OpenLDAP Installation (eduroam & federated services)

These steps document the installation and setup of OpenLDAP to support eduroam and to act as an identity source for use with other trust and identity services.

I will be using Ubuntu 18.04 LTS with hardware specifications of 4GB RAM and 32GB of HDD. The. server is configured with a public IP and domain iam. ubuntunet.net

#++++++ The next line(s) is/are output of a command

Step-by-step guide

Base Installation

Step 1: Update the server repos and install prerequisite applications (This will prompt you to enter an Administrator Password on the 'Configuring slapd' screen. Please enter a password of choice such as Idapx2021):

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install slapd ldap-utils gnutls-bin ssl-cert vim
```

Step 2: Reconfigure slapd - this to ensure extra options are further configured. A prompt with different options will be presented, please enter them appropriately.

sudo dpkg-reconfigure slapd
#+++++++

- Omit OpenLDAP server configuration? No
- DNS domain name: ubuntunet.net (use the server's domain name as this will form the tree: dc=ubuntunet, dc=net)
- Organization name: Your Institute (This will simply be added to the base entry as the name of your institute)
- Administrator password: ldapx2021
- Confirm password: must match the above
- Database backend to use: HDB (out of the choices, this has the most functionality)
- Do you want the database to be removed when slapd is purged? (your choice. Choose Yes to allow a completely clean removal, choose No to save your data even when the software is removed)
- Move old database? Yes

Certificates

Step 3: Create the certificate templates to be used for generating certificate-key pairs (one for the certificate authority and the other for the LDAP service)

3.1: Make a directory to store the templates, create the certificate authority template and open it in a text editor. Add the following contents

3.2 Create the LDAP server certificate configuration and open it in a a text editor. Add the following contents (Please replace the organisation and cn accordingly. cn = server FQDN):

```
sudo vim /etc/ssl/templates/ldap_server.conf
#+++++++++++
organization = "UbuntuNet Alliance"
cn = iam.ubuntunet.net
tls www server
encryption kev
signing_key
expiration_days = 3652
3.3 Create the CA key and certificate using the certtool utility (the key will be stored in /etc/ssl/private and the certificate in /etc/ssl/certs)
sudo certtool -p --outfile /etc/ssl/private/ca_server.key
sudo certtool -s --load-privkey /etc/ssl/private/ca_server.key --template /etc/ssl/templates/ca_server.conf --
outfile /etc/ssl/certs/ca_server.pem
3.4 Create the LDAP service key and certificate using the certtool utility
sudo certtool -p --sec-param high --outfile /etc/ssl/private/ldap_server.key
\verb|sudo| certtool -c --load-privkey| / etc/ssl/private/ldap\_server. \\ \verb|key --load-ca-certificate| / etc/ssl/certs/ca\_server. \\ \\ \verb|sudo| certtool -c --load-privkey| / etc/ssl/private/ldap\_server. \\ \verb|key --load-ca-certificate| / etc/ssl/certs/ca\_server. \\ \\ \verb|sudo| certtool -c --load-privkey| / etc/ssl/private/ldap\_server. \\ \\ \verb|sudo| certtool -c --load-private/ldap\_server. \\ \\ \\ \verb|sudo| certtool -c --load-private/ldap\_server. \\ \\ \\ \end{tension}
pem --load-ca-privkey /etc/ssl/private/ca_server.key --template /etc/ssl/templates/ldap_server.conf --outfile /etc
/ssl/certs/ldap_server.pem
3.5 Give OpenLDAP access to the LDAP server key
3.5.1 Set the appropriate permissions
sudo usermod -aG ssl-cert openldap
sudo chown :ssl-cert /etc/ssl/private/ldap_server.key
sudo chmod 640 /etc/ssl/private/ldap_server.key
3.5.2 Configure OpenLDAP to use the certificate and keys (our configuration changes shall be put in addcerts.ldif)
cd ~
vim addcerts.ldif
#+++++++++++
dn:cn=config
changetype:modify
replace:olcTLSCACertificateFile
olcTLSCACertificateFile:/etc/ssl/certs/ca_server.pem
replace:olcTLSCertificateFile
olcTLSCertificateFile:/etc/ssl/certs/ldap_server.pem
replace:olcTLSCertificateKevFile
olcTLSCertificateKeyFile:/etc/ssl/private/ldap_server.key
#+++++++++++
3.5.3 Apply changes to the OpenLDAP system
# On one console, stop the slapd service and start in debug mode
sudo service slapd stop
sudo slapd -h ldapi:/// -u openldap -g openldap -d 65 -F /etc/ldap/slapd.d/ -d 65
# On another console, use ldapmodify to add the changes
sudo ldapmodify -H ldapi:// -Y EXTERNAL -f addcerts.ldif
# Stop the debug mode and restart the service
sudo service slapd start
3.6 Configure the OpenLDAP server with system-wide configurations for use with LDAP utilities
sudo cp /etc/ssl/certs/ca_server.pem /etc/ldap/ca_certs.pem
# Please uncomment the TLS_CACERT line in this file, and the the contents that follow below:
sudo vim /etc/ldap/ldap.conf
```

eduPerson & SHAC Schema

anonymous

Step 4.1: Get the eduPerson and SHAC schemas downloaded as below:

```
wget https://wiki.ubuntunet.net/download/attachments/59015170/eduperson-201602.ldif
wget https://wiki.ubuntunet.net/download/attachments/59015170/SCHAC.ldif

Step 4.2 Load the schemas:
sudo ldapadd -Y EXTERNAL -H ldapi:/// -f eduperson-201602.ldif
sudo ldapadd -Y EXTERNAL -H ldapi:/// -f SCHAC.ldif
```

OpenLDAP Test Users/Groups

Step 5.1: Create an LDIF file (ubuntunet.ldif - use your institution name)with institution details:

```
#++++++++++++++++
```

```
dn: ou=people,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
objectClass: organizationalUnit
objectClass: top
ou: People
dn: ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
objectClass: organizationalUnit
objectClass: top
ou: Group
description: All groups
dn: ou=servers,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
description: servers
objectClass: top
objectClass: organizationalUnit
ou: servers
dn: cn=iam,ou=servers,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
cn: idp
description: Identity Server
ipHostNumber: 3ffe: ffff: : 9
objectClass: top
objectClass: device
objectClass: ipHost
objectClass: simpleSecurityObject
userPassword: {crypt}iampass21
#++++++++++++++++
```

Step 5.2: Add the above information to the LDAP directory (You will be prompted for the admin password set earlier in Step 1)

```
\verb|sudo| ldapadd -H | ldap:// -x -D "cn=admin,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net" -W -Z -f | ubuntunet.ldif|
```

Step 5.3 Create a Posix Group with a gidNumber and link a user to it as adm.ldif

#+++++++++++++++

```
dn: cn=adm,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
cn: adm
description: System Admin Staff
gidNumber: 1000
objectClass: posixGroup
objectClass: top
dn: uid=alex.mwotil,ou=people,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
cn: Mwotil alex
uid: alex.mwotil
uidNumber: 1001
gidNumber: 1000
givenName: Mwotil Alex
homeDirectory: /dev/null
homePhone: none
objectClass: person
objectClass: organizationalPerson
objectClass: inetOrgPerson
objectClass: eduPerson
objectClass: posixAccount
objectClass: schacEntryMetadata
objectClass: schacLinkageIdentifiers
objectClass: extensibleObject
objectClass: top
objectClass: shadowAccount
sn: Mwotil
mobile: +256772123456
userPassword: Alex.pass77
mail: alex.mwotil@ubuntunet.net
email: mwotila@gmail.com
eduPersonAffiliation: staff
```

Step 5.4 Add the above information to the LDAP directory (You will be prompted for the admin password set earlier in Step 1)

```
\verb|sudo| ldapadd -H ldap:// -x -D "cn=admin,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net" -W -Z -f adm.ldif|
```

Samba Integration

#++++++++++++++

Step 6.1: Install SambaLDAP packages

```
sudo apt-get install samba smbldap-tools
```

Step 6.2: Copy and uncompress the samba schema file

```
sudo cp /usr/share/doc/samba/examples/LDAP/samba.schema.gz /etc/ldap/schema sudo gzip -d /etc/ldap/schema/samba.schema.gz
```

Step 6.3: Create schema_convert.conf with the following:

Step 6.4: Create a temporary file to hold the output

```
mkdir /tmp/ldif_output
```

Step 6.5: Determine the index of the schema (This returns 14 on the instance here)

