i>buffer</i></code>	The buffer to be read from
----------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------

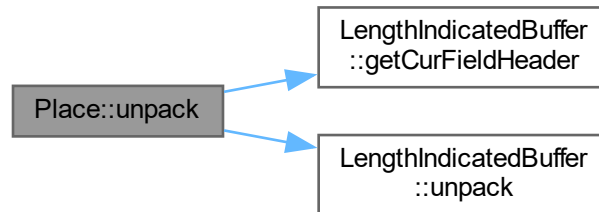
Precondition

`buffer` has a record that contains zipcode, place name, state id, county, latitude, and longitude fields

Postcondition

the member variables have been set to the values mentioned above, if the column with that name was found

Here is the call graph for this function:

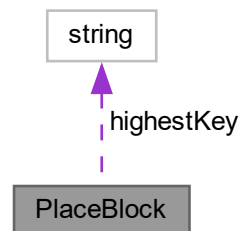


The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Place.h
- Place.cpp

4.13 PlaceBlock Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for PlaceBlock:

**Public Member Functions**

- `PlaceBlock()`=default
- `bool unpack(BlockBuffer &bBuf, LengthIndicatedBuffer< BlockFileHeader > &lBuf)`
- `string getHighestKey()`
- `optional< Place > getRecord(const string &key)`
- `void print()`
- `void sort()`
- `int getSize()`

Public Attributes

- BlockHeader [blockHeader](#)
- vector< [Place](#) > [placeBlock](#)

Private Attributes

- int **size** = -1
- string [highestKey](#) = ""

4.13.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.13.1.1 PlaceBlock()

```
PlaceBlock::PlaceBlock ( ) [default]
```

content of place block class constructor that constructs class with default values

Precondition

none

Postcondition

creates object with default values

4.13.2 Member Function Documentation

4.13.2.1 getRecord()

```
optional< Place > PlaceBlock::getRecord (
    const string & key )
```

retrieves records with matching key

Parameters

<i>key</i>	key to be searched
------------	--------------------

Precondition

none

Postcondition

returns object if one matches the key, returns empty object if no matching key

4.13.2.2 getSize()

```
int PlaceBlock::getSize ( )
```

returns the size of place block object

Precondition

none

Postcondition

returns int variable

4.13.2.3 print()

```
void PlaceBlock::print ( )
```

prints the records contained within

Precondition

none

Postcondition

sends contents held within to cout

4.13.2.4 sort()

```
void PlaceBlock::sort ( )
```

sorts place block content

Precondition

must have content within

Postcondition

place block is now sorted

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.13.3 Member Data Documentation

4.13.3.1 blockHeader

```
BlockHeader PlaceBlock::blockHeader
```

highest key

4.13.3.2 highestKey

```
string PlaceBlock::highestKey = "" [private]
```

size of place block

4.13.3.3 placeBlock

```
vector<Place> PlaceBlock::placeBlock
```

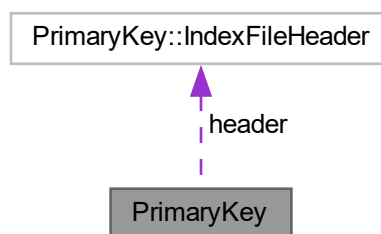
header for blocks

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- PlaceBlock.h
- PlaceBlock.cpp

4.14 PrimaryKey Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for PrimaryKey:



Classes

- struct [IndexFileHeader](#)
- struct [KeyStruct](#)

Public Types

- enum **IndexFileFormat** { **ASCII** , **BCD** , **BINARY** }

Public Member Functions

- void [GenerateIndexFile](#) (std::string fileName)
Generates an index file from the internal index.
- bool [ReadIndexFile](#) (std::string fileName)
Reads an index file and stores the values in the internal index. Also records if the index's primary keys are in ascending order, to facilitate binary search.
- void [Add](#) ([KeyStruct](#) keyStruct)
Adds a key, value pair to the index.
- int [Find](#) (std::string key)
Performs a linear search on the internal index to try to find the given key.
- int [BinarySearch](#) (std::string str)
Performs a binary search on the internal index to try to find the given key.

Static Public Attributes

- static const int **notFound** = -1

Private Attributes

- std::vector< [KeyStruct](#) > **vKey**
- bool **isSorted** = false
- [IndexFileHeader](#) **header**

4.14.1 Member Function Documentation

4.14.1.1 Add()

```
void PrimaryKey::Add (
    KeyStruct keyStruct )
```

Adds a key, value pair to the index.

