

Business Intelligence Concepts, Tools, and Applications

Week 2: Business Intelligence Concepts and Platform Capabilities

Lesson 4: BI OLAP Styles



BI OLAP Styles Versus OLTP

- Learning Objectives
 - Compare and contrast different types of OLAP
 - Understand different applications of OLAP
 - Comprehend the differences between OLAP and OLTP



OLAP Applications – contd.

- Budgeting & Financial Reporting
 - Requires multiple dimensions such as Time, Account, Organization, Product segment etc.
- EIS, Balanced Scorecards
 - Management Reporting based on P&L Ratios
 - KPIs, CSFs
- Other Applications
 - Profitability Analysis
 - Defect Analysis
 - Quality Analysis

Adopted from Teradata University Network presentation on OLAP.



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OLAP Applications

- Marketing & Sales Analysis
 - Consumer Goods Industries, Retailers
 - Financial Services (Banks, Insurance etc.)
- Clickstream Analysis & Web Analytics
 - Pure Play E-commerce Sites
 - Click-n'-Mortar Organizations
- Database Marketing & CRM
 - Customer Segmentation
 - Customer Value Analysis

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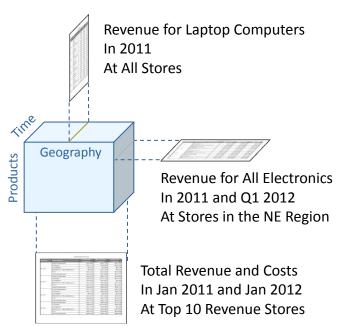
OLAP Styles

- ROLAP- Relational OLAP (using relational databases; a star schema is used)
- MOLAP- Multidimensional OLAP (using multidimensional databases)
- HOLAP (Hybrid Online Analytical Processing)
- DOLAP- desktop OLAP

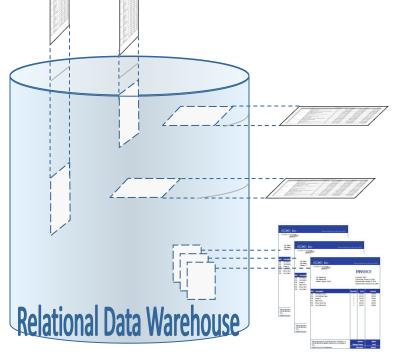


OLAP Analysis and Advanced ROLAP Analysis MicroStrategy Satisfies All Analysis Needs

Slice and Dice with Basic OLAP Analysis



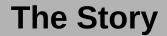
Single-click OLAP Manipulations Allow People To Slice-and-Dice a Subset of Data To View It from Many Different Perspectives **Drill Anywhere with Advanced Relational OLAP Analysis**



Relational OLAP Architecture Allows People To 'Drill Anywhere' in The Entire Relational Database – Across All Dimensions and From Summary Level To Transactional-level Detail



Example: Olap Usage of an Automobile Marketer



An automobile marketer wants to improve business activity. Therefore he wants to view sales figures from different perspectives.

The Data
Needs

- ☐Sales by model
- ☐Sales by dealership
- ☐Sales by color
- □Sales over time
- □etc.

A Question

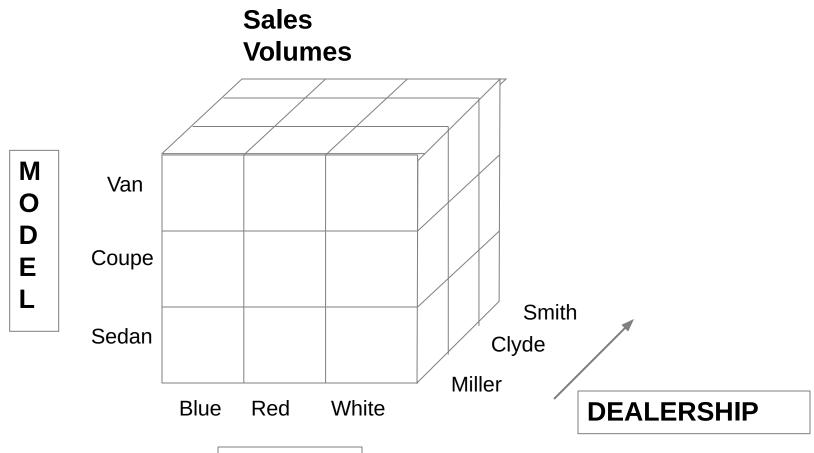
What is the trend in sales volumes over a period of time for a specific model and color across a specific group of dealerships?



Adopted from Teradata University Network presentation on OLAP.



Example: The Multidimensional View of the Data



COLOR

Adopted from Teradata University Network presentation on OLAP.