```
slapcat -f schema_convert.conf -F ldif_output -n 0 | grep samba,cn=schema
```

Step 6.2: Convert the schema to LDIF format

```
slapcat -f schema_convert.conf -F /tmp/ldif_output -n0 -H ldap:///cn={14}samba.cn=schema.cn=config -l cn=samba.
```

Step 6.2: Edit the generated cn=samba.ldif file to remove the index information on line 1 and line 3. This should now look as below:

```
dn: cn=samba,cn=schema,cn=config
objectClass: olcSchemaConfig
```

cn: samba

Step 6.3: Also remove the bottom lines (Some of your attributes will vary):

```
structuralObjectClass: olcSchemaConfig
entryUUID: 6fe23ace-2652-103b-8ede-c19ae983d8e2
creatorsName: cn=config
createTimestamp: 20210331095140Z
entryCSN: 20210331095140.717718Z#000000#000#000000
modifiersName: cn=config
modifyTimestamp: 20210331095140Z
```

Step 6.2: Load the new samba schema to LDAP

```
sudo ldapadd -Q -Y EXTERNAL -H ldapi:/// -f cn\=samba.ldif
```

Step 6.2: View the new schema

```
sudo ldapsearch -Q -LLL -Y EXTERNAL -H ldapi:/// -b cn=schema,cn=config 'cn=*samba*'
```

Step 6.2: Create the indices (samba_indices.ldif) to Samba attributes for improved search:

```
dn: olcDatabase={1}hdb,cn=config
changetype: modify
add: olcDbIndex
olcDbIndex: loginShell eq
olcDbIndex: uniqueMember eq,pres
olcDbIndex: sambaSID eq
olcDbIndex: sambaPrimaryGroupSID eq
olcDbIndex: sambaGroupType eq
olcDbIndex: sambaSIDList eq
olcDbIndex: sambaDomainName eq
olcDbIndex: default sub
```

Step 6.2: Load and search the new indices

```
sudo ldapmodify -Q -Y EXTERNAL -H ldapi:/// -f samba_indices.ldif
sudo ldapsearch -Q -LLL -Y EXTERNAL -H ldapi:/// -b cn=config olcDatabase={1}hdb olcDbIndex
```

Step 6.3: Retrieve the Samba domain SID

```
sudo net getlocalsid # Your output will be different from below:
SID for domain IAM is: S-1-5-21-2419233158-1789257387-3832146290
```

Step 6.3: Open the smbldap.conf and smbldap_bind.conf files and edit them with the correct LDAP settings

```
sudo cp /usr/share/doc/smbldap-tools/examples/smbldap.conf.gz /etc/smbldap-tools/
sudo cp /usr/share/doc/smbldap-tools/examples/smbldap_bind.conf /etc/smbldap-tools/
sudo gzip -d /etc/smbldap-tools/smbldap.conf.gz
```

Step 6.4: Modify /etc/smbldap-tools/smbldap.conf with the settings as per your LDAP installation:

```
sudo vi /etc/smbldap-tools/smbldap.conf
```

Changing UNIX and samba passwords for root

Retype new password: ## Re-enter password ##

New password: ## Enter Password ##

```
#+++++++++++++++
SID="S-1-5-21-2419233158-1789257387-3832146290" ## Replace with your Domain SID ##
sambaDomain="IAM" ## Enter your Domain name ##
#slaveLDAP="ldap://ldap.example.com/" ## Make it comment, we don't have slave LDAP ## masterLDAP="ldap://iam.ubuntunet.net/" ## Enter your LDAP Domain name ##
ddapTLS="l" ## We use TLS, so set it to "l" ## verify="required" ## Set it to "required"
cafile="/etc/ldap/ca_certs.pem" #This is what we had set before
clientcert="/etc/smbldap-tools/smbldap-tools.ubuntunet.pem"
clientkey="/etc/smbldap-tools/smbldap-tools.ubuntunet.key"
suffix="dc=ubuntunet,dc=net"
usersdn="ou=people,${suffix}"
computersdn="ou=servers.${suffix}"
groupsdn="ou=group,${suffix}"
userSmbHome="\\IAM\%U" ## Set your host name here ##
userProfile="\\IAM\profiles\%U" ## Set your host name here ##
userHomeDrive="H:" ## Set your Home drive ##
mailDomain="ubuntunet.net"
[...]
#+++++++++++++++
Step 6.5: Generate the Samba SSL certificate and key pair (for this demo, I am using: smbldap-tools.ubuntunet.pem and smbldap-tools.ubuntunet.key
). Where there are question prompts, please answer them appropriately.
```

