

REVENUE

CONCEPT



# MEANING OF REVENUE

Revenue of a firm is its money receipts from the sale of its product in a given period.

Revenue = Price X Product

Revenue = Cost + Profit

Profit = Revenue – Cost

# CONCEPT OF REVENUE

Total Revenue – Sum total of money received of a firm from the sale of a given output.

$$TR = P * Q$$

Marginal Revenue – Change in total revenue by selling of one more unit of a commodity.

$$MR = TR_n - TR_{(n-1)}$$

$$***MR = \Delta TR / \Delta Q***$$

Average Revenue – Revenue per unit of output is called average revenue.

$$AR = TR / Q$$



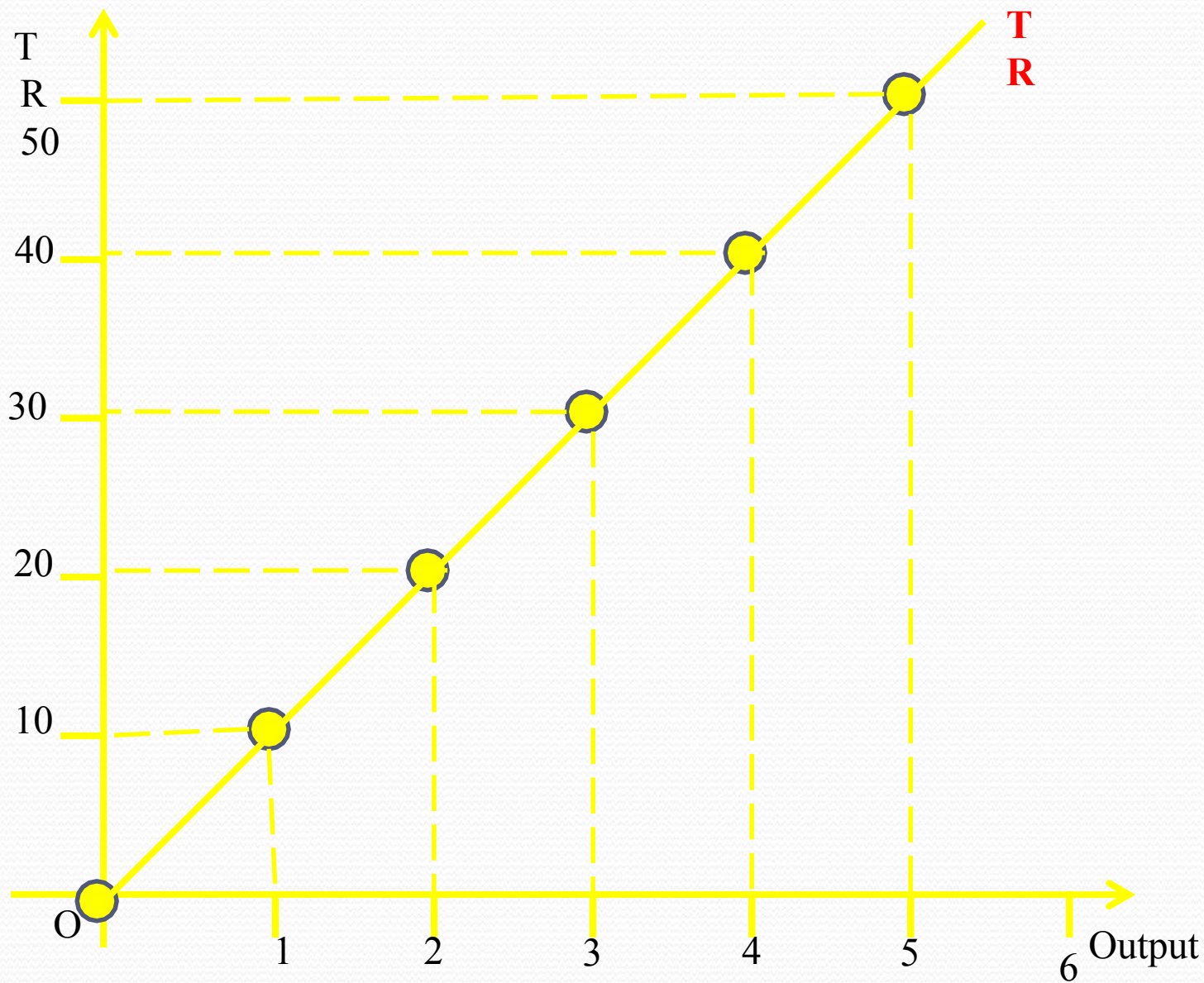
**Derivation of TR, AR and MR under perfect competitive and imperfect market structure.**

**Relationship between TR, AR and MR.**

# **Total Revenue Under Perfect Competition**

Units of Output (Q)	Per Unit Price (P)	Total Revenue (TR)
0	10	0
1	10	10
2	10	20
3	10	30
4	10	40
5	10	50





