IS216 Sample Large Lab Test (Set B)

General Instructions:

- This is a time-bound (2 hours), open-book, open-Internet, and **individual** test.
- You must test your web pages using Google Chrome Web Browser Version 118.0.x or later. Your graders will be using only Google Chrome Web Browser (Version 118.0.x or later) to test your web pages.
- **No questions will be entertained** by the IS216 teaching team (faculty/instructor/invigilators) during the test period. If necessary, make your own assumptions and proceed to complete test questions.
- You must use only standard HTML5, CSS, Bootstrap (Version 5.3), JavaScript, Axios, and Vue.js
 (Version 3) in your solutions unless the question specifies otherwise. Do not use any other third-party
 libraries (e.g. Angular, React, or others).
- Use meaningful names for HTML class/id and JavaScript variables and functions/methods. You must
 indent your code (HTML/CSS/JavaScript) properly. Failure to do so will attract a penalty of up to 20%
 of your score for the corresponding question.
- You MUST include your name as author in the comments of all your submitted source files. Failure
 to do so will attract a penalty of up to 20% of your score for the corresponding question.
 For example, if your registered name is "KIM Jong Un" and email ID is kim.jongun.2022, include the
 following comment at the beginning of each source file you write.

HTML files	CSS, JavaScript files
</th <th>/*</th>	/*
Name: KIM Jong Un	Name: KIM Jong Un
Email: kim.jongun.2022	Email: kim.jongun.2022
>	*/

 You may wish to comment out the parts in your code which cause errors. Commented code will not be marked.

Academic Integrity

- All student submissions will be thoroughly checked by an SMU-approved source code plagiarism checker software program AND an additional external software program. The source code checking will be conducted across all submissions (from 10 sections of IS216).
- Suspected plagiarism cases will be reported immediately to the IS216 faculty in charge and SCIS Dean's Office for further investigation.
- Students in the suspected cases will be informed accordingly by their section faculty, and the incident will be escalated to the SMU University Council of Student Conduct.
- More information about the SMU Student Code of Conduct can be found at this link: https://smu.sharepoint.com/sites/ucsc/Documents/Code%20of%20Academic%20Integrity.pdf

Submission Instructions

- Due Date
 - o XX November 2023 (xxx) XX:XX PM Singapore Time
 - Late submission policy is as follows:

Submit within 5 minutes of set deadline	10% penalty of your entire test's score
Beyond 5 minutes	0 mark

- Zip up all files in Q1/Q2/Q3/Q4 folders into <YOUR_SMU_ID>.zip
 - For example, kim.jongun.2022.zip
 - Verify by unzipping this zip file check the content inside
 - Incorrect submission file name WILL attract a penalty of up to 20% of your score for the entire test.
- Only zip format is accepted.
 - o .7z, rar or other compression formats are *NOT* accepted.
 - Until the correct zip format is submitted again by the student, it will be assumed that the student has NOT made the submission and late submission policy will apply.
- Submit the **zip** file to the following location:
 - o **IS216-MERGED eLearn** page: https://elearn.smu.edu.sg/d2l/home/365191
 - Go to Assignments → Large Lab Test → Submit your ZIP file
 - It is your (student's) individual responsibility to ensure that the zip file submission was successful.
 - Your section faculty and Teaching Assistants will NOT verify the submission for you.

Legend

O Do NOT edit this given resource file.

Your answer/code goes here into this given resource file.

IMPORTANT

Inside resources folder, you will find Bootstrap files. Please do NOT edit these files.

- → Bootstrap\
 - ◆ ○bootstrap.bundle.min.js
 - ♦ Obootstrap.min.css

[10 marks]

Q1. [CSS, Bootstrap, JavaScript] Grocery

Given resources:



You are to edit grocery.html and grocery.js only. Do not create additional files.

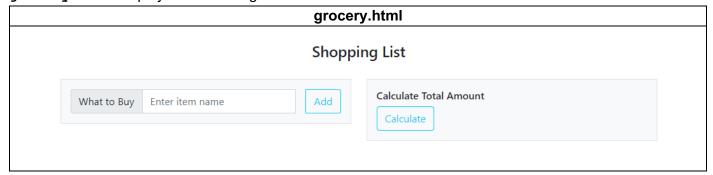
IMPORTANT

You are free to define HTML elements and CSS style required to match the screenshots to the best of your interpretation *where the requirement is not stated explicitly*. This includes margin, padding, font style, font size, font weight, etc.

