

# Database Concepts lab 7-8

Lining

2020/10/31

# 1. Exp 7 - Transaction commands



| Functions                                | Examples   |
|--|--|
| view current active transaction          | <code>select * from information_schema.innodb_trx;</code>  |
| set/view auto commit                     | <code>set @@autocommit=0; set global @@autocommit=0;</code><br><code>set autocommit = 0; set global autocommit = 0;</code><br><code>show global/session variables like 'autocommit';</code><br>(when omit global/session, the range of session is default value)   |
| set/view global isolation level          | <code>set global transaction isolation level repeatable read;</code><br><code>show global variables like 'transaction_isolation';</code>   |
| set/view current session isolation level | <code>set transaction isolation level repeatable read;</code><br><code>set session transaction isolation level repeatable read;</code><br><code>show variables like 'transaction_isolation';</code><br><code>show session variables like 'transaction_isolation';</code><br><code>select @@transaction_isolation;</code> |

# 1. Exp 7 - View lock

- Show engine innodb status
- Three tables: innodb\_locks, innodb\_trx, innodb\_lock\_waits.

```
select * from information_schema.innodb_trx
select * from performance_schema.data_locks
select * from sys.innodb_lock_waits;
```

## Table innodb\_locks

| Column Name | DISCRIPTION   |
|-------------|---|
| LOCK_ID     | A unique lock ID number,  |
| LOCK_TRX_ID | The ID of the transaction holding the lock.   |
| LOCK_MODE   | How the lock is requested. Permitted lock mode descriptors are S, X, IS, IX, GAP, AUTO_INC, and UNKNOWN.    |
| LOCK_TYPE   | The type of lock. RECORDfor a row-level lock, TABLEfor a table-level lock.                                  |
| LOCK_TABLE  | The name of the table that has been locked or contains locked records.                                      |
| LOCK_INDEX  | The name of the index, ifLOCK_TYPEisRECORD; otherwiseNULL.  |
| LOCK_SPACE  | The tablespace ID of the locked record, ifLOCK_TYPEisRECORD; otherwiseNULL.                                 |
| LOCK_SPACE  | The page number of the locked record, ifLOCK_TYPEisRECORD; otherwiseNULL.                                   |
| LOCK_SPACE  | The heap number of the locked record within the page, ifLOCK_TYPEisRECORD; otherwiseNULL.                   |
| LOCK_SPACE  | The data associated with the lock. A value is shown if the LOCK_TYPE is RECORD, otherwise the value is NULL |

# 1. Exp 7 - View locks



## ■ How to view locks

**Table innodb\_trx (information of transaction, no tables, trx\_id available)**

| Column Name           | DISCRIPTION   |
|-----------------------|---|
| TRX_ID                | A unique transaction ID number, internal to InnoDB. These IDs are not created for transactions that are read only and nonlocking.                             |
| TRX_WEIGHT            | The weight of a transaction, reflecting (but not necessarily the exact count of) the number of rows altered and the number of rows locked by the transaction. |
| TRX_STATE             | The transaction execution state. Permitted values are RUNNING, LOCK WAIT, ROLLING BACK, and COMMITTING.   |
| TRX_STARTED           | The transaction start time.   |
| TRX_REQUESTED_LOCK_ID | The ID of the lock the transaction is currently waiting for, if TRX_STATE is LOCK WAIT; otherwise NULL.   |
| TRX_WAIT_START_TIME   | The time when the transaction started waiting on the lock, if TRX_STATE is LOCK WAIT; otherwise NULL.   |
| TRX_MYSQL_THREAD_ID   | The MySQL thread ID.  |
| TRX_QUERY             | The SQL statement that is being executed by the transaction.  |

## **Table innodb\_lock\_waits**

| Column Name       | DISCRIPTION  |
|-------------------|--|
| REQUESTING_TRX_ID | The ID of the requesting (blocked) transaction.                                      |
| REQUESTED_LOCK_ID | The ID of the lock for which a transaction is waiting.                               |
| BLOCKING_TRX_ID   | The ID of the blocking transaction.  |
| BLOCKING_LOCK_ID  | The ID of a lock held by a transaction blocking another transaction from proceeding. |

# 1. Exp 7 - View locks



西北工业大学  
NORTHWESTERN POLYTECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

## ■ How to view locks(2)

### Table innodb\_lock\_waits

| Column Name       | DISCRIPTION  |
|-------------------|--|
| REQUESTING_TRX_ID | The ID of the requesting (blocked) transaction.                                      |
| REQUESTED_LOCK_ID | The ID of the lock for which a transaction is waiting.                               |
| BLOCKING_TRX_ID   | The ID of the blocking transaction.  |
| BLOCKING_LOCK_ID  | The ID of a lock held by a transaction blocking another transaction from proceeding. |

# 1. Exp 7 - Detail information



西北工业大学  
NORTHWESTERN POLYTECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

## 1. Details for table innodb\_locks

<https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/information-schema-innodb-locks-table.html>

## 2. Details for table innodb\_trx

<https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/information-schema-innodb-trx-table.html>

## 3. Details for table innodb\_trx

<https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/information-schema-innodb-lock-waits-table.html>

