

Dynamics of A Rebellion

Political protests → House of Burgesses

↳ Comparison to Charles I

"Hated Stamp Act"

Petitioned for Repeal

→ Deeply disturbed by rights violated

→ formed Activa (But Peaceful) acts of protesting... Boycott

Sons of Liberty → Boston (Not Peaceful) destroyed /

Stormed collectors' house;

→ Riots: Protestants & Puritans to save Sons of America

→ Nullified the Stamp Act

→ Repelled the tax collectors

↳ Joined the Declaration of Independence.

Brought Laws as Arms defences

- English Common Law

- Magna Carta

- Natural Rights

- Separation of Power

Road to Independence

Committees of Correspondence -

allowed communication with colonies and state rights of colonist

Tea Act - Because the British India company was in debt, Colonists and Britons choose to drink smuggled Dutch tea. EIC lowered costs. Colonists accused Parliament of Bribery

East India Company →

↳ Sons of Liberty forced cargo to stay on the ship, MASS governor tried to impound land. Poorly dressed Indians boarded 3 ships and dumped 342 chests (\$900,000) of tea

Boston Port Bill { → Forced MASS to Pay
→ closed Harbor

Mass Gov Act → Killed Mass Gov

Quartering Act → Mandated Accommodations for British Soldiers

Justice Act → Trials to Britain,

Quebec Act → Practices of Roman Catholicism in Quebec

Road to Independence

Continental Congress - 12 colonies 4 new colonies Refused to Join + Georgia.
Sugar Island - declined to slaves

1774 Philadelphia - Differences

↳ compromise

→ similar to Albany

Congress of 1754

→ Brit control of trade

William Pitt → Asked to Recognize
CC as Gov body,
Permanent source of
Revenue

Proposals Failed

Patriots, Loyalists and Neutralists

70%
US
20%

↳ Patriotism came from Rich

↳ Loyalists were common among poorer / Indentured
↳ Many believe patriotism servants
leaders have been taking advantage
of these situation

(of Influence)

10% Neutralists - The common man.

Creating a Blueprint for a Republic

2nd continental congress urged states to Reject Royal Authority, ratifying their constitutions

States →
constitutions

Because republicanism was derived from popular-sovereignty, North Carolina delegates were told to enforce oppose aristocracy or power for rich, and Virginia had to elect new assemblies because they "were not well dressed nor politely educated"; Enlightenment + Intellectuals at Penn rejected conservative constitution with radical provision → John Adams denounced it with worry about an lower class educated overthrow; adapted what they could be have, Adams believed Bicameral with upper legislative and lower legislative should be working. 1777 voted to exclude elections

Women's Rights (or Lefts)

"While Men controlled public Institutions, upper class women engaged in political debate"
P198

↪ Wilkinson

Un-popular belief: Civil rights equal to Men

Abigail Adams demanded equal Rights for married Women such as owning property, enter contracts or initiate lawsuits. Continuously demanded Adams for rights, comparing him to King

Why?

Judith Sargent Murray wrote "On the Equality of Sexes" and argued that women were inferior to men due to lack of training, ended in 1790 where women could be schooled equally and 1850 where literacy rates were higher

How has this with an Impact to gov decision making

losers of the war

loyalists lost property due to Finance
↳ Auctioned off to highest bidder

Patriots topped loyalists in the Economic ladder
↳ Promoted domestic manufacturing
↳ Promoted new trading venture

Republic promoted property protection and access to land
→ Squatters (Kentucky & Tennessee)

"To secure support, Patriots had to meet the needs of the people, more than the British did" 200
→ Ridged natives
→ Rejected emancipation as Slaves were property

ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION

Fed = 13 States → loose union

- Each States would retain their higher power
- Important laws need approval from the FED
- used to declare war, make treaties, Adjudicate state dispute, Borrow/print money, and requisition funds from states
- cannot enforce provisions
- States remained sovereign
- Retaliated only in desperation

Gov Shinnigans

Government was almost bankrupt and urgently asked for National Tax, Treaty of Paris, Sold Land, Morris had urged Economic reforms.

