

## 实验 6 - 传输层与应用层协议分析

### 一．实验目的

1. 学习传输层基本概念；
2. 学习应用层基本概念；
3. 进行 eNSP 仿真，分析传输层与应用层协议；

### 二．实验环境

1. eNSP 网络环境仿真平台
2. wireShark 抓包工具

### 三．实验基本原理

#### 传输层基本概念

- 网络层为主机之间提供逻辑通信，传输层则为应用进程之间提供端到端的逻辑通信
- TCP/IP 的传输层主要有两个协议：
  1. UDP
  2. TCP
- TCP
  1. 建立连接：3 次握手
  2. 释放连接：4 次握手

#### 应用层基本概念

1. HTTP
  - 客户/服务器模式，采用请求/应答方式工作
  - HTTP 基于 TCP 工作
  - 默认端口号：80
2. FTP
  - 文件传送协议
  - 客户/服务器模式，以命令/响应方式进行交互
  - FTP 基于 TCP 工作
  - 服务器和客户端端口号：21
3. DHCP
  - 动态主机配置协议
  - 主机加入新网络时自动获取正确的 IP 地址等配置信息

- 客户/服务器模式，采用请求/应答方式工作
- DHCP 基于 UDP 工作
- 服务器端口号：67
- 客户端端口号：68

#### 4. DNS

- 将域名转换为 IP 地址
- 一个联机分布式数据库系统，采用客户服务器模式
- DNS 基于 UDP 工作
- DNS 服务器端口号：53

### 四. 实验案例

#### 6.1 主机网络参数自动配置

##### 1. 交换机配置 DHCP 服务器

```

dhcp enable

ip pool global
network 192.168.10.0 mask 24
gateway-list 192.168.10.100
excluded-ip-address 192.168.10.1 192.168.10.20
dns-list 192.168.10.12
lease day 2 hour 2 minute 30

interface Vlanif1
ip address 192.168.10.100 255.255.255.0
dhcp select global

```

##### 2. PC 分配到的网络参数信息

```

PC>ipconfig

Link local IPv6 address.....: fe80::5689:98ff:fed0:870
IPv6 address.....: :: / 128
IPv6 gateway.....: ::
IPv4 address.....: 192.168.10.254
Subnet mask.....: 255.255.255.0
Gateway.....: 192.168.10.100
Physical address.....: 54-89-98-D0-08-70
DNS server.....: 192.168.10.12

```



```

  ✓ Option: (53) DHCP Message Type (Offer)
    Length: 1
    DHCP: Offer (2)
  ✓ Option: (1) Subnet Mask (255.255.255.0)
    Length: 4
    Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
  ✓ Option: (3) Router
    Length: 4
    Router: 192.168.10.100
  ✓ Option: (51) IP Address Lease Time
    Length: 4
    IP Address Lease Time: 2 days, 2 hours, 30 minutes (181800)
  > Option: (59) Rebinding Time Value
  > Option: (58) Renewal Time Value
  ✓ Option: (54) DHCP Server Identifier (192.168.10.100)
    Length: 4
    DHCP Server Identifier: 192.168.10.100

```

#### 4. DHCP Request

PC 请求使用服务器提供的 IP

```

  ✓ Option: (53) DHCP Message Type (Request)
    Length: 1
    DHCP: Request (3)
  ✓ Option: (54) DHCP Server Identifier (192.168.10.100)
    Length: 4
    DHCP Server Identifier: 192.168.10.100
  ✓ Option: (50) Requested IP Address (192.168.10.254)
    Length: 4
    Requested IP Address: 192.168.10.254
  ✓ Option: (61) Client identifier
    Length: 7
    Hardware type: Ethernet (0x01)
    Client MAC address: HuaweiTechno_d0:08:70 (54:89:98:d0:08:70)
  ✓ Option: (55) Parameter Request List
    Length: 4
    Parameter Request List Item: (1) Subnet Mask
    Parameter Request List Item: (3) Router
    Parameter Request List Item: (6) Domain Name Server
    Parameter Request List Item: (15) Domain Name

```

#### 5. DHCP ACK

## DHCP 服务器允许 PC 使用请求 IP

CLICHL IF BUNTES, S.S.S.S.

