

## Tarea 1

Maestría en Inteligencia Artificial
MIA-203 Redes Neuronales y Aprendizaje Profundo
17/10/2024

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#### Integrantes grupo 3

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#### Pregunta 1: MLP (Manual) - Arquitectura

RelU

Salida

1 Neurona

Neurona 9

Tanh

RelU	Capa Oculta 2 4 Neuronas
1	Neurona 5
2	Neurona 6
3	Neurona 7
4	Neurona 8
1	RelU nas

#### Entrada:

3 Neuronas que reciben los valores de entrada (en este caso, 3 características o valores).

#### Capa Oculta 1:

4 Neuronas.

Función de activación ReLU: Aplica la activación ReLU

#### Capa Oculta 2:

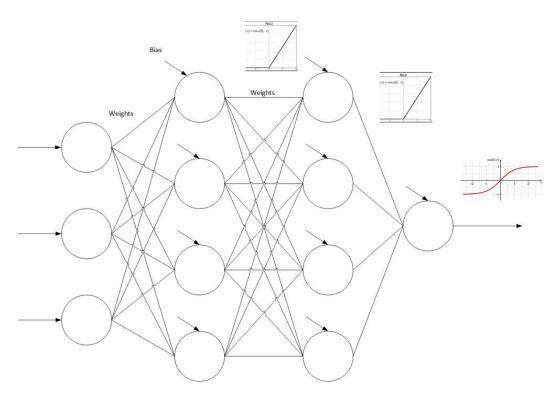
4 Neuronas.

Función de activación ReLU.

#### Capa de Salida:

1 Neurona

Función de activación Tangente Hiperbólica (Tanh): (-1, 1)





#### Pregunta 1: MLP (Manual) — Inicialización de pesos

#### Capa Oculta 1 (4 neuronas, 3 entradas)

Los pesos de la primera capa W1 deben moverse en el rango (-0.577,0.577)

Pesos

Sesgo

Capa Salida (1 neuronas, 4 entradas)

Wout =

bout =

0.

Los pesos de la primera capa W1 deben moverse en el rango (-0.577,0.577)

0.1

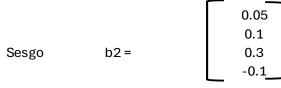
-0.4

).4

-0.2

#### Capa Oculta 2 (4 neuronas, 3 entradas)

Los pesos de la primera capa W2 deben moverse en el rango (-0.5, 0.5)





## Pregunta 1: MLP (Manual) - forward

	errori	=	yi ´	-	yi		
Entrada 1	error 1	=	0.2559	-	1	=	-0.7441
Entrada 2	error 2	=	0.0077	-	-1	=	1.0077
Entrada 3	error 3	=	0.2327	-	-1	=	1.2327
Entrada 4	error 4	=	0.0118	-	1	=	-0.9882

Final predictions (after tanh activation):

Prediction: 0.2560

Prediction: 0.0077

Prediction: 0.2327

Prediction: 0.0118



## Pregunta 1: MLP (Manual)

#### Resumen de los Gradientes Finales: Primera Entrada

Gradiente W3

Gradiente b3

$$(\partial L/\partial b \text{ out}) = -0.695$$

Gradiente W2

Gradiente b2

$$(\partial L / \partial b2) =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
-0.210 \\
0.253 \\
-0.169 \\
-0.139
\end{bmatrix}$$

Gradiente W1

(
$$\partial L / \partial W1$$
) = 1.675 2.345 -0.335 -0.035 -0.049 0.007 0.188 0.263 -0.038 -0.250 -0.350 0.050

Gradiente b1



## Pregunta 1: MLP (Manual)

#### Capa Salida:

La activación final es:



# Pregunta 2: MLP (Microgradient y Pytorch)

Revisar archivo: 2\_Pregunta2\_v2.ipynb



# Caso: Lung cancer - Entregables

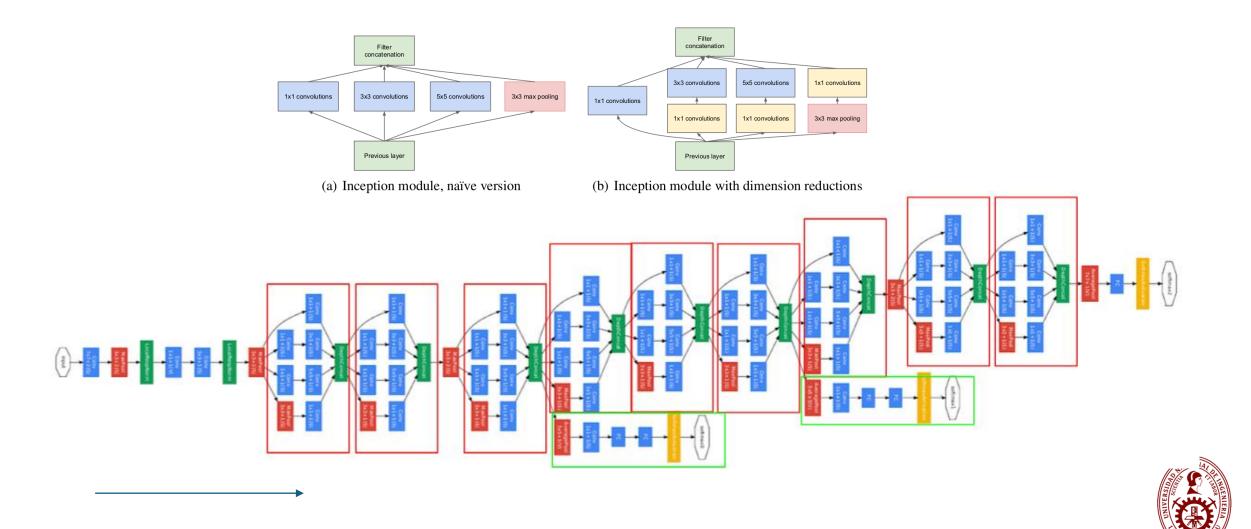
Modelo	Item	Nombre Archivo
Resnet50	Notebook	/3_lung-cancer_resnet50/Resnet50_whm_20241016.ipynb
Resnet50	Pesos	/3_lung-cancer_resnet50/model_resnet50_20241016.h5
Inceptionv1	Notebook	/3_lung-cancer_inceptionv1/Googlenet.ipynb
Inceptionv1	Pesos	/3_lung-cancer_inceptionv1/googlenet_model.pth
Inceptionv3	Notebook	/3_lung-cancer_inceptionv3/lung-cancer-transfer_learning-inceptionv3.ipynb
Inceptionv3	Pesos	/3_lung-cancer_inceptionv3/inception_v3_lung_cancer.pth
DenseNet121	Notebook	/3_lung-cancer_denseNet/lung-cancer-transfer_learning-denseNet.ipynb
DenseNet121	Pesos	/3_lung-cancer_denseNet/densenet_lung_cancer.pth

## ResNet50 - Arquitectura

layer name	output size	18-layer	34-layer	50-layer	101-layer	152-layer	
conv1	112×112			7×7, 64, stride 2			
				3×3 max pool, stride 2			
conv2_x	56×56	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3\times3, 64\\ 3\times3, 64 \end{array}\right] \times 2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3\times3, 64\\ 3\times3, 64 \end{array}\right]\times3$	$   \begin{bmatrix}     1 \times 1, 64 \\     3 \times 3, 64 \\     1 \times 1, 256   \end{bmatrix} \times 3 $	$   \begin{bmatrix}     1 \times 1, 64 \\     3 \times 3, 64 \\     1 \times 1, 256   \end{bmatrix} \times 3 $	$ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 64 \\ 3 \times 3, 64 \\ 1 \times 1, 256 \end{bmatrix} \times 3 $	
conv3_x	28×28	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \end{array}\right] \times 2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \end{array}\right] \times 4$	$ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 1 \times 1, 512 \end{bmatrix} \times 4 $	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 1 \times 1, 512 \end{bmatrix} \times 4$	$ \left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \times 1, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 1 \times 1, 512 \end{array}\right] \times 8 $	
conv4_x	14×14	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \end{array}\right] \times 2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \end{array}\right] \times 6$	$ \left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \times 1, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 1 \times 1, 1024 \end{array}\right] \times 6 $	$ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 1 \times 1, 1024 \end{bmatrix} \times 23 $	$   \begin{bmatrix}     1 \times 1, 256 \\     3 \times 3, 256 \\     1 \times 1, 1024   \end{bmatrix} \times 36 $	
conv5_x	7×7	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \times 3,512 \\ 3 \times 3,512 \end{array}\right] \times 2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3\times3,512\\ 3\times3,512 \end{array}\right]\times3$	$ \left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \times 1, 512 \\ 3 \times 3, 512 \\ 1 \times 1, 2048 \end{array}\right] \times 3 $	$ \left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \times 1, 512 \\ 3 \times 3, 512 \\ 1 \times 1, 2048 \end{array}\right] \times 3 $	$ \left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \times 1, 512 \\ 3 \times 3, 512 \\ 1 \times 1, 2048 \end{array}\right] \times 3 $	
1×1 average pool, 1000-d for			rage pool, 1000-d fc, s	oftmax			
FLOPs		$1.8 \times 10^9$	$3.6 \times 10^9$	$3.8 \times 10^9$	$7.6 \times 10^9$	11.3×10 <sup>9</sup>	