命令提示符 - mysql -u root -p123456

```
Database changed
mysql> show engine innodb status\G
***** 1. row *****
Type: InnoDB
Name:
Status:
=====
2020-11-08 10:57:46 0x1f54 INNODB MONITOR OUTPUT
=====
Per second averages calculated from the last 33 seconds
-----
BACKGROUND THREAD
-----
srv_master_thread loops: 2 srv_active, 0 srv_shutdown, 277 srv_idle
srv_master_thread log flush and writes: 0
-----
SEMAPHORES
-----
OS WAIT ARRAY INFO: reservation count 0
OS WAIT ARRAY INFO: signal count 0
RW-shared spins 0, rounds 0, OS waits 0
RW-excl spins 0, rounds 0, OS waits 0
RW-sx spins 0, rounds 0, OS waits 0
Spin rounds per wait: 0.00 RW-shared, 0.00 RW-excl, 0.00 RW-sx
-----
TRANSACTIONS
-----
Trx id counter 294156
Purge done for trx's n:o < 294150 undo n:o < 0 state: running but idle
History list length 0
LIST OF TRANSACTIONS FOR EACH SESSION:
---TRANSACTION 283793654245984, not started
0 lock struct(s), heap size 1136, 0 row lock(s)
---TRANSACTION 283793654242656, not started
0 lock struct(s), heap size 1136, 0 row lock(s)
---TRANSACTION 283793654243488, not started
0 lock struct(s), heap size 1136, 0 row lock(s)
---TRANSACTION 283793654241824, not started
0 lock struct(s), heap size 1136, 0 row lock(s)
---TRANSACTION 283793654240992, not started
0 lock struct(s), heap size 1136, 0 row lock(s)
---TRANSACTION 294155, ACTIVE 10 sec starting index read
mysql tables in use 1, locked 1
LOCK WAIT 2 lock struct(s), heap size 1136, 1 row lock(s)
MySQL thread id 17, OS thread handle 23184, query id 234 localhost ::1 root updating
update t set name='c2' where id=1
----- TRX HAS BEEN WAITING 10 SEC FOR THIS LOCK TO BE GRANTED:
RECORD LOCKS space id 354 page no 4 n bits 72 index GEN_CLUST_INDEX of table `trans`.`t` trx id 294155 lock_mode
X waiting
Record lock, heap no 2 PHYSICAL RECORD: n_fields 5; compact format; info bits 0
0: len 6; hex 000000001113; asc ;;
1: len 6; hex 000000047d0a; asc } ;;
2: len 7; hex 02000001d11fc8; asc ;;
3: len 4; hex 800000001; asc ;;
4: len 10; hex 6331202020202020202020; asc c1 ;;
-----
---TRANSACTION 294154, ACTIVE 15 sec
2 lock struct(s), heap size 1136, 3 row lock(s), undo log entries 1
MySQL thread id 16, OS thread handle 8664, query id 233 localhost ::1 root
-----
FILE I/O
-----
```

```
mysql> begin;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> update t set name='c1' where id=1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

T1

```
mysql> begin;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> update t set name='c2' where id=1;
```

T2

```
mysql> select * from information_schema.innodb_trx\G
***** 1. row *****
      trx_id: 294155
      trx_state: LOCK WAIT
      trx_started: 2020-11-08 10:57:36
      trx_requested_lock_id: 2318677534496:354:4:2:2318640615912
      trx_wait_started: 2020-11-08 10:57:36
      trx_weight: 2
      trx_mysql_thread_id: 17
      trx_query: update t set name='c2' where id=1
      trx_operation_state: starting index read
      trx_tables_in_use: 1
      trx_tables_locked: 1
      trx_lock_structs: 2
      trx_lock_memory_bytes: 1136
      trx_rows_locked: 1
      trx_rows_modified: 0
      trx_concurrency_tickets: 0
      trx_isolation_level: REPEATABLE READ
      trx_unique_checks: 1
      trx_foreign_key_checks: 1
      trx_last_foreign_key_error: NULL
      trx_adaptive_hash_latched: 0
      trx_adaptive_hash_timeout: 0
      trx_is_read_only: 0
      trx_autocommit_non_locking: 0
      trx_schedule_weight: 1
***** 2. row *****
      trx_id: 294154
      trx_state: RUNNING
      trx_started: 2020-11-08 10:57:31
      trx_requested_lock_id: NULL
      trx_wait_started: NULL
      trx_weight: 3
      trx_mysql_thread_id: 16
      trx_query: NULL
      trx_operation_state: NULL
      trx_tables_in_use: 0
      trx_tables_locked: 1
      trx_lock_structs: 2
      trx_lock_memory_bytes: 1136
      trx_rows_locked: 3
      trx_rows_modified: 1
      trx_concurrency_tickets: 0
      trx_isolation_level: REPEATABLE READ
      trx_unique_checks: 1
      trx_foreign_key_checks: 1
      trx_last_foreign_key_error: NULL
      trx_adaptive_hash_latched: 0
      trx_adaptive_hash_timeout: 0
      trx_is_read_only: 0
      trx_autocommit_non_locking: 0
      trx_schedule_weight: NULL
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

T2: 正在进行锁等待

T1: update结束, 还未提交



```
mysql> begin;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> update t set name='c1' where id=1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

T1

```
mysql> begin;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> update t set name='c2' where id=1;
```

T2



# 1. Exp 7 - View locks



```
mysql> select * from sys.innodb_lock_waits\G
***** 1. row *****
      wait_started: 2020-11-08 10:57:36
      wait_age: 00:00:11
      wait_age_secs: 11
      locked_table: `trans`.`t`
      locked_table_schema: trans
      locked_table_name: t
      locked_table_partition: NULL
      locked_table_subpartition: NULL
      locked_index: GEN_CLUST_INDEX
      locked_type: RECORD
      waiting_trx_id: 294155
      waiting_trx_started: 2020-11-08 10:57:36
      waiting_trx_age: 00:00:11
      waiting_trx_rows_locked: 1
      waiting_trx_rows_modified: 0
      waiting_pid: 17
      waiting_query: update t set name='c2' where id=1
      waiting_lock_id: 2318677534496:354:4:2:2318640615912
      waiting_lock_mode: X
      blocking_trx_id: 294154
      blocking_pid: 16
      blocking_query: NULL
      blocking_lock_id: 2318677533664:354:4:2:2318640610936
      blocking_lock_mode: X
      blocking_trx_started: 2020-11-08 10:57:31
      blocking_trx_age: 00:00:16
      blocking_trx_rows_locked: 3
      blocking_trx_rows_modified: 1
      sql_kill_blocking_query: KILL QUERY 16
      sql_kill_blocking_connection: KILL 16
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

# 1. Exp 7 - Table lock



```
1  # GET TABLE LOCK
2  LOCK TABLES
3      tbl_name [[AS] alias] lock_type
4      [, tbl_name [[AS] alias] lock_type] ...
5
6  lock_type:
7      READ [LOCAL]
8      | [LOW_PRIORITY] WRITE
9
10 # RELEASE TABLE LOCK
11 UNLOCK TABLES
```



```
1  LOCK TABLE t1 read, t2 read;
2  select count(t1.id1) as 'sum' from t1;
3  select count(t2.id1) as 'sum' from t2;
4  UNLOCK TABLES;
```

# 1. Exp 7 - Row locks



Use the following statement to get shared lock and exclusive lock :

- **Shared lock (S) :**

**SELECT \* FROM table\_name WHERE ... LOCK IN SHARE MODE.**

Other sessions can query records in the table and also can lock records in 'share mode'. However, if the current transaction is updating the locked records, it is likely to cause a deadlock.

