Advanced React JS



Advanced React Hooks



Learning Objectives

By the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

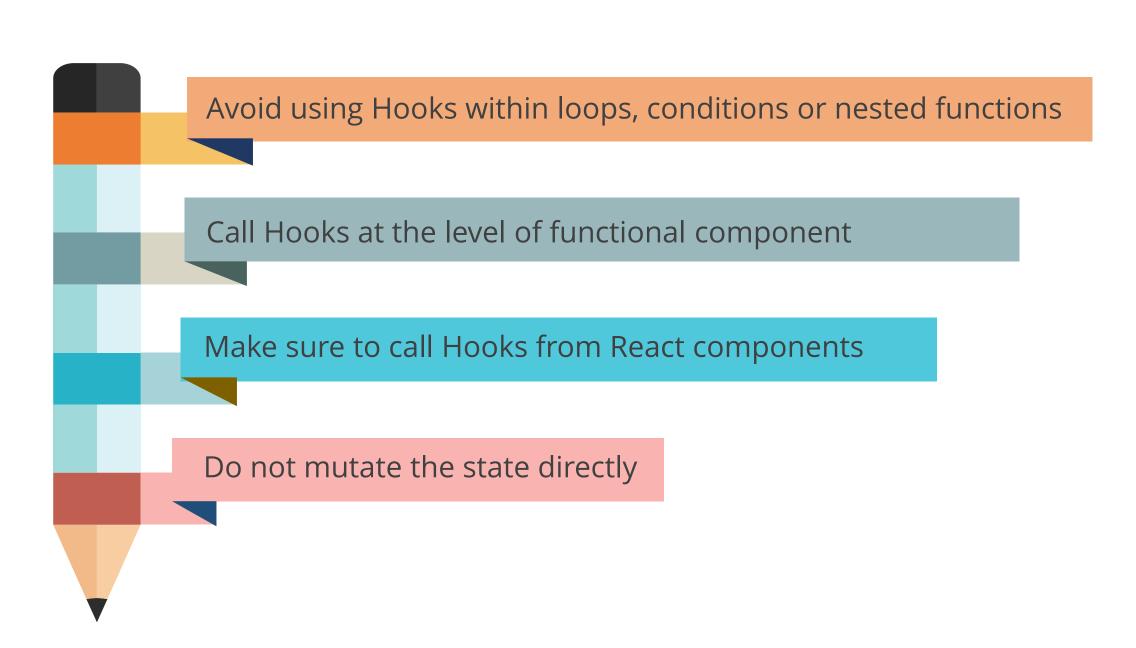
- Define the concept of React Hooks and their role in functional components
- Design and implement custom Hooks to reuse complex stateful logic across multiple components
- Use useMemo Hooks to optimize components
- Describe some of the key aspects of React performance to enhance React application efficiency and user experience



Introduction To React Hooks

Introduction to React Hooks

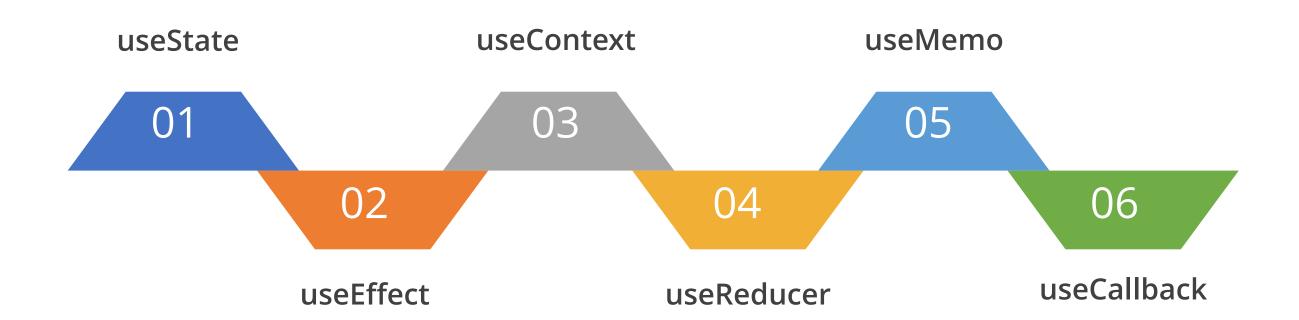
These are JavaScript functions that let you Hook into React state and lifecycle features from functional components. Hooks have four golden rules, which are as follows:



Types of React Hooks

There are many different React Hooks available, each with its purpose.