Your (client) IP address: 192.168.10.254

Next server IP address: 0.0.0.0

Relay agent IP address: 0.0.0.0

Client MAC address: HuaweiTechno\_d0:08:70 (54:89:98:d0:08:70)

```
Client hardware address padding: 00000000000000000000
```

Server host name not given

Boot file name not given

Magic cookie: DHCP

Option: (53) DHCP Message Type (ACK)

Length: 1

DHCP: ACK (5)

Option: (1) Subnet Mask (255.255.255.0)

Length: 4

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

- Option: (3) Router

Length: 4

Router: 192.168.10.100

Option: (51) IP Address Lease Time

Length: 4

IP Address Lease Time: 2 days, 2 hours, 30 minutes (181800)

## 6. Gratuitous ARP

免费 ARP 请求, 请求自己的 IP 对应的 MAC 地址, 能够避免 IP 冲突

- Address Resolution Protocol (request/gratuitous ARP)

Hardware type: Ethernet (1)

Protocol type: IPv4 (0x0800)

Hardware size: 6

Protocol size: 4

Opcode: request (1)

```
[Is gratuitous: True]
```

Sender MAC address: HuaweiTechno\_d0:08:70 (54:89:98:d0:08:70)

Sender IP address: 192.168.10.254

Target MAC address: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)

Target IP address: 192.168.10.254

## 6.2 DNS 服务简单配置与分析

## 1. DNS 服务器表项配置

DNSServer

FtpServer

HttpServer

服务

服务端口号: 

启动

停止

配置

主机域名:

IP地址: 

增加

修改

删除

主机域名	IP地址
www.xidian.edu.cn	192.168.10.12
ftp.xidian.edu.cn	192.168.10.12

## 2. 连通性测试

```

PC>ping ftp.xidian.edu.cn

Ping ftp.xidian.edu.cn [192.168.10.12]: 32 data bytes, Press Ctrl_C to break
From 192.168.10.12: bytes=32 seq=1 ttl=255 time=31 ms
From 192.168.10.12: bytes=32 seq=2 ttl=255 time<1 ms
From 192.168.10.12: bytes=32 seq=3 ttl=255 time=15 ms
From 192.168.10.12: bytes=32 seq=4 ttl=255 time<1 ms
From 192.168.10.12: bytes=32 seq=5 ttl=255 time<1 ms

--- 192.168.10.12 ping statistics ---
 5 packet(s) transmitted
 5 packet(s) received
 0.00% packet loss
 round-trip min/avg/max = 0/9/31 ms

PC>ping www.xidian.edu.cn

Ping www.xidian.edu.cn [192.168.10.12]: 32 data bytes, Press Ctrl_C to break
From 192.168.10.12: bytes=32 seq=1 ttl=255 time<1 ms
From 192.168.10.12: bytes=32 seq=2 ttl=255 time<1 ms
From 192.168.10.12: bytes=32 seq=3 ttl=255 time=31 ms
From 192.168.10.12: bytes=32 seq=4 ttl=255 time=16 ms

```

## 3. 抓包

555	1137.156000	HuaweiTechno_d0:08:...	Broadcast	ARP	60 Who has 192.168.10.12? Tell 192.168.10.254
556	1137.156000	HuaweiTechno_e8:2c:...	HuaweiTechno_d0:08:...	ARP	60 192.168.10.12 is at 54:89:98:e8:2c:60
557	1137.187000	192.168.10.254	192.168.10.12	DNS	77 Standard query 0xbe18 A www.xidian.edu.cn
558	1137.328000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.254	DNS	93 Standard query response 0xbe18 A www.xidian.edu.cn A 192.168.10.12
559	1138.187000	192.168.10.254	192.168.10.12	ICMP	74 Echo (ping) request id=0x47b0, seq=1/256, ttl=128 (reply in 560)
560	1138.187000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.254	ICMP	74 Echo (ping) reply id=0x47b0, seq=1/256, ttl=255 (request in 559)

## • 查询报文

```

> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 46825, Dst Port: 53
  Domain Name System (query)
    Transaction ID: 0xbe18
  Flags: 0x0100 Standard query
    0... .. = Response: Message is a query
    .000 0... .. = Opcode: Standard query (0)
    .... ..0. .... = Truncated: Message is not truncated
    .... ..1 .... = Recursion desired: Do query recursively
    .... ..0.. .... = Z: reserved (0)
    .... ..0 .... = Non-authenticated data: Unacceptable
  Questions: 1
  Answer RRs: 0
  Authority RRs: 0
  Additional RRs: 0
  Queries
    www.xidian.edu.cn: type A, class IN
      Name: www.xidian.edu.cn
      [Name Length: 17]
      [Label Count: 4]
      Type: A (1) (Host Address)