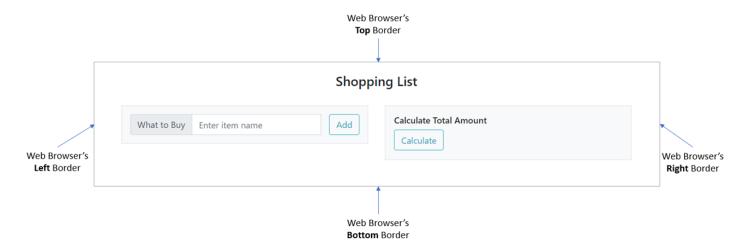
- grocery.html must only contain HTML and CSS code. You must write ALL JavaScript code inside grocery.js.
- JavaScript code written inside grocery.html will <u>NOT</u> be considered for grading.

Part A: Complete grocery.html

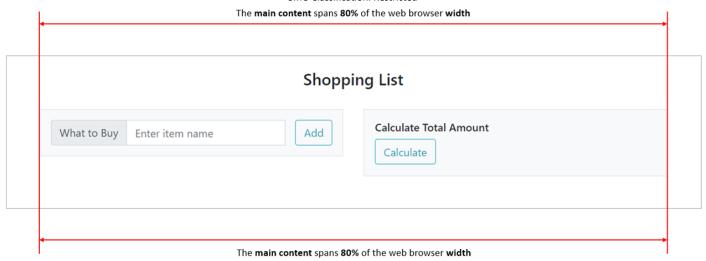
Complete the implementation of grocery.html such that when rendered in a web browser, grocery.html displays the following:

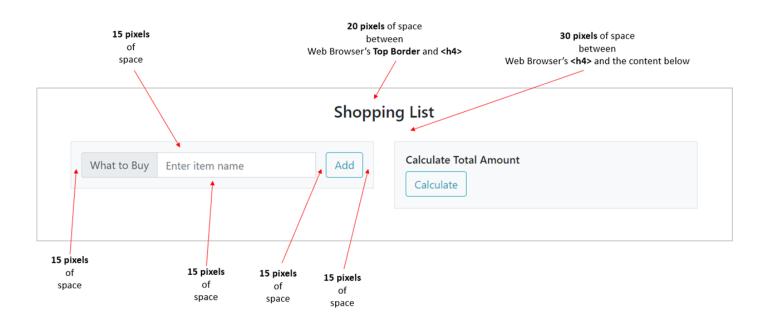


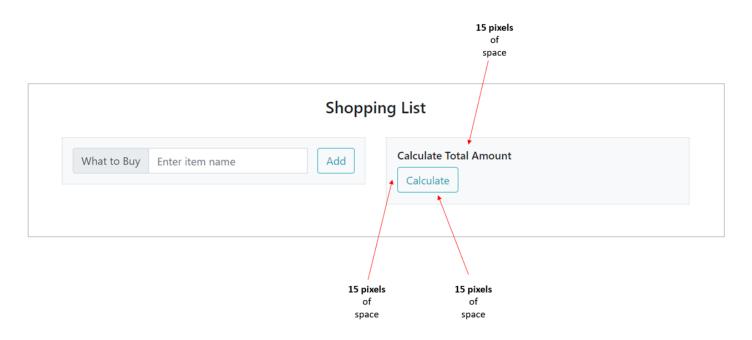
Please take note of the following user interface layout guidelines:



SMU Classification: Restricted

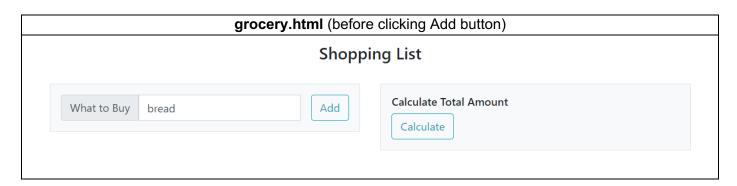




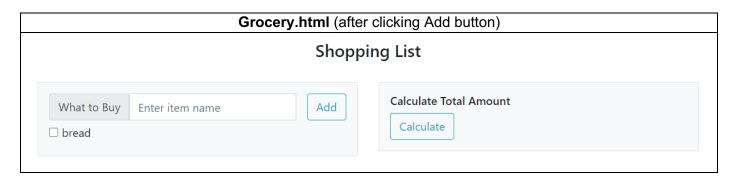


Part B: Complete grocery.js

Implement addItem() and processItems() such that the following user scenario is fulfilled.

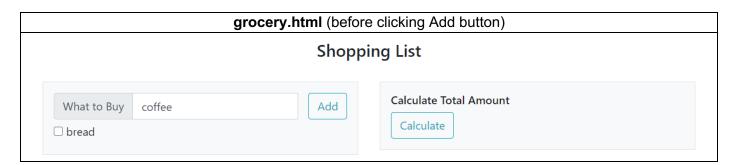


- 1. The user keys in string/text **bread** in the input text field.
- 2. The user clicks the Add button.