```
sudo openssl req -new -newkey rsa:4096 -nodes -keyout smbldap-tools.ubuntunet.key -out smbldap-tools.ubuntunet.csr
sudo openssl x509 -req -sha256 -days 3650 -in smbldap-tools.ubuntunet.csr -signkey smbldap-tools.ubuntunet.key -
out smbldap-tools.ubuntunet.pem
```

Step 6.6: Modify /etc/smbldap-tools/smbldap_bind.conf with the settings as per your LDAP installation:

```
[...]
#slaveDN="cn=Manager,dc=example,dc=com" ## make it comment. we don't have a slave LDAP ##
#slavePw="secret" ## Make it comment ##
masterDN="cn=admin,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net" ## Enter LDAP admin username and LDAP suffixes ##
masterPw="password from step 1" ## Enter LDAP root administrative account password ##
Step 6.7: Populate the LDAP database
sudo smbldap-populate
#+++++++++++++
Populating LDAP directory for domain ULDAP (S-1-5-21-2419233158-1789257387-3832146290)
(using builtin directory structure)
entry dc=ubuntunet,dc=net already exist.
entry ou=people,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net already exist.
entry ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net already exist.
entry ou=servers,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net already exist.
adding new entry: ou=Idmap,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: sambaDomainName=ULDAP,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: uid=root,ou=people,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: uid=nobody,ou=people,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: cn=Domain Admins,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: cn=Domain Users,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: cn=Domain Guests,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: cn=Domain Computers,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: cn=Administrators,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: cn=Account Operators,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: cn=Print Operators,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: cn=Backup Operators,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
adding new entry: cn=Replicators,ou=group,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net
Please provide a password for the domain root:
```

```
sudo getent group
```

Step 6.9: Configure samba in /etc/samba/smb.conf and make the following changes:

```
sudo cp /usr/share/doc/smbldap-tools/examples/smb.conf.example /etc/samba/smb.conf
sudo vi /etc/samba/smb.conf
#+++++++++++++++
workgroup = UBUNTUNET ## Your domain Name ##
netbios name = IAM ## Samba server Host name ##
logon drive = H: ## Logon drive ##
passdb backend = ldapsam:"ldap://iam.ubuntunet.net/" ## Samba server FQDN ##
ldap ssl = start tls ## Set to enable SSL
ldap admin dn = cn=admin,dc=ubuntunet,dc=net ## LDAP admin account and LDAP suffixes ##
ldap suffix = dc=ubuntunet,dc=net ## LDAP suffix ##
ldap user suffix = ou=people
ldap group suffix = ou=group
ldap machine suffix = ou=servers
#+++++++++++++++
Step 6.10: Restart the Samba services
sudo smbpasswd -w password # password is what was set in step 1
sudo /etc/init.d/smbd restart
sudo /etc/init.d/nmbd restart
```

LAM (LDAP Account Manager)

LAM (https://www.ldap-account-manager.org/lamcms/) is a GUI tool used to manage the LDAP seerver

Step 7.1: Install the LAM server

sudo apt-get install ldap-account-manager

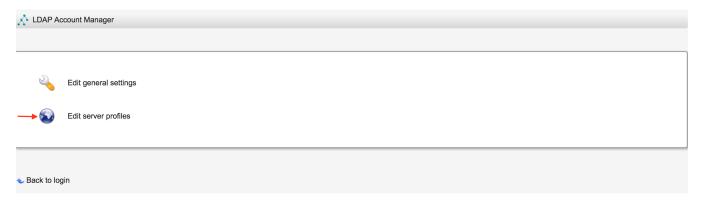
Step 7.2: Access the LAM server from a web browser by visiting http://ip-address/lam. For my demo, I will visit http://iam.ubuntunet.net/lam

The default password for lam administrative account is "lam" but you should change this (later on it)

Step 7.3: Before we can fully access LAM, enter the LDAP admin user name and LDAP suffix in lam configuration file. This is done by clicking on **LAM** configuration on the right cornet of **lam** main console.



Step 7.4: The above step leads us to the screen below, now click on 'Edit Server Profiles' You will be prompted for the password (Use the default - lam if you haven't changed it yet)



Step 7.5: On the General Settings tab, enter the following details:

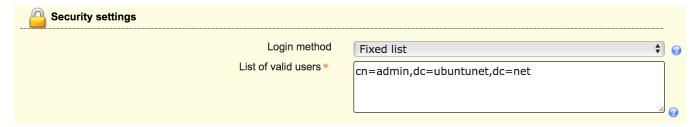
Step 7.5.1: Server Settings



Step 7.5.1: Language Settings

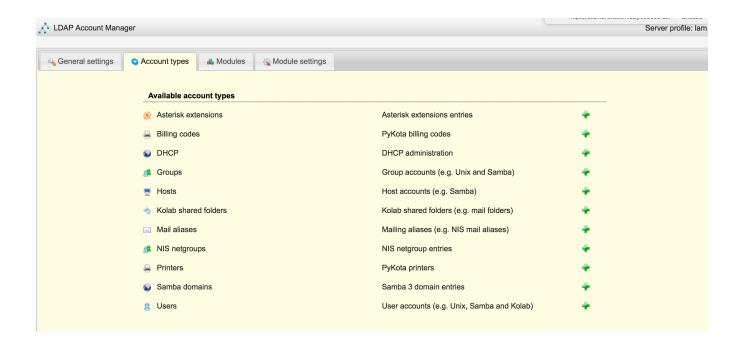


Step 7.5.1: Security Settings

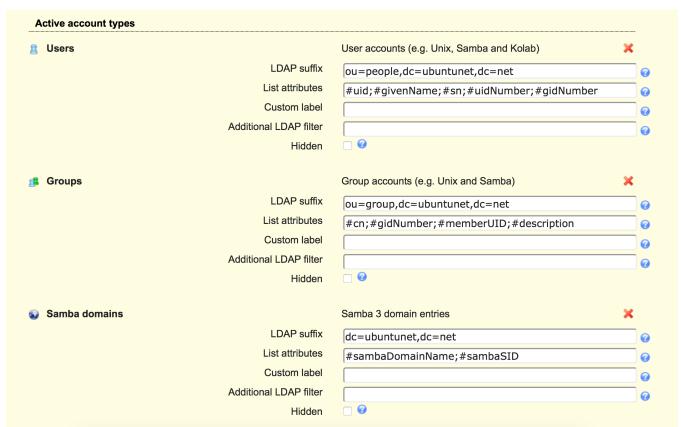


Step 7.6: Under the Account Types tab, add the following settings:

Step 7.6.1: Under Available account types add Samba domains.



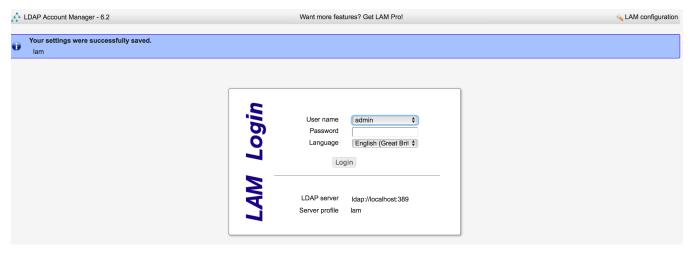
Step 7.6.2: Under Active account types, add the correct settings:



Step 7.6: Under the Account Types tab, add the following settings (Take note of Samba 3 and ED person):



Step 7.7: You can now save and you will be redirected to the login screen where you can now login with LDAP credentials that were created earlier.



Step 7.8: You can now be able to add Users, Groups and Samba Domains. When adding a user, please ensure that **Samba 3 Extension** and **EDU person extension** attributes are added.

Also when setting a user password Unix and Samba 3 should be selected.



Step 7.9: You may now enable HTTPS access through LetsEncrypt

sudo apt install python-certbot-apache

 $\hbox{sudo certbot $$--$apache $$-d$ iam.ubuntunet.net $$\# Answer the prompts correctly (The last prompt should ask about redirection to https, enter that option $$-$ 2 at the time of this writing) } \\$



Related articles

• OpenLDAP Installation (eduroam & federated services)