```

- 响应报文

```

v Domain Name System (response)
  Transaction ID: 0xbe18
  v Flags: 0x8100 Standard query response, No error
    1... .. = Response: Message is a response
    .000 0... .. = Opcode: Standard query (0)
    .... .0.. .. = Authoritative: Server is not an authority for
    .... ..0. .... = Truncated: Message is not truncated
    .... ...1 .... = Recursion desired: Do query recursively
    .... .... 0... .. = Recursion available: Server can't do recursiv
    .... .... .0.. .. = Z: reserved (0)
    .... .... ..0. .... = Answer authenticated: Answer/authority portic
    .... .... ...0 .... = Non-authenticated data: Unacceptable
    .... .... .... 0000 = Reply code: No error (0)
  Questions: 1
  Answer RRs: 1
  Authority RRs: 0
  Additional RRs: 0
  v Queries
    v www.xidian.edu.cn: type A, class IN
      Name: www.xidian.edu.cn
      [Name Length: 17]
      [Label Count: 4]
      Type: A (1) (Host Address)
      Class: IN (0x0001)
  v Answers
    > www.xidian.edu.cn: type A, class IN, addr 192.168.10.12
  
```

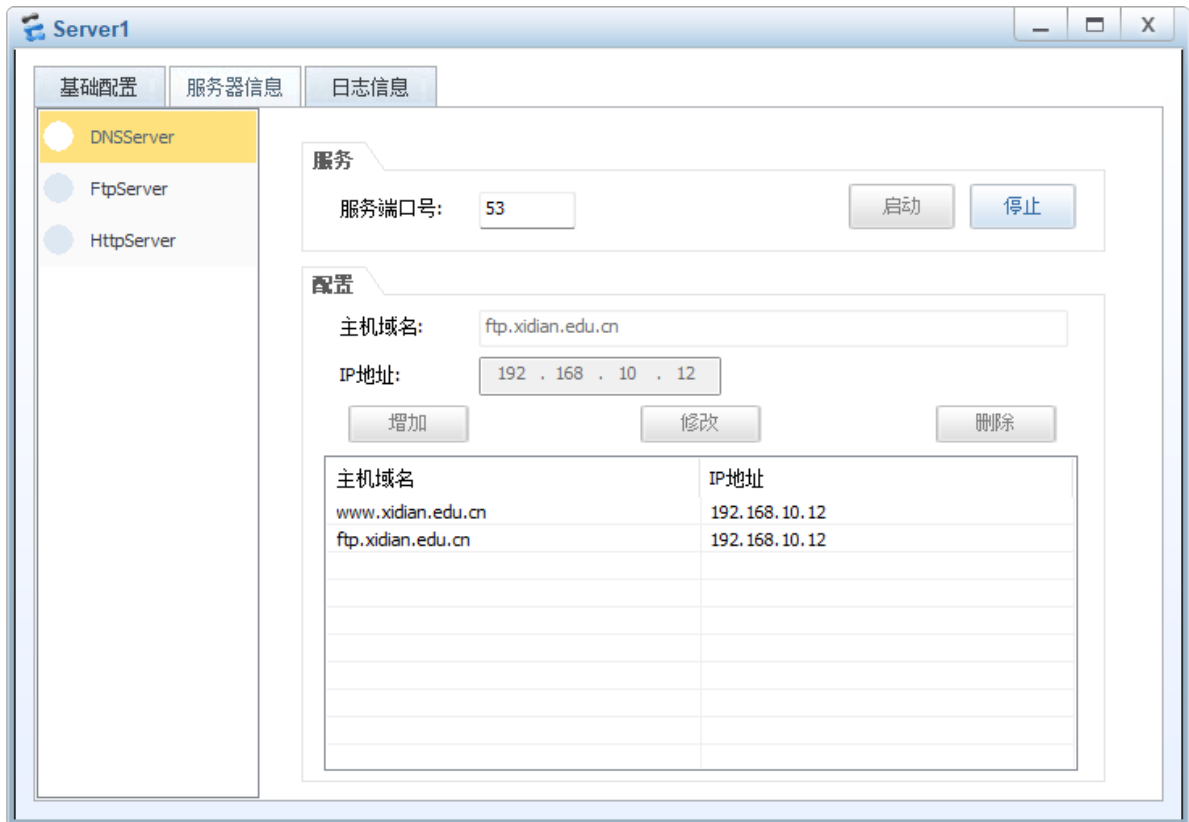
- 传输层采取 UDP 协议

```

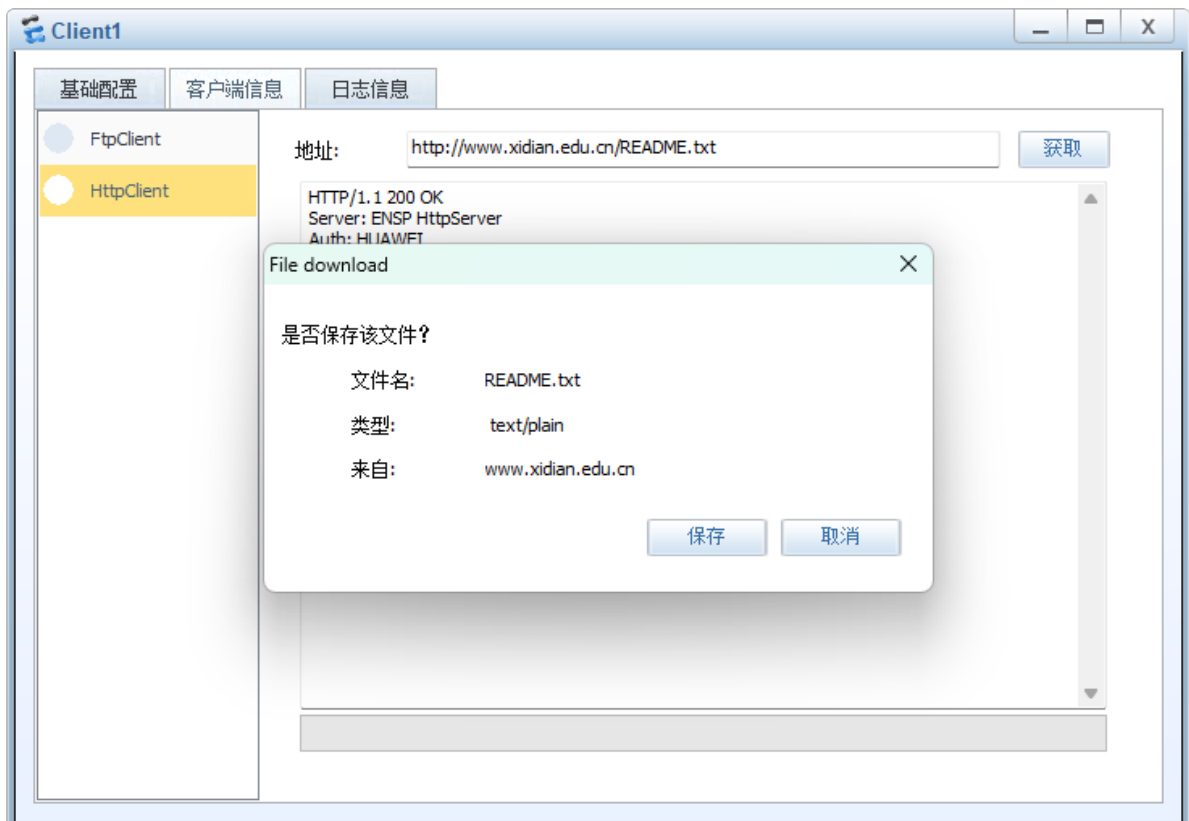
v Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.10.12, Dst: 192.168.10.254
  0100 .... = Version: 4
  .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
  > Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
  Total Length: 79
  Identification: 0x0009 (9)
  > 000. .... = Flags: 0x0
  ...0 0000 0000 0000 = Fragment Offset: 0
  Time to Live: 255
  Protocol: UDP (17)
  Header Checksum: 0x253a [validation disabled]
  [Header checksum status: Unverified]
  Source Address: 192.168.10.12
  Destination Address: 192.168.10.254
v User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 53, Dst Port: 46825
  Source Port: 53
  Destination Port: 46825
  Length: 59
  Checksum: 0x2802 [unverified]
  [Checksum Status: Unverified]
  [Stream index: 0]
  > [Timestamps]
  UDP payload (51 bytes)
  