- **Exclusive lock (X):**

**SELECT \* FROM table\_name WHERE ... FOR UPDATE**

Other sessions can query the record, but can not lock it (Neither X nor S) but wait to get lock.

# 1. Exp 7 - View locks



## ■ Record lock of InnoDB

- **Record Lock**: locks a single record. Record Lock always locks the index records, if there is no index in the table, the primary key is used for locking as index implicitly.
- **Gap Lock**: locks a range in the table, does not contain the record itself. A lock on an index record gap, or before the first index record and after the last index record.
- **Next-Key Lock**: Gap Lock+Record Lock, locks a range including the record itself. Opened forward and closed back, e.g (5,10] .

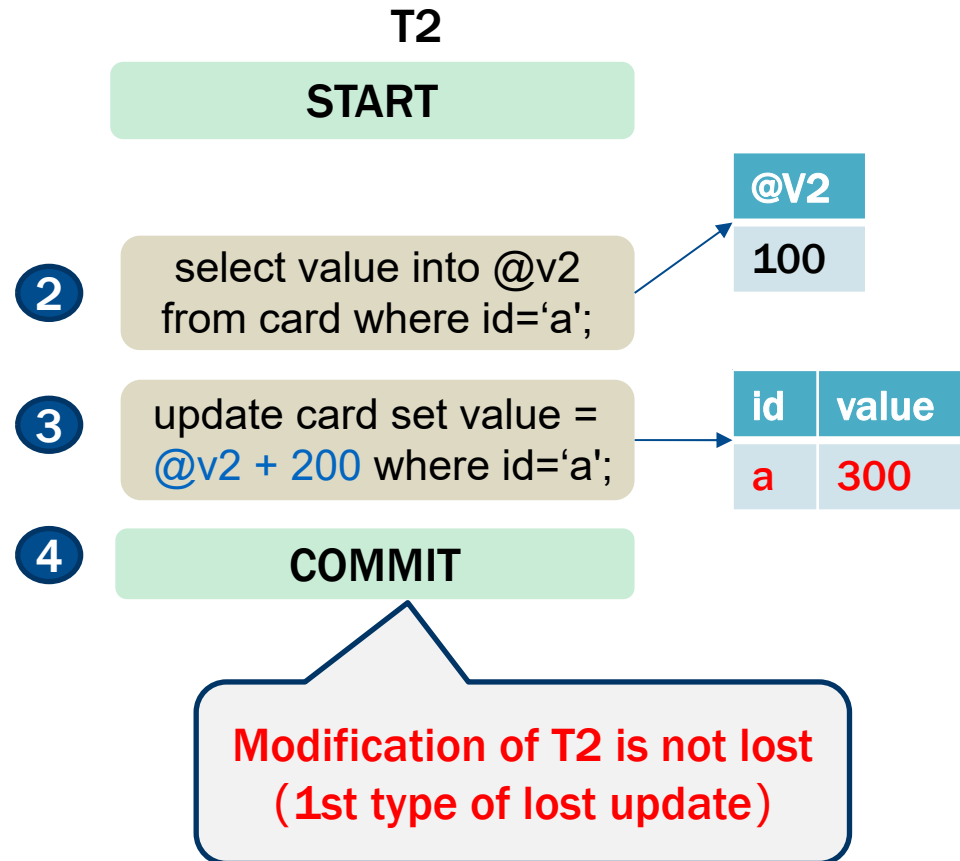
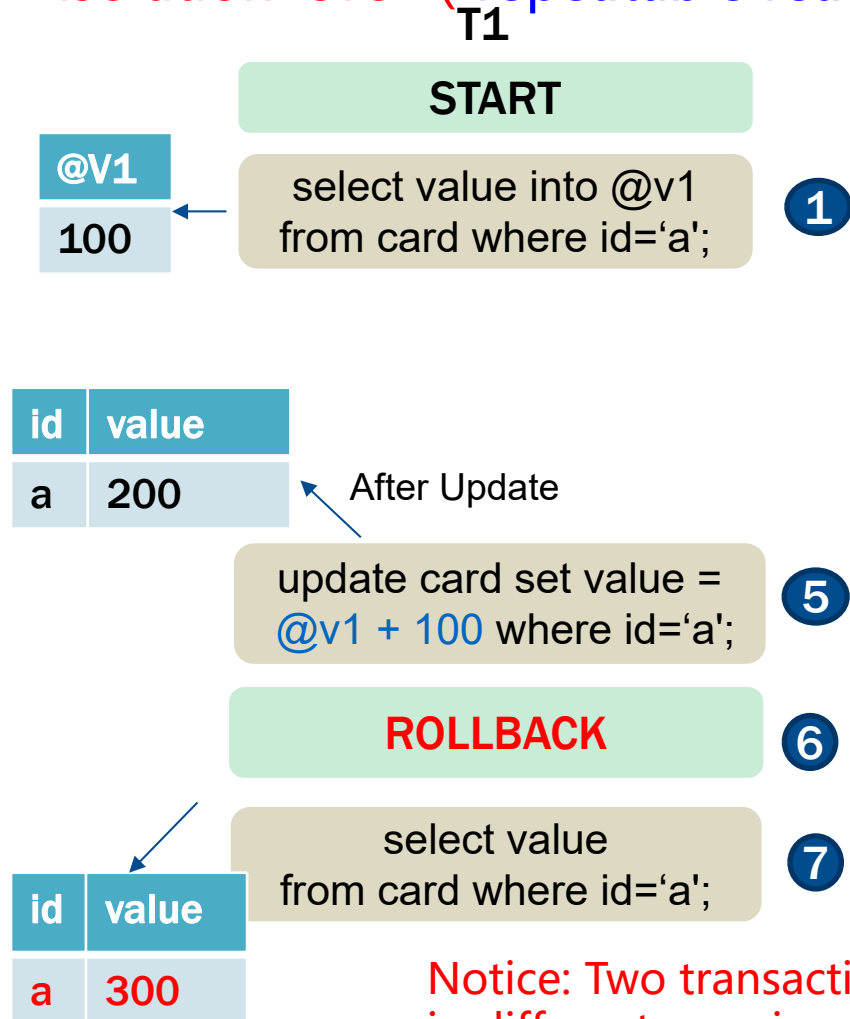
# 1. Exp 7 - Isolation Levels



lost update:  
isolation level ( repeatable read )

table: card , ini value:

| id | value |
|----|-------|
| a  | 100   |



Notice: Two transaction must execute in different sessions.