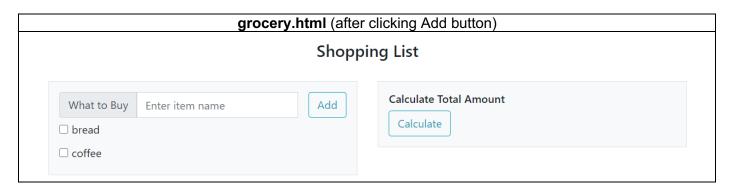


Item bread has been added with a checkbox.

Next, the user will add one more item.



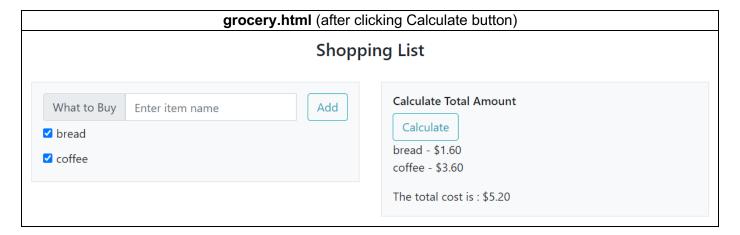
- 3. The user keys in string/text coffee in the input text field.
- 4. The user clicks the Add button.



Item coffee has been added with a checkbox.

grocery.html (before clicking Calculate button) Shopping List What to Buy Enter item name □ bread □ coffee

- 5. The user selects both bread checkbox and coffee checkbox.
- 6. The user clicks the Calculate button.



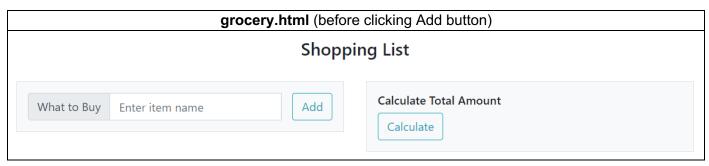
Below the Calculate button, each item's name and its price are listed.

• Each item's **price** information can be found in the **shopList** array in **grocery.js**.

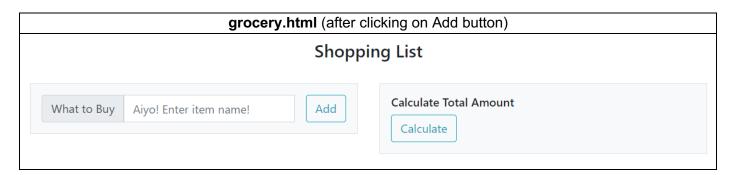
Furthermore, the total cost is calculated and displayed below the item list.

Part C: Complete grocery.js

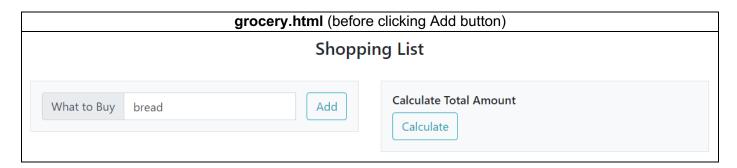
Modify addItem() and processItems() such that the following user scenario is fulfilled.



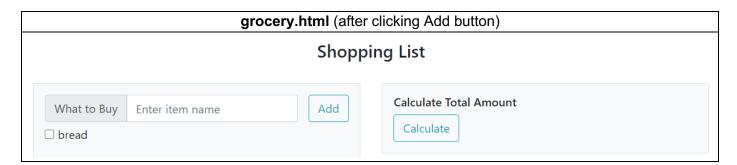
- 1. The user does NOT key in anything in the input text field (leaving it empty).
- 2. The user clicks the Add button.



The input text field's **placeholder** value has been updated to **Aiyo! Enter item name!** Next, the user will add **one item**.

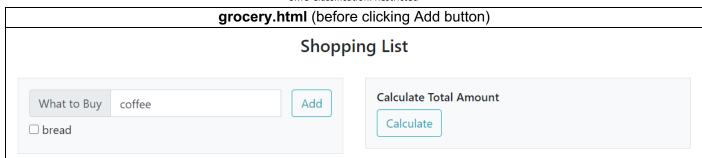


- 3. The user keys in string/text **bread** in the input text field.
- 4. The user clicks the Add button.

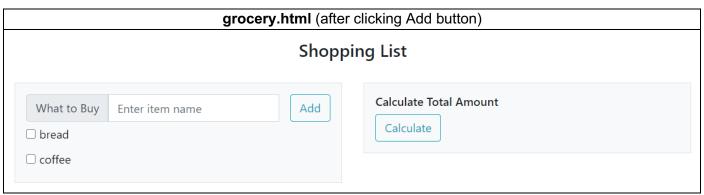


Item bread has been added with a checkbox button.

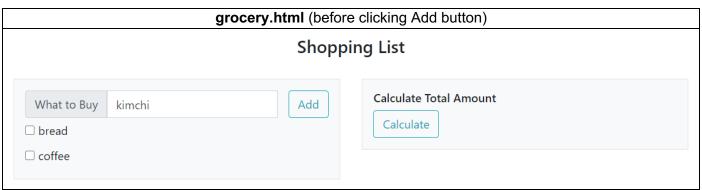
Next, the user will add one more item.



