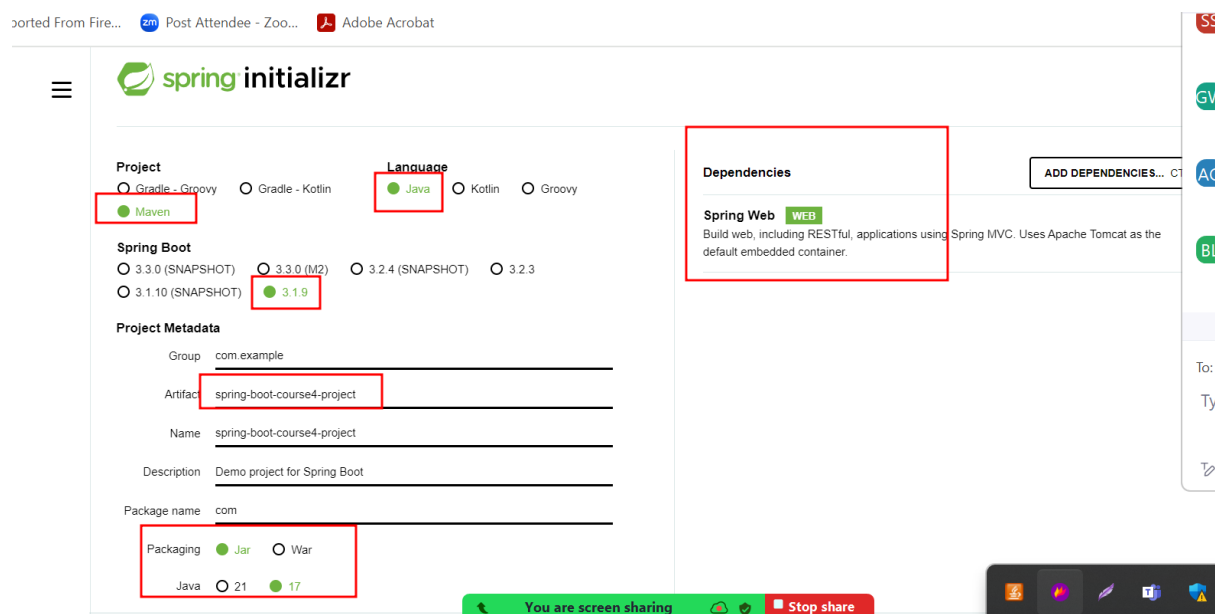


Course 4

1. Create spring boot project using spring initializer
Create simple rest api to display welcome message.
With only one web starter



2. Create separate folder as course 4 assignment/projects
3. Extract the project and import in eclipse IDE.
4. Create simple rest api with get method to return simple message with basic styling.
5. Now we need to create jar file for spring boot project.
6. If we need to custom name for jar file do the changes in pom.xml file

```
spring-boot-course4-project/pom.xml ×
31
32 <build>
33   <finalName>spring-boot-aws</finalName>
34   <plugins>
35     <plugin>
36       <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
37       <artifactId>spring-boot-maven-plugin</artifactId>
38       <configuration>
39         <image>
40           <builder>paketobuildpacks/builder-jammy-
41         </image>
42       </configuration>
43     </plugin>
44   </plugins>
45 </build>
46
47 </project>
```

view Dependencies Dependency Hierarchy Effective POM pom.xml

7. Using eclipse IDE you need to create jar file with help of run with maven install option.

Or

8. Using mvn package command you can create the jar file.

9. Now we need to create Dockerfile to create the image for spring boot application.

10. We create docker image in local machine and we will test the application.

11. Start the docker, create the image and run the container.

```
docker build -t my-spring-app . -f Dockerfile
```

```
docker images
```

```
docker run -d -p 9090:9090 my-spring-app
```

```
docker ps
```

check the application running or not.

12. Create the Jenkinsfile which is responsible to build the project using maven command, create docker image using docker file and run container.