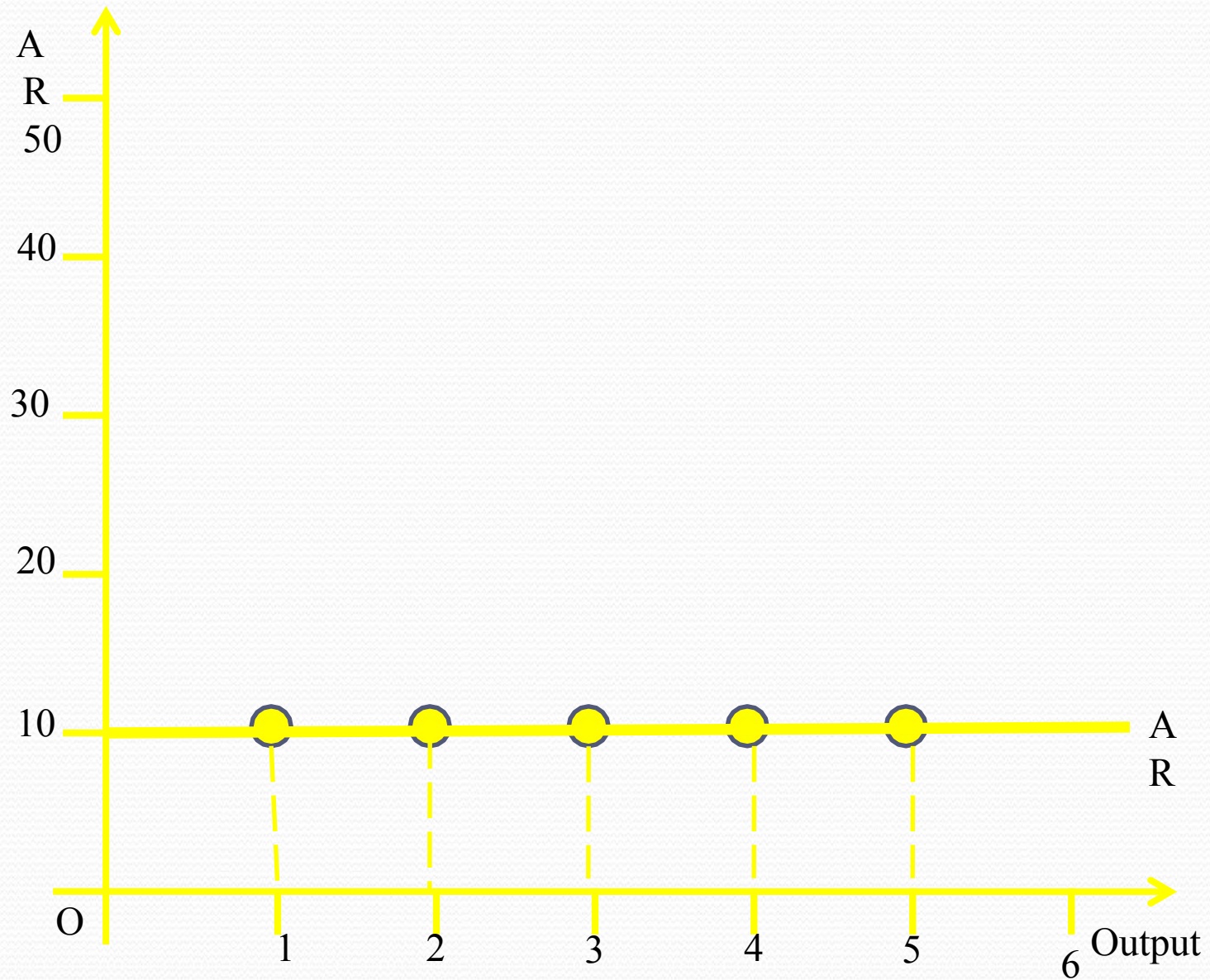
# AVERAGE REVENUE UNDER PERFECT

## COMPETITION

Units of Output (Q)	Per Unit Price (P)	Total Revenue (TR)	Average Revenue (AR) = $TR/Q$
0	10	0	-
1	10	10	10
2	10	20	10
3	10	30	10
4	10	40	10
5	10	50	10

- Graphically

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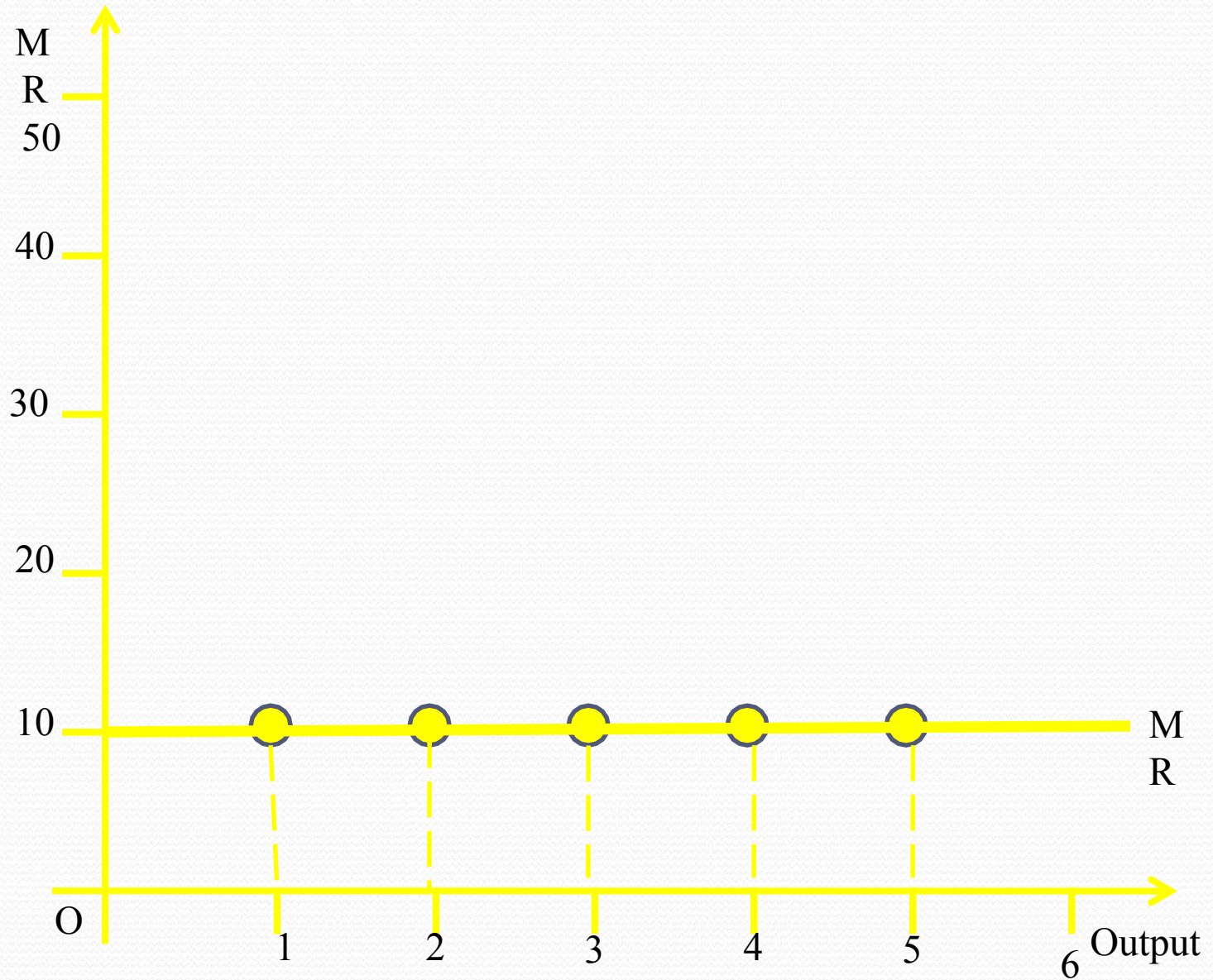




