Hands-on Infrastructure Automation with Terraform on AWS

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Working with Terraform as a team

Section 7

Managing secrets securely

Types of secrets

- API keys (e.g. provider credentials)
- Resource secrets (e.g. initial password for RDS instance)
- Application secrets (e.g. database password)

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API keys

```
provider "aws" {
  access_key = "${var.aws_access_key}"
  secret_key = "${var.aws_secret_key}"
  region = "us-east-1"
}
```

- Source control (don't, seriously)
- Command-line flags
- Gitignored variable files
- Shared credentials file (AWS)
- Environment variables

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Protecting the state file

```
terraform {
 backend "s3" {
    encrypt = "true"
    kms_key_id =
"arn:aws:kms:ap-southeast-2:1111111111111:key/d2834912-402d-4951-
9956-9c0553ede985"
```

Protecting the bucket

```
resource "aws_s3_bucket" "main" {
server_side_encryption_configuration {
   rule {
    apply_server_side_encryption_by_default {
      sse_algorithm = "AES256"
```

Protecting the bucket

```
resource "aws_s3_bucket_policy" "main" {
  policy = "..."
```

Keep secrets out of state

Resource secrets

```
resource "aws_db_instance" "default" {
  password = "${random_string.db_password.result}"
}
```

Creating resources securely

- 1. Seed the resource with initial secret, stored in the state file
- 2. Change the secret to a secure one, stored in a secret manager (AWS SSM Parameter Store, AWS Secrets Manager, Hashicorp Vault, etc.)

Application secrets (hard-coded)

Fetching secrets from the secrets store

- 1. Store secrets in the secrets manager
- 2. Use a secrets helper to fetch them at application start-up time, decrypt and expose as environment variables
- 3. No changes to the application code needed
- 4. Still possible to set secrets directly for local development

Application secrets (dynamic)

Secrets helpers

- 1. https://github.com/glassechidna/pstore
- 2. https://github.com/segmentio/chamber

Use secrets managers to store the secrets

Running Terraform in automation for CI/CD

Next video