

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS 0580/23

Paper 2 (Extended)

October/November 2019

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 70

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Abbreviations

cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

nfww not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| 1 | -10 | 1 | |
| 2 | 6 | 1 | |
| 3(a) | 27 | 1 | |
| 3(b) | 47 | 1 | |
| 4 | 21 | 2 | M1 for $[84 =] 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7$ or $[105 =] 3 \times 5 \times 7$ or 3×7 as final answer |
| | | | or B1 for 3 or 7 as final answer |
| 5(a) | 7.2×10^4 | 1 | |
| 5(b) | 1.8×10^{-3} | 1 | |
| 6 | $x^2 + 8x + 15$ final answer | 2 | M1 for three terms correct from $x^2 + 3x + 5x + 15$ |
| 7 | $-\frac{2}{5}$ or -0.4 | 2 | M1 for gradient = $\frac{5}{2}$ oe soi |
| 8(a) | 21.1 or 21.10 | 1 | |
| 8(b) | 158.9 or 158.8 to 158.9 | 1 | FT 180 – <i>their</i> (a) providing answer is an obtuse angle |
| 9 | 298 | 3 | M2 for $[2 \times]$ (5 × 7 + 5 × 9.5 + 7 × 9.5) oe or M1 for one correct area, 5 × 7 or 5 × 9.5 or 7 × 9.5 |
| 10 | 30 | 3 | M1 for $\frac{391+n+n-1}{3} = 5n$ oe M1 for correct first step for solving <i>their</i> equation e.g. $391+n+n-1=3\times 5n$, $\frac{390+2n}{3}=5n$ |
| 11(a) | 3(4x+5) final answer | 1 | |
| 11(b) | (x+3)(y-2) final answer | 2 | B1 for $y(x + 3) - 2(x + 3)$ or $x(y - 2) + 3(y - 2)$ or correct answer seen then spoilt |

© UCLES 2019 Page 3 of 6

| Question | Answer | | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|---|-------|---|
| 12 | 7.62 or 7.615 to 7.616 | | 3 | M2 for $\sqrt{(9-2)^2 + (4-1)^2}$ oe or M1 for $(9-2)^2 + (4-1)^2$ oe or 58 |
| 13 | 2.75 oe | | 3 | M2 for $65=2(3k-k)$ oe or better or M1 for $\frac{65}{3k-k}$ oe If 0 scored, SC1 for -2.75 oe as answer |
| 14(a) | $\frac{1}{2n}$ oe final answer | | 1 | |
| 14(b) | 5^{n-1} oe final answer | | 2 | M1 for recognition of terms being powers of 5 |
| 15 | $\frac{2}{12}$ oe or $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{2}{3}\left(1+\frac{1}{4}\right)$ | M1 | M1 for correct first step to deal with multiplication |
| | $\frac{8}{12}[+]\frac{2}{12}$ oe | $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{5}{4}$ | M1 | M1 for correct working for common denominator with <i>their</i> $\frac{2}{12}$ oe or correct evaluation of bracket |
| | $\frac{5}{6}$ cao | | A2 | A1 for $\frac{10}{12}$ oe |
| 16(a) | 12.88 | | 1 | |
| 16(b) | two correct points plotted | | 1 | |
| 16(c) | ruled line of best fit | | 1 | |
| 16(d) | negative | | 1 | |
| 17 | 2 | | 4 | B1 for $x = -2$ dashed ruled line and $x = 3$ solid ruled line B1 for $y = x + 3$ solid ruled line B2 for indication of correct region or B1 for shading that satisfies two of the inequalities, e.g. two of $x > -2$, $x \le 3$ and $y \le x + 3$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|-----------|--|-------|---|
| 18(a)(i) | 4 | 1 | |
| 18(a)(ii) | At least one and fewer than four numbers from {2, 3, 4, 5} | 1 | |
| 18(b) | \mathcal{E} C E D | 2 | B1 for each |
| 19(a) | 0.3 or $\frac{3}{10}$ | 1 | |
| 19(b) | 760 | 3 | M2 for correct complete area statement e.g. $70 \times 10 + \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 6$ oe or M1 for one of these area calculations $70 \times 10, \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 6, 50 \times 10$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times (16 + 10) \times 20$ |
| 20(a) | $\frac{45}{(x+1)^2}$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $t = \frac{k}{(x+1)^2}$ |
| 20(b) | 4 | 2 | M1 for $1.8 \times (x+1)^2 = their 45$ or better |
| 21(a) | $\frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -10 \\ -1 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$ oe isw | 2 | M1 for $k \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -10 \\ -1 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$ or det = 5 soi |
| 21(b) | [x =] 6 [y =] 7 | 3 | B1 for $x = 6$ B2 for $y = 7$ or M1 for $2 \times 1 + 9y = 65$ or $2 \times -4 + 2y = 6$ |

© UCLES 2019 Page 5 of 6

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| 22 | 15.2 | 5 | M4 for $\left(\pi \times 5^2 \times 12 - \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 5^2 \times 4.8\right) \div \left(\pi \times 5^2\right)$ or M3 for $\pi \times 5^2 \times 12 - \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 5^2 \times 4.8$ or M1 for $\pi \times 5^2 \times 12$ M1 for $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 5^2 \times 4.8$ |
| 23(a) | 10 [< <i>t</i> ≤] 15 | 1 | |
| 23(b) | Correct histogram 4 3 2 1 Time (minutes) | 3 | B1 for each correct block If 0 scored, SC1 for correct frequency densities 3.8, 3.2, 0.4 soi by correct heights |