# 1. Exp 7 - Isolation Levels

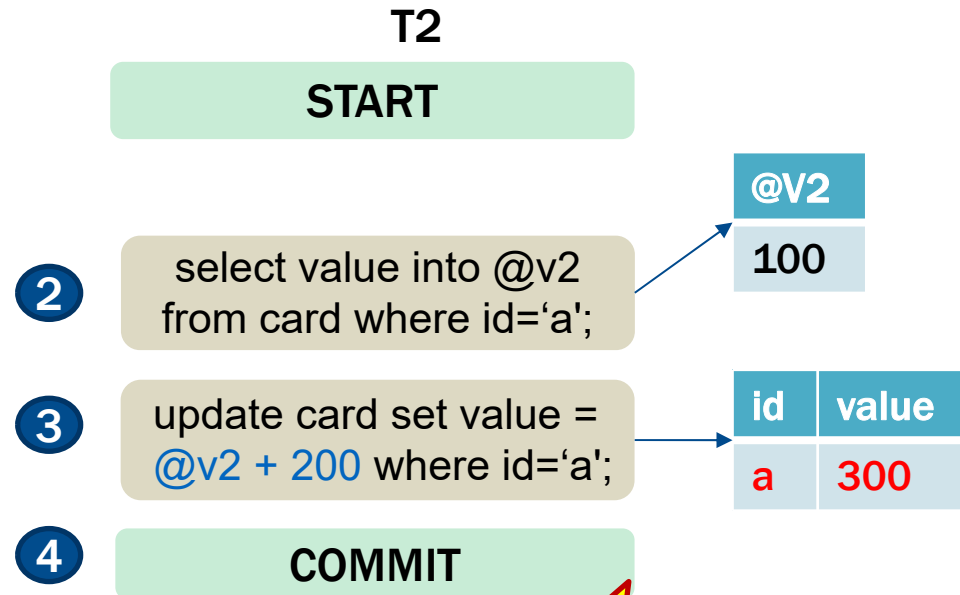
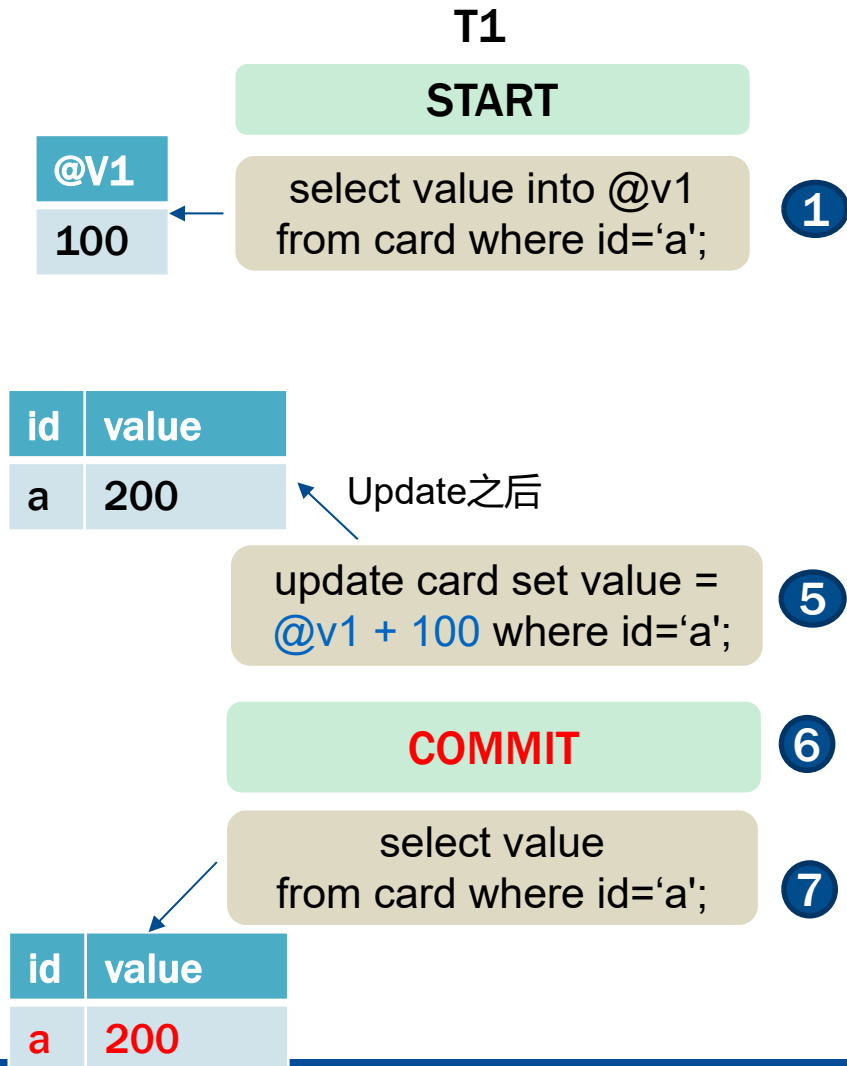


lost update:

isolation level ( repeatable read )

Table: card , ini value:

| id | value |
|----|-------|
| a  | 100   |



# 1. Exp 7 - Isolation Levels



**lost update:**  
isolation level ( read uncommitted )

T1

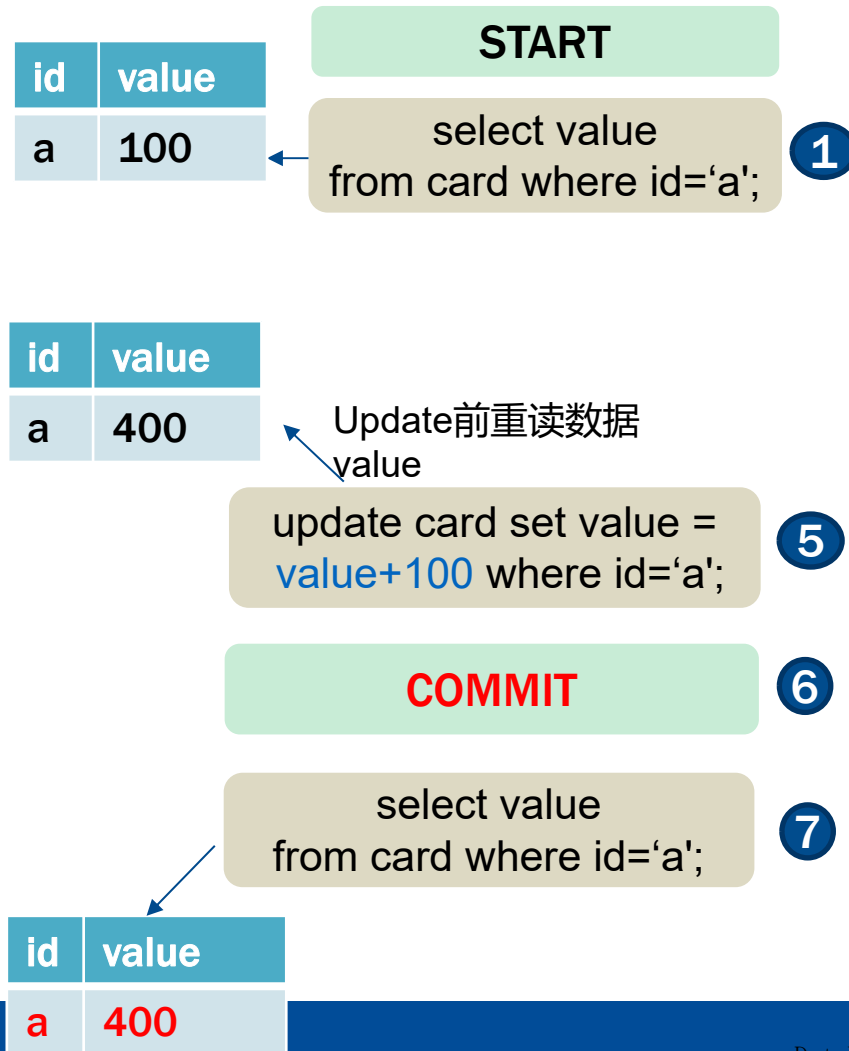
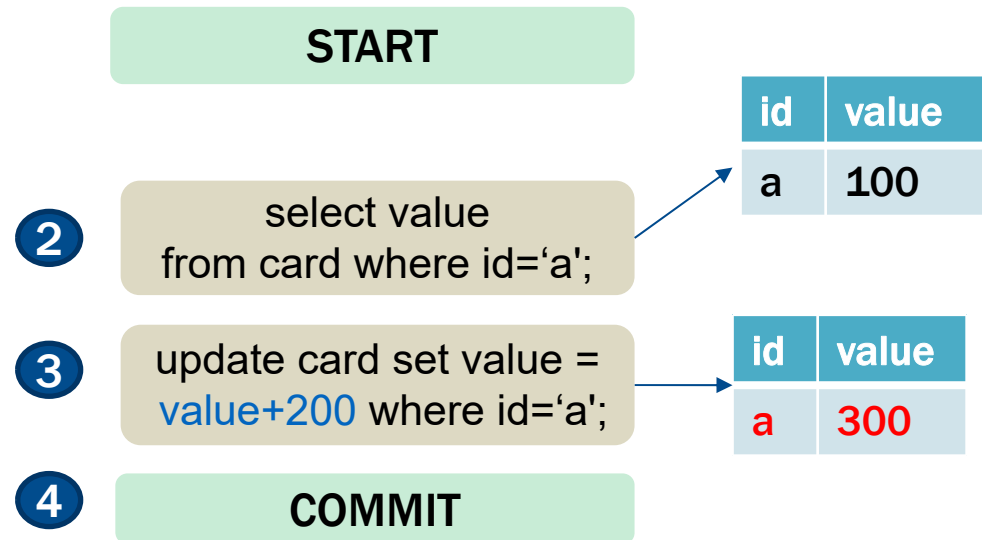


Table: card , ini value:

| id | value |
|----|-------|
| a  | 100   |

T2



No lost update in this occasion!  
(note the difference from the previous page )

# 1. Exp 7 - Isolation Levels



lost update: isolation level  
( serializable )

T1

START

@V1

100

select value into @v1  
from card where id='a';

1

Deadlocks may occur, and system  
forces T1 lock to be released, execute  
T2's update not T1's.

update card set value =  
@v1 + 100 where id='a';

4

COMMIT

6

| id | value |
|----|-------|
| a  | 300   |

table: card , ini value:

| id | value |
|----|-------|
| a  | 100   |

T2

START

@V2

100

select value into @v2  
from card where id='a';

2

update card set value =  
@v2 + 200 where id='a';

3

Block,  
waiting for  
write lock

update card set value =  
@v2 + 200 where id='a';

5

| id | value |
|----|-------|
| a  | 300   |

7

COMMIT

T2 modifications are not lost! Fixed  
the problem of lost update!



# 1. Exp 7 - Isolation Levels



Dirty read: isolation level  
( read uncommitted )

