

# Lab of Object-Oriented Programming:

Assignment 檢討

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# 使用 moodle 點名

請登入實習課的 moodle 課程

點擊出缺席並完成今日的點名

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E-mail 格式

- 標題：[OOP111] + 問題
- 必須包含系級學號姓名
- 請附上有問題的**部分**程式碼或截圖

 討論區

 出缺席

# Agenda

- Assignment1
- Assignment2

程式碼的寫法並非唯一，以下列出的程式碼僅供參考

# Assignment1

# CardTest.cc

```
77  bool flag[52] = {false};
78  int RNumber = 0;
79  int RNumberArray[5] = {0};
```

flag[] 判斷數字是否已用過

RNumber 儲存隨機數字

RNumberArray, 儲存 row\_of\_cards

```
86      for(int i = 0; i < ncards; ++i){
87          // 0 ~ 51
88          RNumber = rand() % 52;
89
90          // if RNumber already exist
91          if(flag[RNumber]){
92              --i;
93              continue;
94          }
95
96          // put RNumber into RNumberArray
97          RNumberArray[i % 5] = RNumber;
98
99          // set flag true
100         flag[RNumber] = true;
101
102         // if row_of_cards or final_row
103         if((i + 1) % 5 == 0 || i == ncards - 1){
104             // cuz ArraySize: 1 ~ 5
105             PassArray(RNumberArray, i % 5 + 1);
106         }
107     }
```

如果集滿一行或是跑到最後一輪時，準備印出

# Generate Random Card(Advanced)

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <iomanip>
4
5  using namespace std;
6
7  void shuffle(int *flag){
8      int card, tmp;
9      for(int i = 0; i < 52; ++i){
10         card = rand() % 52;
11         tmp = flag[i];
12         flag[i] = flag[card];
13         flag[card] = tmp;
14     }
15 }
16
```

```
17 int main(){
18     int seed;
19     cout << "seed = ";
20     cin >> seed;
21     srand(seed);
22
23     int flag[52];
24     for(int i = 0; i < 52; ++i)
25         flag[i] = i;
26
27     shuffle(flag);
28
29     for(int i = 0; i < 52; ++i){
30         cout << setw(2) << flag[i] << " ";
31         if(i % 5 == 4)
32             cout << endl;
33     }
34     return 0;
35 }
```

shuffle() 內可改寫為:

```
8  void shuffle(int (&flag)[52]){ // reference to array, prevent array decay to pointer
9      random_shuffle(std::begin(flag), std::end(flag));
10 }
```

```
4  #include <algorithm>
```

# Array of Pointers & Pointer to Array

- Array of Pointers:

precedence: [] 先於 \*

```
int a[3] = {1, 3, 5};  
int *ptr1[3] = {&a[0], &a[1], &a[2]};
```

本質是 array  
裡面儲存 pointer

- Pointer to Array:

```
int arr[] = {10, 20, 30};  
int (*ptr2)[3] = &arr;
```

本質是 pointer  
指向 array

<https://onlinegdb.com/5q8QYT7Jg>

# Try It !

shuffle

<https://onlinegdb.com/YztEgF6tAQ>

shuffle advanced

<https://onlinegdb.com/qQ5jJLNML>



Try replacing "reference to array" with "pointer to array"



# Cards

```
18 const int kNPip=13;  
19 const int kNSuit=4;  
20 const int kNCards=52;  
21 const int kCardWidth=11;  
22 const int kCardHeight=11;  
23 void PassArray(int*, int);
```

Cards.h

```
19 void PassArray(int *RNumberArray, int ArraySize){  
20  
21     int pipArray[ArraySize] = {0}, suitArray[ArraySize] = {0};  
22  
23     char suitCharArray[ArraySize] = {' '};  
24  
25     bool colorArray[ArraySize] = {0};  
26  
27     color colorPrint;  
28  
29     string suitStr = "SHDC";  
30
```

Cards.cc

# Cards.cc