Parameters

keyStruct	the struct containing the key, value pair to be added
---------------------------	---

4.14.1.2 BinarySearch()

```
int PrimaryKey::BinarySearch (
    std::string str )
```

Performs a binary search on the internal index to try to find the given key.

Precondition

list does not have to be sorted since the first thing the function checks is if it is, then sorts it if it is not

Postcondition

internal list is sorted in ascending order

Parameters

<i>key</i>	the zip code to search for
------------	----------------------------

Returns

int if ≥ 0 , the return value is the offset from the start of the file to the start of the record

int if $= -1$, the key could not be found in the record

4.14.1.3 Find()

```
int PrimaryKey::Find (
    std::string key )
```

Performs a linear search on the internal index to try to find the given key.

Parameters

<i>key</i>	the zip code to search for
------------	----------------------------

Returns

int if ≥ 0 , the return value is the offset from the start of the file to the start of the record

int if $= -1$, the key could not be found in the record

4.14.1.4 GenerateIndexFile()

```
void PrimaryKey::GenerateIndexFile (
    std::string fileName )
```

Generates an index file from the internal index.

Parameters

<i>fileName</i>	the name of the index file that will be created
-----------------	---

4.14.1.5 ReadIndexFile()

```
bool PrimaryKey::ReadIndexFile (
    std::string fileName )
```

Reads an index file and stores the values in the internal index. Also records if the index's primary keys are in ascending order, to facilitate binary search.

Parameters

<i>fileName</i>	the name of the index file to be read
-----------------	---------------------------------------

Returns

true file was read successfully

false file was unable to be read successfully

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- PrimaryKey.h
- PrimaryKey.cpp

Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 blockBuffer.h

```
1 #include <vector>
2 #include "LengthIndicatedBuffer.h"
3 #include "Place.h"
4 #include "PlaceBlock.h"
5 using namespace std;
6
7 class BlockBuffer {
8     private:
13         bool read(istream &file);
14
15     public:
16         std::vector<char> buffer;
17         BlockFileHeader header;
18         BlockHeader blockHeader;
19         int unpackedRecords = 0;
20         int curr = 0;
21         int length = 0;
22         int RBN;
26         void processBlockHeader();
31         void setBlockHeader(BlockHeader blockHeader);
32
36         BlockBuffer() = default;
37
42         BlockBuffer(BlockFileHeader &header);
48         bool read(istream &file, int RBN);
54         void write(ostream &file, int RBN);
59         bool unpack(LengthIndicatedBuffer<BlockFileHeader> &lBuf);
65         void pack(PlaceBlock pb, LengthIndicatedBuffer<BlockFileHeader> &lBuf);
70         void pack(LengthIndicatedBuffer<BlockFileHeader> &lBuf);
75         void setPrecedingBlock(int RBN);
80         void setSucceedingBlock(int RBN);
84         void clear();
85
86         void init(BlockFileHeader &header);
87 };
```

5.2 CsvBuffer.h

```
1
4 #ifndef CSVBUFFER_H
5 #define CSVBUFFER_H
6
7 #include <istream>
8 #include <string>
9 #include <vector>
10
11 #include "enums.h"
12
13 class CsvBuffer {
14     private:
15         const char delim;
16
17         std::string buffer;
18 }
```

```

20     size_t curr;
21
22     // size_t recordCount;
23     size_t fieldNum;
24     size_t numFields;
25
26     // first part holds the header type for use when unpacking,
27     // second part holds the actual header value
28     std::vector<std::pair<HeaderField, std::string>> headers;
29
30     void readHeader();
31
32 public:
33     CsvBuffer(const char delim = ',');
34
35     bool read(std::istream& instream);
36
37     bool unpack(std::string& str);
38
39     void init(std::istream& instream);
40
41     std::pair<HeaderField, std::string> getCurFieldHeader();
42
43     std::vector<std::pair<HeaderField, std::string>> getHeaders() const;
44 };
45 #endif

```

5.3 enums.h

```

1
2 #ifndef ENUMS_H
3 #define ENUMS_H
4
5 // used for tiny csv parsing state machine
6 enum class CSVState {
7     QuotedField,
8     UnquotedField,
9     QuotedQuote
10 };
11
12 enum class HeaderField : int {
13     ZipCode,
14     PlaceName,
15     State,
16     County,
17     Latitude,
18     Longitude,
19     Unknown
20 };
21
22 enum class LengthIndicatorType : int {
23     ASCII,
24     BCD,
25     BINARY
26 };
27 #endif

