A+ Computer Science - Inheritance Worksheet 3

DIRECTIONS: Fill in each blank with the correct answer/output. Assume each statement happens in order and that one statement may affect the next statement. Some sections might print more than once.

```
class J{
  private int x, y;
  public J() { x = y = 3;}
  public void fun() { x = y = 6; }
  public int back() { return 1; }
  public String toString() {
     return x + " " + y;
}
class K extends J {
   public void fun() { out.println(back()); }
   public String toString() {
     return "class K " + super.toString();
}
class M{
  private int x, y;
  public M() { x=8; y=1; }
  public double fun() { return x; }
  public double go() { return y; }
  public double back() { return fun(); }
   public String toString() {
      return x + " " + y;
class N extends M{
  public N() { }
  public double fun() { return 7; }
  public double go() { return super.back(); }
  public double back() { return 2; }
  public String toString() {
     return super.toString();
   }
}
//test code in the main method
J one = new J();
out.println(one);
one = new K();
one.fun();
out.println(one);
M \text{ two} = \text{new } M();
out.println(two.go());
out.println(two.back());
out.println(two.fun());
out.println(two);
two = new N();
out.println(two.go());
out.println(two.back());
                                                       2.
out.println(two.fun());
out.println(two)
```