1

DISCRETE 11.9.4 Q-1

EE23BTECH11207 -KAILASH.C*

QUESTION:

Find the sum of n terms of the series: $1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + 3 \times 4 + 4 \times 5 + \dots$

TABLE:

Symbols	Definition
x(n)	General term
y (n)	Sum of terms till n_{th} term
Y(z)	Z-Transformation Of $y(n)$
	TABLE 0

INPUT PARAMETERS

SOLUTION:

$$x(n) = (n+1)(n+2)u(n)$$

By Z-transformation property:

$$Z[nf(n)] = -z\frac{d}{dz}F(z)$$
 (2)

By (2), We have the formulas for:

$$nu(n) \stackrel{Z}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})^2}$$

$$n^{2}u(n) \stackrel{Z}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{z^{-1}(z^{-1}+1)}{(1-z^{-1})^{3}},$$

Using (3),(4) for z-transformation of (1)

$$X(z) = \frac{z^{-1}(z^{-1}+1)}{(1-z^{-1})^3} + \frac{3z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})^2} + \frac{2}{1-z^{-1}},$$

$$Y(z) = X(z) * U(z)$$

$$= \left(\frac{z^{-1}(z^{-1} + 1)}{(1 - z^{-1})^3} + \frac{3z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^2} + \frac{2}{1 - z^{-1}}\right) \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}}$$
(7)

$$=\frac{z^{-1}(z^{-1}+1)}{(1-z^{-1})^4}+\frac{3z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})^3}+\frac{2}{(1-z^{-1})^2}$$
(8)

Using contour integration to find inverse Z transformation in (8):

$$y(n) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C Y(z) z^{n-1} dz \tag{9}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_C \frac{2z^{n+3}}{(z-1)^4} \tag{10}$$

We can observe that pole is repeated 4 times, thus m=4.

$$R = \frac{1}{(m-1)!} \lim_{z \to z_0} \frac{d^{m-1}}{dz^{m-1}} (f(z))$$
 (11)

$$= \frac{1}{(3)!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{d^3}{dz^3} \left(2z^{n+3} \right) \tag{12}$$

$$y(n) = \frac{(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)}{3}$$
 (13)

GRAPH:

(5)