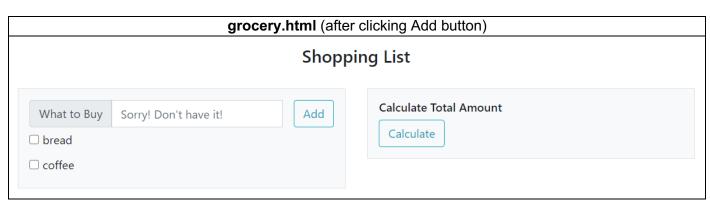
- The user keys in string/text coffee in the input text field.
- 6. The user clicks the Add button.



Item coffee has been added with a checkbox button.

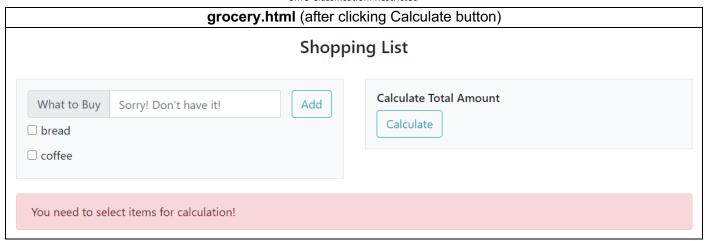


- 7. The user keys in string/text kimchi in the input text field.
- 8. The user clicks the Add button.



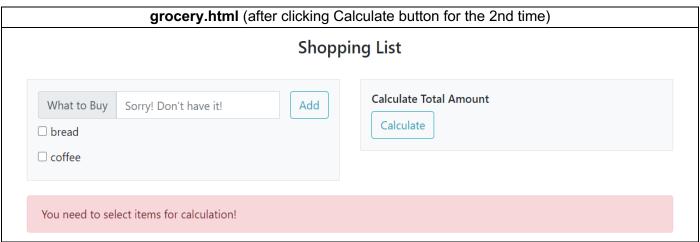
Item **kimchi** is **NOT** available in this shop (refer to the variable **shopList** in **grocery.js** file). The input text field's **placeholder** value has been updated to **Sorry! Don't have it!**

- 9. The user does NOT select any item checkboxes.
- 10. The user clicks the Calculate button.



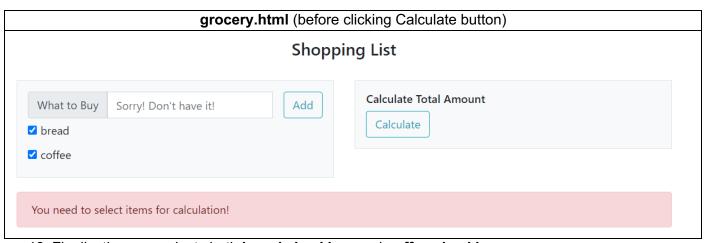
At the bottom of the webpage, an **alert** message is displayed with text **You need to select items for calculation!**

- 11. Again, the user does NOT select any item **checkboxes**.
- 12. The user clicks the Calculate button.



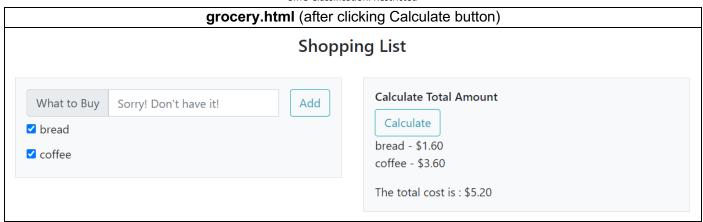
At the bottom of the webpage, an **alert** message is displayed with text **You need to select items for calculation!**

• If the user repeatedly clicks on the Calculate button without any items selected, grocery.html must display only ONE (1) alert notification at all times.



- 13. Finally, the user selects both bread checkbox and coffee checkbox.
- 14. The user clicks the Calculate button.

SMU Classification: Restricted



Below the Calculate button, each item and its price are listed. Furthermore,

The total cost is calculated and displayed, and;

The alert notification is removed from the web page.

[10 marks]

Q2. [Bootstrap, JavaScript, Axios] Oscars

Given resources:

You are to edit oscars.html and oscars.js only. Do not create additional files.

IMPORTANT

Q2 -> krazyoscars contains API files.