13. Create Remote repository in git hub account and create token and push this project from local to remote repository.

First create remote repository

Then in local machine inside spring project open terminal

```
git init
```

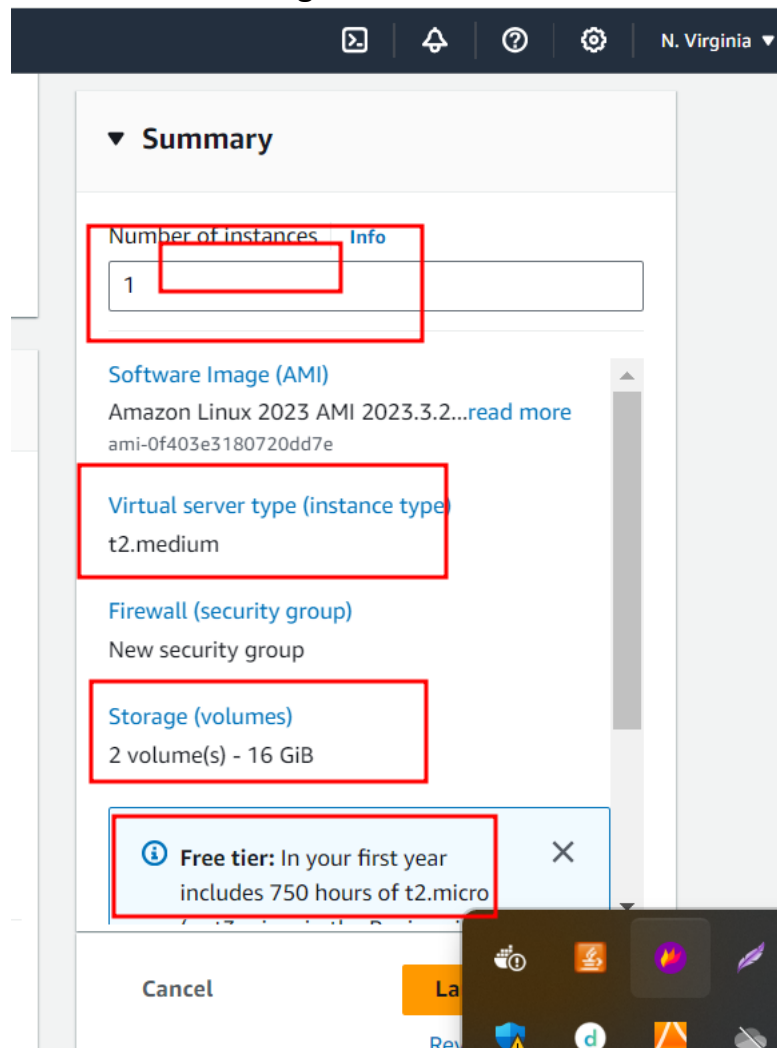
```
git add .  
git commit -m "done"  
git remote add origin URLWithToken  
git push -u origin HEAD
```

git remote add origin <https://token@github.com/Kaleakash/course4-caltech-batch-assignment.git>

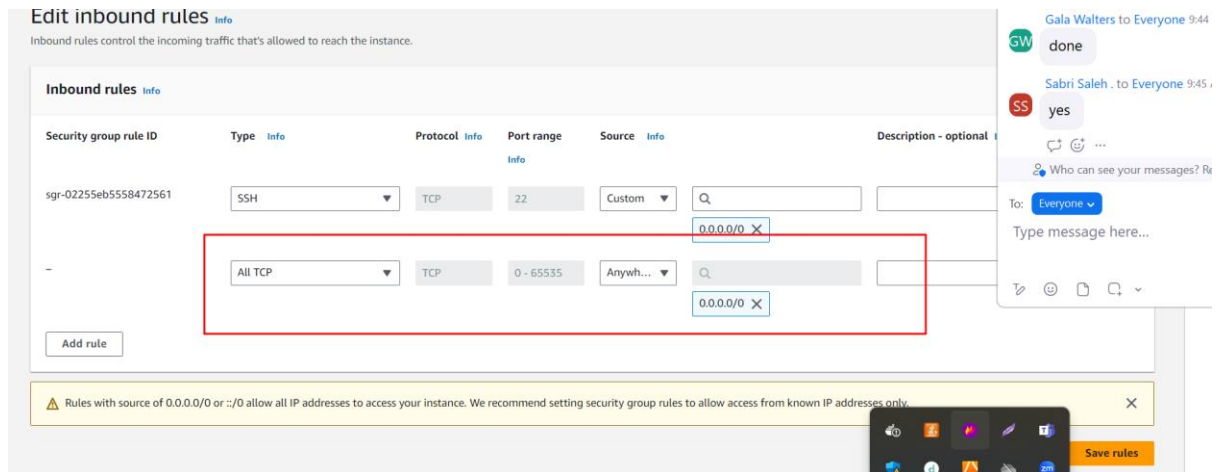
<https://github.com/Kaleakash/course4-caltech-batch-assignment.git>

14. After push the code in github account.

15. Now we need to login for AWS account and create EC2 instance.



16. In security group we need to open two port number 8080 for jenkins
9090 for Spring boot application.
Open all port number security group inbound rules.



Now we need to install required software

Git

Java

Jenkins

Now using your EC2 instance public id address with port number 8080
We can open Jenkins software.

