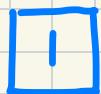
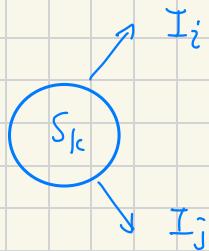


4.5 State Graphs for Control Circuits



Notations and Conditions Used on Control State Graphs

- Label control state graphs using variable names instead of 0's and 1's.
- Label of arc on a Mealy state graph $X_i X_j / Z_p Z_q$
 - inputs $X_i, X_j : 1$
 - other inputs : don't care's
 - outputs $Z_p, Z_q : 1$
 - other outputs : 0
 - Then traverse the arc to go to the next state.
- completely specified proper state graph:
 - the next state is uniquely defined for every input combination.



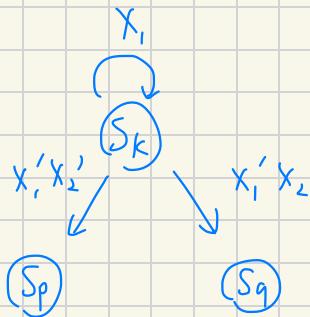
- constraints on the input labels for every state S_k :

(Each I_x is a boolean condition formed from the machine's input variables,
e.g. $I_i = A'B$ or AB')

1. If I_i and I_j are any pair of input labels on arcs exiting state S_k , then $I_i I_j = 0$ if $i \neq j$.
 \Rightarrow At most one input label can be | at any given time.
2. If n arcs exit state S_k and the n arcs have labels I_1, I_2, \dots, I_n , respectively, then, $I_1 + I_2 + \dots + I_n = 1$

⇒ At least one input label will be 1 at any given time.

Ex. A Partial State Graph



• For S_k :

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} I_1 = X_1 \\ I_2 = X_1' X_2' \\ I_3 = X_1' X_2 \end{array} \right.$$

• Condition 1:

$$I_1 I_2 = (X_1) (X_1' X_2') = 0$$

$$I_1 I_3 = (X_1) (X_1' X_2) = 0$$

$$I_2 I_3 = (X_1' X_2') (X_1' X_2) = 0$$

• Condition 2:

$$I_1 + I_2 + I_3$$

$$= X_1 + X_1' X_2' +$$

$$X_1' X_2 = 1$$

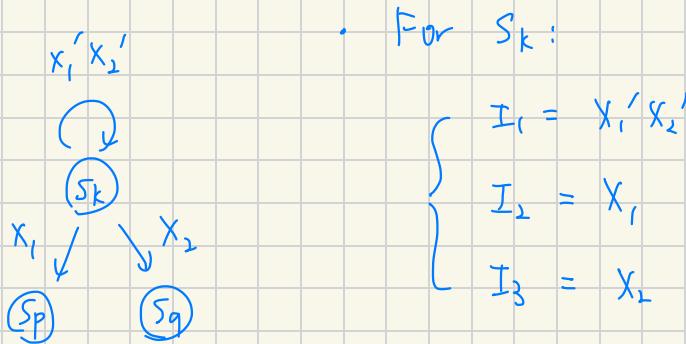
⇒ conditions 1 & 2 are satisfied, this graph is a completely specified state graph

- incompletely specified state graph
 - It must always satisfy condition 2.

- It must condition 1 for all combinations of values of input variables that can occur for each state S_k .

$$I_i I_j = 0 \text{ if } i \neq j$$

Ex. A partial state graph



Condition 2:

$$I_1 + I_2 + I_3$$

$$= x_1' x_2' + x_1 + x_2$$

$$= 1$$

Condition 2:

$$I_1 I_2 = (x_1' x_2') x_1 = 0$$

$$I_2 I_3 = (x_1' x_2) x_2 = 0$$

$$I_1 I_3 = (x_1) (x_2) = ?$$

$\Rightarrow x_1 = x_2 = 1$ cannot occur in state S_k .