- You do NOT need to see and understand the API source codes.
- You can view the API documentation at:

```
http://localhost/.../Q2/krazyoscars/index.html
```

Go to Q2 → krazyoscars → config → database.php

```
private $host = "localhost";
private $db_name = "oscars";

private $username = "root";
private $password = ""; // MAMP "root", WAMP empty string
private $port = 3306; // Check in PHPMyAdmin for port number

Please edit Lines 8, 9, 10 as per your local computer's setup
```

Go to Q2 → krazyoscars → db → load.sql

```
drop database if exists oscars;

create database oscars;

use oscars;

CREATE TABLE if not exists `winner` (

Use PHPMyAdmin (http://localhost/phpmyadmin/) or any MySQL client (e.g. MySQL WorkBench) to run all lines of SQL statements inside load.sql.
```

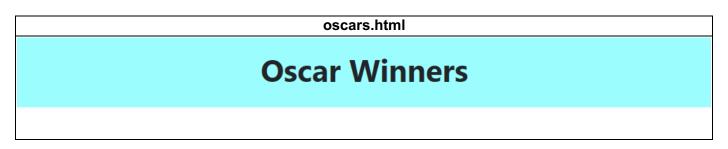
 Now, KrazyOscars API should be ready and you will be able to connect to and interact with it from your JavaScript code (oscars.js).

You are free to define HTML elements and CSS style required to match the screenshots to the best of your interpretation *where the requirement is not stated explicitly*. This includes margin, padding, font style, font size, font weight, etc.

- oscars.html must only contain HTML and CSS code. You must write ALL JavaScript code inside oscars.is.
- JavaScript code written inside oscars.html will <u>NOT</u> be considered for grading.

Part A: Complete the top heading in oscars.html

Edit oscars.html such that when rendered in a web browser, oscars.html displays the following at the top of the page:

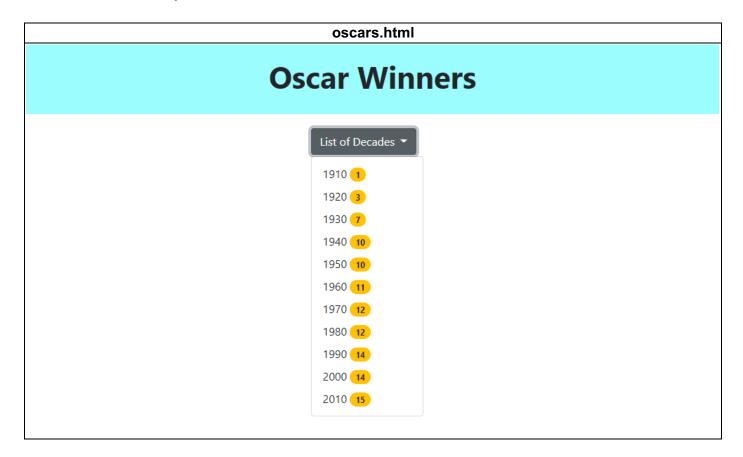


Please take note of the following **user interface** guidelines:

- The height of the **heading box** (in aqua color) is **100 pixels**.
- The heading box spans 100% of the web browser's width
- There is no margin between the **heading box** and the top border of the web browser

Part B: Complete the dropdown menu in oscars.html

Complete implementation of oscars.html such that it displays the following when the user clicks on the "List of Decades" *dropdown* menu:



Please take note of the following user interface layout guidelines:

20 pixels of space between the **heading box** (in aqua) and the **dropdown menu**



- 1. The **dropdown menu** lists different **decades** (1910, 1920... and so on) during which Oscar awards were given.
 - a. For example, the decade of "1920" encompasses years 1920, 1921... all the way to 1929.
- 2. The yellow circle on the right-hand side of each **decade** denotes the total number of **Oscar winners** in that **decade**.

Make appropriate changes in one or more **source file(s)** so that **oscars.html** displays the dropdown menu as shown above.

IMPORTANT

- o Do **NOT** hardcode the **decades** (e.g. 1910, 1920, etc.) in the dropdown menu.
 - You must retrieve it dynamically by calling KrazyOscars API.
- Do NOT hardcode the total number of Oscar winners in the dropdown menu.
 - Your code must dynamically retrieve the values by calling KrazyOscars API.
- Your code MUST use relative URLs for API endpoints and images.
 - o For example, an example of a relative URL (relative to the current file, e.g. oscars.html) is:
 - ---> Use this!!!
 - ---> DO NOT USE THIS!!!
 - Failure to do so will attract a penalty of up to 20% of your score for the entire Question 4.

Part C: Complete the main body in oscars.html

Complete implementation of oscars.html such that when rendered in a web browser, oscars.html displays the following:

oscars.html (Web Browser Width 768 pixels)

Oscar Winners

List of Decades



Emil Jannings

The Last Command (1928)

At the first Oscar ceremony,
Jannings won two
performances. In 'The Last
Command,' Jannings plays a
former Russian general who
ends up as a Hollywood
extra. And in 'The Way of All
Flesh,' he takes on the role
of a bank clerk who is
separated from his family
for over two decades.



Warner Baxter

In Old Arizona (1929)

Baxter won his Oscar for playing The Cisco Kid in the first Hollywood western made with sound.



