

FACULTY: MALAYSIA-JAPAN INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (MJIIT)

SEMESTER 2-2024/25

TECHNOLOGY AND INFORMATION SYSTEM

<u>COURSE CODE</u>: SECP1513; <u>SECTION</u> – 16

LECTURER: DR. HALINAWATI BINTI HIROL

DESIGN THINKING

TEMA: Cloud and edge computing

Group 2	
GROUP MEMBERS	MATRIC NUMBER
Muhammed Usman	A23MJ3008
Hassan Saad	A23MJ3005
Abdulrahman Barghout	A23MJ4014
Abdul-Rahman Siad	A23MJ3061
Kahlan Sultan	A23MJ4021

Table of Contents

1.0	Introduction
2.0	Design Thinking Process
3.0	Detailed Description
3.1	Problems
3.2	Solutions
3.3	Team Working
4.0	Design Thinking Evidence
4.1]	Empathy
4.2]	Define
4.3]	Ideate
	Prototype
	Геst

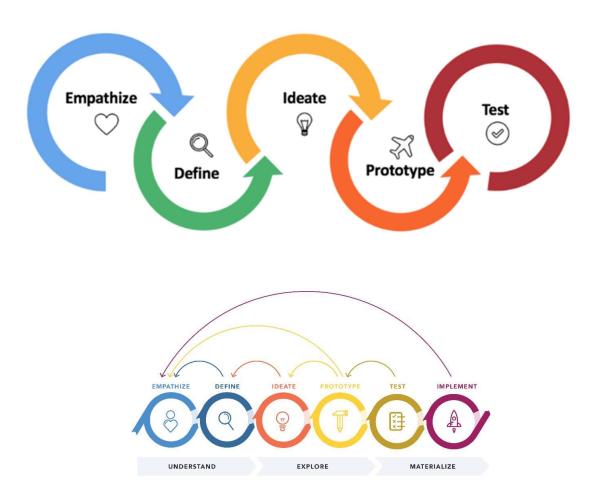
1.0 Introduction

This report explores how Design Thinking can be applied to create innovative solutions in the fields of Cloud and Edge Computing. Design Thinking is a user-centered problem-solving approach that emphasizes understanding user needs, fostering creativity, and developing practical, impactful solutions. When integrated with the transformative capabilities of Cloud and Edge Computing, it can address modern challenges with solutions that are efficient, scalable, and user-friendly. We highlight how this approach ensures innovations are not only technically advanced but also meaningful and accessible. By prioritizing empathy, collaboration, and continuous improvement, Design Thinking can guide the development of Cloud and Edge Computing technologies that enhance industries such as healthcare, business, manufacturing, and beyond. This synergy drives forward systems that balance centralized power with the agility of localized data processing, enabling impactful and future-ready innovations.

2.0 Design Thinking Process

Key Stages of Design Thinking:

The Five Stages Of Design Thinking: A Comprehensive Overview



By using Design Thinking, you can create Cloud and edge computing that are not just technically advanced but also meaningful, ethical, and user-focused. Here is the stages and examples of it:

Design Thinking Process for Cloud and Edge Computing Innovation

Design Thinking Stage	Description	Examples
Empathize: Understanding User Needs	Cloud and Edge Computing innovations are valuable only if they effectively address real-world challenges.	- Identify key users (e.g., businesses, healthcare providers, IoT developers) Conduct user research through interviews, surveys, or case studies Explore pain points such as high latency, security concerns, or difficulties in managing cloud-edge integration.
Define: Framing the Problem	Clearly articulate the problem your Cloud and Edge Computing innovation aims to solve.	- Example Problem Statement: "Users struggle with real-time data processing and security when integrating cloud and edge computing solutions."
Ideate: Generating Creative Solutions	Use brainstorming techniques to explore innovative ideas that enhance Cloud and Edge Computing.	- Al-powered frameworks for optimizing cloud-edge data transfer Predictive analytics to improve edge device performance Tools for secure and seamless synchronization between cloud and edge environments Encourage interdisciplinary collaboration to generate diverse ideas.
Prototype: Creating Early Models	Develop prototypes to test ideas quickly and cost-effectively.	- Build a mockup of a latency-reducing edge computing framework Develop a simple cloud-edge security model to test data protection strategies Incorporate scalability, usability, and cost-efficient architecture.
Test: Gathering Feedback and Iterating	Test prototypes with real users to validate their effectiveness.	- Collect feedback from businesses, IT professionals, and end-users on performance and usability Iterate solutions based on testing insights to enhance efficiency and security.