```
31     for(int sizeNum = 0; sizeNum < ArraySize; ++sizeNum){
32         // 0 ~ 12
33         pipArray[sizeNum] = RNumberArray[sizeNum] / kNSuit;
34         // 0 ~ 3
35         suitArray[sizeNum] = RNumberArray[sizeNum] % kNSuit;
36         // 'S', 'H', 'D', 'C'
37         suitCharArray[sizeNum] = suitStr[suitArray[sizeNum]];
38         // 0 stands for black, 1 stands for red
39         if(suitCharArray[sizeNum] == 'S' || suitCharArray[sizeNum] == 'C')
40             colorArray[sizeNum] = 0;
41         else
42             colorArray[sizeNum] = 1;
43     }
```

決定牌的 pip, suit, color

# Cards.cc

```
45 // loop Height
46 for(int i = 0; i < kCardHeight; ++i){ ... (1)
47     // loop ArraySize
48     for(int sizeNum = 0; sizeNum < ArraySize; ++sizeNum){ ... (2)
49
50         string widthStore;
51
52         // decide color
53         colorPrint = colorArray[sizeNum] ? red : black;
54
55         // first print CardWidth
56         for(int j = 0; j < kCardWidth + 1; ++j){ ... (3)
57             // replace suitChar
58             if(card[pipArray[sizeNum]][i][j] == 'x')
59                 widthStore += suitCharArray[sizeNum];
60             // origin card
61             else
62                 widthStore += card[pipArray[sizeNum]][i][j];
63         }
64 }
```

```
65 // string to const char*
66 const char* c = widthStore.c_str();
67 // print
68 AnsiPrint(c, colorPrint, white, false, false);
69 // Width space
70 cout << " ";
71 }
72 // Height newline
73 cout << endl;
74 }
```

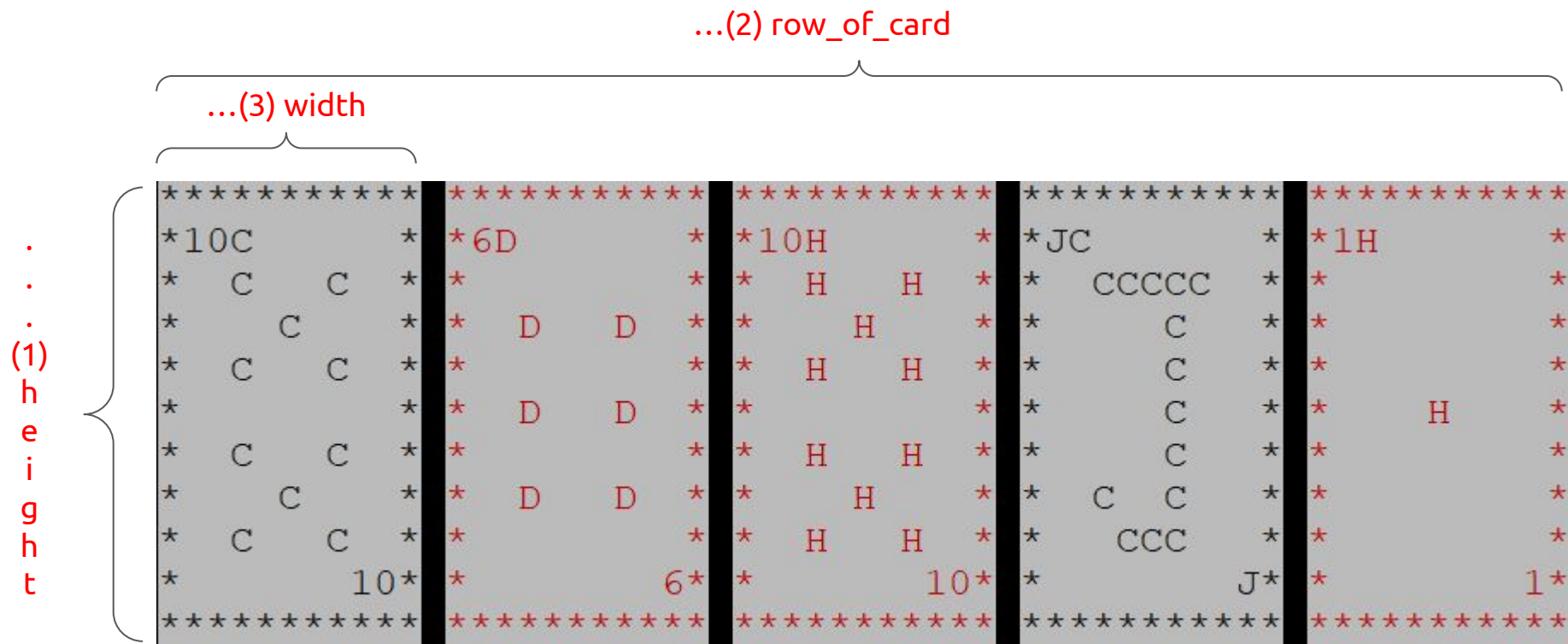
巢狀迴圈要從內到外進行解讀

...(3) 先遍歷 width

...(2) 再遍歷 row\_of\_card

...(1) 最後遍歷 height

# Cards.cc



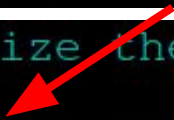
# Assignment2

# SHPlayer - start()

