COURSE SECTION INFORMATION – EXACT TIMINGS ARE SUBJECT TO COURSE TIMETABLING

Week	Description
One	Unit 0 – Opening Lecture
	Note: All Week One Lectures are Hybrid because of the suspension of all classes for student orientation on Tuesday, September 8, 2015
	Objectives: • Provide students with an overview of CST8216 Processor Architecture
One Two Three Four	Unit 1 – Introductory Electronics Concepts In this module, the student is introduced to analog circuit design with specific emphasis placed on understanding the concepts directly related to types of circuits found in embedded computing devices.
	 Objectives: Define the following terms: Voltage, Current, Resistance and Power Characterize the operation of the following devices: Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs), Hex Displays, Resistors, and Switches. Predict voltage, current, and power values for simple circuits containing combinations of the following devices: Voltage Source, Resistors, a Fuse and Switches.
	 Lab: Build a simple electronic circuit in MultisimTM Confirm predicted circuit values by the use of test equipment Troubleshoot electronic circuits using computer-based training aids
	 Lab: Measure/calculate V, I, R and P in simple electronic circuits in MultisimTM Use capacitors, switches, and displays in simple electronic circuits in MultisimTM Construct and analyse simple single source, multiple series, parallel and series/parallel resistor electronic circuits in MultisimTM according to a given schematic diagram Troubleshoot electronic circuits using computer-based training aids
	Assignment One (10% of course mark): ■ Use Multism TM to build Electronic Circuits and analyze them using appropriate test equipment

Week	Description
Four	Unit 2 – Computer Architecture
	In this module, the student analyzes circuit diagrams involving embedded computing devices.
	Objectives:
Five	 Describe the functionality of a simple Central Processing Unit (CPU)'s components: Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU)
	o Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) o Registers
	Memory, Input/Output (I/O) Interface
	o Control Unit
	O Clock O BUS
	O BUS Unit 3 – Arithmetic Principles
Six	In this module, the student explores arithmetic principles as they relate to the implementation of
Seven	embedded computing devices.
Eight	
	Objectives:
	 Calculate the results of mathematical and logical operations on signed and unsigned integer binary and integer hexadecimal numbers.
	 Determine when overflow conditions exist and describe the relationship to processor
	architecture.
	• Construct numbers in the following numbering systems:
	Hexadecimal and Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) True's Complement (signed and unique)
	o Two's Complement (signed and unsigned)
	Write simple programs in assembly language to be analyzed, debugged, and verified using
	simulation techniques.
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	• Identify 68HC12 Classes of Instructions, explain their use, and apply them in assembly language programs:
	o Load and Store
	o Arithmetic
	o Compare and Test
	Lab:
	 Create simple assembly language programs to exercise arithmetic principles
	Run simple assembly language programs in the simulator and troubleshoot them
	Lab:
	• Identify 68HC12 Classes of Instructions, explain their use, and apply them in assembly language
	 programs: Arithmetic, Compare and Test Develop assembly language programs using Decision Trees, Pseudocode and Logic Instructions.
	 Develop assembly language programs using Decision Trees, Pseudocode and Logic Instructions. Predict the results of program execution with the use of a test plan.
	- Treater the results of program execution with the use of a test plan.
	Assignment Two (10% of course mark):
	• Use Multism TM to a build Electronic Circuits and write assembly language programs to
	implement identical functionally and display the results on LEDs and Hex Displays.

Week	Description
Seven	Unit 4 – Term Test One – Tuesday, October 20, 2015
	In this module, the student is assessed on Course Learning Requirements (CLRs) contained in Unit 1 and Unit 2. The term test is worth 10% of the course mark.
Nine Ten Eleven Twelve Thirteen	 Unit 5- Programming Embedded Systems using Assembly Language In this module the student applies knowledge of programming languages as it relates to embedded computing devices Objectives: Write simple programs in assembly language to be analyzed, debugged, and verified using simulation techniques. Apply previously listed 68HC12 Classes of Instructions in assembly language programs Identify 68HC12 Addressing Modes, explain their use, and apply them in assembly language programs:
	 Direct and Extended Relative Constant Offset Indexed Constant Indirect Auto Pre/Post Decrement/Increment Indexed Accumulator Offset Indexed Accumulator D Indirect Indexed Write simple programs in assembly language to be deployed on the Dragon12-Plus(tm) Freescale HCS12 / 9S12 microcontroller trainer. Practice lab safety with respect to electronic devices that are sensitive to damage caused by Electrostatic Discharge (ESD).
	 Lab: Analyse given problems to develop Flowcharts, write Pseudocode, and create test plans to represent a problem-solution. Write 68HC12 assembly language programs by adding the following additional Classes of Instructions to the previous inventory of instructions:
Twelve	Modes and display the results on LEDs, Hex Displays and/or LCDs. Unit 6 – Term Test Two – Tuesday, November 17, 2015 In this module, the student is assessed on Course Learning Requirements (CLRs) contained in Unit 3 and Unit 5. The term test is worth 10% of the course mark.

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Unit 7 – Introductory Digital Concepts

In this module, the student studies the logical operation, application and troubleshooting of logic gates and is exposed to several types of combinational logic circuits.

Objectives:

- Characterize the operation of Logic Functions and Gates.
- Choose appropriate logic functions to solve simple design problems
- Determine when a logic gate will pass a digital waveform and when it will block the signal
- Construct timing diagrams showing the proper time relationships of inputs and outputs for the various ideal logic gates

Assignment Four (10% of course mark):

- Problem solve a user-defined scenario using pseudocode and flowcharts and implement a solution in Assembly Language. Structured programming, the creation and use of library subroutines, documentation and the correlation between code and flowcharts will be emphasized.
- Write simple programs in the Assembly Language to be deployed on the Dragon12-Plus(tm) Freescale HCS12 / 9S12 microcontroller trainer.

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Unit 8 – Final Examination (during Final Assessment Week) (30% of course mark)

Objectives:

• To conduct a comprehensive examination on theoretical and practical aspects of course material.