Below all command is use to install git, java, jenkins, docker and provide
the permission

git install

--> `sudo yum install git`

→ `git --version`

java install

--> `sudo yum install java`

→ `java -version`

install Jenkin

```
-->sudo wget -O /etc/yum.repos.d/jenkins.repo  
https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat/jenkins.repo
```

```
-->sudo rpm --import https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.io-  
2023.key
```

```
--> sudo yum install jenkins
```

```
--> sudo service jenkins start
```

```
--> sudo systemctl status jenkins
```

Install the docker

```
➔ sudo yum install docker
```

```
➔sudo service docker start
```

```
➔sudo docker info
```

----if you want to run docker and docker-compose in jenkins then please execute these command -----

```
sudo usermod -a -G docker jenkins
```

```
sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user (ec2-user is user name of instance  
)
```

```
sudo chmod 777 /var/run/docker.sock
```

please restart Jenkin server

→ `sudo service jenkins restart`

after restart check the Jenkin status



→ `sudo systemctl status jenkins`

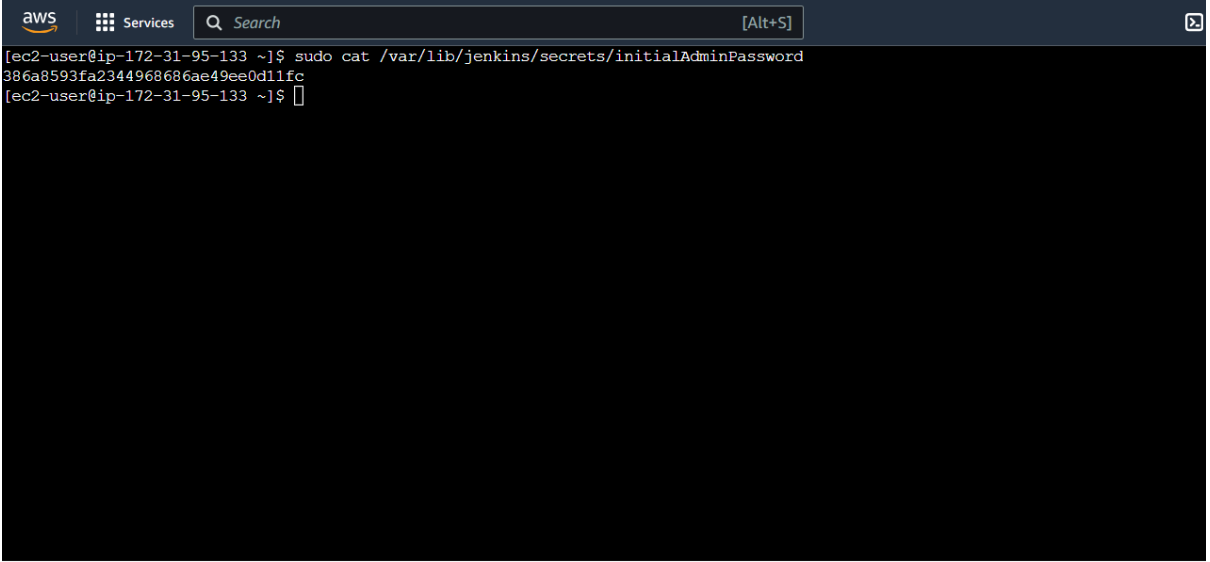
to find jenkins password

--> `sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword`

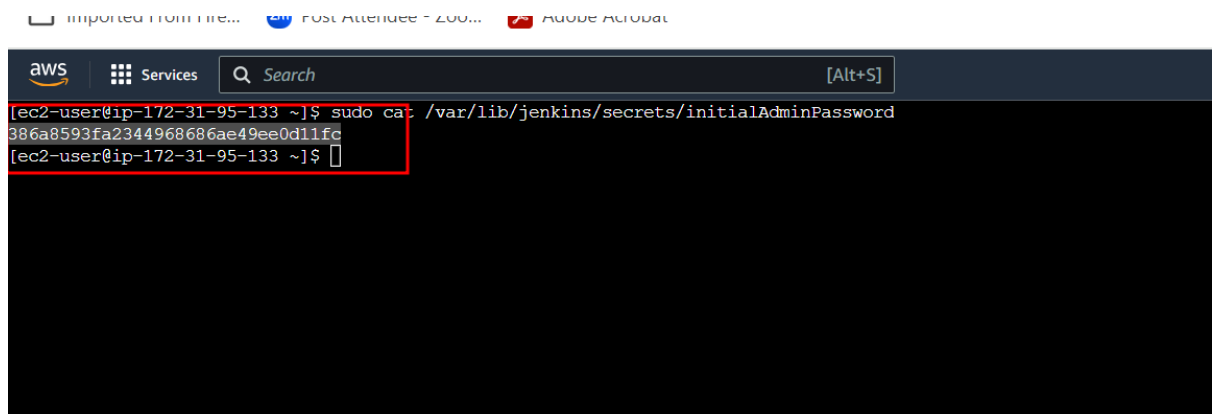
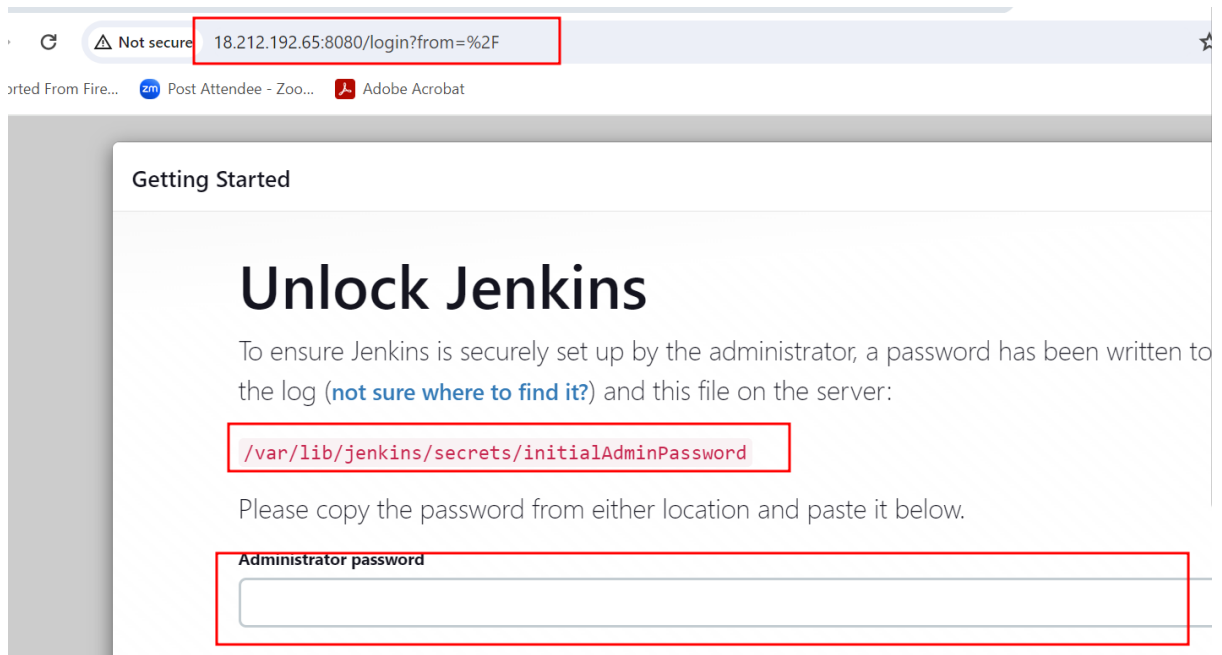
Please check your EC2 instance public Ip Address and open browser and use below as