## Inceptionv1 - Arquitectura



#### Inceptionv3 - Arquitectura

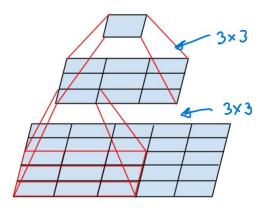


Figure 1. Mini-network replacing the  $5 \times 5$  convolutions.

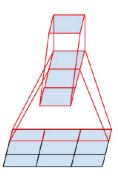


Figure 3. Mini-network replacing the  $3\times 3$  convolutions. The lower layer of this network consists of a  $3\times 1$  convolution with 3 output units.

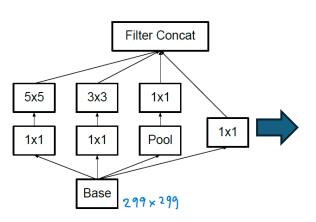


Figure 4. Original Inception module as described in [20].

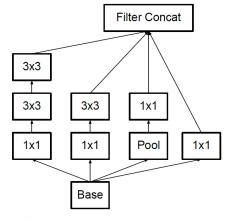


Figure 5. Inception modules where each  $5\times 5$  convolution is replaced by two  $3\times 3$  convolution, as suggested by principle 3 of Section 2.

tuna	patch size/stride	innut sins	]
type	or remarks	input size	
conv	$3\times3/2$	$299 \times 299 \times 3$	← Img
conv	3×3/1	$149 \times 149 \times 32$	1
conv padded	3×3/1	$147 \times 147 \times 32$	1
pool	$3\times3/2$	$147 \times 147 \times 64$	1
conv	3×3/1	$73 \times 73 \times 64$	1
conv	$3\times3/2$	71×71×80	]
conv	$3\times3/1$	$35 \times 35 \times 192$	1
3×Inception	As in figure 5	$35 \times 35 \times 288$	1
5×Inception	As in figure 6	$17 \times 17 \times 768$	]
2×Inception	As in figure 7	8×8×1280	]
pool	8 × 8	$8 \times 8 \times 2048$	1
linear	logits	$1 \times 1 \times 2048$	]
softmax	classifier	$1 \times 1 \times 1000$	1



#### Inceptionv3 - Arquitectura

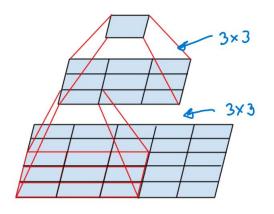


Figure 1. Mini-network replacing the  $5 \times 5$  convolutions.

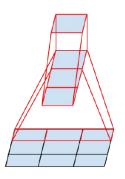


Figure 3. Mini-network replacing the  $3\times 3$  convolutions. The lower layer of this network consists of a  $3\times 1$  convolution with 3 output units.

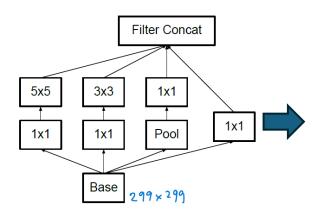


Figure 4. Original Inception module as described in [20].

