Programming Fundamentals: Conditional Problems

Write a Program that prints today is cold if the temperature is below 25 or hot (above 25). The temperature range is from 0 to 50

Nested Conditional Statements are conditional statements that have the condition(s) within the statement of another condition. The syntax looks like

If (Condition1) {

If (Condition2){

Statement;

Sometimes two conditions are combined using logical operators of and or not

Write a Program which prints if the number is positive.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  float temp;
  cout << "Enter Temperature: ";</pre>
  cin >> temp;
  if (temp > 25) {
     if (temp <= 50)</pre>
       cout << "Its hot today" << endl;</pre>
     else
       cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  else if (temp < 25) {</pre>
       if (temp >= 0)
          cout << "Its cold today" << endl;</pre>
       else
          cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

```
Enter Temperature: 35
Its hot today

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a Program to check the weather condition.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  float temp;
  cout << "Enter Temperature: ";</pre>
  cin >> temp;
  if (temp > 25) {
     if (temp <= 50)</pre>
       cout << "Its hot today" << endl;</pre>
     else
       cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  else if (temp < 25) {</pre>
       if (temp >= 0)
          cout << "Its cold today" << endl;</pre>
       else
          cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

```
Enter Temperature: 15
Its hot today

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a Program to check the weather condition.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  float temp;
  cout << "Enter Temperature: ";</pre>
  cin >> temp;
  if (temp > 25) {
     if (temp <= 50)</pre>
       cout << "Its hot today" << endl;</pre>
     else
       cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  else if (temp < 25) {</pre>
       if (temp >= 0)
          cout << "Its cold today" << endl;</pre>
       else
          cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

```
Enter Temperature: -5
Out of range

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a Program to check the weather condition.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  float temp;
  cout << "Enter Temperature: ";</pre>
  cin >> temp;
  if (temp > 25) {
     if (temp <= 50)</pre>
       cout << "Its hot today" << endl;</pre>
     else
       cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  else if (temp < 25) {</pre>
       if (temp >= 0)
          cout << "Its cold today" << endl;</pre>
       else
          cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

```
Enter Temperature: -5
Out of range

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a Program to check the weather condition (using logical operations).

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  float temp;
  cout << "Enter Temperature: ";</pre>
  cin >> temp;
  if (temp > 25 && temp <= 50) {</pre>
    cout << "Its hot today" << endl;</pre>
  else if (temp < 25 && temp >=0) {
    cout << "Its cold today" << endl;</pre>
  else {
      cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

```
Enter Temperature: 15
Its cold today

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a Program to check the weather condition (using logical operations).

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  float temp;
  cout << "Enter Temperature: ";</pre>
  cin >> temp;
  if (temp > 25 && temp <= 50) {</pre>
    cout << "Its hot today" << endl;</pre>
  else if (temp < 25 && temp >=0) {
    cout << "Its cold today" << endl;</pre>
  else {
      cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

```
Enter Temperature: 35
Its hot today

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a Program to check the weather condition (using logical operations).

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  float temp;
  cout << "Enter Temperature: ";</pre>
  cin >> temp;
  if (temp > 25 && temp <= 50) {</pre>
    cout << "Its hot today" << endl;</pre>
  else if (temp < 25 && temp >=0) {
    cout << "Its cold today" << endl;</pre>
  else {
      cout << "Out of range" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
```

```
Enter Temperature: 55
Out of range

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Write a Program that prints the timetable of the day.

Some problems take a lot of if-else conditions(7 in the previous example). We can use switches here. Syntax of Switches are

```
switch (variable) {
   case value_1:
       Statement_1;
      break;
  case value 2:
       Statement 2;
      break;
  case value 3:
       Statement_3;
      break;
  case value_n:
       Statement_n;
      break;
```

Write a Program that prints the timetable of the day.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  float temp;
  cout << "Enter Day: ";</pre>
  cin >> temp;
  switch(temp){
       case 1:
          cout << "Maths, English";</pre>
          break;
       case 3:
          cout << "Science, English";</pre>
          break;
       case 5:
          cout << "Maths, Science";</pre>
          break;
```

```
case 2:
    case 4:
        cout << "History, Geography";
        break;
    default:
        cout << "Invalid Input";
    return 0;
}</pre>
```