Lionel Barrymore A Free Soul (1931)

The patriarch of the famed acting dynasty won his performance as a defense attorney who must defend his daughter's ex-boyfriend who is accused of murdering a mobster.



Charles Laughton The Private Life of Henry VII (1933)

Laughton won for his performance as the zaftig British monarch who goes through multiple wives.



Clark Gable It Happened One Night (1934)

Gable won his Oscar for playing a rougish reporter who falls in love with a spoiled socialite. The film is one of three films to win Oscars for Picture, Director, Actor, Actress and Screenplay.



Spencer Tracy Boys Town (1938)

Tracy won his second consecutive Oscar in this category for his role as Father Flanagan, a goodhearted priest who works to help a group of orphans.

... there's more content below...

oscars.html (Web Browser Width 576 pixels)

Oscar Winners

List of Decades



Emil Jannings The Last Command (1928)

At the first Oscar ceremony,
Jannings won two performances.
In 'The Last Command,' Jannings
plays a former Russian general
who ends up as a Hollywood
extra. And in 'The Way of All
Flesh,' he takes on the role of a
bank clerk who is separated from
his family for over two decades.



Warner Baxter In Old Arizona (1929)

Baxter won his Oscar for playing The Cisco Kid in the first Hollywood western made with sound.



Lionel Barrymore A Free Soul (1931)

The patriarch of the famed acting dynasty won his performance as a defense attorney who must defend his daughter's ex-boyfriend who is accused of murdering a mobster.



Charles Laughton The Private Life of Henry VII

(1933)

Laughton won for his performance as the zaftig British monarch who goes through multiple wives.



... there's more content below...

oscars.html (Web Browser Width 575 pixels)

Oscar Winners

List of Decades



Emil Jannings

The Last Command (1928)

At the first Oscar ceremony, Jannings won two performances. In 'The Last Command,' Jannings plays a former Russian general who ends up as a Hollywood extra. And in 'The Way of All Flesh,' he takes on the role of a bank clerk who is separated from his family for over two decades.



Warner Baxter

In Old Arizona (1929)

Baxter won his Oscar for playing The Cisco Kid in the first Hollywood western made with sound.

... there's more content below...

- When the web page is loaded for the first time, it must display ALL available/retrievable Oscar winners and display each winner in a Bootstrap card. There are 109 Oscar winners in the API's database.
- 2. Note that each **Oscar winner** is to be rendered inside a **Bootstrap card**.
- 3. Each **card** shows the **details** of an **Oscar winner**. Inside each card, style the content (e.g. Oscar winner's name, movie title, year, and description) appropriately. Here is an example:



Eddie Redmayne The Theory of Everything (2014)

Redmayne plays renowned scientist Stephen Hawking in this biopic that focuses on Hawking's relationship with his ex-wife Jane (played by Best Actress nominee Felicity Jones).

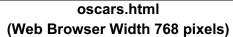
4. Make appropriate changes in one or more **source file(s)** so that **oscars.html** displays as described above.

IMPORTANT: Your code MUST use relative URLs for API endpoints and images.

• Failure to do so will attract a penalty of up to 20% of your score for the entire Question 4.

Part D: Complete the main body in oscars.html

When the user clicks on a **decade** in the **dropdown menu**, **oscars.html** must display only those **Oscar winners** who received the award in **that decade**. For example, below, the user clicks on **1920** (there are **3 Oscar winners** in that decade). The **red circle** is an *annotation used for illustration* - it is NOT part of the web page.



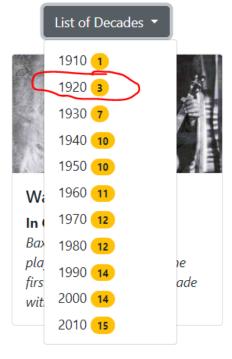
Oscar Winners



The Last Command (1928)At the first Oscar ceremony,

Emil Jannings

Jannings won two performances. In 'The Last Command,' Jannings plays a former Russian general who ends up as a Hollywood extra.





Lionel Barrymore A Free Soul (1931)

The patriarch of the famed acting dynasty won his performance as a defense attorney who must defend his daughter's ex-boyfriend who is accused of murdering a

oscars.html must display as shown below. Only those **Oscar winners** who received the award in the **1920s** (decade) are displayed.

oscars.html (Web Browser Width 768 pixels)

Oscar Winners

List of Decades



Emil Jannings The Last Command (1928)

At the first Oscar ceremony,
Jannings won two
performances. In 'The Last
Command,' Jannings plays a
former Russian general who
ends up as a Hollywood
extra. And in 'The Way of All
Flesh,' he takes on the role
of a bank clerk who is
separated from his family
for over two decades.



Warner Baxter In Old Arizona (1929)

Baxter won his Oscar for playing The Cisco Kid in the first Hollywood western made with sound.