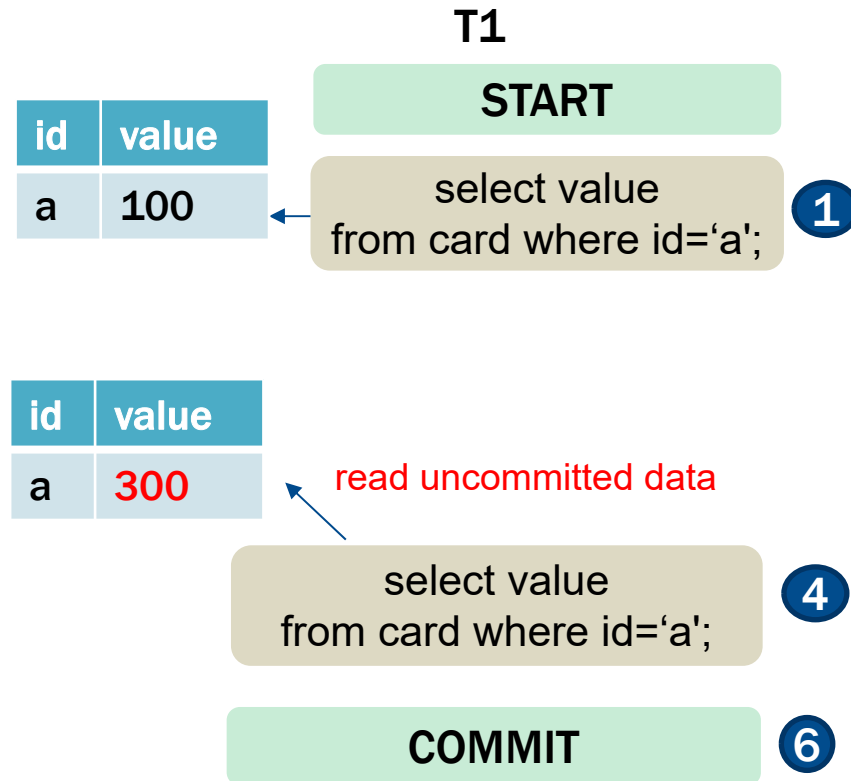
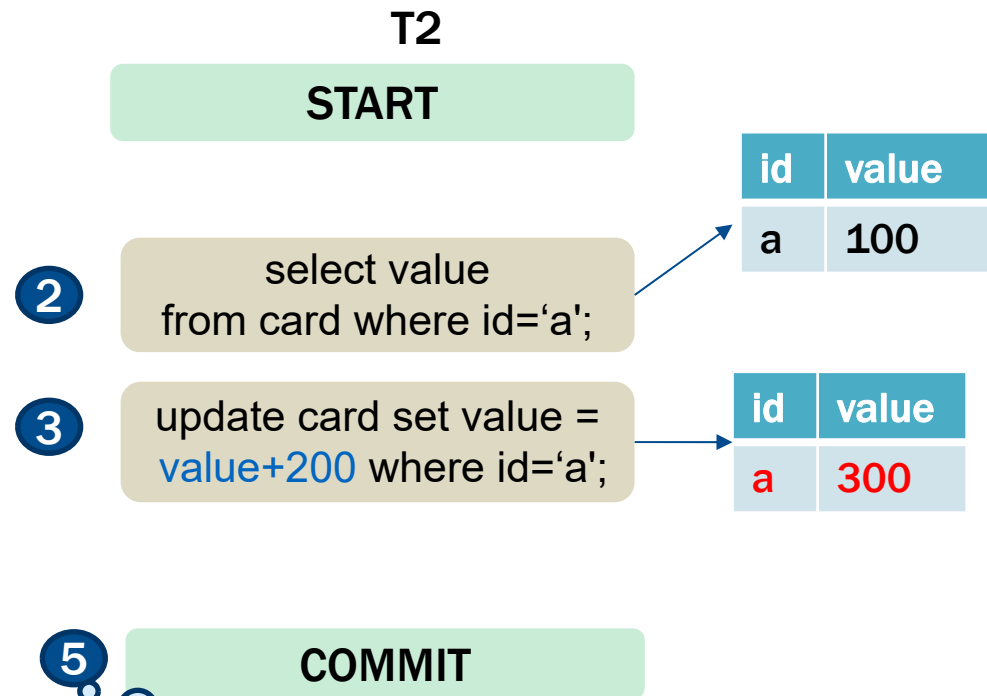


Table: card , ini value:

| id | value |
|----|-------|
| a  | 100   |



In T1, it read data updated by other transaction but uncommitted.

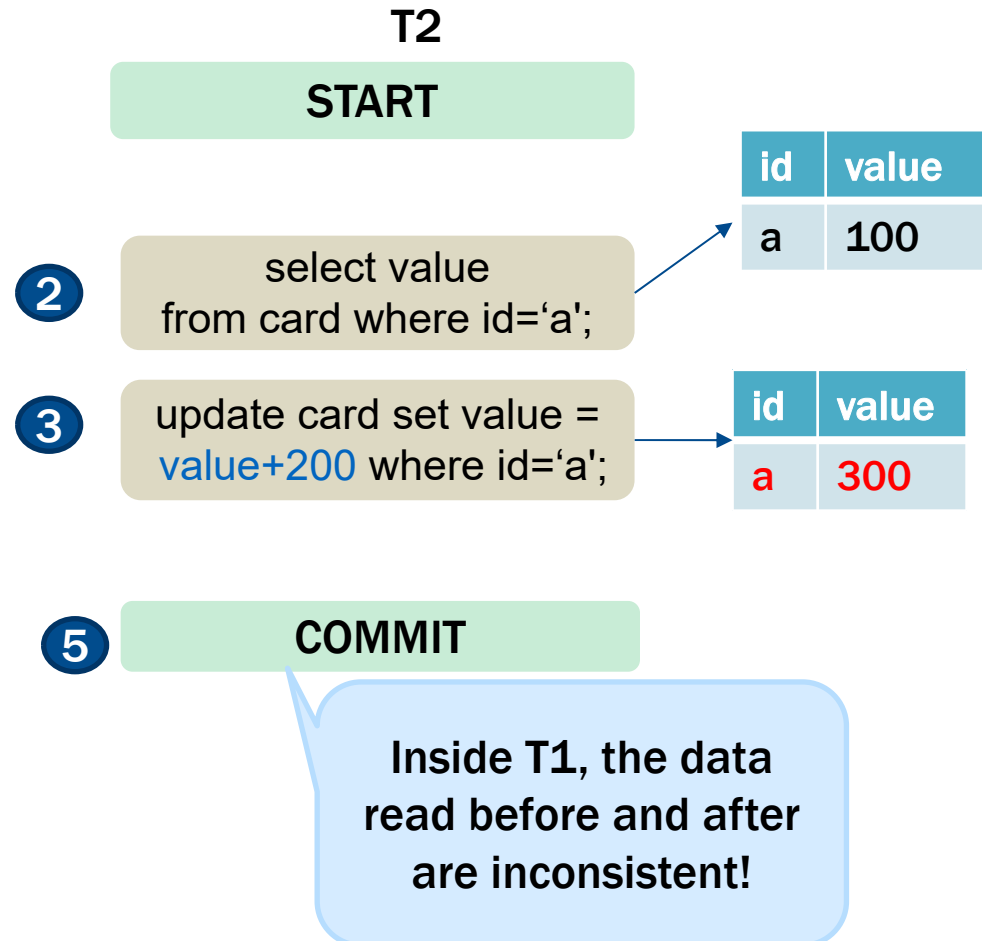
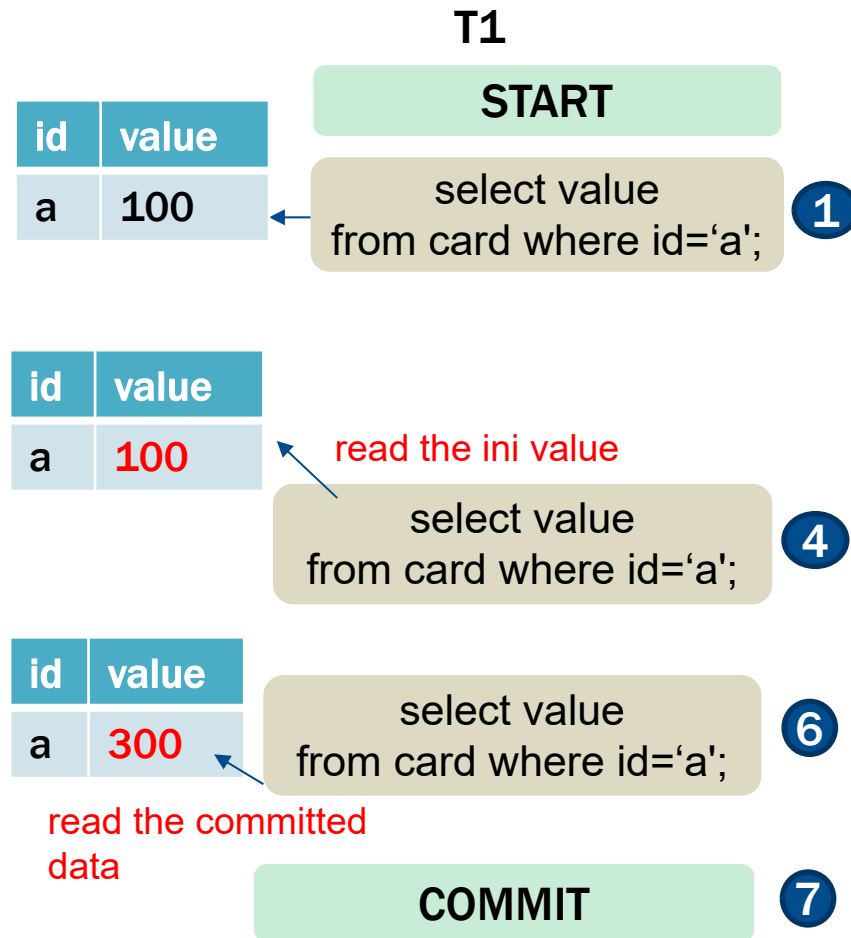
# 1. Exp 7 - Isolation Levels