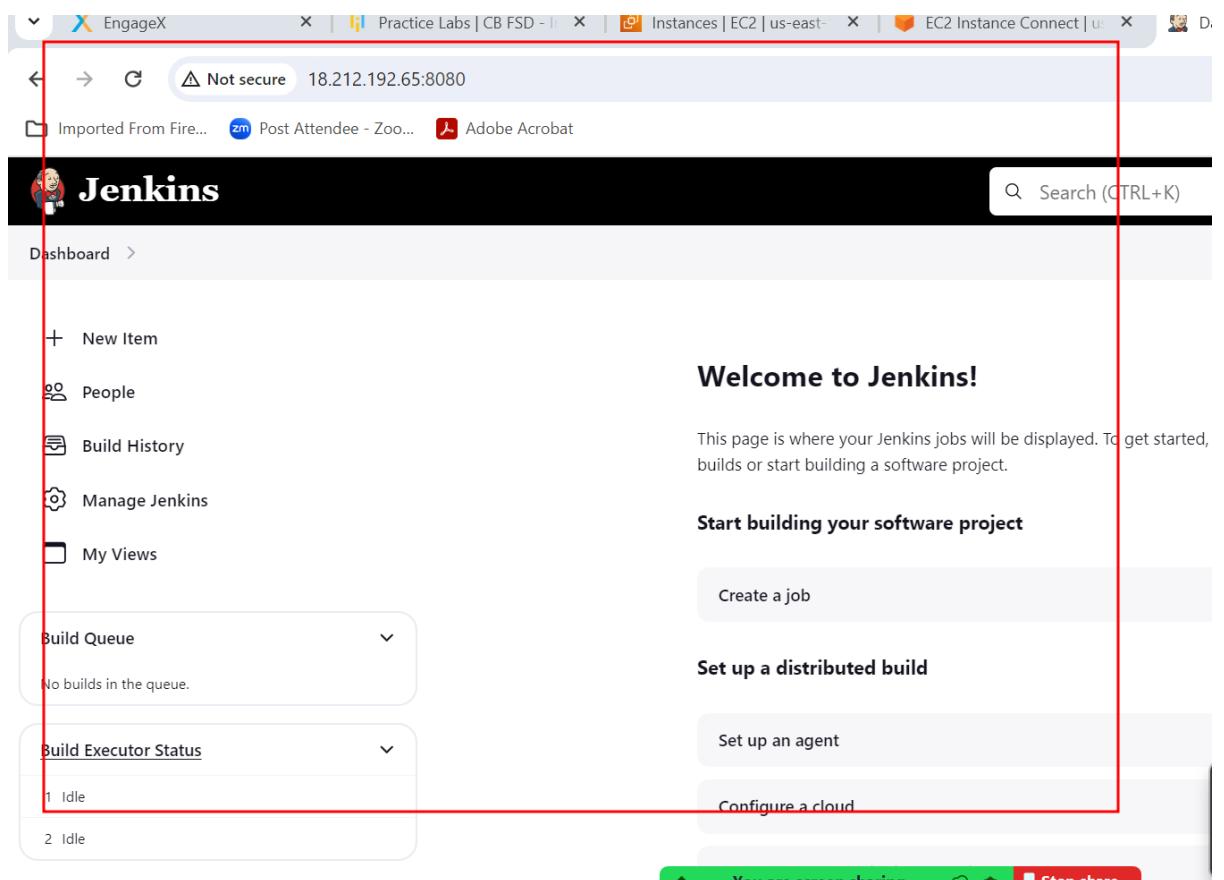
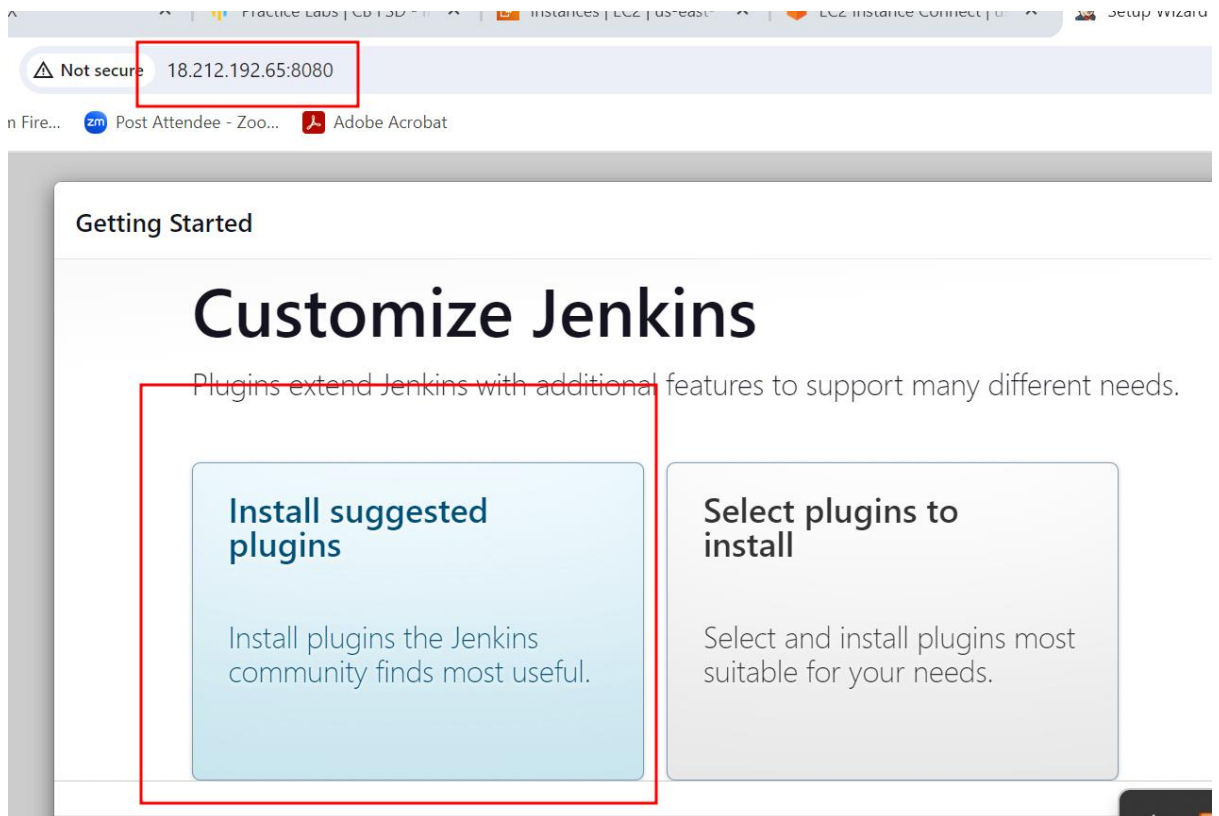
<http://publicIpAddress:8080>