Eastern Tennessee organized new State sought for admission to Congress
Mississippi Territories → Allowed Slavery
Land Ordinance of 1785 mandated land survey

Northwest Ordinance - prohibited slavery
↳ Temporary Governor until a Quota's hit

Biggest Achievement where there are no dependent pupils and divided Slaves

Political

Shays's Rebellion

American No Storks, tobacco cut exports low priced manufacturing (Not Domestic) were causing Artisans were going out of business

Merchants and landowners invested in War Bonds, The poor demanded governments redeemed War Bonds at full values, Gov refuses, Instead they offered to pay in Installments, legislature increased taxes to pay them off

Shays's Rebellion

- Resembled American Resistance to Stamp Act
- Riot Act - Allowed Rich Militias
- Failing life Support for Convention and

Culture?

Constitution - Republicanism

"Money question - debt, taxes, tariffs"
204

People who have served the US Revolution, were wandering. "Funding Fathers" believed in a more centralized government controlling Tariffs. Mass, NY and Penn insisted not to. Legislators make praises for Stronger Government
↳ officials argued that preventing Anarchy is far more important than Economic unjust

Philadelphia Convention

55 delegates (every state except RI)

Reject John Adams - didn't want a stronger central Gov
Patrick Henry "smelt a rat"

James Madison → Increased National Authority

A. Hamilton → Stronger Central government.

Transformed Articles of Confederacy to Virginia Plan

- diff {
1. Rejected State Sovereignty (Nat. Authority)
 2. Established by People (Citizens/Electoral College)
 3. Three level voting plan

Obviously with flaws

1. Allowed easy VETO

3. Powerful states to crush smaller powers

Small states rallied a new plan

Constitution - Republic cont.

New Jersey plan

- Allowed States NOT:
 - raise revenue
 - control commerce
 - requisitions
- Allowed States to:
 - are allowed to create laws
 - Unicameral delegate legislature
- Both Sucked, so went with Virginia plan

Doubts with whether or not a powerful Republican government would work, 21/24 delegates left. The rest of the delegates debated in the Summer 1787

Connecticut Proposed that the upper chamber (Senate) from each state and lower chamber (House of Rep.) appointed by population every 10 years. This is called the Great Compromise allowing States to have constitutional rights

Slavery

Safeguard Property Rights, rejected Slaves as property → Slavery is nefarious institution. Many did not want slaves to unify. Fugitive clause allowed return of Slaves / Servants. Excluded "Slavery" and "Slaves" from the Constitution when helped

Constitutions - Republic Cont. Cont.

What kind of Authority?

- Army/Navy
- Regulate International / Domestic Commerce
- TAX
- Pass Exclusive Laws

Debate Ratification

Followed Articles of Confederation for ratification in which 9/13 states agreed.

KENDRICK FEUD

Federalists → supported Federal Union
→ A loose decentralized system
→ make a strong Gov
→ Justify Philadelphia Constitution

Antifederalists → Diverse motives
→ Fear of state Gov losing power
↳ Fear that it'd be run by rich white guys
→ Republican system fitted politics

The Federalists → work 1788
- Argued that Gov wouldn't be tyrannical
- Thoughts on gov & Montesquieu theories
10 → - large state would protect Republic liberties
10 → - Extends the powers of Interests

Politics on

So Washington was elected as President

↳ Federalists held the most amount of SEATS in the House of Representatives

Wash appointed Department of War, State, Treasury. (Cabinet)

Thomas Jefferson - Dep. State

Alexander Hamilton - Dep. Treasury

Henry Knox - Dep. War

Judiciary Act of 1789 - Complete court system
Supreme Court has the Final say

Bill of Rights - 10/14 Amendments, safeguard rights (Free Speech & Religion)

Moneyman - A. Hamilton enhanced authority to assist financiers/merchants. Wrote 3 reports on Public Credit, National bank, manufactures

A. Hamilton's Reports

Public Credit (Jan 1790)

- Redeem 55 mil in securities held by Domestic & Foreign Investors
 - ↳ An Underdeveloped country needs good credit to secure funds from Nations
- Pay large holders with securities (Permanent National Debt)
 - ↳ Madison Argued that it has to go to the original owners (Rejected)
- Assume the War debt of the States
 - ↳ Many Congressmen exploited it
- Some states paid off the war debt
 - ↳ Reimbursed (According to A. Hamilton)