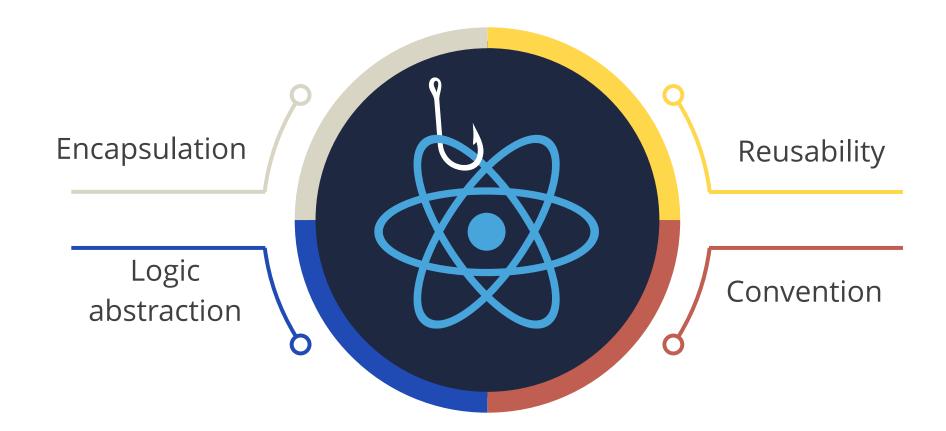
The most common types are as follows:



Custom Hooks

What Are Custom Hooks?

These are functions that connect or integrate React state and lifecycle functionalities into function components. Some important points to note about custom Hooks are as follows:



These Hooks help to reuse logic related to managing state between components.

Creating a Simple React Custom Hook



Problem Statement: Duration: 20 min

You have been assigned the task to perform the steps to create a simple react Hook application to demonstrate the basic click.

Assisted Practice: Guidelines

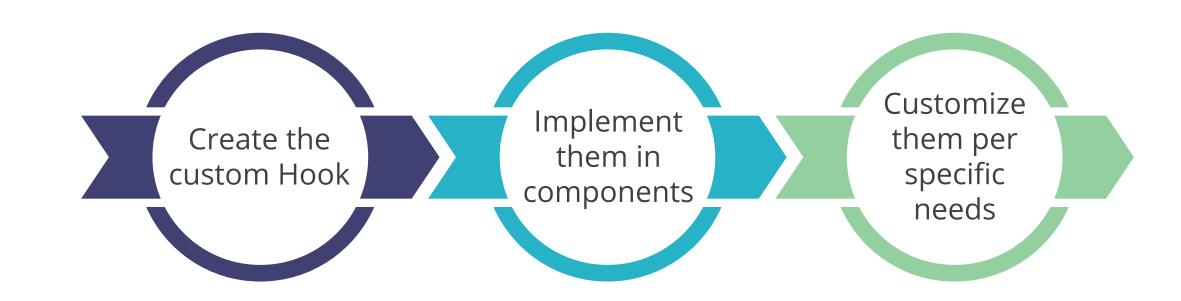


Steps to be followed:

- 1. Create and set up the React JS project
- 2. Create a custom Hook file
- 3. Use a custom Hook in user-defined components
- 4. Import user-defined functional components in the App.js file
- 5. Run the application

Creating Custom Hooks for Reusing Stateful Logic

Using custom Hooks in React is a way to reuse logic across different components. The steps to effectively utilize custom Hooks for this purpose are as follows:



Creating Form Validation Using a Custom Hook



Problem Statement: Duration: 20 min

You have been assigned the task to perform the steps to create a form validation using custom Hook for enhanced user experience.