Mary Pickford Coquette (1929)

Pickford won her Oscar for her role as a southern belle who toys with numerous suitors, leading to tragic consequences for all involved. Pickford also served as a producer on the film, having bought the rights to the stage play.

Make appropriate changes in one or more source file(s) so that oscars. html displays as described above.

IMPORTANT: Your code MUST use relative URLs for API endpoints and images.

Failure to do so will attract a penalty of up to 20% of your score for the entire Question 4.

[10 marks]

Q3. [Vue.js] Sentiment

Given resources:



You are to **edit sentiment.html** and **sentiment.js only**. Do not edit the other files. Do not create additional files.

IMPORTANT

You are free to define HTML elements and CSS style required to match the screenshots to the best of your interpretation *where the requirement is not stated explicitly*. This includes margin, padding, font style, font size, font weight, etc.

- sentiment.html must only contain HTML and CSS code. You must write ALL JavaScript code inside sentiment.js (including Vue.js code).
- JavaScript code written inside sentiment.html will NOT be considered for grading.

First, please carefully inspect sentiment.js.

- It creates a new Vue app and binds to an HTML element with id="app".
- The **Vue** app already has **data properties** declared.
 - Please NOTE that you (as a developer) should NOT manually edit data() section inside sentiment.js except test cases (which you can simply comment/uncomment).
 - Your HTML and JavaScript code CAN access these data properties (e.g. read, edit).

Part A: Complete computed property greeting

Complete **computed property** greeting() in sentiment.js such that when rendered in a web browser, sentiment.html displays the following:

sentiment.html

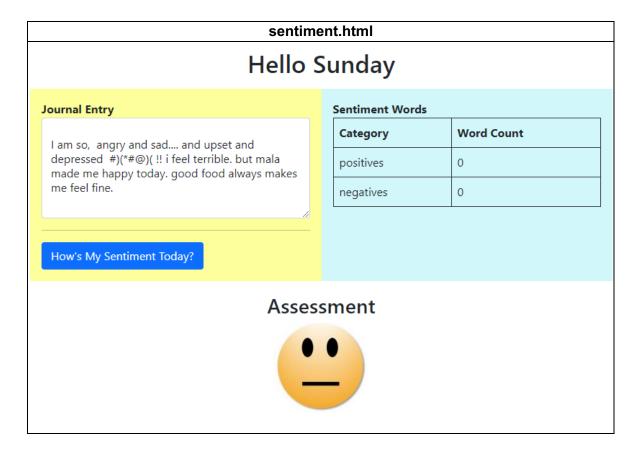
Hello Sunday

Header <h1> text

- a. Please do NOT hardcode the header text.
- b. The day text (e.g. Monday, Tuesday,...) must be derived from the current date/time.
 - i. HINT: JavaScript DATE()
 - ii. You can also use const numeric to day at the top of sentiment.js.
- c. HINT: Which Vue directive can you use to retrieve the information from an existing Vue app **data property**?

Part B: Complete sentiment.html

Edit sentiment.html such that when rendered in a web browser, the web page displays the following:



1. Journal Entry

- a. Please do NOT hardcode the *journal entry text* shown above.
- b. HINT: Which Vue directive can you use to retrieve the information from an existing Vue app data property?
- c. Later on, when the user keys in new journal entry text, your web application should be able to take this **new data** and update the corresponding Vue app **data property**.

2. **Table** of sentiment words

- a. Please do NOT hardcode the table data inside
- b. HINT: Which Vue directives can you use to retrieve the information from an existing Vue app data property "sentiment_word_counts"?

3. Assessment

- a. Please do NOT hardcode the tag's src.
- b. HINT: Which Vue directive can you use to retrieve the information from an existing Vue app data property?

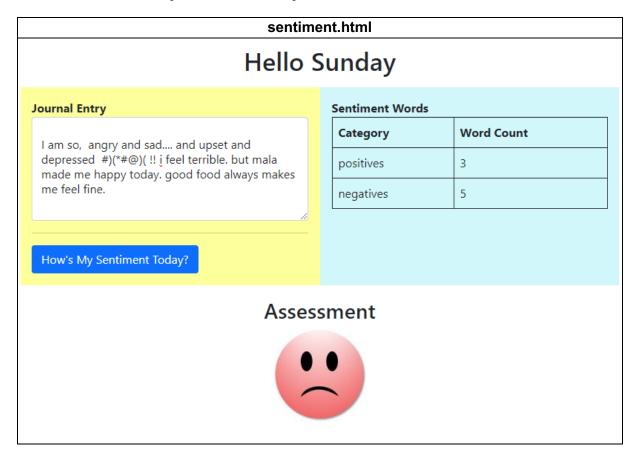
Part C: Complete process entry()

Complete sentiment.html and sentiment.js such that when the user clicks on **How's My Sentiment Today?** button, your web application will update the **Table** (on the right-hand side).