unrepeatable: isolation level  
( read committed )

Table: card , ini value :

| id | value |
|----|-------|
| a  | 100   |

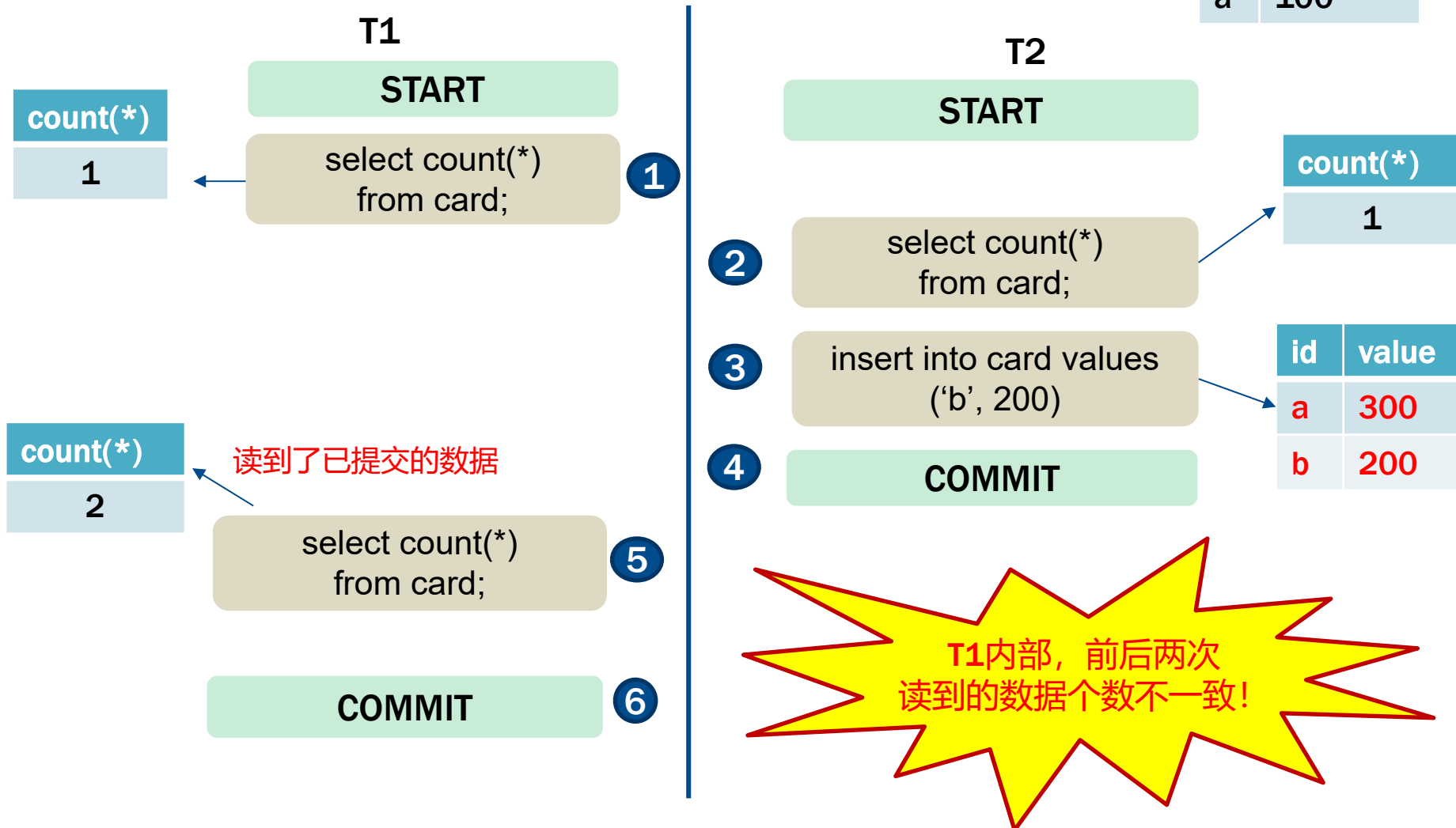


# 1. Exp 7 - Isolation Levels



幻读 (插入) : 隔离级别 ( read committed ) 表: card , 初值:

| id | value |
|----|-------|
| a  | 100   |



# 1. Exp 7 - Deadlock detect



西北工业大学  
NORTHWESTERN POLYTECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

Under the MySQL default setting, deadlock detection will be performed automatically. After a deadlock is detected, wait for a timeout, and then force the deadlock to end, so that another transaction can continue.

