

Write a C++ program that will accept a text message from a disc file and produce a coded or decoded message.

The code shall use a letter substitution cipher. The letters are identified by their numerical position of the letter ($a \rightarrow 0, b \rightarrow 1, \dots z \rightarrow 25$). The *code number* shall be calculated as follows

$$\text{code number} = \text{offset} + \text{spacing} \times (\text{letter number})$$

Where *offset* is an offset value and *spacing* gives the spacing between letters. The *code number* is to “wrap around” so the values will range from 0 to 25. The offset value *offset* is an integer ranging from 1 to 25. The spacing value *spacing* is a positive odd integer not greater than 11. These values are to be based on the number of characters in the message, including spaces, punctuation and other characters. Use the following formulas for these values:

```
int offset = length % 25 + 1; //returns a value from 1 to 25
```

```
int spacing = (length % 6) * 2 + 1;
```

```
//returns a positive odd value <= 11
```

where *length* is the number of characters in the message.

Implement the code cipher by creating a lookup-table array. This same look-up table is to be used in decoding messages. Revise the input text to contain all lower-case letters. Apply the code to lower case letters only. Write the program to allow the user to choose to encode regular messages and to decode coded messages. Write the encoded and decoded messages to .txt disc files.

Document the program with the following:

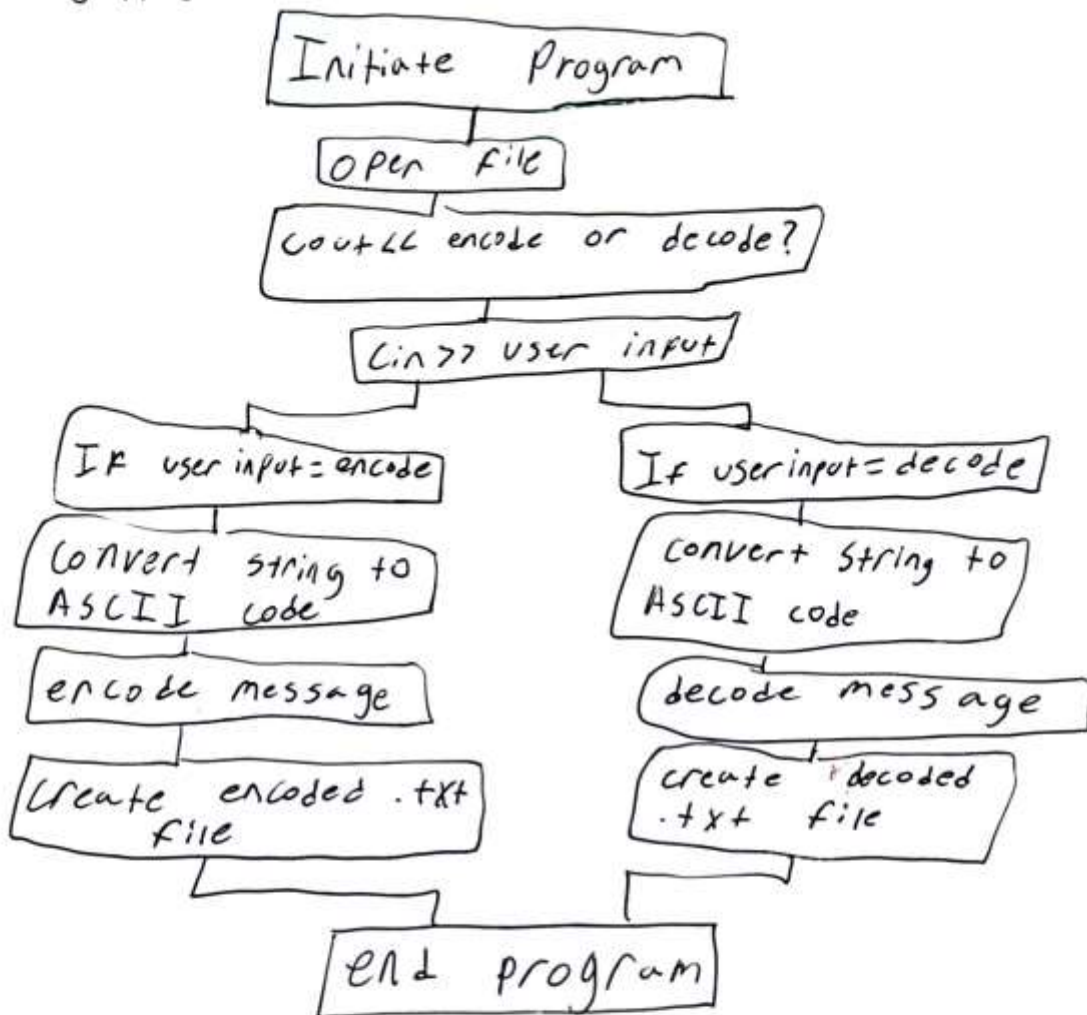
A. A written description of the program that describes the purpose of the program and the structure of the program.