# Marginal Revenue in Perfect Competition

Units of Output (Q)	Per Unit Price (P)	Total Revenue (TR) = P × Q	Average Revenue (AR) = TR/Q	Marginal Revenue (MR) = $\Delta TR/\Delta Q$
0	10	0	-	-
1	10	10	10	10
2	10	20	10	10
3	10	30	10	10
4	10	40	10	10
5	10	50	10	10

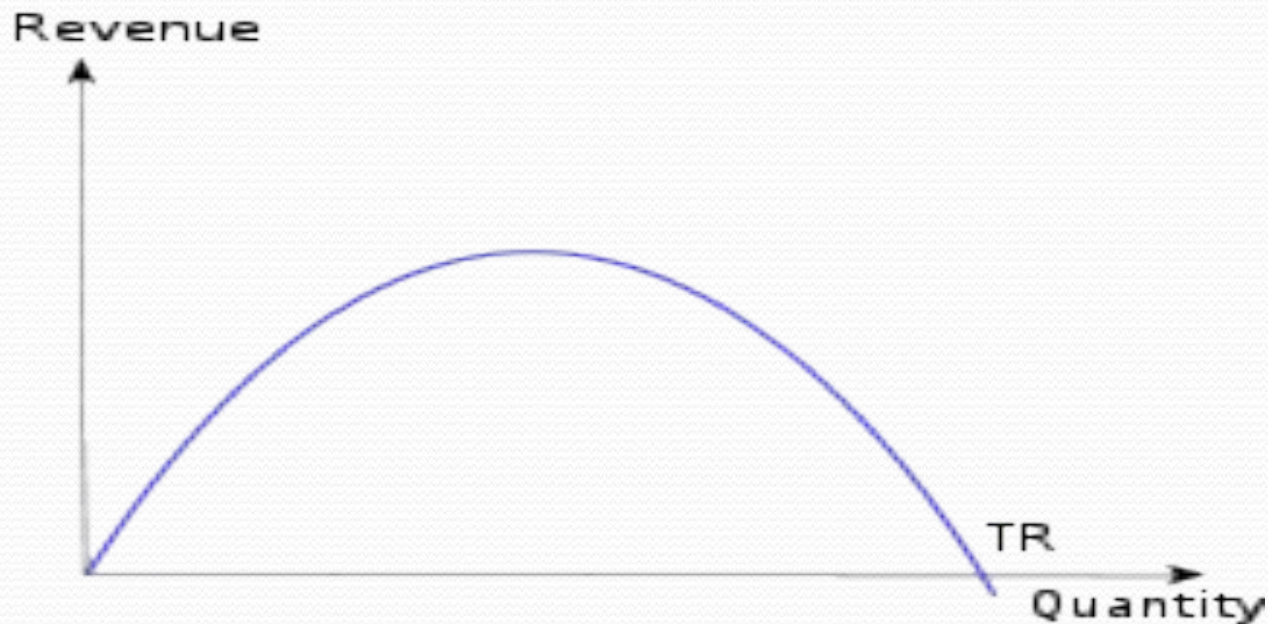
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# TR, AR AND MR SCHEDULE

Price	Units of output	TR	AR	MR
10	1	10	10	10
9	2	18	9	8
8	3	27	8	6
7	4	28	7	4
6	5	30	6	2
5	6	30	5	0
4	7	28	4	-2
3	8	24	3	-4