```

## 6.3 HTTP 服务

## 1. 配置 HTTP 服务



## 2. Client 使用 HTTP 服务



## 3. 数据包分析

69	119.140000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	DNS	77	Standard query 0x0002 A www.xidian.edu.cn
70	119.390000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	DNS	93	Standard query response 0x0002 A www.xidian.edu.cn A 192.168.10.12
71	119.390000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	58	2050 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=0 MSS=1460
72	119.422000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	TCP	58	80 → 2050 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=0 MSS=1460
73	119.422000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54	2050 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=0
74	119.422000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	HTTP	227	GET /README.txt HTTP/1.1 Continuation
75	119.469000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	HTTP	206	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/plain)
76	119.672000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54	2050 → 80 [ACK] Seq=174 Ack=153 Win=8040 Len=0
77	120.484000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54	2050 → 80 [FIN, ACK] Seq=174 Ack=153 Win=8040 Len=0
78	120.484000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	TCP	54	80 → 2050 [ACK] Seq=153 Ack=175 Win=8018 Len=0
79	120.484000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	TCP	54	80 → 2050 [FIN, ACK] Seq=153 Ack=175 Win=8018 Len=0
80	120.484000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54	2050 → 80 [ACK] Seq=175 Ack=154 Win=8039 Len=0



## HTTP 协议数据包

74	119.422000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	HTTP	227 GET /README.txt HTTP/1.1 Continuation
75	119.469000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	HTTP	206 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/plain)

## • 请求

```

v Hypertext Transfer Protocol
  > GET /README.txt HTTP/1.1\r\n
    Accept: */*\r\n
    Accept-Language: zh-cn\r\n
    User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0\r\n
    Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate\r\n
    Host: www.xidian.edu.cn\r\n
    Connection: Keep-Alive\r\n
    \r\n
    [Full request URI: http://www.xidian.edu.cn/README.txt]
    [HTTP request 1/1]
    [Response in frame: 75]
  > Hypertext Transfer Protocol

```

## • 响应

```

v Hypertext Transfer Protocol
  > HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n
    Server: ENSP HttpServer\r\n
    Auth: HUAWEI\r\n
    Cache-Control: private\r\n
    Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
  > Content-Length: 24\r\n
    \r\n
    [HTTP response 1/1]
    [Time since request: 0.047000000 seconds]
    [Request in frame: 74]
    [Request URI: http://www.xidian.edu.cn/README.txt]
    File Data: 24 bytes
  v Line-based text data: text/plain (3 lines)
    # TEST\r\n
    \r\n
    > Hello, eNSP!

```

## TCP 连接（三次握手）

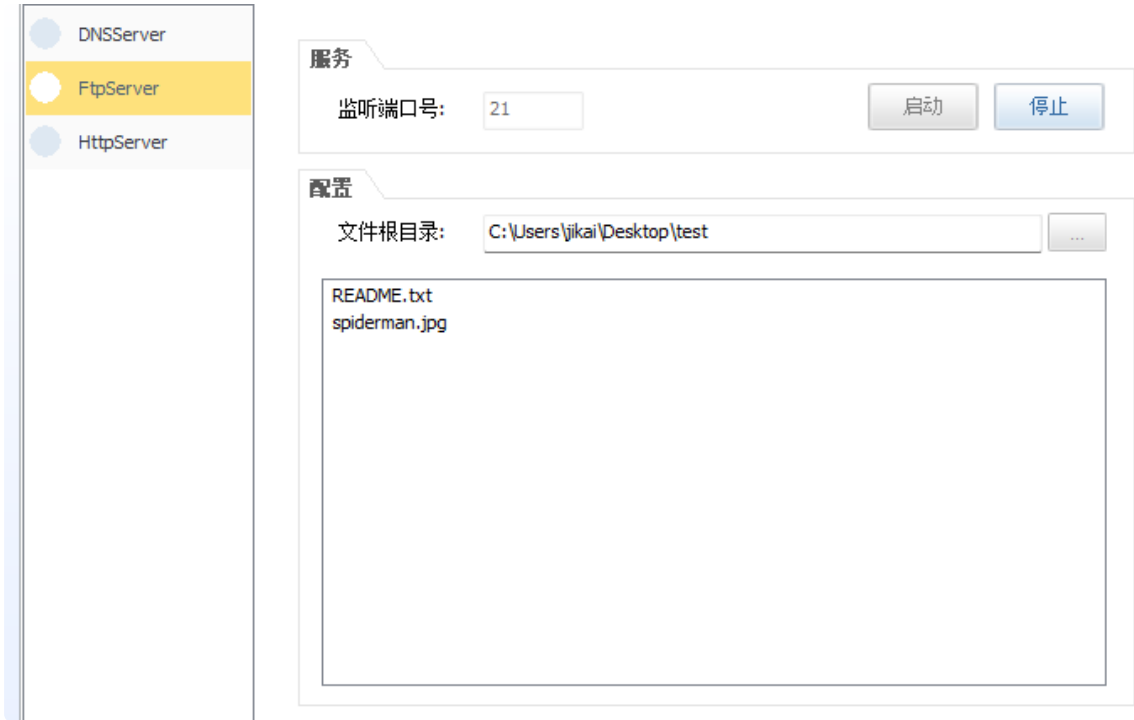
71	119.390000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	58 2050 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460
72	119.422000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	TCP	58 80 → 2050 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460
73	119.422000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54 2050 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=8192 Len=0

