## **HR Analytics for Employees Attrition Report**

### **Project Title:**

### **HR Analytics on Employees Dataset**

### **Objective:**

The primary goal of this analysis is to understand the key factors influencing employee attrition. The notebook investigates various demographic and job-related features to identify patterns in employee resignations. This can help organizations retain valuable talent and improve employee satisfaction.

#### **Dataset Overview:**

The dataset includes various attributes like:

- Age
- Job Role
- Monthly Income
- Distance from Home
- Education Background
- Attrition (target variable)

### **Key Steps in the Notebook:**

### 1)Importing Libraries:

Used libraries include: pandas, NumPy, matplotlib, seaborn, SkLearn,
xgboost, imblearn, shap

# 2)Data Loading and Preprocessing:

- Dataset is loaded using pandas.
- Label encoding is used for categorical features.
- SMOTE is used to address class imbalance (common in attrition data).

# 3)Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA):

Visual analysis using Seaborn and Matplotlib.

 Trends in attrition across departments, income levels, commute distance, etc.

## 4)Modeling:

- 1) Two machine learning models are used:
  - Random Forest Classifier
  - XGBoost Classifier

### 5)Model Interpretation:

SHAP (SHapley Additive exPlanations) helps interpret the model predictions and identify key influencing features.

Model Performance:

#### Metric Random Forest XGBoost

Accuracy 87% **89%** 

## **Business Insight Report**

# 1. What factors are causing employees to leave?

According to model analysis and SHAP interpretation:

- Low Monthly Income is a strong predictor of attrition.
- Long Commute Distances negatively affect employee satisfaction.
- Job Role Mismatch employees in Sales or HR roles have higher attrition rates.
- Education Level vs Job Position mismatch often causes dissatisfaction.

# 2. What departments should they focus on?

• Sales Department: Consistently shows the highest attrition rates.

 Human Resources: Needs attention due to burnout or possible misalignment with company culture.

## 3. Actionable Suggestions:

- **Competitive Compensation**: Regular reviews of salary structures, especially for at-risk roles.
- **Remote/Hybrid Work Policies**: Reduce commuting burdens for employees living far from the office.
- Career Development Plans: Offer upskilling and internal mobility programs.
- **Regular Feedback Loops**: Implement pulse surveys and feedback channels to catch dissatisfaction early.
- **Department-specific Retention Strategies**: Tailor support and incentives for high-risk departments.