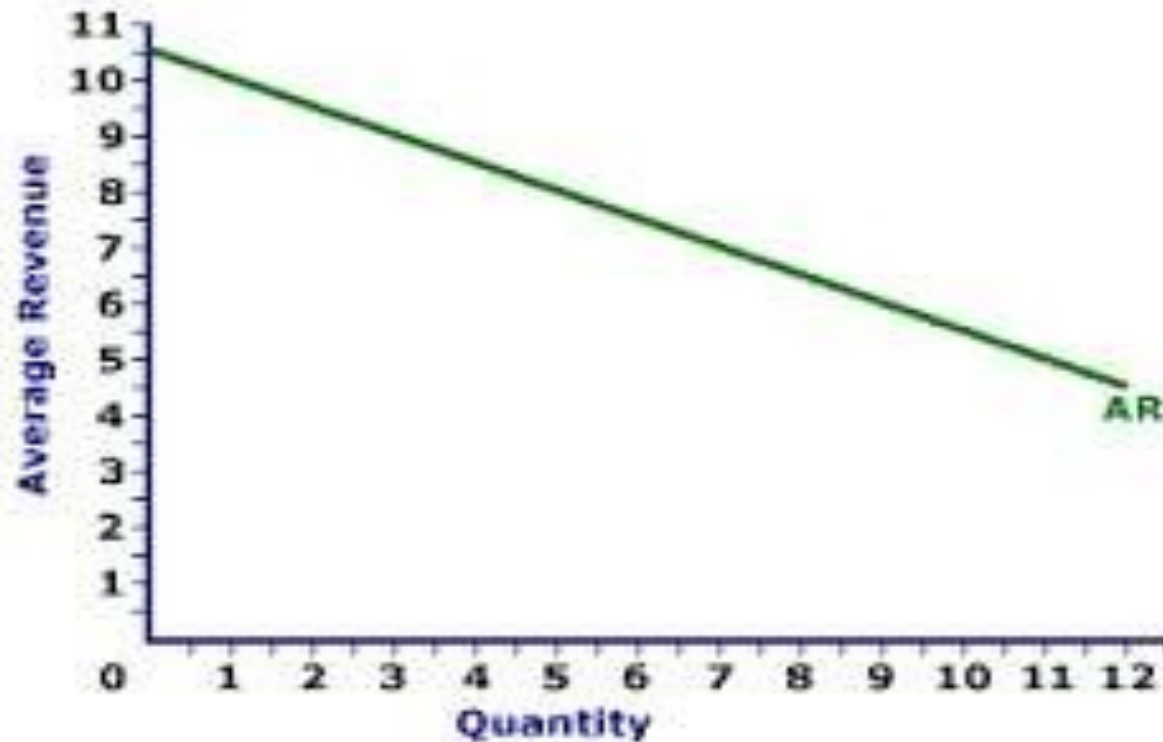
# A. Total Revenue (TR):



Formula:  $TR = P \times Q$



## B. Average Revenue (AR):



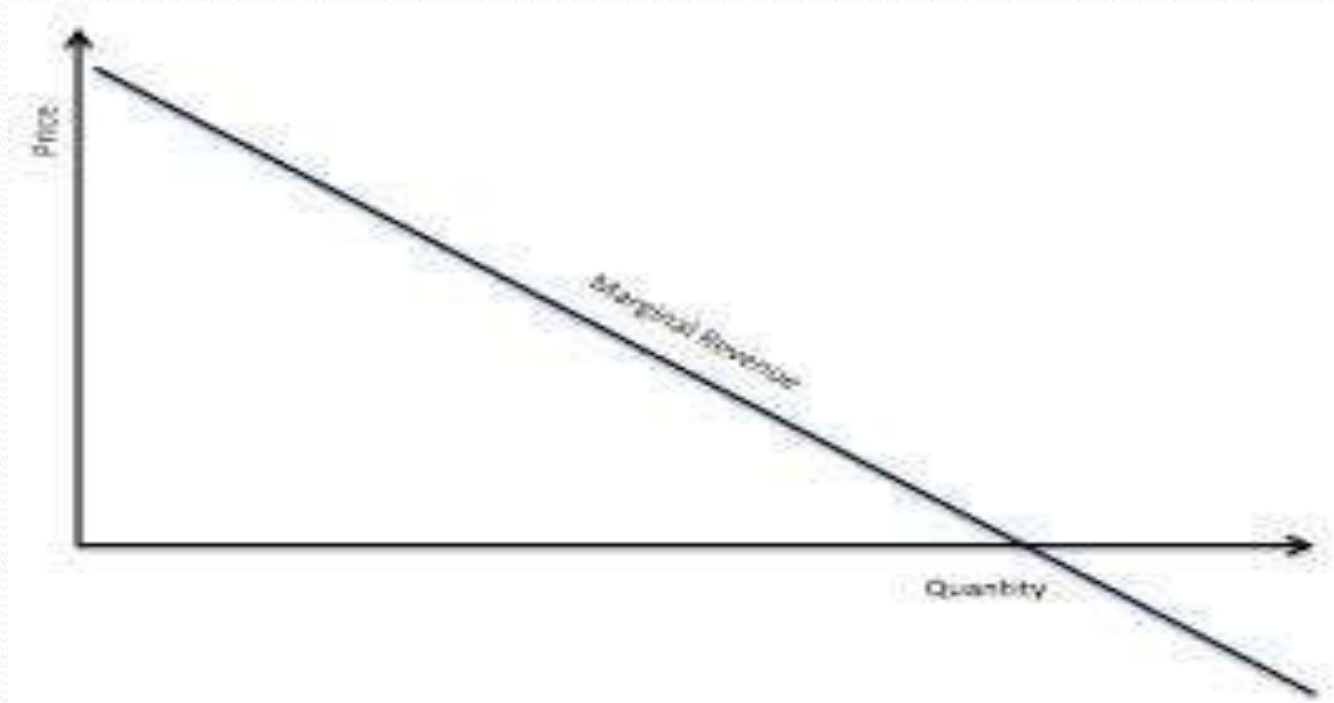
Formula:

$$AR = \frac{TR}{Q} = \frac{P \times Q}{Q} = P$$

$$\therefore AR = P$$



# C. Marginal Revenue (MR):



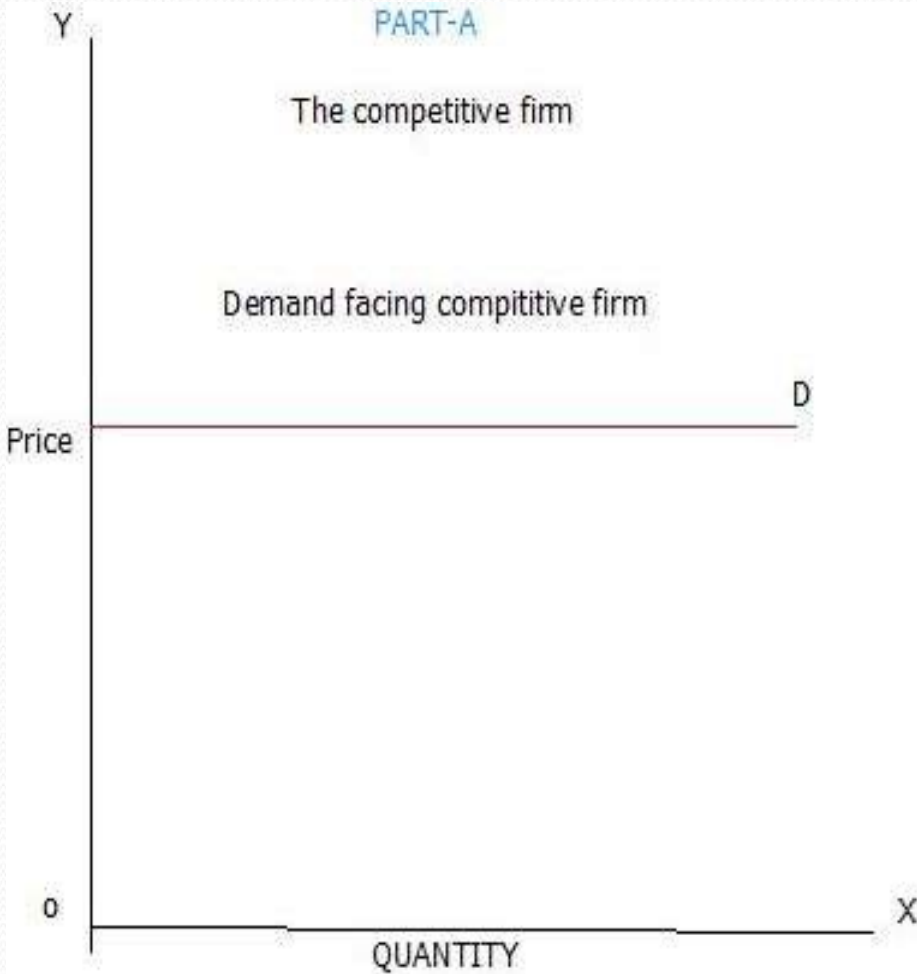
Formula:  $MR_n = TR_n - TR_{n-1}$

# Monopoly Market

PART-A