National Bank (dec 1790)

- Bank of United States (1790)
 - ↳ Stockholders, handling funds, loans, Bill of credit
- Opposed by Jefferson

Manufactures

- Impose excise taxes
 - ↳ I.E. Whiskey
- Tariffs on Foreign Imports
 - ↳ used to pay off Interest debt
- Effective

Political Parties 223, 224, 225

Federalists V.S. Republicans

^{citizens} Federalists (looked after themselves)

First Party System - Not Organized

Federalist - Supported by Merchant and Creditors
and Wheat Exporters Slave H.

Republican - Tobacco / Rice planters, debt creditors,
Germans & Scot-Irish in NE

Party Traditions - Celebration & Festivals

The Election 1796 (Federalist Majority) - J Adams

XYZ Affair - Talleyrand soliciting for loan/bribe
for Ham's seizure of French
Trading Ships. Named Agents
X Y Z

↳ This halted trade with France and
Privateering

Virginia and Kentucky Resolution

gives Rights for States to Interpret
Constitution and their legitimacy or the
"Right to Judge". This is because the Alien
and Sedition Acts seems to be nullified

The Conflict Above set the Stage of Election
of 1800 where Jeff wanted to relate to people
Adams wanted to relate to Foreign Policy

1800 election

225, 226

Jefferson Received Personal Attacks

↳ irresponsible French man, the arch-apostle of religion and Free thought

T. Jefferson won the election with Burr, where they went through 35 rounds of balloting to figure who was president. Federalist blocked votes and spread rumor of a militia putting Jeff in office

Anti-Federalist Hamilton Supported Jefferson

↳ Persuaded key Flists to go with Jeff

Whiskey Rebellion

Penn Farmers, Protest taxes on Alcohol, "Removed" tax collectors and for Liberty, Equality, and Fraternity

Jeff 4 President 231

Virginia dynasty

T. Jeff, James Madison, James Monroe reversed Federalist policies

International Conflict - Barbary States sent North Africa raids merchant ships with a tribute they would be left alone. T. Jeff was like huh, huh. So sent U.S. Navy and won, America Sails

Federalist Scheme - Appoint new seats for Judges, where that chamber (Judiciary) would be consists of Federalists to kill Republicanism

go on →
Detail

K & V Amendment - Republicanism, Supreme Court, Marbury v. Madison, argued republicanism and Federalism, the Court ruled in favor of Marbury but it is true that they have no control over enforcing it.

Alien and Sedition → Naturalization

- 5 year waiting period to citizen

- Abolished Internal taxes → Whiskey Rebellion
- had Republican Congress kill Federalist Gov. Exposed
- Reduced permanent Army
- Reduced debts - Jeff & Gallatin

Jeff & President Cont. ²³³₂₃₂

→ Campaigned towards the west
- Andrew's Treaty (Spanish)

→ land prices \$2 (1796); \$1.25 (1830) \$0 (1862)

1796-Fed

1830-Jeff

- Louisiana purchase

0-Homestead Act

→ Napoleon's Anne Gupire

- Returned Louisiana

- rule in Saint-Domingue

→ Worked with brits and sent someone to France for purchase

→ US bought Louisiana territory for \$15 mil in 1803

Secessionists

→ Believe westward Expansion would hurt Region & Party

→ "Pardon me, are you Aaron Burr, sir?"