The purpose of this program is to encode or decode certain .txt files. It opens files, reads them, then uses a do while loop to ask the user whether to encode or decode the message. It then goes through a series of for loops to complete the assigned task.

B. A flowchart to graphically illustrate the structure of the program.

Programming Project 9 Flow Chart

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C. The code listing.

```
1 //ECE 2305-Programming Project 9-Kaleb Badgett
2 #include <iostream>
3 #include <string>
4 #include <fstream>
5 using namespace std;
6
7 int main()
8 {
9     string message;
10    ifstream fin("c:message.txt", ios::in);
11    getline(fin, message);
12    cout << "The input file says:" << endl;
13    cout << endl;
14    cout << message << endl;
15    cout << endl;
16
17    int user_choice = 0;
18    do
19    {
20        cout << "Would you like to encode or decode this message?" << endl;
21        cout << "1. Encode" << endl;
22        cout << "2. Decode" << endl;
23        cout << endl;
24        cin >> user_choice;
25        switch (user_choice)
26        {
27            case 1:
28            {
29                user_choice = 1;
30                break;
31            }
32            case 2:
33            {
34                user_choice = 2;
35                break;
36            }
37            default:
38            {
39                cout << "Choose a valid option" << endl;
40                cout << endl;
41            }
42        }
43    } while (user_choice != 1 && user_choice != 2);
44
```

```

46     system("cls");
47
48     int length = message.length();
49     int a = length % 25 + 1;
50     int b = (length % 6) * 2 + 1;
51
52     cout << "Number of characters inside message: " << length << endl;
53     cout << "a: " << a << endl;
54     cout << "b: " << b << endl;
55     cout << endl;
56
57     for (int n = 0; n < length; n++)
58     {
59         cout << "message[" << n << "]\t" << message[n] << "\t" << int(message[n]) << endl;
60     }
61     cout << endl;
62
63     system("pause");
64     system("cls");
65
66     for (int n = 0; n < length; n++)
67     {
68         if (65 <= message[n] && message[n] <= 90) message[n] = message[n] + 32;
69     }
70
71     cout << "Updated input file" << endl;
72     cout << endl;
73
74     for (int n = 0; n < length; n++)
75     {
76         cout << "message[" << n << "]\t" << message[n] << "\t" << int(message[n]) << endl;
77     }
78     cout << endl;
79
80     system("pause");
81     system("cls");
82
83     int code[26];
84     for (int n = 0; n < 26; n++) code[n] = (a + b * n) % 26;
85     for (int n = 0; n < 26; n++) cout << "code[" << n << "]: " << code[n] << endl;
86
87     int m = 0;
88

```

```

86
87     int m = 0;
88
89     if (user_choice == 1)
90     {
91         for (int n = 0; n < length; n++)
92         {
93             if (97 <= message[n] && message[n] <= 122)
94             {
95                 message[n] = char(code[int(message[n]) - 97] + 97);
96             }
97         }
98     }
99     else
100    {
101        for (int n = 0; n < length; n++)
102        {
103            if (97 <= message[n] && message[n] <= 122)
104            {
105                m = 0;
106                while (int(message[n]) - 97 != code[m]) m = m + 1;
107                message[n] = char(m + 97);
108            }
109        }
110    }
111
112    ofstream fout("c:encoded.txt", ios::out);
113    for (int n = 0; n < length; n++) fout << message[n];
114    fout.close();
115
116    system("pause");
117    return 0;
118 }

```

These items shall be written in a PDF document.

D. Text files of an example input message and the corresponding coded message.

E. Decode the two coded messages and save the decoded messages as a text file.

Upload the PDF document and all of the text files to Blackboard.