Deadlock found when trying to get lock; try  
restarting transaction

# 1. Exp 7 - Transaction log



西北工业大学  
NORTHWESTERN POLYTECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

## Binlog file: log file used for transaction recovery

-- Displays basic information about binlog  
show variables like 'log\_bin'; -- to confirm if binlog is on  
show master logs; -- display all binlog files  
show master status; -- Displays the last position of the latest binlog  
show binlog events; -- display all binlog

-- Displays the specified binlog  
show binlog events in 'THINKPAD\_LINING-bin.000019' ;

-- Displays the log after a specified location in the binlog.  
show binlog events in 'THINKPAD\_LINING-bin.000019' from 40080; show  
binlog events in 'THINKPAD\_LINING-bin.000019' from 40080 limit 10;

--refresh binlog, generate a new binlog file  
flush logs;

# 1. Exp 7 - Transaction log

## Binlog file: log file used for transaction recovery

- Row: No SQL statement context information is recorded, only record the modified record.
- Statement: Each SQL that modifies data is recorded in the binlog.
- Mixedlevel: A mixture of the above two. For general statement modification, binlog is stored in the statement format, such as some functions. If the statement cannot perform master-slave replication, binlog is stored in row format. Mysql treats the record differently based on each executed SQL statement.

| Log_name                   | Pos   | Event_type     | Server_id | End_log_pos | Info  |
|----------------------------|-------|----------------|-----------|-------------|---|
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42065 | Table_map      | 1         | 42130       | table_id: 129 (trans.icbc_card)                     |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42130 | Update_rows    | 1         | 42202       | table_id: 129 flags: STMT_END_F                     |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42202 | Xid            | 1         | 42233       | COMMIT /* xid=1851 */                               |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42233 | Anonymous_Gtid | 1         | 42312       | SET @@SESSION.GTID_NEXT= 'ANONYMOUS'                |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42312 | Query          | 1         | 42397       | BEGIN   |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42397 | Table_map      | 1         | 42462       | table_id: 129 (trans.icbc_card)                     |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42462 | Update_rows    | 1         | 42534       | table_id: 129 flags: STMT_END_F                     |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42534 | Xid            | 1         | 42565       | COMMIT /* xid=1865 */                               |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42565 | Anonymous_Gtid | 1         | 42644       | SET @@SESSION.GTID_NEXT= 'ANONYMOUS'                |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42644 | Query          | 1         | 42729       | BEGIN   |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42729 | Table_map      | 1         | 42794       | table_id: 129 (trans.icbc_card)                     |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42794 | Update_rows    | 1         | 42866       | table_id: 129 flags: STMT_END_F                     |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42866 | Xid            | 1         | 42897       | COMMIT /* xid=1874 */                               |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42897 | Anonymous_Gtid | 1         | 42974       | SET @@SESSION.GTID_NEXT= 'ANONYMOUS'                |
| THINKPAD_LINING-bin.000019 | 42974 | Query          | 1         | 43087       | use `trans`; create table t (id int) /* xid=1920 */ |

# 1. Exp 7 - Transaction log



**Binlog file: binlog for transaction recovery**

**new created binlog file**

flush logs;  
show master status;  
Assume: newest: mysql-bin.000022

**Perform regular SQL data operations (including create, insert, update delete operations)**

**Retrieve the SQL statements before recovery from the log, export as `test000022.sql`**

1. `mysqlbinlog.exe mysql-bin.000022 > test_000022.txt`
2. Find the location of the log to be recovered (eg.drop TABLE) in the TXT log (at 2413 for this statement).
3. Export the SQL statements before 'DROP TABLE' in the binlog log.

`mysqlbinlog mysql-bin.000022 -d db1 --skip-gtids --stop-position 2413 > test000022.sql`

**execute the sql file in mysql**

source C:\ProgramData\MySQL\MySQL Server 8.0\Data\test000022.sql

# 1. Exp 7 - Transaction log



西北工业大学  
NORTHWESTERN POLYTECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

**Binlog file: (output file is a txt file)**

```
229 /*!80014 SET @@session.immediate_server_version=80021/*!*/;
230 SET @@SESSION.GTID_NEXT= 'ANONYMOUS'/*!*/;
231 # at 2413
232 #201103 21:21:37 server id 1 end_log_pos 2538 CRC32 0x599dd0ba Query thread_id=35 exec_time=1519 error_code=0 Xid = 2255
233 SET TIMESTAMP=1604409697/*!*/;
234 DROP TABLE `t1` /* generated by server */
235 /*!*/;
236 # at 2538
237 #201103 21:21:37 server id 1 end_log_pos 2617 CRC32 0xe5d082ed Anonymous_GTID last_committed=10 sequence_number=11 rbr_only=yes or
238 /*!50718 SET TRANSACTION ISOLATION LEVEL READ COMMITTED/*!*/;
239 # original_commit_timestamp=1604411225757273 (2020-11-03 21:47:05.757273 中国标准时间)
240 # immediate_commit_timestamp=1604411225757273 (2020-11-03 21:47:05.757273 中国标准时间)
```

Default directory in Windows:

C:\ProgramData\MySQL\MySQL Server 8.0\Data



## 2. Exp 8 - Project



西北工业大学  
NORTHWESTERN POLYTECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

**You can design and implement a project by yourself or by a group.**

- 10.3.1. Library Management System
- 10.3.2. Student Status Management System
- 10.3.3. Ticket Selling Management System
- 10.3.4. Enterprise personnel management system
- 10.3.5. Telephone payment management system

in the textbook, exercise in Chapter 9 provides many reference topic for you. Choose one to finish your project .