

Module 2 SQL Subtotal Operators

Lesson 4: GROUPING SETS Operator



Lesson Objectives

- Write SQL SELECT statements using the GROUPING SETS operator
- Convert CUBE and ROLLUP operations into GROUPING SETS operations
- Reflect on importance of the GROUPING SETS operator





GROUPING SETS Operator \(\begin{array}{c} \text{\text{\$\geq}} \end{array}



Flexibility

- Any set of subtotals
- •Normal GROUP BY result not default

Explicit specification

- Provide set of column combinations
- •Similar to UNION query





GROUPING SETS Example I

- Summarize sum of store sales for USA and Canada in 2016 by store zip and month
- Generate full subtotals by store zip and month





GROUPING SETS Example II

- Summarize sum of store sales for USA and Canada in 2016 by store zip and month
- Generate subtotals for store zip, month and grand total without the combination for store zip and month

```
SELECT StoreZip, TimeMonth,
SUM(SalesDollar) AS SumSales
FROM SSSales, SSStore, SSTimeDim
WHERE SSSales.StoreId = SSStore.StoreId
AND SSSales.TimeNo = SSTimeDim.TimeNo
AND (StoreNation = 'USA' OR StoreNation = 'Canada')
AND TimeYear = 2016
GROUP BY GROUPING SETS(StoreZip, TimeMonth, ())
ORDER BY StoreZip, TimeMonth;
```





ROLLUP/GROUPING SETS Comparison

Examples 3 and 4

Examples 5 and 6

```
SELECT TimeYear, TimeMonth, TimeDay, SUM(SalesDollar) ... GROUP BY ROLLUP(TimeYear, TimeMonth, TimeDay)
```

```
SELECT TimeYear, TimeMonth, TimeDay, SUM(SalesDollar) ...
GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ((TimeYear, TimeMonth, TimeDay),

(TimeYear, TimeMonth), TimeYear, ());
```





CUBE/GROUPING SETS Comparison

Example 7 and 8 SELECT StoreZip, TimeMonth, SUM(SalesDollar) ... GROUP BY CUBE(StoreZip, TimeMonth); SELECT StoreZip, TimeMonth, SUM(SalesDollar) ... GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ((StoreZip, TimeMonth), StoreZip, TimeMonth, ()); -- (StoreZip, TimeMonth): normal GROUP BY result Example 9 and 10 SELECT StoreZip, TimeMonth, DivId, SUM(SalesDollar) ... GROUP BY CUBE(StoreZip, TimeMonth, DivId); SELECT StoreZip, TimeMonth, DivId, SUM(SalesDollar) ... GROUP BY GROUPING SETS ((StoreZip, TimeMonth, DivId),

(TimeMonth, DivId), StoreZip, TimeMonth, DivId, ());
-- (StoreZip, TimeMonth, DivId): normal GROUP BY result

(StoreZip, TimeMonth), (StoreZip, DivId),





Summary

- Precise control of subtotals
- Explicit specification of column combinations including most detailed level
- Useful to understand subtotals generated by CUBE and ROLLUP operators