## TCP 断开连接（四次握手）

77	120.484000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54 2050 → 80 [FIN, ACK] Seq=174 Ack=153 Win=8040 Len=0
78	120.484000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	TCP	54 80 → 2050 [ACK] Seq=153 Ack=175 Win=8018 Len=0
79	120.484000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	TCP	54 80 → 2050 [FIN, ACK] Seq=153 Ack=175 Win=8018 Len=0
80	120.484000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54 2050 → 80 [ACK] Seq=175 Ack=154 Win=8039 Len=0

## 6.4 FTP 服务

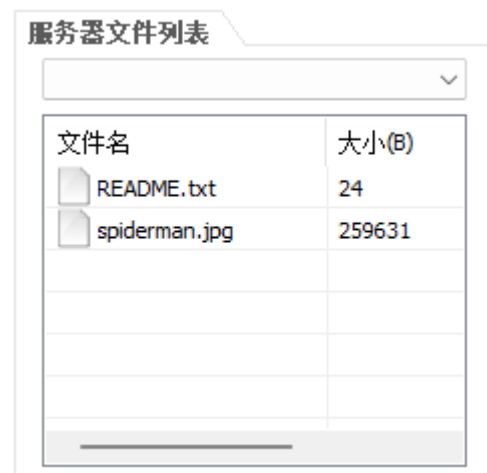
## 1. 服务端配置 FTP 服务



## 2. 登录时抓取数据包

1279	2709.672000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	58 2052 → 21 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460
1280	2709.687000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	TCP	58 21 → 2052 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460
1281	2709.687000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54 2052 → 21 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=8192 Len=0
1282	2709.734000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP	87 Response: 220 FtpServerTry FtpD for free
1283	2709.734000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	FTP	62 Request: USER 1
1284	2709.765000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP	85 Response: 331 Password required for 1 .
1285	2709.765000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	FTP	62 Request: PASS 1
1286	2709.797000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP	86 Response: 230 User 1 logged in , proceed
1287	2709.797000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	FTP	59 Request: PWD
1288	2709.828000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP	84 Response: 257 "/" is current directory
1289	2709.828000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	FTP	62 Request: TYPE A
1290	2709.890000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP	78 Response: 200 Type set to ASCII.
1291	2709.890000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	FTP	60 Request: PASV
1292	2709.922000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP	101 Response: 227 Entering Passive Mode (192,168,10,12,8,1)
1293	2709.922000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	FTP	61 Request: LIST
1294	2709.922000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	58 2053 → 2049 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460
1295	2709.953000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	TCP	58 2049 → 2053 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460
1296	2709.953000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54 2053 → 2049 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=8192 Len=0
1297	2709.984000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP	114 Response: 150 Opening ASCII NO-PRINT mode data connection for ls -l.
1298	2709.984000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP-DATA	123 FTP Data: 69 bytes (PASV) (LIST )
1299	2709.984000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP-DATA	127 FTP Data: 73 bytes (PASV) (LIST )
1300	2709.984000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54 2053 → 2049 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=144 Win=8049 Len=0
1301	2709.984000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54 2053 → 2049 [FIN, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=144 Win=8049 Len=0
1302	2710.015000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	TCP	54 2049 → 2053 [ACK] Seq=144 Ack=2 Win=8191 Len=0
1303	2710.203000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54 2052 → 21 [ACK] Seq=43 Ack=258 Win=7935 Len=0
1304	2710.203000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP	115 Response: 226 Transfer finished successfully. Data connection closed.
1305	2710.469000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	TCP	54 2052 → 21 [ACK] Seq=43 Ack=319 Win=7874 Len=0