```

5.4 Header.h

```

1
2 #ifndef HEADER_H
3 #define HEADER_H
4
5 #include <cstring>
6 #include <iostream>
7 #include <string>
8 #include <vector>
9
10 #include "enums.h"
11
12 // needed to remove automatic alignment of struct members
13 #pragma pack(push, 1)
14 struct HeaderInfo {
15     char magic[4];
16     int version;
17     int headerSize;
18 };
19 #endif

```



```

21
22     friend std::istream& operator>>(std::istream& ins, HeaderInfo& headerInfo) {
23         ins.read((char*)&headerInfo, sizeof(headerInfo));
24         return ins;
25     }
26
27     friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, HeaderInfo& headerInfo) {
28         os.write(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&headerInfo.magic), sizeof(headerInfo.magic));
29         os.write(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&headerInfo.version), sizeof(headerInfo.version));
30         os.write(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&headerInfo.headerSize), sizeof(headerInfo.headerSize));
31         return os;
32     }
33 };
34
35 struct FileInfo {
36     int lengthIndicatorSize;
37     LengthIndicatorType lengthIndicatorFormat;
38
39     int fieldsPerRecord;
40     int primaryKeyPosition;
41
42     char indexFileName[100];
43
44     friend std::istream& operator>>(std::istream& ins, FileInfo& fileInfo) {
45         ins.read((char*)&fileInfo, sizeof(fileInfo));
46         return ins;
47     }
48
49     friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, FileInfo& fileInfo) {
50         os.write(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&fileInfo.lengthIndicatorSize),
51             sizeof(fileInfo.lengthIndicatorSize));
52         os.write(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&fileInfo.lengthIndicatorFormat),
53             sizeof(fileInfo.lengthIndicatorFormat));
54
55         os.write(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&fileInfo.fieldsPerRecord), sizeof(fileInfo.fieldsPerRecord));
56         os.write(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&fileInfo.primaryKeyPosition),
57             sizeof(fileInfo.primaryKeyPosition));
58
59         os.write(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&fileInfo.indexFileName), sizeof(fileInfo.indexFileName));
60         return os;
61     }
62 };
63
64 struct FieldInfo {
65     char fieldName[50];
66     HeaderField fieldType;
67
68     friend std::istream& operator>>(std::istream& ins, FieldInfo& fieldInfo) {
69         ins.read((char*)&fieldInfo, sizeof(fieldInfo));
70         return ins;
71     }
72
73     friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, FieldInfo& fieldInfo) {
74         os.write(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&fieldInfo), sizeof(fieldInfo));
75         return os;
76     }
77 };
78
79 struct Header {
80     HeaderInfo headerInfo;
81     FileInfo fileInfo;
82     std::vector<FieldInfo> fields;
83
84     friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, Header& header) {
85         os << header.headerInfo;
86         os << header.fileInfo;
87
88         for (auto f : header.fields) {
89             os << f;
90         }
91         return os;
92     }
93 };
94
95 #pragma pack(pop)
96 #endif

```

5.5 HeaderBuffer.h

```

1
4 #ifndef HEADER_BUFFER_H

```

```

5 #define HEADER_BUFFER_H
6
7 #include <iostream>
8 #include <vector>
9
10 #include "Header.h"
11
12 class HeaderBuffer {
13     private:
14         std::vector<unsigned char> buffer;
15
16     public:
17         void read(std::istream& ins);
18
19         Header unpack();
20 };
21
22 #endif

```

5.6 LengthIndicatedBuffer.h

```

1
2 #ifndef LIBBUFFER_H
3 #define LIBBUFFER_H
4
5 #include <array>
6 #include <istream>
7 #include <string>
8 #include <vector>
9
10 #include "Header.h"
11 #include "enums.h"
12
13 class LengthIndicatedBuffer {
14     private:
15         const char delim;
16         int recordLength;
17         bool initialized = false;
18
19         char buffer[1000];
20
21         int curr;
22
23         size_t fieldNum = 0;
24         size_t numFields;
25
26     public:
27         Header header;
28
29         LengthIndicatedBuffer(const char delim = ',');
30
31         bool read(std::istream& instream);
32
33         bool read(std::istream& instream, int indexOffset);
34
35         bool unpack(std::string& str);
36
37         void pack(const std::string str);
38
39         void write(std::ostream& ostream);
40
41         bool init(std::istream& instream);
42
43         void writeHeader(std::ostream& ostream);
44
45         void clear();
46
47         bool checkFileType(std::istream& instream);
48
49         std::string getIndexFileName();
50
51         FieldInfo getCurFieldHeader();
52 };
53
54 #endif