For example, see the above screenshot where the user wrote the following in the **textarea**:

I am so, angry and sad.... and upset and depressed #)(*#@)(!! i feel terrible. but mala made me happy today. good food always makes me feel fine.

Next, user clicked on How's My Sentiment Today? button.



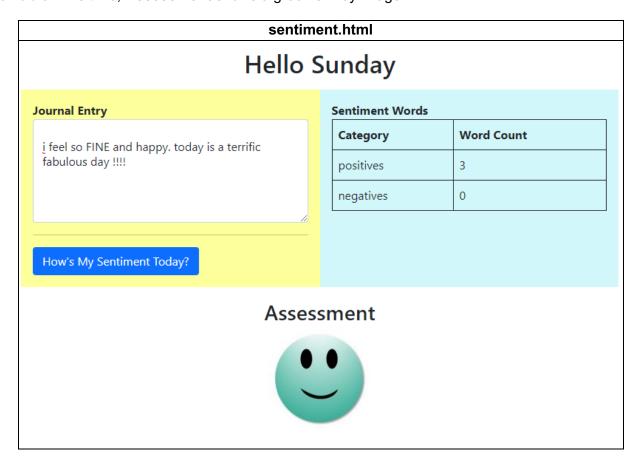
- 1. sentiment.html shows the total number of **positive words** and the total number of **negative words** found in the journal entry in the **Table** (on the right-hand side).
 - a. You can use the following declared at the top of sentiment. js:
 - i. const sentiment_dictionary
 - ii. const regex
- 2. Based on the positive/negative word counts, under **Assessment**, an image is displayed to reflect the overall sentiment.
 - a. You can use the following declared at the top of sentiment.js:
 - i. const image sources

Another Test Case

Suppose the user keyed in the following journal entry:

i feel so FINE and happy. today is a terrific fabulous day !!!!

Next, user clicked on **How's My Sentiment Today?** button. **sentiment.html** shows the analysis results in the **Table**. This time, **Assessment** shows a green smiley image.



Q4. [Vue Components] format_obj

Given resources:

- **→** Q4\
 - ◆ ○format_obj.html
 - ♦ / format_obj.js
 - ♦ Ovue.global.js

You are to **edit** format_obj.js **only**. Do not edit the other files.

Look through the codes in the given file format obj.html.

Edit the given file format_obj.js to implement the Vue component format_obj according to the following rules:

- 1. If data is a simple type (e.g. String, numbers, Boolean, etc.), display data as an HTML text.
- 2. If data is an **object**, display its properties as an HTML **unordered list**. Display each property in the following format where <name> and <value> are property name and property value respectively.

```
<name> : <value>
```

3. If data is an array, display its elements as an HTML unordered list. Display each array element in the format where <index> and <value> are the index and value of the array element respectively.

4. Note that property values and array elements (<value> in points 2 and 3) can be another object, array or simple type. Apply the rules 1 to 3 recursively to display <value>.

Refer to the expected output of format obj.html in browser for examples of the above rules:

Expected output	Corresponding data
Simple object (displayed as unordered list) • name : Simple object • age : 18	<pre>name: 'Simple object', age: 18 }</pre>
Simple array (displayed as ordered list) • [0] 1.5 • [1] horse • [2] false	[1.5, "horse", false]
Literal value (displayed as plain text) true	true

```
Complex object 1
                                               name: 'Parent',
                                               age: 32,
   • name : Parent
                                               children: [
   • age: 32
                                                 { name: 'Child-1', age: 12},
   • children:
                                                 { name: 'Child-2', age: 4},
        • [0]
                                               1
              • name : Child-1
              • age: 12
        • [1]
              • name : Child-2
              • age: 4
Complex object 2
                                               name: 'Very complex object',
   • name : Very complex object
                                               arr: [
                                                   true,

    arr :

                                                    "a",
        • [0] true
                                                    -5.3,
        • [1] a
        • [2] -5.3
                                                         fruit: 'apple',
        • [3]
                                                         price: 2.45
              • fruit: apple
                                                    }
              • price : 2.45
                                               ],
   • flag : true
                                               flag: true,
   • another obj:
                                               another obj: {
        • name: Child object
                                                   name: 'Child object',
        • level: 2
                                                    level: 2
                                               }
                                          }
Complex array
                                               "Complex array",
                                               31,
   • [0] Complex array
                                               {
   • [1] 31
                                                    fruit: 'apple',
   • [2]
                                                    color: "red"
        • fruit : apple
                                               },
        • color : red
   • [3]
                                                    'nested array',

    [0] nested array

                                                    {name: 'Yet another object'}
        • [1]
              • name: Yet another object
                                          ]
                                          { }
Empty object
                                          []
Empty array
```

Do NOT hardcode. The values in format obj.html will be changed during grading.