Imported From Fire...  Post Attendee - Zoo...  Adobe Acrobat



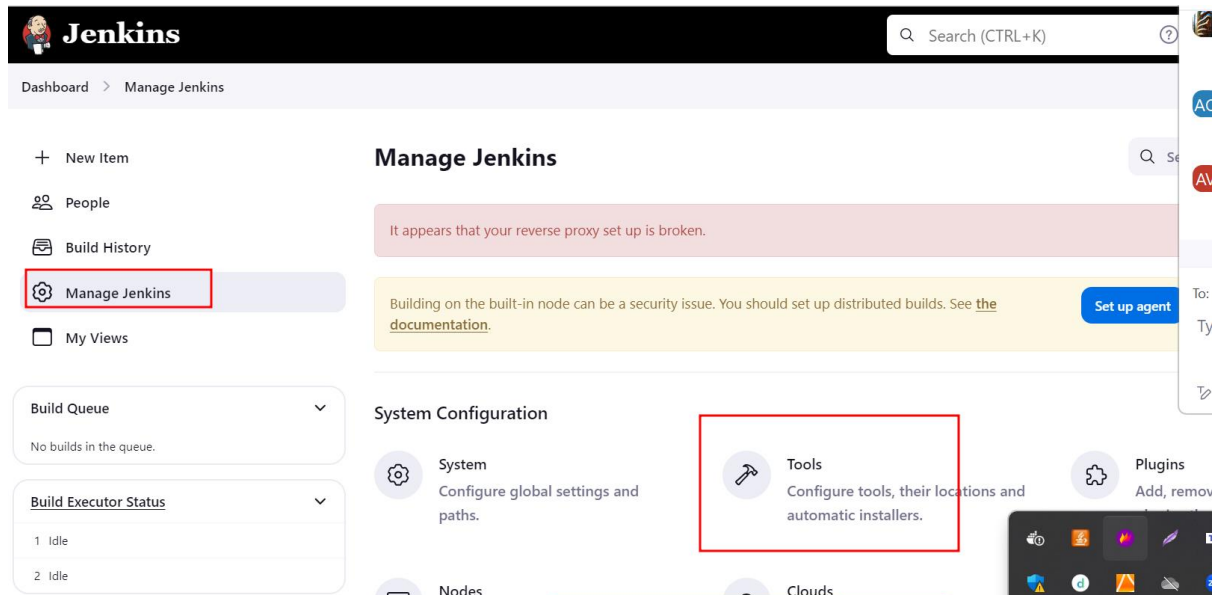
i-00fbafb1cf654d5d6 (my-instance)
PublicIPs: 18.212.192.65 PrivateIPs: 172.31.95.133





Now we will create the Jenkin pipe line jobs which is responsible to build the projects.

Now we configure Maven software in Jenkin dashboard



The screenshot shows the Jenkins 'Manage Jenkins' dashboard. On the left sidebar, the 'Manage Jenkins' option is highlighted with a red box. The main content area has a red box around the 'Tools' link under the 'System Configuration' section. The 'Tools' link is described as 'Configure tools, their locations and automatic installers.' There are also warning messages at the top about reverse proxy and security issues.

Ant installations

Add Ant

Maven installations

Add Maven

Save

Apply

Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Tools

Maven installations

Add Maven

Maven

Name

MAVEN

☒ Install automatically ?