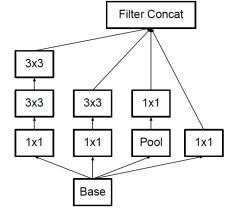
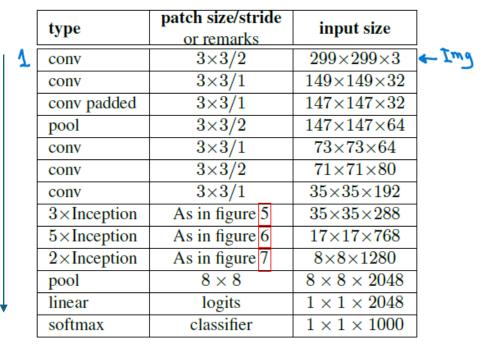
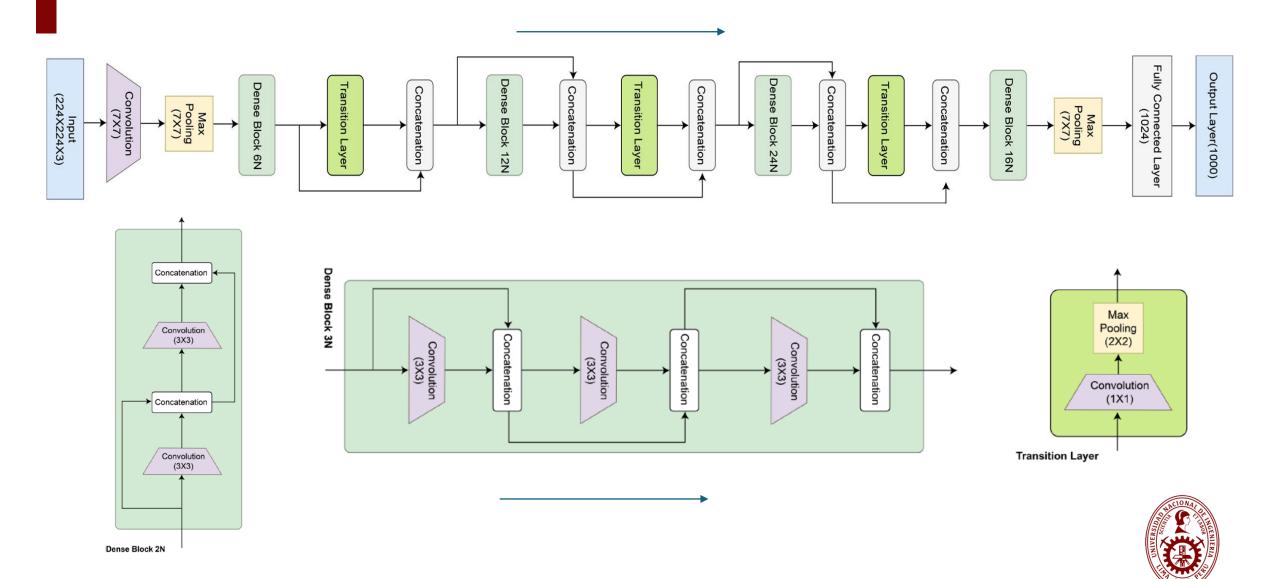


Figure 5. Inception modules where each  $5 \times 5$  convolution is replaced by two  $3 \times 3$  convolution, as suggested by principle  $\boxed{3}$  of Section  $\boxed{2}$ 





#### DenseNet - Arquitectura



## Comparativa de Modelos CNN - Lung Cancer

	ResNet50	Inception V1	Inception V3	DenseNet121
Total Parámetros	23,593,859	6,616,840	25,118,411	7,978,856
Capas (Aprox)	50	22	48	121
Parámetros entrenables	6,147	6,616,840	6,147	1,025,000
Épocas	100	10	100	100
Accuracy	97.73%	98.01%	96.67%	96.74%
Batch_size	64	32	64	32
Metodo	Transfer Learning		Transfer Learning	Transfer Learning
Librería	TensorFlow	Pytorch	Pytorch	Pytorch