Voting System Project Using Django Framework

Project Title: Pollster (Voting System) web application using Django framework **Type of Application (Category):** Web application.

Introduction: We will create a pollster (voting system) web application using Django. This application will conduct a series of questions along with many choices. A user will be allowed to give voting for that question by selecting a choice. Based on the answer the total votes will be calculated and it will be displayed to the user. Users can also check the result of the total votes for specific questions on the website directly. We will also build the admin part of this

project. Admin user will be allowed to add questions and manage questions in the application.

Pre-requisite: Knowledge of Python and basics of Django Framework. Python should be installed in the system. Visual studio code or any code editor to work on the application.

Technologies used in the project: Django framework and SQLite database which comes by default with Django.

Implementation of the Project

Creating Project

Step-1: Create an empty folder pollster_project in your directory. Step-2: Now switch to your folder and create a virtual environment in this folder using the following command.

pip install pipenv pipenv shell

```
| 16 for Saction Van Co Run | Improve | Participate | Part
```

Step-3: A **Pipfile** will be created in your folder from the above step. Now install Django in your folder using the following command.

pipenv install django

Step-4: Now we need to establish the Django project. Run the following command in your folder and initiate a

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
"""Django's command-line utility for administrative tasks."'
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Screenshot has been saved
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       to Gallery
                                                          def main():
    """Run administrative tasks."""
    os.environ.setdefault('DJANGO_SETTINGS_MODULE', 'pollProject.settings')
                                                                 try:
from django.core.management import execute_from_command_line
                                                                        "Couldn't import Django. Are you sure it's installed and "
"available on your PYTHONPATH environment variable? Did you
"forget to activate a virtual environment?"
 0001_initial.py
                                                                ) from exc
execute_from_command_line(sys.argv)
 _init_.py
models.py

    ∑ pipenv + ∨ □ 前 ··· ^ X

__init_.py
asgi.pysettings.py
                                                  Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
v templates
                                                 PS C:\Users\siva> cd Downloads\pollProject
PS C:\Users\siva> Downloads\pollProject> python manage.py runserver
Natching for file changes with StatReloader
Performing system checks...
 o index.html
                                                  Django version 5.0.4, using settings 'pollProject.settings'
Starting development server at http://127.0.0.1:8800/
Quit the server with CTRL-BREAK.
 o detail.html
 o index.html
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Ln 23, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF () Python 3.10.6 64-bit C
```

Django project.

django-admin startproject pollster

A New Folder with name **pollster** will be created. Switch to the pollster folder using the following command.

cd pollster

The folder structure will look something like this

check if the application running or not using your http://127.0.0.1:8000/ in your browser.

python manage.py runserver

Step-5: Create an app 'polls' using the following command

python manage.py startapp polls

Below is the folder structure after creating "polls' app in the project.

Create Models

Step-1: In your models.py file write the code given below to create two tables in your database. One is 'Question' and the other one is 'Choice'. 'Question' will have two fields of 'question_text' and a 'pub_date'. Choice has three fields: 'question', 'choice_text', and 'votes'. Each Choice is associated with a Question.

Python Code:

```
from django.db import models
```

Create your models here.

class Question(models.Model):

```
question_text = models.CharField(max_length = 200)
```

pub_date
models.DateTimeField('date published')

def __str__(self):

return self.question_text

```
class Choice(models.Model):
```

```
question = models.ForeignKey(Question, on_delete = models.CASCADE)
```

```
choice_text
models.CharField(max_length = 200)
```

votes = models.IntegerField(default =
0)