## 3. 客户端登陆 FTP 服务



与服务端文件列表一致

## 4. 服务端通过响应 PASV 命令将数据连接端口告诉客户端

✓	1291	2709.890000	192.168.10.11	192.168.10.12	FTP	60 Request: PASV
✓	1292	2709.922000	192.168.10.12	192.168.10.11	FTP	101 Response: 227 Entering Passive Mode (192,168,10,12,8,1)

```

v File Transfer Protocol (FTP)
  v 227 Entering Passive Mode (192,168,10,12,8,1)\r\n
    Response code: Entering Passive Mode (227)
    Response arg: Entering Passive Mode (192,168,10,12,8,1)
    Passive IP address: 192.168.10.12
    Passive port: 2049

```

## 5. 客户端通过 LIST 命令获得服务器文件列表

```

1293 2709.922000 192.168.10.11 192.168.10.12 FTP 61 Request: LIST
1294 2709.922000 192.168.10.11 192.168.10.12 TCP 58 2053 → 2049 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460
1295 2709.953000 192.168.10.12 192.168.10.11 TCP 58 2049 → 2053 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460
1296 2709.953000 192.168.10.11 192.168.10.12 TCP 54 2053 → 2049 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=8192 Len=0
1297 2709.984000 192.168.10.12 192.168.10.11 FTP 114 Response: 150 Opening ASCII NO-PRINT mode data connection for ls -l.
1298 2709.984000 192.168.10.12 192.168.10.11 FTP-DA... 123 FTP Data: 69 bytes (PASV) (LIST )
1299 2709.984000 192.168.10.12 192.168.10.11 FTP-DA... 127 FTP Data: 73 bytes (PASV) (LIST )

v Line-based text data (1 lines)
  -rwxrwxrwx 1 1 nogroup 24 Jun 9 2024 README.txt\r\n

v Line-based text data (1 lines)
  -rwxrwxrwx 1 1 nogroup 259631 Feb 23 2024 spiderman.jpg\r\n

```

- 新建 TCP 连接
- 端口号
  - 服务器端口号：由服务器在响应 PASV 命令时指定的端口号
  - 客户端端口号：客户端从本地操作系统中获取的临时端口号
- 连接在传送完毕后释放