```
60
61     bool flag[52] = {false};
62
63     SHPlayer shplayer("Player");
64
65     // put your code here
66
67     shplayer.start();
```

SHTest.cc

```
34 // initialize the number of cards to 0
35 void
36 SHPlayer::start()
37 {
38     // restart
39     kCurrentCards = 0;
40     showFirstCard = false;
41     totalCardPips = 0;
42 }
```



SHPlayer.cc

# SHPlayer - addCard(), getNumCards()

```
69 while(shplayer.getNumCards() < 5){
70     // kNCards: 52
71     int tmp = rand() % Card::kNCards;
72     // check if used or not
73     if(!flag[tmp])
74         flag[tmp] = true;
75     else
76         continue;
77
78     // add card
79     shplayer.addCard(Card(tmp));
80 }
```

SHTest.cc

```
137 // return the number of cards at hand
138 int
139 SHPlayer::getNumCards() const
140 {
141     return kCurrentCards;
142 }
```

```
46 void SHPlayer::addCard(Card newCard)
47 {
48     // one more card
49
50     // protect array overflowing
51     if(kCurrentCards >= kMaxCards)
52         return;
53
54     // add to the current hand
55     cards[kCurrentCards] = newCard;
56
57     ++kCurrentCards;
58
59     // newCard.getPip(): 0 ~ 12
60     totalCardPips += (newCard.getPip() + 1);
61 }
```

SHPlayer.cc

# Card.cc

```
8 // constructor
9 Card::Card(int newId)
10 {
11     id = newId;
12     // kNSuit: 4
13     pip = id / kNSuit;
14     suit = id % kNSuit;
15 }
```

```
22 int
23 Card::getID() const
24 {
25     return id;
26 }
27
28 // get the pip of the card (0-12)
29 int
30 Card::getPip() const
31 {
32     return pip;
33 }
34
35 // get the suit of the card (0-3)
36 int
37 Card::getSuit() const
38 {
39     return suit;
40 }
```



# SHTest.cc - First Card

```
82     // enough cards
83     if(shplayer.getNumCards() == kNCardPerRow){
84         // first card
85         if(showFirst)
86             shplayer.openFirstCard();
87         // print
88         shplayer.showCards();
89         // handtype
90         cout << "It's " << HandTypeName[shplayer.getHandPattern()] << endl;
91         // points
92         cout << "Total points: " << shplayer.totalPips() << endl;
93     }
```

# SHPlayer - openFirstCard()

```
89         bool showFirstCard;
```

SHPlayer.h

```
63 // open the first card so it faces up
64 void
65 SHPlayer::openFirstCard()
66 {
67     showFirstCard = true;
68 }
```

SHPlayer.cc

# SHTest.cc - Print Cards

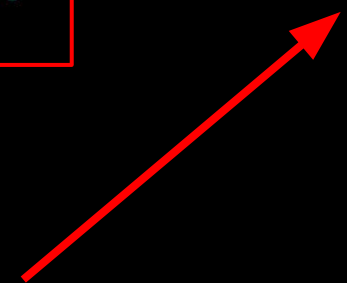
```
82     // enough cards
83     if(shplayer.getNumCards() == kNCardPerRow){
84         // first card
85         if(showFirst)
86             shplayer.openFirstCard();
87         // print
88         shplayer.showCards();
89         // handtype
90         cout << "It's " << HandTypeName[shplayer.getHandPattern()] << endl;
91         // points
92         cout << "Total points: " << shplayer.totalPips() << endl;
93     }
```

# SHPlayer.cc - showCards()