```
def __str__(self):
```

Step-2:Go to the **settings.py** file and in the

list, INSTALLED_APPS write down the code below to include the app in our project. This will refer to the polls -apps.py -PollsConfig class.

Python3

INSTALLED_APPS = [

'polls.apps.PollsConfig',

'django.contrib.admin',

'django.contrib.auth',

'django.contrib.contenttypes',

'django.contrib.sessions',

'django.contrib.messages',

'django.contrib.staticfiles',

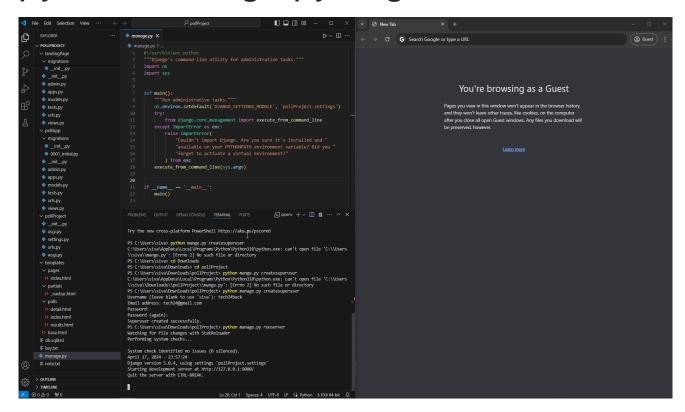
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Step-3: We have made changes in our database and created some tables but in order to reflect these changes we need to create migration here and then Django application will stores changes to our models. Run the following command given below to create migrations.

python manage.py makemigrations polls

Inside polls-migrations a file **0001_initial.py** will be created where you can find the database tables which we have created in our models.py file. Now to insert all the tables in our database run the command given below...

python manage.py migrate



Create an Admin User

Step-1: Run the command given below to create a user who can login to the admin site.

python manage.py createsuperuser

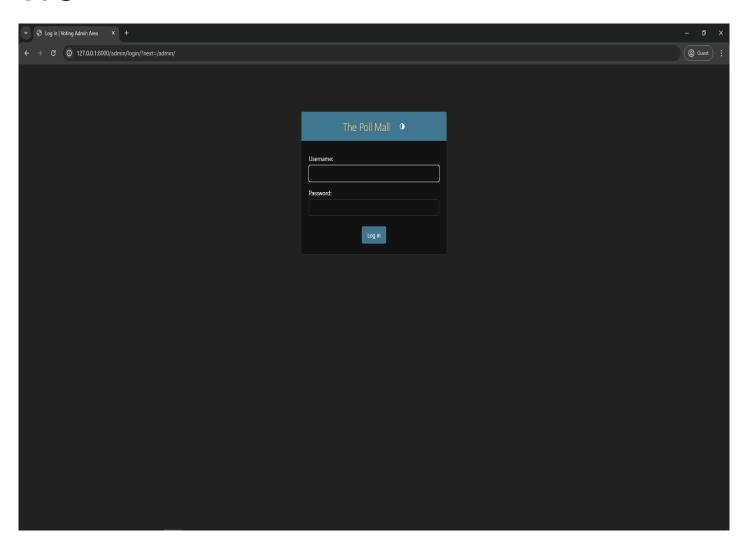
It will prompt username which we need to enter.

Username: geeks123

Now it will prompt an email address which again we need to enter here.

Email address: xyz@example.com

The final step is to enter the password. We



need to enter the password twice, the second time as a confirmation of the first.

Password: *****

Password (again): *****

Superuser created successfully.

Now we can run the server using the same command python manage.py runserver and we can check our admin panel browsing the URL http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin.

Step-2: In the **admin.py** file we will write the code given below to map each question with choices to select. Also, we will write the code to change the site header, site title, and index_title. Once this is done we can add questions and choices for the question from the admin panel.

```
Python3
```

from django.contrib import admin

Register your models here.

from .models import Question, Choice

admin.site.register(Question)

admin.site.register(Choice)

admin.site.site_header = "Pollster Admin"

admin.site.site_title = "Pollster Admin Area" admin.site.index_title = "Welcome to the Pollster Admin Area"

class ChoiceInLine(admin.TabularInline):

model = Choice

extra = 3

class
QuestionAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):

fieldsets = [(None, {'fields':