OLAP Features: "Slicing and Dicing" the Data

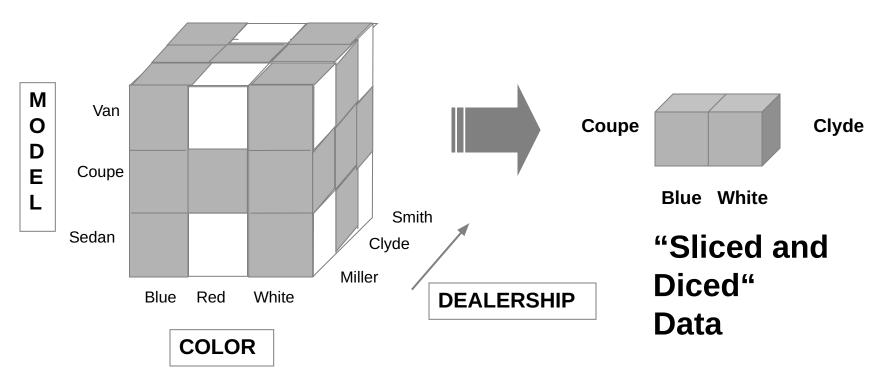
Choosing a range out of each dimension:

Sales Volumes

Color: Blue and White

Model: Coupe only

• Dealership: Clyde only

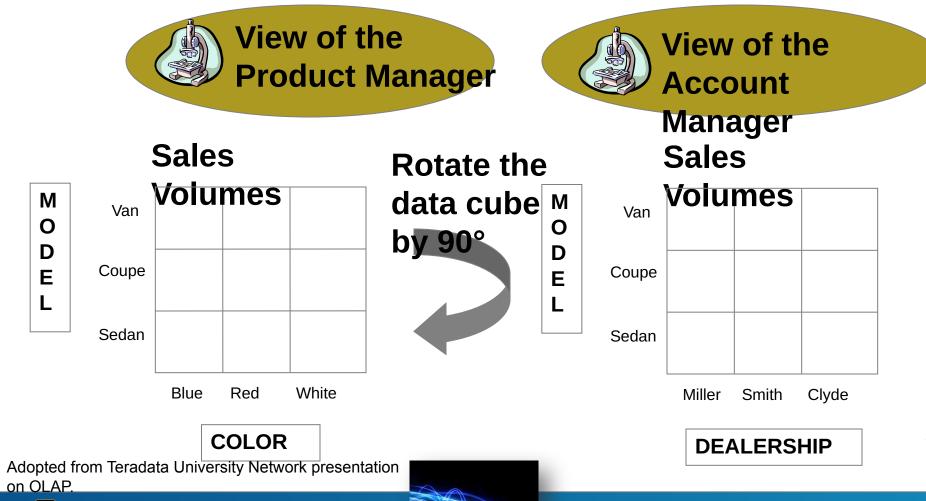


Adopted from Teradata University Network presentation on OLAP.



OLAP Features: Rotating the Data

Different users will require different views of the multidimensional cube – OLAP allows easy rotation of data



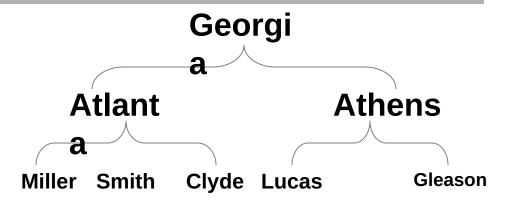
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OLAP Features: Drill-Down and Roll-Up

Data can be disaggregated and aggregated along a dimension according to their natural hierarchy



Sales Volumes by Organization
Dimension
- three level hierarchy -



Adopted from Teradata University Network presentation on OLAP.



OLTP versus **OLAP**

OLTP

Clerk, IT Professional User Day-to-day Operations **Function**

- Application-oriented (E-R based)
- Current, Isolated
- Detailed, Flat Relational
- Structured, Repetitive
- Short, Simple Transaction
- Read / Write
- Index/Hash on Prim. Key
- Tens
- **Thousands**
- 100s MB-GB
- Transaction Throughput

OLAP

- Knowledge Worker
- **Decision Support**
- Subject-oriented (Star, Snowflake)
- Historical, Consolidated
- Summarized, Multidimensional
- Ad-Hoc
- **Complex Query**
- **Read Mostly**
- Lots of Scans
- Millions
- Hundreds
- **100s GB-TB**
- Query Throughput, Response

Adopted from Teradata University Network presentation on OLAP.

Database Design

Data

View

Usage

Access

Users

Unit of Work

Operations

Database Size

Records Accessed

Performance Metric