The competitive firm

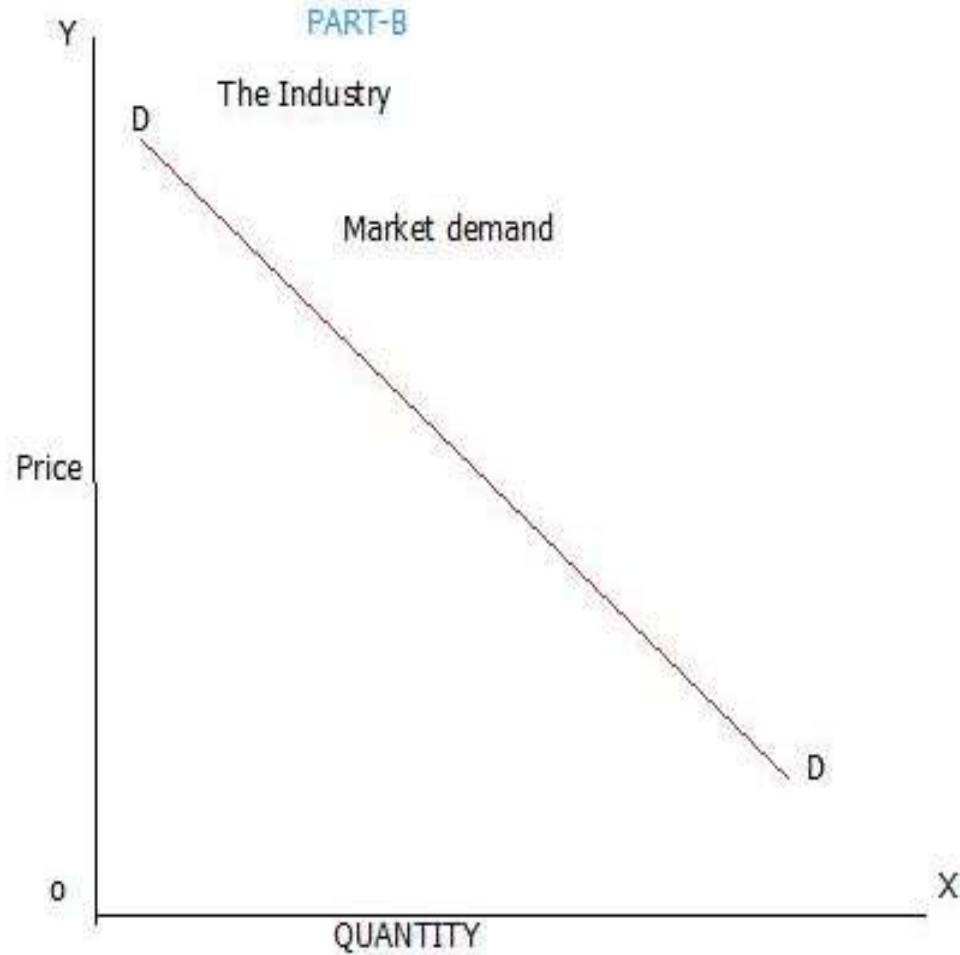
Demand facing competitive firm



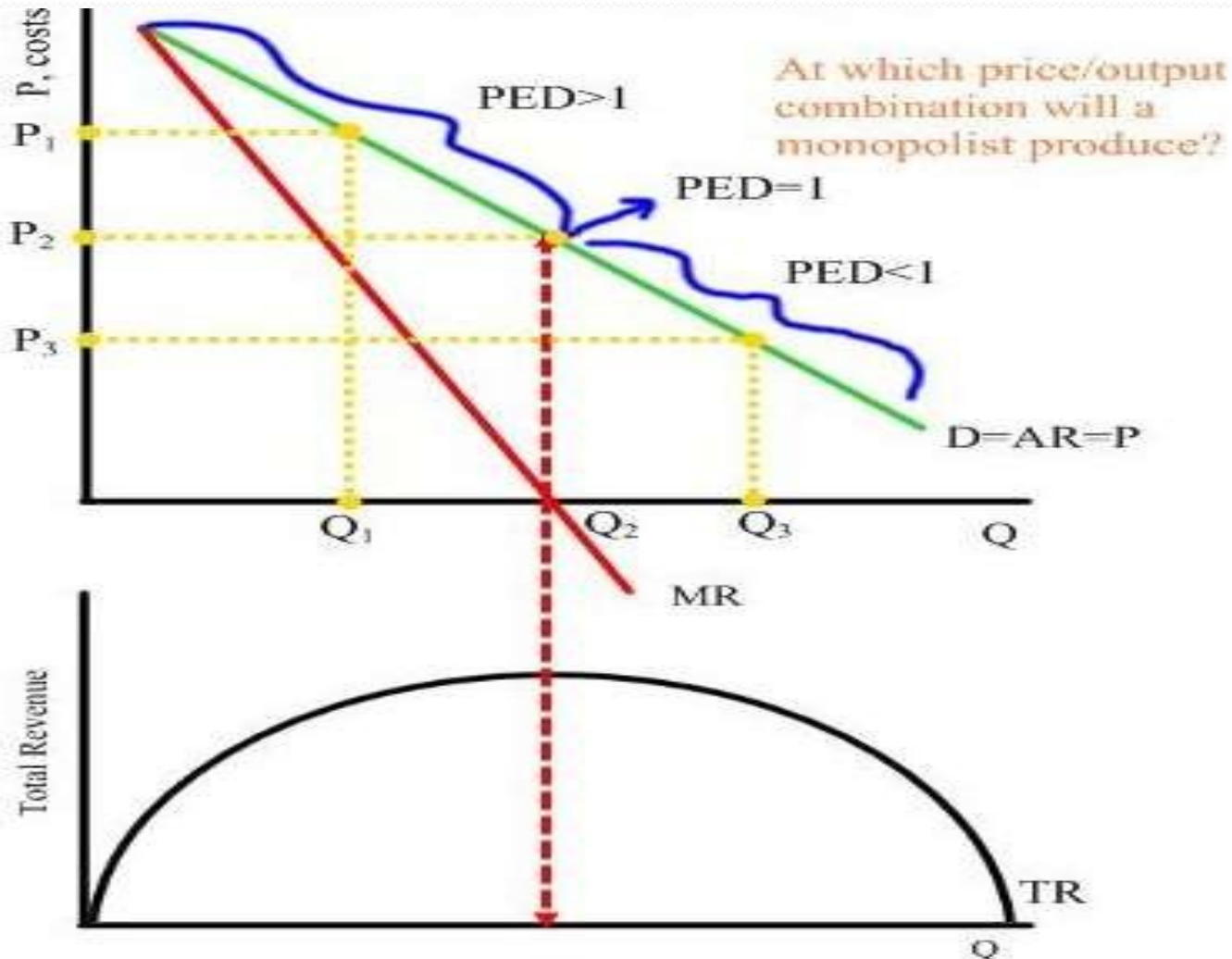
PART-B

The Industry

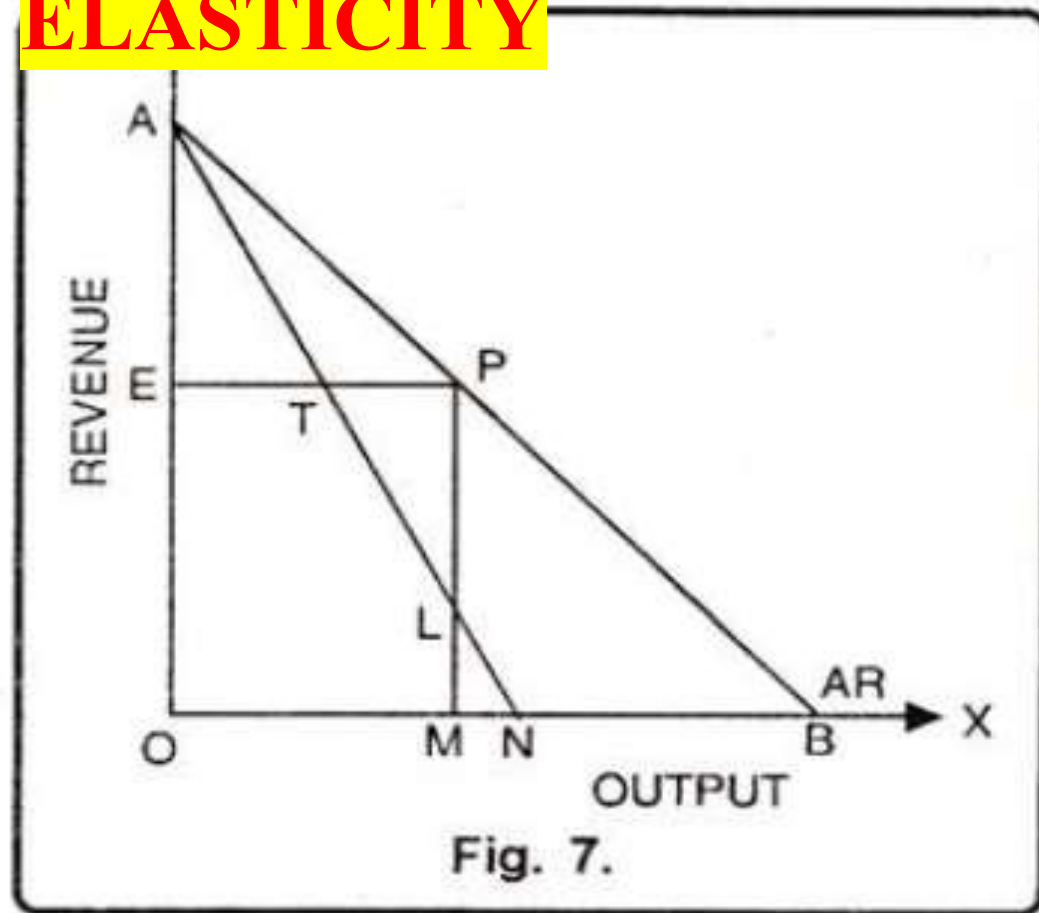