```
'fields': ['pub_date'], 'classes':
['collapse']}), ]
```

['question_text']}), ('Date Information', {

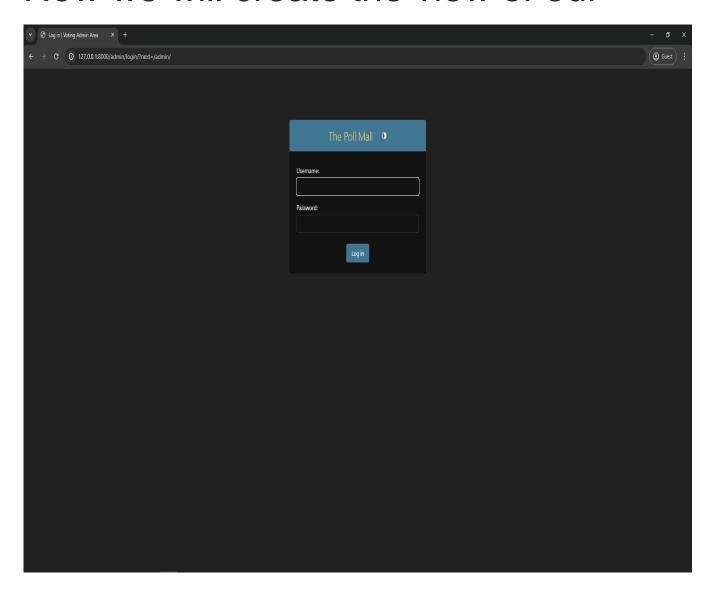
inlines = [ChoiceInLine]

admin.site.register(Question, QuestionAdmin)

```
Page of the selection from the processor of the processor
```

Create Views

Now we will create the view of our



application that will fetch the data from our database and will render the data in the 'template' (we will create 'template' folder and the files inside this folder in the next section) of our application to display it to the user.

Step-1 Open **views.py** file and write down the code given below.

Python3

from django.template import loader

from django.http import HttpResponse, HttpResponseRedirect

from django.shortcuts import get_object_or_404, render

from django.urls import reverse

from .models import Question, Choice

Get questions and display them

```
def index(request):
```

```
latest_question_list =
Question.objects.order_by('-
pub_date')[:5]
```

```
context = {'latest_question_list':
latest_question_list}
```

```
return render(request, 'polls /
index.html', context)
# Show specific question and choices
def detail(request, question_id):
  try:
    question = Question.objects.get(pk
= question_id)
  except Question.DoesNotExist:
    raise Http404("Question does not
```

```
exist")
  return render(request, 'polls /
detail.html', {'question': question})
# Get question and display results
def results(request, question_id):
  question
get_object_or_404(Question,
                                 pk
question_id)
  return render(request, 'polls
results.html', {'question': question})
```

```
# Vote for a question choice
```

```
def vote(request, question_id):
  # print(request.POST['choice'])
  question
get_object_or_404(Question,
                                  pk
question_id)
  try:
     selected_choice
question.choice_set.get(pk
request.POST['choice'])
```

```
(KeyError,
  except
Choice.DoesNotExist):
    # Redisplay the question voting
form.
    return render(request, 'polls /
detail.html', {
       'question': question,
       'error_message': "You didn't
select a choice.",
    })
  else:
    selected_choice.votes += 1
    selected_choice.save()
```

Always return an

HttpResponseRedirect after successfully dealing

with POST data. This prevents data from being posted twice if a

user hits the Back button.

return
HttpResponseRedirect(reverse('polls:res
ults', args =(question.id,)))

Step-2: Create a file **urls.py** inside the pollster-polls folder to define the routing for all the methods we have implemented in views.py file (don't get confused with the file inside the pollster-pollster-urls.py file). Below is the code of urls.py file...

Python3

```
from django.urls import path
from . import views
app_name = 'polls'
urlpatterns = [
  path(", views.index, name = 'index'),
  path('<int:question_id/', views.detail,
name ='detail'),
  path('<int:question_id/results/',
views.results, name ='results'),
  path('<int:question_id/vote/',
views.vote, name ='vote'),
```

Create Templates

Step-1: Follow the steps given below to create the front layout of the page.

- Create a folder 'templates' in top-level pollster folder (alongside of polls and pollster) i.e. pollster-templates.
- Create 'base.html' file inside the template folder. We will define the head, body and navigation bar of our application in this file.
- In the 'templates' folder create another folder 'polls'. In 'polls' folder create three files 'index.html', 'results.html' and 'detail.html'.

The folder structure will look like the image given below (we have highlighted the files which we have created in 'create views i.e urls.py' and 'create template' section)...

Step-2: By default Django will search the 'template' inside the 'polls' app but we have created a global 'template' folder which is outside the polls app. So in order to make it work, we need to define the 'template' folder path inside the settings.py file. Open settings.py file and add the code given below in the list 'TEMPLATES'. In order to make the given code work add "import os" in settings.py.

Python3

TEMPLATES = [

