

C++ Assignment

1. Create two functions, `swapByValue` and `swapByAddress`, to swap the values of two integers using call by value and call by address, respectively. Show the output before and after swapping for both functions.
2. Define a `Rectangle` structure with `length` and `width` as members. Write two functions, `areaByValue` and `areaByAddress`, that calculate the area of a rectangle when passed by value and by address, respectively. Implement a main function to demonstrate the usage of these functions.
3. Create a `Person` structure with `name` and `age` as members. Write a C++ program to dynamically allocate memory for a `Person` instance, read the name and age from the user, and display the values. Ensure to properly free the allocated memory.
4. Write a C++ program that dynamically allocates memory for an array of integers using `malloc`, reads `n` elements from the user, and then displays the elements. Finally, free the allocated memory using `free`.
5. Create a class `Student` with `name` and `grade` as private members. Implement getter and setter methods for these members. Split the class definition and implementation into separate header (`Student.h`) and source (`Student.cpp`) files. Write a `main.cpp` file to test the class by setting and getting the values of `name` and `grade`.
6. Write a program to demonstrate different storage classes in C/C++. Show examples for `auto`, `static`, `extern`, and `register` storage classes.
7. Write a program to demonstrate the different scopes in C/C++: global scope, local scope, and block scope. Create variables with the same name in different scopes and show how they are accessed.
8. Write a C++ program to use different stream objects (`cin`, `cout`, `cerr`, `clog`). Show examples of using each stream object for input, standard output, error output, and log messages.

9. Write a program to demonstrate output formatting in C++. Use manipulators like `setw`, `setprecision`, and `fixed` to format the output of a floating-point number.
10. Create a class `Animal` with `name` and `age` as public members. Implement a member function to display the details of the animal. Create an object of the `Animal` class in the main function, set its attributes, and call the display function.
11. Create an empty class in C++. Write a program to create an object of this empty class and demonstrate that it can be instantiated.
12. Write a C++ program to use this pointer. Create a class `Example` with a private member variable `value` and a public member function `setValue` that uses the `this` pointer to set the value of the member variable. Also, implement a member function `display` to print the value.
13. Create a `Person` class with private members `name` and `age`. Implement getter and setter methods. Write a main function to create an object of the `Person` class, set its attributes using the setter methods, and get the values using the getter methods.
14. Write a C++ program for function overloading. Create two overloaded functions named `add`, one that adds two integers and another that adds two floating-point numbers. Show how function overloading works by calling both functions in the main function.
15. Write a C++ program to use the default arguments in functions. Create a function `display` that takes an integer parameter with a default value. Call the function with and without passing an argument and show the output.
16. Create a class `Dog` with a public member variable `name` and a member function `bark`. Write a program to create an object of the `Dog` class, set its name, and call the `bark` function.
17. Create an enumeration `Color` with values `RED`, `GREEN`, and `BLUE`. Write a function `displayColor` that takes a `Color` parameter and prints the corresponding color name. Call this function from main function & show how enum works.
18. Write a C++ program which uses the constructors: default constructor, parameterized constructor, and copy constructor. Create a `Box` class with `length`

and breadth as members. Implement all three constructors and a member function to display the dimensions of the box. Create objects using each constructor type in the main function.

19. Define a structure Point with x and y as members. Write a program to demonstrate aggregate initialization by initializing a Point object with values for x and y.
20. Create a class Sample with private members a and b. Implement a constructor that uses a member initializer list to initialize these members. Write a member function to display the values of a and b, and test the implementation in the main function.