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In [2]: ## Write a Python script to concatenate the following dictionaries to create a new one.
         # # Sample Dictionary :
         dic1={1:10, 2:20}
         dic2={3:30, 4:40}
         dic3={5:50,6:60}
         # Expected Result : {1: 10, 2: 20, 3: 30, 4: 40, 5: 50, 6: 60}
In [4]: | dic={}
         for x in (dic1,dic2,dic3):
             dic.update(x)
         print(dic)
         {1: 10, 2: 20, 3: 30, 4: 40, 5: 50, 6: 60}
In [7]: # Write a Python script to check whether a given key already exists in a dictionary.
         if 5 in dic:
             print("key is present")
         else:
            print("not")
         key is present
In [11]: # Write a Python script to print a dictionary where the keys are numbers between 1 and 15 (both included) and
         # the values are the square of the keys.
         def new(d):
             new_dic={}
             for x in range(1,d):
                 new dic.update({x:x**2})
             print(new_dic)
In [12]: new(30)
         {1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64, 9: 81, 10: 100, 11: 121, 12: 144, 13: 169, 14: 196, 15:
         225, 16: 256, 17: 289, 18: 324, 19: 361, 20: 400, 21: 441, 22: 484, 23: 529, 24: 576, 25: 625, 26: 676, 27: 72
         9, 28: 784, 29: 841}
In [1]: # Write a Python script to merge two Python dictionaries.
         d1={"name1":"Ritu","city1":"Pune"}
         d2={"name2":"Seeta","city2":"Banglore"}
         d1.update(d2)
         print(d1)
         {'name1': 'Ritu', 'city1': 'Pune', 'name2': 'Seeta', 'city2': 'Banglore'}
In [2]: def merge_dict(*dic):
             d={}
             for x in dic:
                 d.update(x)
             print(d)
In [4]: d1={"name1":"Ritu","city1":"Pune"}
         d2={"name2":"Seeta","city2":"Banglore"}
         merge_dict(d1,d2)
         {'name1': 'Ritu', 'city1': 'Pune', 'name2': 'Seeta', 'city2': 'Banglore'}
In [8]: # Create a dictionary 'd' with color names as keys and corresponding numerical values as values.
         d = {'Red': 1, 'Green': 2, 'Blue': 3}
         for color_key, value in d.items():
             print(color_key, 'corresponds to ', d[color_key])
         Red corresponds to 1
         Green corresponds to 2
         Blue corresponds to 3
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In [10]: for color key in d.keys():
             print(color_key, 'corresponds to ', d[color_key])
         Red corresponds to 1
         Green corresponds to 2
         Blue corresponds to 3
In [11]: # Write a Python program to sum all the items in a dictionary.
         d={1:200,2:400,3:500}
         sum=0
         for value in d.values():
             sum+=value
         print(sum)
         1100
In [13]: # Write a Python program to multiply all the items in a dictionary.
         d={1:200,2:400,3:500}
         prod=1
         for value in d.values():
             prod*=value
         print(prod)
         40000000
In [17]: # Write a Python program to get the maximum and minimum values of a dictionary.
         d={1:200,2:400,3:500}
         maxi=max(d.values())
         mini=min(d.values())
         print(maxi)
         print(mini)
         500
         200
In [32]: # Write a Python program to sort a given dictionary by key and values
         d={1:200,2:400,3:500,5:300,4:100}
         print(sorted(d.keys()))
         print(sorted(d.values()))
         [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
         [100, 200, 300, 400, 500]
In [33]: print(dict(sorted(d.items())))
         {1: 200, 2: 400, 3: 500, 4: 100, 5: 300}
In [20]: # Write a Python program to map two lists into a dictionary.
         keys=["name","age"]
         values=["July",23]
         d=dict(zip(keys,values))
         print(d)
         {'name': 'July', 'age': 23}
 In [ ]: # Write a Python program to remove duplicates from the dictionary.
"stud4":{"name":"Riya", "age":24, "city":"Pune", "education":"MSC", "grade":8.9}}
         {'stud1': {'name': 'Riya', 'age': 24, 'city': 'Pune', 'education': 'MSC', 'grade': 8.9}, 'stud2': {'name': 'Si
         ya', 'age': 20, 'city': 'nashik', 'education': 'post-graduate', 'grade': 8.5}, 'stud3': {'name': 'Vaibhav', 'a
         ge': 18, 'city': 'nagar', 'education': 'graduation', 'grade': 7.8}, 'stud4': ('name': 'Riya', 'age': 24, 'city': 'Pune', 'education': 'MSC', 'grade': 8.9}}
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In [37]: det={}
         for key, value in details.items():
             if value not in det.values():
                 det.update({key:value})
         print(det)
         {'stud1': {'name': 'Riya', 'age': 24, 'city': 'Pune', 'education': 'MSC', 'grade': 8.9}, 'stud2': {'name': 'Si ya', 'age': 20, 'city': 'nashik', 'education': 'post-graduate', 'grade': 8.5}, 'stud3': {'name': 'Vaibhav', 'a
         ge': 18, 'city': 'nagar', 'education': 'graduation', 'grade': 7.8}}
In [ ]: # Write a Python program to check if a dictionary is empty or not.
