

# Lambda Calculus

## Abstract Syntax

$X = \{x, y, z, \dots\}$  — variables

$C = \{X, Y, Z, \dots\}$  — constructors

$\Lambda =$	$X$	— variable
	$C$	— constructor
	$\lambda X. \Lambda$	— abstraction
	$\Lambda \Lambda$	— application

## Call by Value (Small-Step)

Substitution:

$$x[z \leftarrow B] = \begin{cases} B & , \quad z = x \\ x & , \quad z \neq x \end{cases}$$

$$X[x \leftarrow B] = X$$

$$(M \ N)[x \leftarrow A] = (M[x \leftarrow A])(N[x \leftarrow A])$$

$$(\lambda z. B)[x \leftarrow A] = \begin{cases} \lambda z. B & , \quad z = x \\ \lambda z. (B[x \leftarrow A]) & , \quad z \neq x \end{cases}$$

Reduction rules:

$$(\lambda x. A) \ B \rightarrow A[x \leftarrow B], \text{ } B \text{ is in a normal form} \quad [\text{RED}]$$

$$\frac{M \rightarrow M'}{M \ N \rightarrow M' \ N} \quad [\text{APP}]$$

$$\frac{N \rightarrow N'}{M \ N \rightarrow M \ N'}, \text{ } M \text{ is in a normal form} \quad [\text{ARG}]$$