Market demand



# AR, TR & MR Under Monopoly



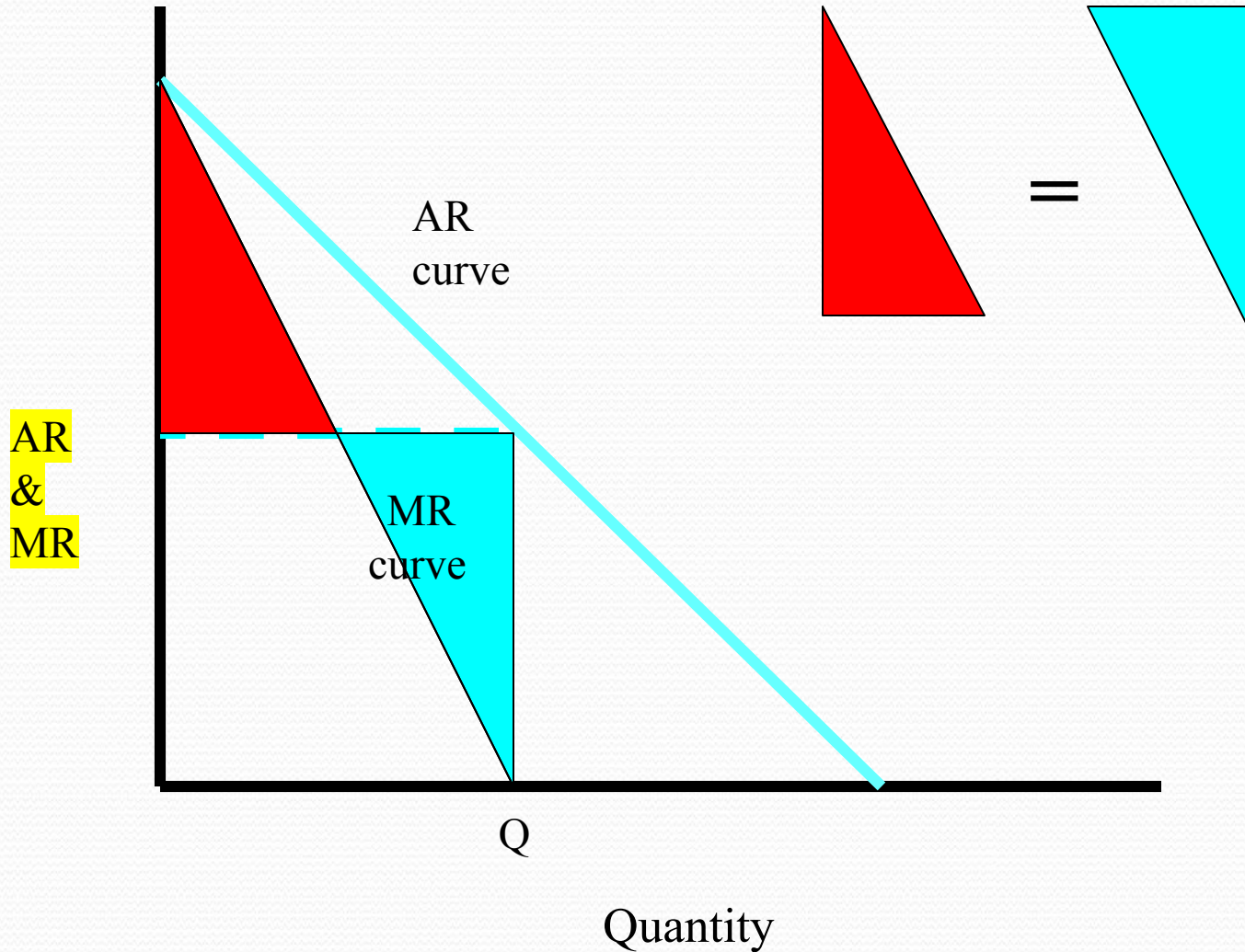
# RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AR AND MR CURVES & PRICE ELASTICITY