```

5.7 LengthIndicatedFile.h

```

1
4 #ifndef LENGTHINDICATEDFILE_H
5 #define LENGTHINDICATEDFILE_H
6
7 #include <filesystem>
8 #include <fstream>
9 #include <iostream>
10 #include <optional>
11
12 #include "Header.h"
13 #include "LengthIndicatedBuffer.h"
14 #include "Place.h"
15 #include "PrimaryKey.h"
16 #include "enums.h"
17
18 class LengthIndicatedFile {
19     private:
20         Header header;
21         PrimaryKey index;
22
23         LengthIndicatedBuffer readBuf;
24         LengthIndicatedBuffer writeBuf;
25
26         std::string fileName;
27         std::fstream file;
28
29         int dataStart;
30
31     public:
32         LengthIndicatedFile(std::string fileName);
33         ~LengthIndicatedFile();
34         void initializeBuffers();
35         void initializeIndex();
36         bool openDataFile();
37         std::optional<Place> findRecord(std::string recordKey);
38         void generateIndex();
39         bool indexFileExists();
40 };
41
42 #endif

```

5.8 Place.h

```

1
4 #ifndef PLACE_H
5 #define PLACE_H
6
7 #include <string>
8
9 #include "CsvBuffer.h"
10 #include "LengthIndicatedBuffer.h"
11
12 /* This file contains the record details like zipcode, State ID, longitude and latitude.
13 We have the unpack and read functions that
14 puts the data from CSV file into the buffer and reads the data from CSV file. */
15 class Place {
16     public:
17         Place();
18
19         Place(const Place& loc);
20
21         std::string getZipCode() const;
22
23         std::string getState() const;
24
25         std::string getName() const;
26
27         std::string getCounty() const;
28
29         double getLat() const;
30
31         double getLongi() const;
32
33         void unpack(CsvBuffer& buffer);
34
35         void unpack(LengthIndicatedBuffer& buffer);
36
37         void pack(LengthIndicatedBuffer& buffer);
38
39         void operator=(const Place& loc);
40
41 };

```

```

104     size_t getSize();
105
106     void print();
107
108     private:
109         std::string zipcode;
110         std::string name;
111         std::string state;
112         std::string county;
113         double latitude;
114         double longitude;
115 };
116
117 #endif

```

5.9 PlaceBlock.h

```

1 #include <optional>
2 #include "BlockBuffer.h"
3 #include "Place.h"
4 using namespace std;
5
6 class PlaceBlock {
7     private:
8         int size = -1;
9         string highestKey = "";
10
11     public:
12         BlockHeader blockHeader;
13         vector<Place> placeBlock;
14         PlaceBlock() = default;
15
16         bool unpack(BlockBuffer& bBuf, LengthIndicatedBuffer<BlockFileHeader>& lBuf);
17         string getHighestKey();
18         optional<Place> getRecord(const string& key);
19         void print();
20         void sort();
21         int getSize();
22 };

```

5.10 PrimaryKey.h

```

1
2 #pragma once
3 #include <fstream>
4
5 #include "Header.h"
6
7 class PrimaryKey {
8     public:
9         static const int notFound = -1;
10         enum IndexFileFormat {
11             ASCII,
12             BCD,
13             BINARY
14         };
15         struct IndexFileHeader {
16             int version;
17             int keyCount;
18             int format;
19         };
20         struct KeyStruct {
21             std::string key;
22             unsigned int offset;
23         };
24         void GenerateIndexFile(std::string fileName);
25
26         bool ReadIndexFile(std::string fileName);
27
28         void Add(KeyStruct keyStruct);
29
30         int Find(std::string key);
31
32         int BinarySearch(std::string str);
33
34     private:
35         std::vector<KeyStruct> vKey;
36         bool isSorted = false;
37         IndexFileHeader header;
38 };

```