In [3]: d={}
         print(len(d))
In [4]: if len(d)==0:
             print("empty dictionary")
         else:
             print("not empty")
         empty dictionary
In [5]: def empty_dict(d):
             if len(d)==0:
                 print("empty dictionary")
                 print("not empty")
             return d
In [6]: empty_dict({1:23})
         not empty
Out[6]: {1: 23}
In [7]: | empty_dict({})
         empty dictionary
Out[7]: {}
         Write a Python program to print all distinct values in a dictionary.
         {"VIII":"S007"}]
         Expected Output: Unique Values: {'S005', 'S002', 'S007', 'S001', 'S009'}
In [83]: data=[{"V":"S001"}, {"V": "S002"}, {"VI": "S001"}, {"VI": "S005"}, {"VII":"S005"}, {"VII":"S009"},{"VIII":"S007"}
In [85]: d=[]
         for x in data:
             for i in x.values():
                 if i not in d:
                     d.append(i)
         print(d)
         ['S001', 'S002', 'S005', 'S009', 'S007']
In [88]: |d1=set()
         for x in data:
             for i in x.values():
                 d1.add(i)
         print(d1)
         {'S001', 'S007', 'S005', 'S002', 'S009'}
         Write a Python program to create a dictionary from a string.
         Sample string : 'w3resource'
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Expected output: {'w': 1, '3': 1, 'r': 2, 'e': 2, 's': 1, 'o': 1, 'u': 1, 'c': 1}
 In [90]: s='w3resource'
          d={}
          for x in s:
              if x not in d:
                  d.update({x:s.count(x)})
          print(d)
          {'w': 1, '3': 1, 'r': 2, 'e': 2, 's': 1, 'o': 1, 'u': 1, 'c': 1}
          Write a Python program to get the top three items in a shop.
          Sample data: {'item1': 45.50, 'item2':35, 'item3': 41.30, 'item4':55, 'item5': 24}
          Expected Output:
          item4 55
          item1 45.5
          item3 41.3
 In [96]: item = {'item1': 45.50, 'item2':35, 'item3': 41.30, 'item4':55, 'item5': 24}
          list1=sorted(items.values(),reverse=True)[:3]
          for 1 in list1:
              for i ,j in item.items():
                  if l==j:
                      print(i,j)
          item4 55
          item1 45.5
          item3 41.3
          Write a Python program to sort by value.
          Sample data : {'Math':81, 'Physics':83, 'Chemistry':87}
          Expected data: [('Chemistry', 87), ('Physics', 83), ('Math', 81)]
In [103]: data={'Math':81, 'Physics':83, 'Chemistry':87}
          list1=sorted(data.values(),reverse=True)
          d={}
          for 1 in list1:
              for i ,j in data.items():
                  if l==j:
                      d.update({i:j})
          print(d)
          {'Chemistry': 87, 'Physics': 83, 'Math': 81}
 In [ ]:
In [104]: # Write a Python program to create a dictionary grouping a sequence of key-value pairs into a dictionary of list
          # Original list:
          d=[('yellow', 1), ('blue', 2), ('yellow', 3), ('blue', 4), ('red', 1)]
          # Grouping a sequence of key-value pairs into a dictionary of lists:
          # {'yellow': [1, 3], 'blue': [2, 4], 'red': [1]}
In [125]: d1={}
          for x in d:
              if x[0] not in d1.keys():
                      d1.update({x[0]:[x[1]]})
              elif x[0] in d1.keys():
                  d1[x[0]].append(x[1])
          print(d1)
          {'yellow': [1, 3], 'blue': [2, 4], 'red': [1]}
          52. Write a Python program to extract a list of values from a given list of dictionaries.
          Original Dictionary:
          [{'Math': 90, 'Science': 92}, {'Math': 89, 'Science': 94}, {'Math': 92, 'Science': 88}]
          Extract a list of values from said list of dictionaries where subject = Science
          [92, 94, 88]
          Original Dictionary:
          [{'Math': 90, 'Science': 92}, {'Math': 89, 'Science': 94}, {'Math': 92, 'Science': 88}]
          Extract a list of values from said list of dictionaries where subject = Math
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[90, 89, 92]
In [14]: l=[{'Math': 90, 'Science': 92}, {'Math': 89, 'Science': 94}, {'Math': 92, 'Science': 88}]
         def sub(n):
             11=[]
             for x in 1:
                 for k,v in x.items():
                      if k==n:
                          11.append(v)
             return 11
In [15]: sub("Math")
Out[15]: [90, 89, 92]
In [17]: sub("Science")
Out[17]: [92, 94, 88]
         Write a Python program to convert a dictionary into a list of lists.