$$e = \frac{A}{A - M}$$

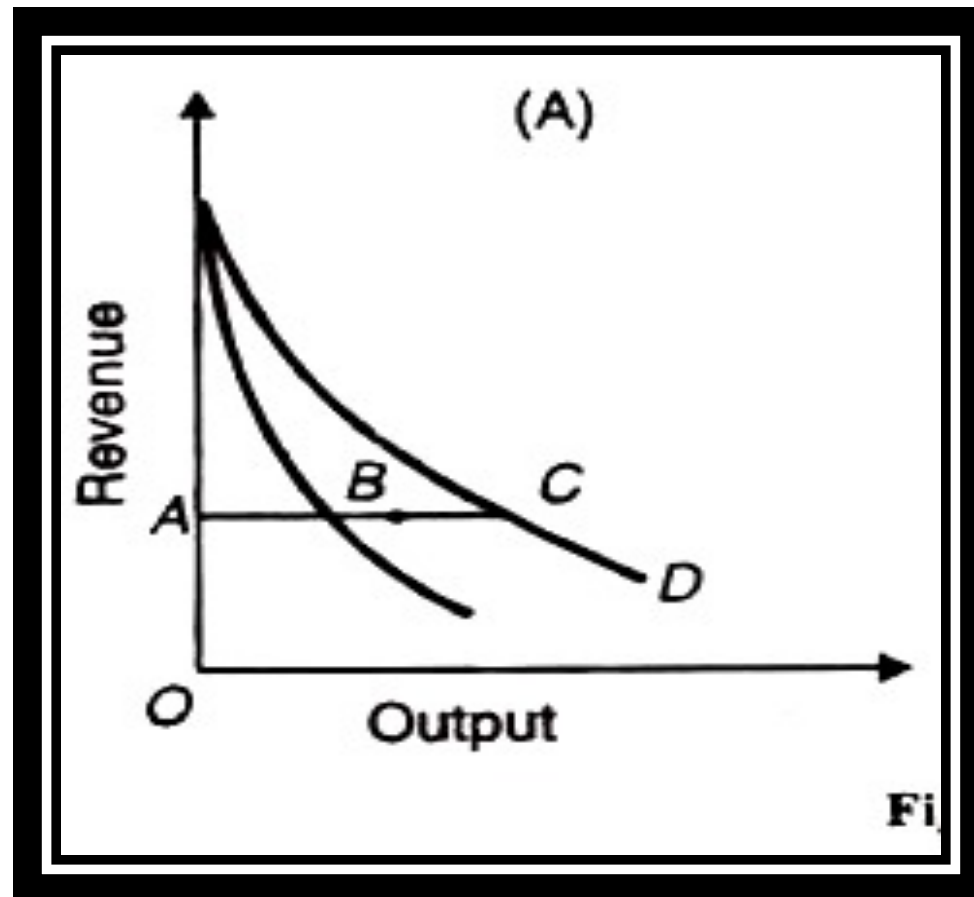


## WHEN AR AND MR ARE FALLING AT A CONSTANT RATE

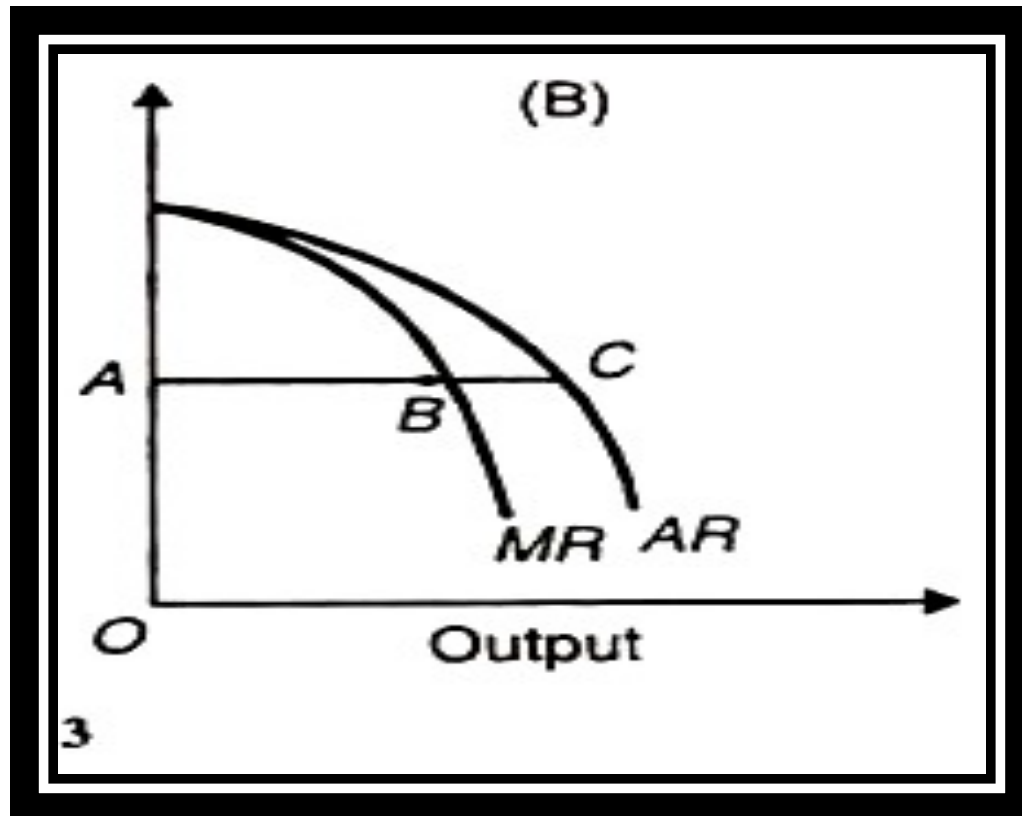




WHEN AR AND MR ARE CONVEX TO THE ORIGIN



WHEN AR AND MR ARE CONCAVE TO THE ORIGIN





THANK  
YOU