```
# make changes in DIRS[].
    'BACKEND':
'django.template.backends.django.Djang
oTemplates',
    'DIRS':
                [os.path.join(BASE_DIR,
'templates')],
    'APP DIRS': True,
    'OPTIONS': {
       'context_processors': [
         'django.template.context_proc
essors.debug',
         'django.template.context_proc
ess
```

ors.request',

'django.contrib.auth.context_pr ocessors.auth',

'django.contrib.messages.cont ext_processors.messages',

1,

},

}

Step-3: Open **index.html** file and write the code given below. This file will display the **list of questions** which are stored in our database. Also, two buttons will be displayed to the user. One for

the **voting** (we will create a detail.html file for voting) and the other one is to check the **results** (we will create results.html file for results).

```
Python3
```

```
{% extends 'base.html' %}
```

```
{% block content %}
```

```
<h1 class="text-center mb-3"Poll Questions</h1
```

```
{% if latest_question_list %}
```

{% for question in latest_question_list %}

<div class="card-mb-3"

<div class="card-body"

<a href="{% url 'polls:detail'
question.id %}" class="btn btn-primary
btn-sm"Vote Now</a</pre>

<a href="{% url 'polls:results'
question.id %}" class="btn btn-secondary
btn-sm"Results

</div

</div

{% endfor %}

{% else %}

<pNo polls available</p

{% endif %}

{% endblock %}

<html lang="en"

rel="stylesheet"
href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.4.1/css/bootstrap.min.css"

integrity="sha384-Vkoo8x4CGsO3+Hhxv8T/Q5PaXtkKtu6ug5TOeNV6gBiFeWPGFN9MuhOf23Q9Ifjh" crossorigin="anonymous"

```
<titlePollster {% block title %}{%
endblock %}</title
</head
  <!--NavBar--
  {% include 'partials/_navbar.html'%}
  <div class="container"
    <div class="row"
       <div class=".col-md-6 m-auto"
         {% block content %}{%
endblock%}
```

</div

</body

</html

Create Landing Page

The URL http://127.0.0.1:8000/ should display a landing page for our web application. So to create a landing page we will follow the step given below.

Step-1 Switch to the top-level pollster

folder and run the command given below to create an app 'pages'.

python manage.py startapp pages

Below is the folder structure once the 'pages' app will be created.

Step-2 Open 'views.py' inside 'pages' folder i.e. pages-views.py. Write down the code given below to visit on landing page.

Python3

from django.shortcuts import render

Create your views here.

def index(request):

return render(request, 'pages / index.html')

Step-3 Create **urls.py** file inside the 'pages' folder i.e. pages-urls.py. Write the code given below to define the routing of pages-index.html file (check step-1).

Python3

from django.urls import path

from . import views