Assisted Practice: Guidelines



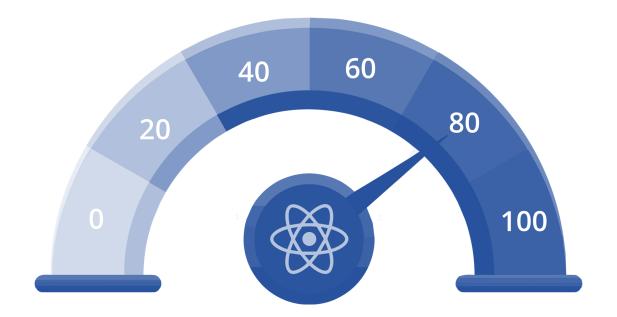
Steps to be followed:

- 1. Create and set up the React JS project
- 2. Create a custom Hook file
- 3. Use a custom Hook in user-defined components
- 4. Import user-defined functional components in the App.js file
- 5. Add bootstrap features in the index.html file
- 6. Run the application

React Performance Optimization

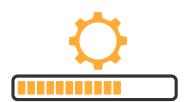
What Is React Performance Optimization?

It is the process that involves enhancing the responsiveness and performance of a React application.



By optimizing React applications, developers can ensure that their web applications load quickly, run smoothly, and deliver a seamless user experience.

Key Aspects of React Performance Optimization



Minimize re-renders: Efficiently update the UI by comparing changes between the previous and current state using the virtual document object model



Optimize data fetching: Optimize data fetching by utilizing cache and implementing stale-while-revalidate data



Optimize images and assets: Compress images and other assets, such as videos and fonts to reduce their file size and loading time



Use code splitting: Break down the application into smaller bundles using techniques like Webpack's code splitting

Key Aspects of React Performance Optimization



Optimize dependencies: Utilize tools to analyze the bundle size and identify unused dependencies



Memoize components: Use **React.memo** to memoize components, preventing unnecessary re-renders when their props have not been changed



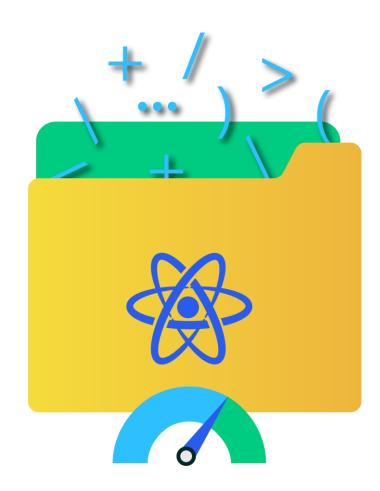
Utilize react libraries: Leverage performance-focused libraries for efficient rendering of large lists or tables



Monitor performance: Monitor the application's performance regularly to identify and proactively address performance bottlenecks

What Is Memoization?

It is a method to optimize programming by storing and reusing expensive function call results, reducing unnecessary calculations. It is commonly utilized for rendering optimization in React.

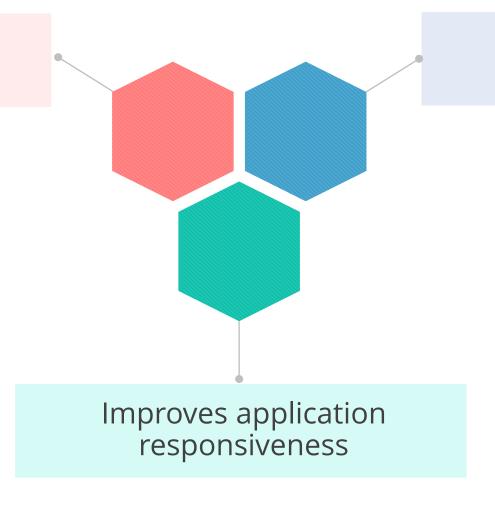


The **React.memo** higher-order component and the **useMemo** Hook allows remember details (memoization) of simple components and values.