```
70 // print the current hand to the screen graphically
71 void
72 SHPlayer::showCards() const
73 {
74     for(int i = 0; i < kCardHeight; ++i){
75         for(int k = 0; k < kMaxCards; ++k){
76             // initialize str
77             string str = "";
78             for(int j = 0; j < kCardWidth; ++j){
79                 // if first card and not want to show, print empty
80                 if(k == 0 && !showFirstCard)
81                     str += card[13][i][j];
82                 else if(card[cards[k].getPip()][i][j] == 'x')
83                     str += cardAbbrev[cards[k].getSuit()];
84                 else
85                     str += card[cards[k].getPip()][i][j];
86             }
87             const char* c = str.c_str();
88
89             // decide color
90             if(cardAbbrev[cards[k].getSuit()] == 'S' || cardAbbrev[cards[k].getSuit()] == 'C')
91                 AnsiPrint(c, black, white);
92             else
93                 AnsiPrint(c, red, white);
94             cout << " ";
95         }
96         cout << endl;
97     }
98 }
99
```

22 // data for use with the card printing  
23 const char cardAbbrev[] = "SHDC";

in CardPattern.h



# SHTest.cc - Print HandType

```
82     // enough cards
83     if(shplayer.getNumCards() == kNCardPerRow){
84         // first card
85         if(showFirst)
86             shplayer.openFirstCard();
87         // print
88         shplayer.showCards();
89         // handtype
90         cout << "It's " << HandTypeName[shplayer.getHandPattern()] << endl;
91         // points
92         cout << "Total points: " << shplayer.totalPips() << endl;
93     }
```

# SHPlayer - getHandPattern()

```
108 // judge what kind of hand type you own
109 // you need to have 5 cards
110 HandType
111 SHPlayer::getHandPattern()
112 {
113     // sort first
114     this->sortCards();
115
116     // judge handtype
117     if(isStraightFlush())
118         return STRAIGHT_FLUSH;
119     if(isFourOfAKind())
120         return FOUR_OF_A_KIND;
121     if(isFullHouse())
122         return FULL_HOUSE;
123     if(isFlush())
124         return FLUSH;
125     if(isStraight())
126         return STRAIGHT;
127     if(isThreeOfAKind())
128         return THREE_OF_A_KIND;
129     if(isTwoPair())
130         return TWO_PAIR;
131     if(isOnePair())
132         return ONE_PAIR;
133
134     return OTHER;
135 }
```

```
10 enum HandType {
11     STRAIGHT_FLUSH,
12     FOUR_OF_A_KIND,
13     FULL_HOUSE,
14     FLUSH,
15     STRAIGHT,
16     THREE_OF_A_KIND,
17     TWO_PAIR,
18     ONE_PAIR,
19     OTHER
20 };
```

SHPlayer.h

SHPlayer.cc



```
16 const char* HandTypeName[9] = {
17     "Straight flush",
18     "Four of a kind",
19     "Full house",
20     "Flush",
21     "Straight",
22     "Three of a kind",
23     "Two pair",
24     "One pair",
25     "Other"
26 };
```

## SHPlayer.cc - sortCards()

```
7 #include <algorithm>
```

```
144 bool compare(const Card& a, const Card& b){
145     // ascending
146     return a.getID() < b.getID();
147 }
148
149 void
150 SHPlayer::sortCards()
151 {
152     // 0 ~ 51 ascending
153     // sortedCards
154     for(int i = 0; i < 5; ++i){
155         sortedCards[i] = cards[i];
156     }
157     sort(sortedCards, sortedCards + kMaxCards, compare);
158 }
```

# SHTest.cc - Print Points

```
82     // enough cards
83     if(shplayer.getNumCards() == kNCardPerRow){
84         // first card
85         if(showFirst)
86             shplayer.openFirstCard();
87         // print
88         shplayer.showCards();
89         // handtype
90         cout << "It's " << HandTypeName[shplayer.getHandPattern()] << endl;
91         // points
92         cout << "Total points: " << shplayer.totalPips() << endl;
93     }
```



## SHPlayer.cc - totalPips()

```
101 // get the total points of the current hand
102 int
103 SHPlayer::totalPips() const
104 {
105     return totalCardPips;
106 }
```

**Any  
questions?**