→ after being accused by Hamilton, Burr and Main Partoula in a duel

→ Burr move west to avoid prosecution

↳ He conspired General James Wilkinson to seize territory as a separate Nation or N Spain. Wilkinson was spy and betrayed Burr in treason

Not Jefferson 4 President 241

Pre-War of 1812

↳ Support for A. Hamilton's National Mercantile (Fed)

Post-War of 1812

↳ Republicans Split to 2 Republican Party

→ Henry Clay - Federalist-like policy

- 2nd bank

- Bonus Bill for Roads

→ Federalists crumbled

destroyed by Republican Party Domin

Jefferson Revolution shattered

First Party system

John Marshall Law - Judicial Authority,
Supremacy of National laws
Marbury vs Madison and federalist property
rights ... Unconstitutional

McCulloch v. Maryland

Congress created 2nd bank

Set up branches that competed with state
chartered banks. taxes on these
notes, refused to pay, claiming unconstitutional

The bank thought 2nd tax was necessary
but Maryland thought otherwise Gibbons vs Ogden
Laws granting Ogden. Supreme Court Dominance

Not Jeff 4 president cont. ^{242, 243}

Marshall used Constitution to support Federalist on property Rights, the Will of People.

Interpreting Constitution (Article I, section 10)

"Impairing the obligation of contracts" laws passed by legislature.

Fletcher v. Peck unalterable contracts

Dartmouth College - Anti American pro
Statutes

The Empire Republic Strikes Back!

Natives gets Fucked (Struggles) in
land Rights ... Go Figure

After united states threatened w/ Military Actions

↳ Relocated Tribes in Ny & Pa

(Treaty of Fort Stanwix)

→ Some locals traded distilled Alcohol for
land turning Dominant tribes to lazy Alcoholics

↳ Relocated Tribes in Oh

(Treaty of F. McIntosh & F. Finney)

→ Natives in delegation fought back

1795 ↳ Treaty of Greenville, U. S. Army to lead
expedition and compromised at Treaty

→ Indian protection from the United
States which resulted to Ing's treaty

→ Sparked white migration

with Kentucky as 15th state

Ohio 16th and Tennessee 17th

Indiana and Illinois 18th & 19th

→ with Strong Population

Rejection of White Wash

> US. Encouragement of Natives to white

Natives Rejected the assimilation

↳ Some Attended Church but retained ancestral Values

→ Some hate Christianization and for Christianized to partake in tribal Rites

→ Some Natives found the middle with animistic rituals with heaven and Hell

↳ Resulted in disputes with some wanting to return

→ Took women's important roles in Native Society

White Squatters

→ Southern Migrants, Yeoman Farmers depreciating property / lands; didn't want to pay for land

→ lived in Semi-legal land illegally acquired by Squatting while 1/4th of the State were owned legally (NC)

→ moved towards coastal part of Mexico

→ Cotton & wool demands driving west migration (i. south) from Industrial Revolution

- Imported Slaves

\$7 mil worth of land sold to cotton Industry

230
231

Money Grabs

New England emigration → NY most
moved inland and Homestead
dutch settlers

New England Emigrants farmed potatoes
removed bad tools for good

Leading up to war of 1812

Wars in Europe challenged America's ability to stay Neutral

Napoleonic Conflicts

- siezed ships at British Ports

→ Impressment - British siezed / seach U.S. Ships
↳ Embargo Act

→ Protect American Ships from being siezed until british stopped violating U.S. Trade

→ Overestimated the reliance of both Country on U.S. Product and Underestimated the Reliance of Atlantic trade

↳ Cut gross National product by 5%

→ Madison tried to change it

↳ Didn't work

Battle of Tippecanoe → - British attempts to gain Indian support against Europeans

↳ Violated Jay's treaty

- Tecumseh mobilized men and attacked prophetstown

- 1812 Election made madison go to war and violated commercial Rights

236
237
241

The war of 1812

- Offence on the west
 - because of Canadian offence
 - ↳ Burned York (Toronto)
- took lives of Brits
 - ↳ New Englanders Fed's disapproved war, banks were not lending money to Canada
 - Fed's led congress to increase Tariffs for military
- British victories in Chesapeake bay for burning York, Brit's burned the U.S. Capitol and Government Buildings
 - ↳ Became stalemate 1 year after Andrew Jackson defeat Brits "tryin to Free the Slaves"
- War Opposition
 - ↳ Mass Fed's called convention
 - to End Virginia domination of Presidency and limiting terms and rotating with different States
 - Belief that British Retaliation after Napoleon

Treaty of Ghent

- British peace → bad economy and energy
 - ↳ Discussed borders
- Lifted American Morale
 - ↳ Made Jackson a Hero