Why Should Memoization Be Used?

Performance optimization

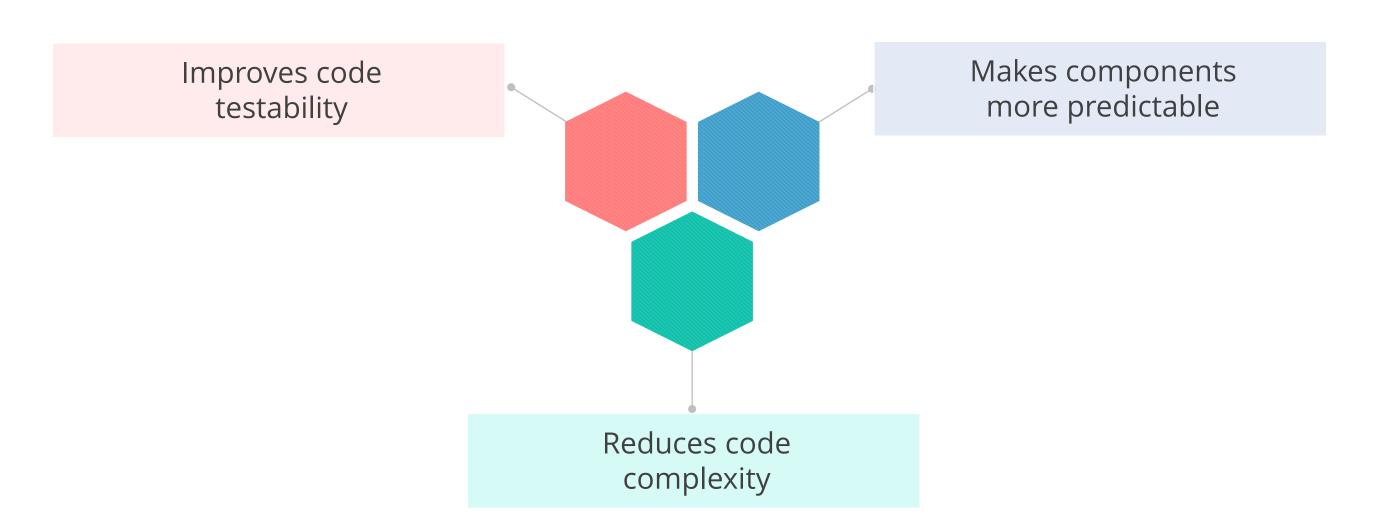
Reduces memory usage



Reduces unnecessary re-renders

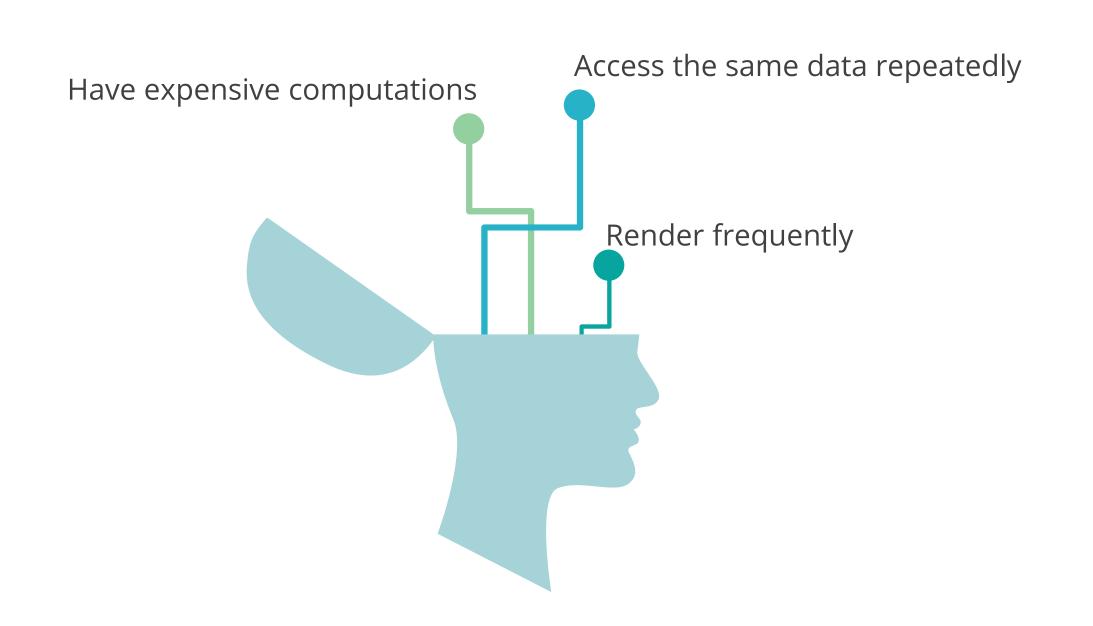
Why Should Memoization Be Used?

Improved code clarity and maintainability



When To Use Memoization In React?

It is most beneficial in situations where components:



How To Use Memoization In React?

React provides two built-in Hooks for memorization, useMemo and useCallback.

useMemo

```
const memoizedValue = useMemo(() => {
   // Expensive computation or logic
}, [dependency1, dependency2, ...]);
```

useCallback

```
const memoizedFunction = useCallback((parameter1,
parameter2) => {
   // Function logic
}, [dependency1, dependency2, ...]);
```

useMemo is used to memoize a function's result.

useCallback is used to memoize a function itself.

These take two arguments, the function to memoize and an array of dependencies.

Using the useMemo Hook



Problem Statement: Duration: 10 min

You have been assigned a task to perform the steps involved in demonstrating the useMemo Hook to optimize the performance.

Assisted Practice: Guidelines



Steps to be followed:

- 1. Create and set up React JS project
- 2. Perform expensive function calls: without **useMemo**, with **useMemo**, and with **useMemo** with dependencies
- 3. Test the application

Key Takeaways

- React Hooks are JavaScript functions that let you Hook into React state and lifecycle features from function components.
- Custom Hooks promote code reuse and enhance component organization.
- useMemo and useCallback Hooks effectively memoize functions and values.
- Memoization can significantly improve performance by caching expensive calculations.





Knowledge Check

What is the purpose of the useState Hook?

