DISCRETE 11.9.4 Q-1

EE23BTECH11207 -KAILASH.C*

QUESTION:

Find the sum of n terms of the series: $1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + 3 \times 4 + 4 \times 5 + ...$

INPUT PARAMETERS

Symbols	Definition
x(n)	General term
y (n)	Sum of n terms
y(z)	Z-Transformation Of $y(n)$

SOLUTION:

We have x(n) = (n + 1)(n + 2)

$$y(n) = \sum_{n=0}^{n-1} (n+1) \cdot (n+2)$$
$$= \sum_{n=0}^{n-1} n^2 + 3 \sum_{n=0}^{n-1} n + 2 \sum_{n=0}^{n-1} 1$$

By the formula for sum of series, we have:

$$\sum_{n=0}^{n-1} n^2 = \frac{(n-1)(n)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{n-1} n = \frac{(n-1)(n)}{2}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{n-1} 1 = n$$

Using (3),(4) and (5) in (2):

$$y(n) = \frac{n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n}{3}$$

Z-Transformation of y(n):

$$y(z) = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n) \cdot z^{-n}$$
 (7)

By applying z-transformation to each term:

$$y(z) = \frac{1}{3} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n^3 z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 3n^2 z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2n z^{-n} \right)$$
 (8)

By Z-transformation property:

$$Z[nf(n)] = -z\frac{d}{dz}F(z)$$
 (9)

Using (9) to the individual terms in (8):

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n^3 z^{-n} = \frac{z(z^2 + 4z + 1)}{(z - 1^4)}$$
 (10)

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n^2 z^{-n} = \frac{3z(z+1)}{(z-1)^3}$$
 (11)

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} nz^{-n} = \frac{z}{(z-1)^2}$$
 (12)

Using (10),(11) and (12) in (8)

$$y(z) = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{z(z^2 + 4z + 1)}{(z - 1)^4} + \frac{3z(z + 1)}{(z - 1)^3} + \frac{z}{(z - 1)^2} \right), \quad |z| > |1|$$
(13)

Graph:

(2)

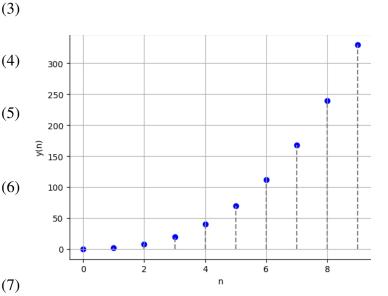


Fig. 0. Graph of y(n) vs n