```
urlpatterns = [
   path(", views.index, name ='index'),
```

Step-4 Create a folder 'pages' inside 'template' folder. Now inside 'pages' folder create a file **index.html**. Write down the code given below to display the landing page to the users.

Python3

{% extends 'base.html' %}

{% block content %}

<div class="card text-center"

<div class="card-body"

<h1Welcome To Pollster!</h1

<pThis is an Polling Web</p>
Application built with Django

<a class="btn btn-dark" href="{% url
'polls:index' %}"</pre>

View Available Polls</a

</div

</div

{% endblock %}

Create routing inside the main urls.py file of the application

We have created two apps in our application 'polls' and 'pages'. We need to define the routing of these two apps inside the main urls.py file which is pollster-pollster-urls.py file. So open the main urls.py file inside the pollster folder and write down the code given below to define the routing of these two apps('polls' and 'pages').

Python3

from django.contrib import admin

from django.urls import include, path

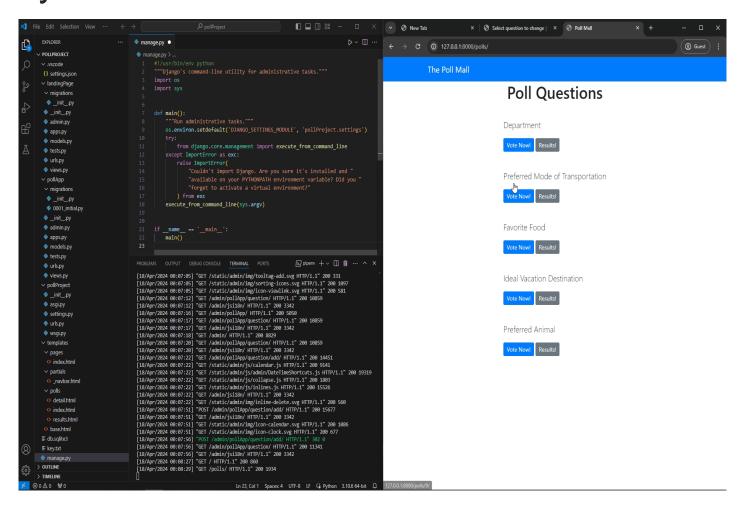
```
urlpatterns = [
  path(", include('pages.urls')),
  path('polls/', include('polls.urls')),
  path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
```

Testing of the Application

Admin Frontend

Step-1 Run the server using the command python manage.py runserver and browse the URL http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin/. Now enter the

username and password to login into the system.



Step-2 Click on 'add' button next to the 'Questions'.

