EX-1.9

Title:

Check if a given number x exists in a sorted array arr using binary search.

Aim:

To design and implement a Python program to search for a given key in a sorted array using binary search.

Procedure:

- 1. Read input size n.
- 2. Read n elements into an array.
- 3. Read the key to search for.
- 4. Implement binary search on the sorted array:
 - Initialize low = 0, high = n 1.
 - While low <= high:
 - Calculate mid = (low + high) // 2.
 - If arr[mid] == key, return the position.
 - If arr[mid] < key, search in the right half (low = mid + 1).
 - Else, search in the left half (high = mid 1).
- 5. If the key is found, print its position (1-indexed).
- 6. If not found, print not found message.

Algorithm:

- 1. Start
- 2. Read n
- 3. Read array arr
- 4. Sort the array (since binary search requires sorted array)
- 5. Read key k
- 6. Set low = 0, high = n-1
- 7. While low <= high
 - mid = (low + high) // 2
 - If arr[mid] == k, return mid + 1
 - Else if arr[mid] < k, set low = mid + 1
 - Else, set high = mid 1
- 8. If not found, print not found message
- 9. Stop

Input:

8

3 4 6 -9 10 8 9 30

10

Output:

Element 10 is found at position 5

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Program:
def binarySearch(arr, key):
  low = 0
  high = len(arr) - 1
  while low <= high:
    mid = (low + high) // 2
    if arr[mid] == key:
       return mid + 1 # 1-indexed position
    elif arr[mid] < key:
       low = mid + 1
    else:
       high = mid - 1
  return -1
n = int(input("Enter size of array: "))
arr = list(map(int, input("Enter array elements: ").split()))
arr.sort() # Sorting before binary search, as binary search requires sorted
array
key = int(input("Enter key to search: "))
pos = binarySearch(arr, key)
```

print(f"Element {key} is found at position {pos}")

print(f"Element {key} is not found")

if pos != -1:

else:

Performance Analysis:

Time Complexity: O(log n)

Space Complexity: O(1)

program output:



Result:

Thus the given program Binary Search is executed and got output successfully.