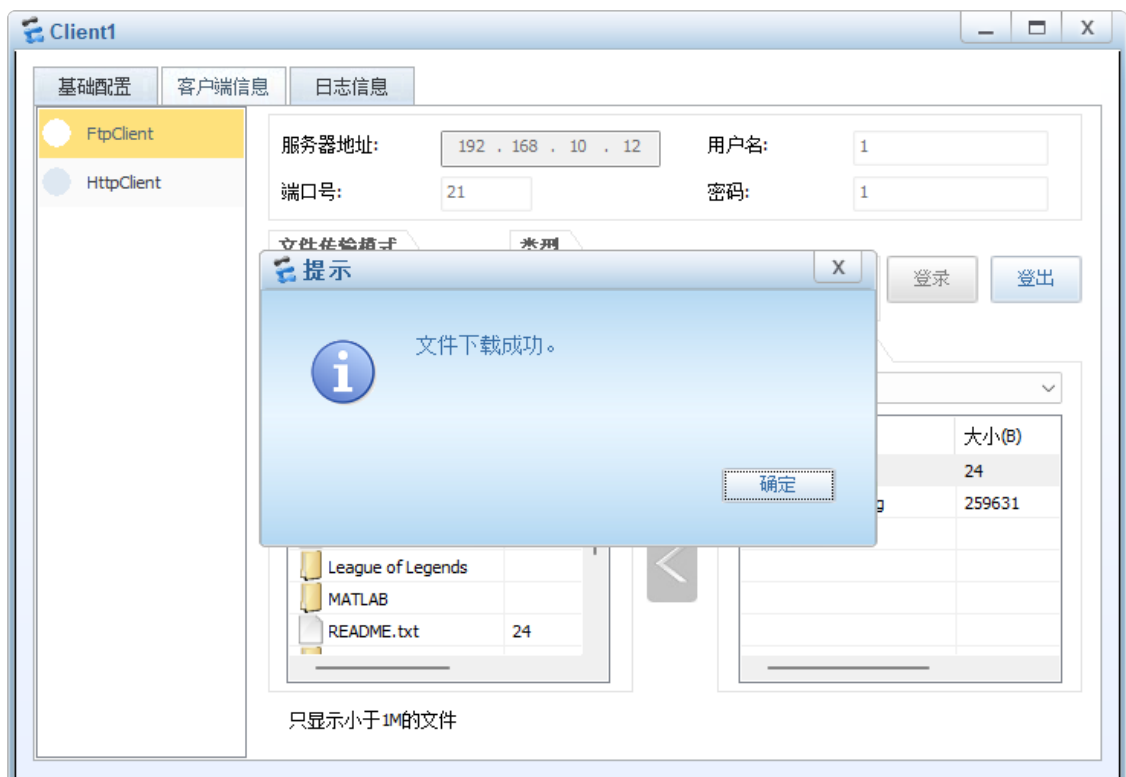
```

1304 2710.203000 192.168.10.12 192.168.10.11 FTP 115
Response: 226 Transfer finished successfully. Data connection closed.

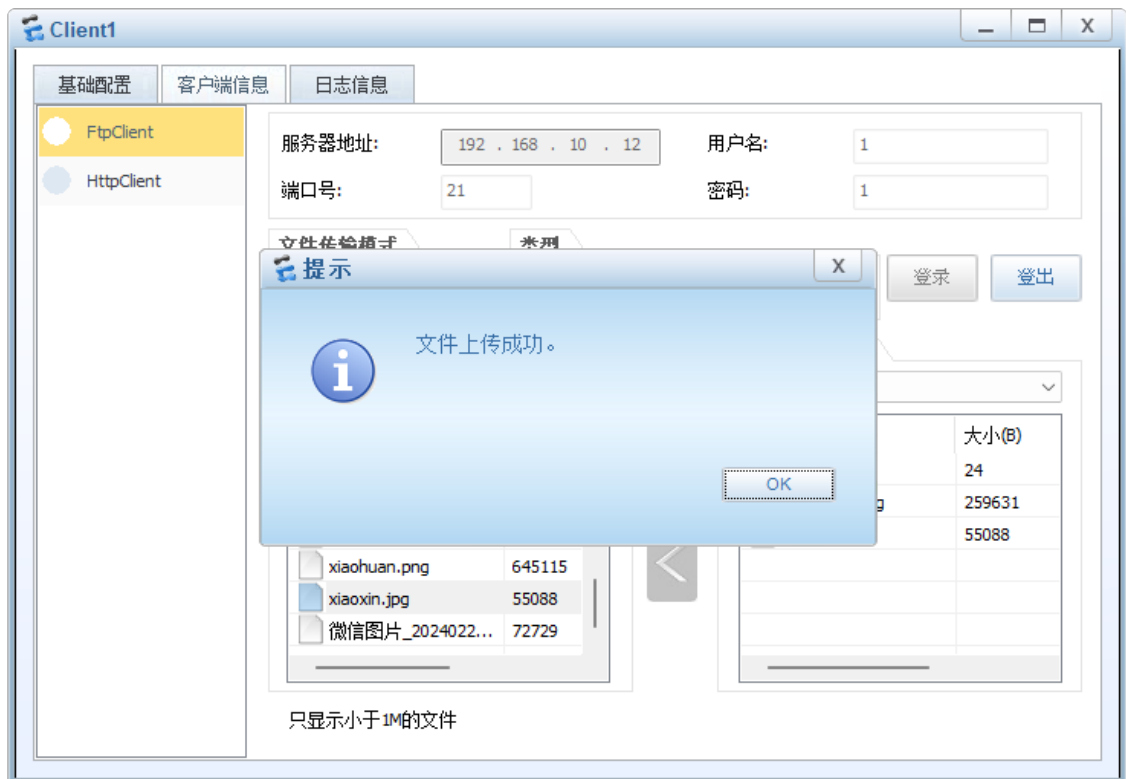
```

## 6. 验证文件上传下载

### 1. 下载



## 2. 上传



## 五. 问题回答

## 1. 建立连接时 ACK 与 SEQ 值有何变化？

- 客户端发送 SYN 包，SEQ 字段为 1000（假设）。
- 服务器发送 SYN-ACK 包，SEQ 字段为 2000（假设），ACK 字段为 1001。
- 客户端发送的 ACK 包中，SEQ 字段为 1001 ( $1000 + 1$ )，ACK 字段为 2001 ( $2000 + 1$ )

## 2. 为什么释放连接比建立连接多一次？

- 关闭连接时，客户端向服务端发送 FIN 时，仅仅表示客户端不再发送数据了但是还能接收数据。
- 服务端收到客户端的 FIN 报文时，先回一个 ACK 应答报文，而服务端可能还有数据需要处理和发送，等服务端不再发送数据时，才发送 FIN 报文给客户端来表示同意现在关闭连接。

从上面过程可知，服务端通常需要等待完成数据的发送和处理，所以服务端的 ACK 和 FIN 一般都会分开发送，因此是需要四次挥手。