Step-2 Now add question and choices for those questions. Also, mention the date and time and then click on the 'save' button. You can add as many

questions as you want. You will see a list of questions added in the database.

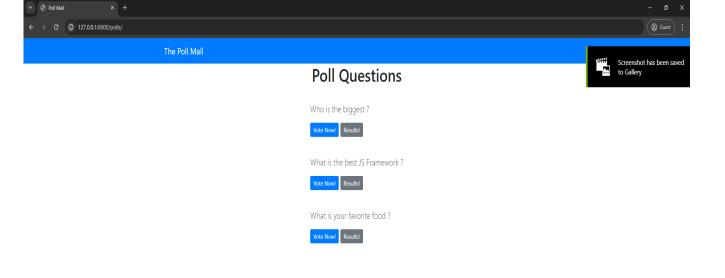
User Frontend

Step-1: Browse

URL http://127.0.0.1:8000/ and you will see the landing page of the application.

Click on the "View Available Polls"

Step-2: You will see list of questions with

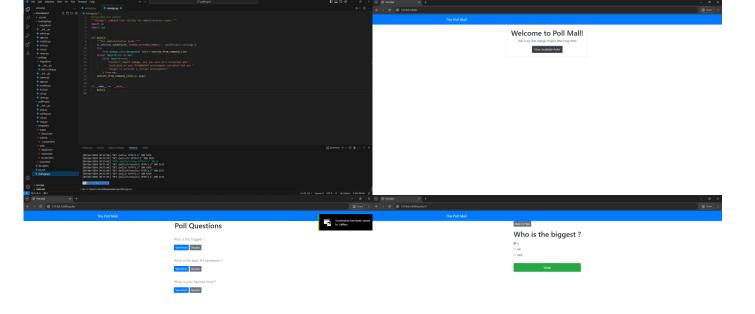


two options 'Vote Now' and 'Results'. From here you need to select one question and click on the 'Vote Now' button.

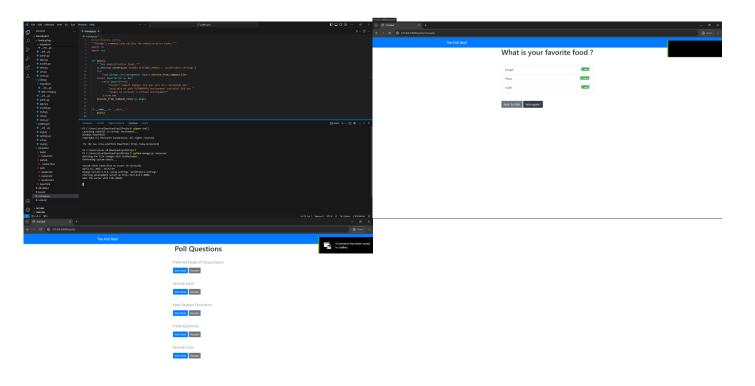
Step-3: Once this is done select any one choice and click on 'Vote' button. You can also go to the previous menu using the 'Back to Polls' button on the top.

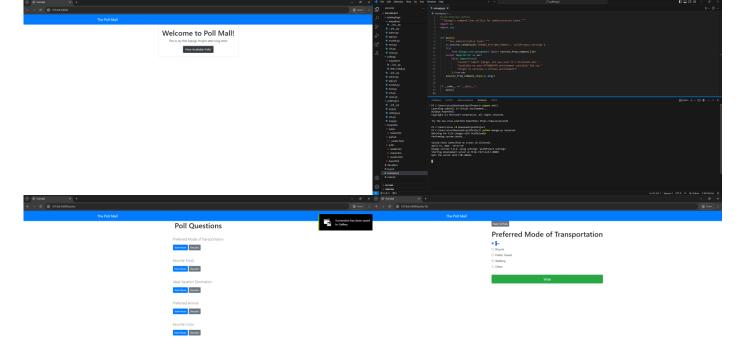
You will see the total voting result for the question you have selected.

You can also check the total votes for any question using the option 'Results' from the 'Poll Questions' page.





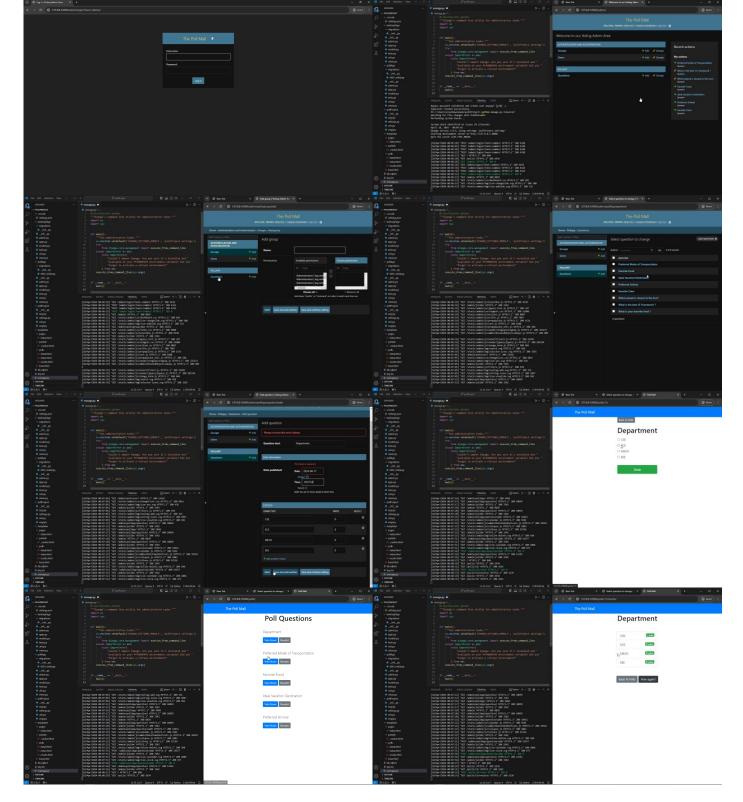












Conclusion:

A voting application built with the Django framework could be a dynamic platform for conducting polls, surveys, or elections online. Users could register, create, and participate in various voting events. Features might include user authentication, multiple-choice or ranked voting options, real-time result tracking, and admin controls for managing polls and user data. Django's built-in security measures and flexibility make it well-suited for ensuring the integrity and reliability of such applications.