Install from Apache

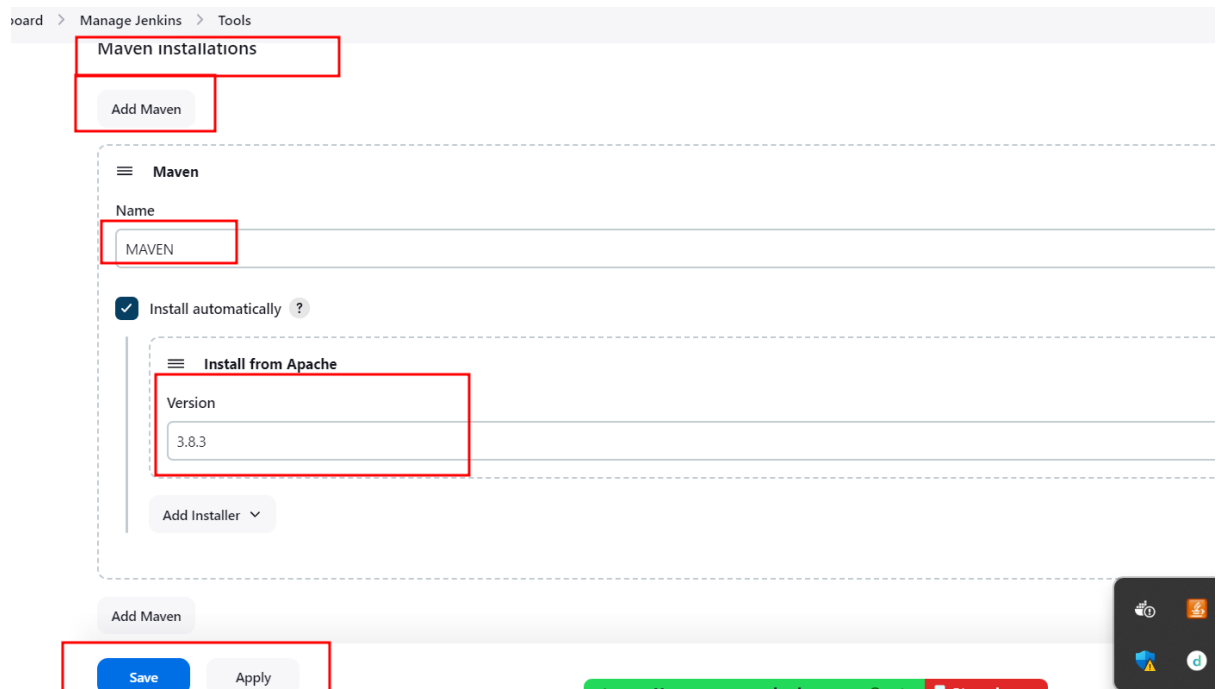
Version

3.8.3

Add Installer ▾

Add Maven

Save Apply

The image shows the Jenkins 'Tools' configuration page for Maven. At the top, the breadcrumb 'Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Tools' is visible. Below it, the 'Maven installations' section has an 'Add Maven' button. A dashed box contains the configuration for a new Maven installation. It has a 'Name' field with 'MAVEN', an 'Install automatically' checkbox that is checked, and a sub-section 'Install from Apache' with a 'Version' field set to '3.8.3'. Below this sub-section is an 'Add Installer' dropdown. At the bottom of the configuration area is another 'Add Maven' button. At the very bottom of the page are 'Save' and 'Apply' buttons. A red box highlights the 'Maven installations' title, the first 'Add Maven' button, the 'Name' field, the 'Install automatically' checkbox, the 'Install from Apache' sub-section, and the 'Save' and 'Apply' buttons. A system tray with icons is visible in the bottom right corner.


After maven configuration in Jenkin now we can create Jenkin pipeline jobs.

Jenkins

> All >


Enter an item name

» Required field




Freestyle project

Classic, general-purpose job type that checks out from up to one SCM, executes build steps serially, follows a build script, archiving artifacts and sending email notifications.




Pipeline

Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (declarative and script) and/or organizing complex activities that do not easily fit in free-style job type.



Multi-configuration project

Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, builds, etc.





Folder

Folder is a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is a namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.

OK


You are screen sharing   Stop share


← → ↻ ⚠ Not secure 18.212.192.65:8080/job/simplejob/configure


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Dashboard > simplejob > Configuration

Configure

 General

 Advanced Project Options

 Pipeline

Description

Plain text [Preview](#)

☐ Discard old builds ?

☐ Do not allow concurrent builds

☐ Do not allow the pipeline to resume if the controller restarts

☒ GitHub project

Project url ?

Advanced ▾

☐ Pipeline speed/durability override ?

Not .git (Base URL of your repository)

The screenshot shows the Jenkins web interface in a browser. The address bar indicates the URL is `18.212.192.65:8080/job/simplejob/configure`. The breadcrumb navigation shows `Dashboard > simplejob > Configuration`. On the left sidebar, the `Pipeline` tab is selected and highlighted with a red box. The main content area is titled `Configure` and includes sections for `Advanced Project Options` and `Pipeline`. Under the `Pipeline` section, the `Definition` dropdown is set to `Pipeline script` and is also highlighted with a red box. Below this, there is a `Script` text area. At the bottom of the page, there are `Save` and `Apply` buttons, and a green status bar indicating `You are screen sharing`.