         Original Dictionary:
         {1: 'red', 2: 'green', 3: 'black', 4: 'white', 5: 'black'}
         Convert the said dictionary into a list of lists:
         [[1, 'red'], [2, 'green'], [3, 'black'], [4, 'white'], [5, 'black']]
         Original Dictionary:
         {'1: 'Austin Little', '2': 'Natasha Howard', '3': 'Alfred Mullins', '4': 'Jamie Rowe'}
         Convert the said dictionary into a list of lists:
         [['1', 'Austin Little'], ['2', 'Natasha Howard'], ['3', 'Alfred Mullins'], ['4', 'Jamie Rowe']]
In [24]: def dl(d):
             list1=[]
             for k, v in d.items():
                 list1.append([k,v])
              return list1
In [25]: d= {1: 'red', 2: 'green', 3: 'black', 4: 'white', 5: 'black'}
Out[25]: [[1, 'red'], [2, 'green'], [3, 'black'], [4, 'white'], [5, 'black']]
In [26]: | d1={'1': 'Austin Little', '2': 'Natasha Howard', '3': 'Alfred Mullins', '4': 'Jamie Rowe'}
         dl(d1)
Out[26]: [['1', 'Austin Little'],
          ['2', 'Natasha Howard'],
          ['3', 'Alfred Mullins'],
['4', 'Jamie Rowe']]
          Write a Python program to filter even numbers from a dictionary of values.
         Original Dictionary:
         {'V': [1, 4, 6, 10], 'VI': [1, 4, 12], 'VII': [1, 3, 8]}
         Filter even numbers from said dictionary values:
         {'V': [4, 6, 10], 'VI': [4, 12], 'VII': [8]}
         Original Dictionary:
         {'V': [1, 3, 5], 'VI': [1, 5], 'VII': [2, 7, 9]}
         Filter even numbers from said dictionary values:
         {'V': [], 'VI': [], 'VII': [2]}
In [28]: def even_value(d):
             ed={}
              for k, v in d.items():
                 n=[x \text{ for } x \text{ in } v \text{ if } x\%2==0]
                 ed[k]=n
             print(ed)
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In [29]: d={'V': [1, 4, 6, 10], 'VI': [1, 4, 12], 'VII': [1, 3, 8]}
         even_value(d)
         {'V': [4, 6, 10], 'VI': [4, 12], 'VII': [8]}
In [30]: d1={'V': [1, 3, 5], 'VI': [1, 5], 'VII': [2, 7, 9]}
         even_value(d1)
         {'V': [], 'VI': [], 'VII': [2]}
          Write a Python program to find the shortest list of values for the keys in a given dictionary.
         Original Dictionary: {'V': [10, 12], 'VI': [10], 'VII': [10, 20, 30, 40], 'VIII': [20], 'IX': [10, 30, 50,
         70], 'X': [80]} Shortest list of values with the keys of the said dictionary: ['VI', 'VIII', 'X']
In [41]: def short(d):
             kl=[]
             for k,v in d.items():
                 if len(v)<=1:</pre>
                     kl.append(k)
             print(kl)
In [42]: d={'V': [10, 12], 'VI': [10], 'VII': [10, 20, 30, 40], 'VIII': [20], 'IX': [10, 30, 50, 70], 'X': [80]}
         short(d)
         ['VI', 'VIII', 'X']
         Write a Python program to count the frequency of a dictionary.
         Original Dictionary:
         {'V': 10, 'VI': 10, 'VII': 40, 'VIII': 20, 'IX': 70, 'X': 80, 'XI': 40, 'XII': 20}
         Count the frequency of the said dictionary:
         Counter({10: 2, 40: 2, 20: 2, 70: 1, 80: 1})
In [49]: def val_freq(d):
             freq_dict={}
             count=0
             for v in d.values():
                 if v in freq_dict:
                     count+=1
                     freq_dict[v]=count
                 else:
                     count=1
                     freq dict[v]=count
             print(freq_dict)
In [50]: d={'V': 10, 'VI': 10, 'VII': 40, 'VIII': 20, 'IX': 70, 'X': 80, 'XI': 40, 'XII': 20}
         val_freq(d)
         {10: 2, 40: 2, 20: 3, 70: 1, 80: 1}
In [ ]:
         # write a python programm to check key values values
         Function to get the max element from a list.
         Function to check whether a string is palindrome or not.
                   Find the frequency of each distinct element in the list using a Python dictionary.
         Input: [1, 1, 1, 5, 5, 3, 1, 3, 3, 1, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 2, 2]
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In [9]: Input=[1, 1, 1, 5, 5, 3, 1, 3, 3, 1, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 2, 2]
out={}
def freq(Input):
    freq=0
    for x in Input:
        if x in out.keys():
            out.values=freq+1
        else:
            freq=1
print(out)
{}
```

In []:

Output: {1:5, 2:4, 3:3, 4:3, 5:2}