3.0 Detailed Description

3.1 Problems

Cloud and Edge Computing have the potential to transform industries by enabling seamless data processing and decision-making. However, several challenges limit their full potential:

- Latency Issues: Edge devices often face delays in real-time data processing.
- **Integration:** Ensuring seamless coordination between edge devices and centralized cloud systems can be complex.
- **Security and Privacy:** Transferring sensitive data between cloud and edge environments introduces vulnerabilities.
- Scalability: Scaling edge solutions across distributed environments is difficult.
- **User Experience:** Non-technical users may struggle to manage and interact with cloudedge infrastructures.

3.2 Solutions

To address these issues, a Design Thinking approach was applied to develop innovative and user-focused solutions for Cloud and Edge Computing. The key steps include:

- **Empathy:** Conduct user research to understand the needs and challenges of diverse stakeholders, such as engineers, IT administrators, and end-users.
- **Problem Definition:** Identify specific pain points, such as difficulty in deploying edge AI models or integrating cloud analytics with local devices.
- **Ideation:** Brainstorm solutions such as hybrid frameworks for seamless cloud-edge integration, edge AI for real-time insights, and security-first architectures.
- **Prototyping:** Create basic prototypes like latency-optimized systems or secure cloudedge communication channels.
- **Testing and Iteration:** Collect user feedback, refine prototypes, and test them in real-world scenarios to ensure effectiveness and usability.

Example solutions:

- **Hybrid Data Processing Systems:** Combine cloud scalability with edge speed for industries like healthcare and manufacturing.
- **Intelligent Edge AI Models:** Deploy real-time decision-making systems on edge devices, reducing reliance on cloud connectivity.
- **Security-First Platforms:** Design architectures with built-in encryption and robust data protection protocols.

3.3 Team Working

The success of this project relied on effective teamwork, integrating diverse perspectives and skills:

Collaboration: Multidisciplinary teams of cloud architects, edge engineers, UX designers, and industry experts worked together to develop practical solutions.

Communication: Regular brainstorming sessions and open communication channels fostered creativity and alignment on goals.

Role Distribution:

Cloud Architects: Designed scalable cloud systems.

Edge Engineers: Developed solutions for real-time processing on edge devices.

UX Designers: Ensured the platforms were intuitive and user-friendly.

Feedback Loops: Continuous feedback helped refine solutions and maintain alignment with user needs.

Tools and Platforms: Collaboration tools like Trello, Slack, and Figma were used for communication, task management, and design visualization.

4.0 Design Thinking Evidence

4.1 Empathy

Possible Questions and Answers for the User:

- Q: What challenges do you face with Cloud and Edge Computing?
- A: High latency and difficulty in managing edge devices.
- O: How do you feel about current systems?
- A: Overwhelmed by complexity and lack of real-time efficiency.
- Q: What would an ideal solution look like?
- A: A seamless system with low latency, high security, and user-friendly interfaces.
- Q: What emotions do you experience with current tools?
- A: Frustration due to inefficiencies and lack of reliability.

Composite Character (User Persona):

Name: Sarah James

Age:34

Background: A cloud architect at a logistics company, managing cloud-edge integration for real-time fleet monitoring. Sarah values tools that enhance efficiency and scalability while maintaining simplicity.

4.2 Define

Defined Problem:

Sarah needs a cloud-edge system that provides real-time, reliable data processing while being simple to manage and scalable across multiple locations. Current systems fail to balance performance and usability.

Example Problem Statement:

"How might we design a cloud-edge system that ensures real-time efficiency, user-friendliness, and scalability for professionals like Sarah who need to manage distributed networks seamlessly?"

4.3 Ideate

Brainstorming Process:

Methods Used:

- **Mind Mapping:** Explore frustrations like high latency and complex configurations, then brainstorm ways to mitigate these issues.
- **SCAMPER Method:** Substitute slow data processing with edge-optimized algorithms, adapt cloud systems for better security, and streamline user interfaces.
- **Brainstorming with Stakeholders:** Collaborate with users like Sarah to understand real-world challenges and identify innovative solutions.

Example Ideas:

- Latency-Optimized Edge Frameworks: Enable real-time processing close to the source of data.
- **AI-Powered Cloud-Edge Syncing:** Automate data synchronization with minimal latency.
- Customizable Management Dashboards: Provide an intuitive interface for monitoring and controlling cloud-edge operations.

4.4 Prototype

- Real-Time Edge Processing: A prototype was developed to process data locally, reducing reliance on cloud latency.
- **Secure Cloud-Edge Communication:** A system with built-in encryption for secure data exchange.
- User-Friendly Dashboard: Intuitive interface allowing non-technical users to manage edge devices easily.

4.5 Test

Testing Process:

- **User Testing:** Sarah and other professionals tested the prototypes in scenarios like fleet monitoring and healthcare data processing.
- Feedback Collection: Users provided feedback on usability, performance, and security features.
- **Iterations:** Based on feedback, refinements were made to the dashboard's design, edge processing algorithms, and security protocols.