This screenshot shows the `Pipeline` configuration section of the Jenkins interface. The `Definition` dropdown is set to `Pipeline script from SCM` and is highlighted with a red box. Below the definition, the `SCM` dropdown is set to `None`, and the `Script Path` is set to `Jenkinsfile`. The `Lightweight checkout` checkbox is checked. At the bottom, there are `Save` and `Apply` buttons. A `Pipeline Syntax` link is visible below the `Script Path` field. The right sidebar shows a vertical list of tabs, with `Pipeline` being the active one.

m Fire... Post Attendee - Zoo... Adobe Acrobat

nplejob > Configuration

Definition

Pipeline script from SCM

Project Options

SCM ?

Git

Repositories ?

Repository URL ?

https://github.com/Kaleakash/course4-caltech-batch-assignment.git

Credentials ?

- none -

+ Add

Advanced

Please check your branch name may be master or main

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Configuration

Add Repository

Branches to build ?

Branch Specifier (blank for 'any') ?

*/master

Add Branch

Repository browser ?

(Auto)

Additional Behaviours

Add

Script Path ?

Jenkinsfile

Lightweight checkout ?

In your remote repository please verify Jenkin file as
Jenkinsfile

←

→

↻

⚠ Not secure

18.212.192.65:8080/job/simplejob/configure

📁 Imported From Fire...

🗣 Post Attendee - Zoo...

📄 Adobe Acrobat

Dashboard > simplejob > Configuration

Configure

⚙ General

🔑 Advanced Project Options

📜 Pipeline

Add Branch

Repository browser ?
(Auto)

Additional Behaviours
Add ▾

Script Path ?
Jenkinsfile

☒ Lightweight checkout ?

[Pipeline Syntax](#)

Save

Apply

🔊

📺

🔍

📌

📄

📁

📌

📄

📁

Status

</> Changes

▶ Build Now

⚙️ Configure

🗑️ Delete Pipeline

🐙 GitHub

📁 Stages

✎ Rename

❓ Pipeline Syntax

simplejob

Permalinks

☀️ Build History

trend ▼

🔍 Filter... /

⋮ #1

12-Mar-2024, 3:01am

📡 Atom feed for all 📡 Atom feed for failures

Status

 **simplejob**

</> Changes

▶ Build Now

⚙️ Configure

🗑️ Delete Pipeline

🌐 GitHub

📁 Stages

✎️ Rename


❓ Pipeline Syntax

Permalinks

- [Last build \(#1\), 58 sec ago](#)
- [Last stable build \(#1\), 58 sec ago](#)
- [Last successful build \(#1\), 58 sec ago](#)
- [Last completed build \(#1\), 58 sec ago](#)

Build History trend ▼

🔍 Filter...

 **#1**
| [12-Mar-2024, 3:01am](#)

📡 [Atom feed for all](#) 📡 [Atom feed for failures](#)

📄 Status

 **Build #1 (12-Mar-2024, 3:01:18 am)**

</> Changes

📄 Console Output

📄 View as plain text

📄 Edit Build Information

🗑️ Delete build '#1'

🕒 Timings

🔗 Git Build Data

🔗 Pipeline Overview

📄 Pipeline Console

🔄 Restart from Stage

✎️ Add desc



Started by user [akash](#)



This run spent:

- 70 ms waiting;
- 41 sec build duration;
- 41 sec total from scheduled to completion.



Revision: 03a2564693932d5137ef16d644732ab0d69bb649

Repository: <https://github.com/Kaleakash/course4-caltech-batch-assignment.git>

- refs/remotes/origin/master


```

[Pipeline] withEnv
[Pipeline] {
[Pipeline] sh
+ docker run -d -p 9090:9090 my-spring-app
40f44c80632e40c8260ca619d1323e66f8734225e326cdae255195cedcd5d3ed
[Pipeline] echo
container running
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // withEnv

```

To verify container running or not. Please check in EC2 instance terminal using **docker ps**

```

ec2-user@ip-172-31-95-133 ~$ sudo service jenkins restart
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl restart jenkins.service
ec2-user@ip-172-31-95-133 ~$ sudo docker ps
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE          COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS                               NAMES
0f44c80632e   my-spring-app  "java -jar spring-bo..." 2 minutes ago  Up 2 minutes  0.0.0.0:9090->9090/tcp, :::9090->9090/tcp  pensive_sutherland
ec2-user@ip-172-31-95-133 ~$

```

If running please your EC2 instance public ip address with spring boot port number 9090

<http://publicIpAddress:9090>