- A. To manage local state in a function component
- B. To handle side effects in a function component
- C. To provide access to React context
- D. To manage state based on a reducer function



Knowledge Check

What is the purpose of the useState Hook?

- A. To manage local state in a function component
- B. To handle side effects in a function component
- C. To provide access to React context
- D. To manage state based on a reducer function



The correct answer is A

The useState Hook handles local state in a function component. It helps to announce and change state variables without using a class component.

Which React hook is used for memoizing the callback functions in functional components?

- A. useCallback
- B. useMemo
- C. useEffect
- D. None of the above



Knowledge Check

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Which React hook is used for memoizing the callback functions in functional components?

- A. useCallback
- B. useMemo
- C. useEffect
- D. None of the above



The correct answer are A

The useCallback Hook is used to memoize callback functions in functional components, preventing unnecessary re-creations of the function on each render.

In React, what function can be used for Memoizing a functional component?

- A. React.optimize()
- B. React.memo()
- C. React.cache()
- D. React.pureComponent()



Knowledge Check

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In React, what function can be used for Memoizing a functional component?

- A. React.optimize()
- B. React.memo()
- C. React.cache()
- D. React.pureComponent()



The correct answer are **B**

React.memo() in React can be used to memoize functional components, preventing unnecessary re-renders when the props of a component have not changed.