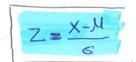
Area;



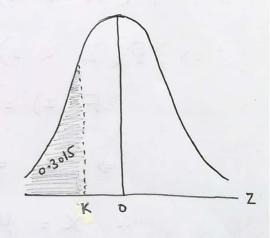
Q-1: Given a standard normal distribution, find the value of K such that

a)
$$P(Z(K) = 0.3015$$

Sol: -

$$=$$
 $F(K) = 0.3015$

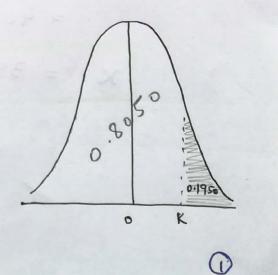
$$\Rightarrow$$
 $K = -0.59$



b)
$$P(Z > K) = 0.1950$$

$$P(Z < K) = 1 - 0.1950$$

$$F(K) = 0.8050$$



Q-2: Given a normal distribution with $\mu = 40$, and $\sigma = 6$, find the value of x that has a) 45% of the area to the left.

$$x = ?$$

with

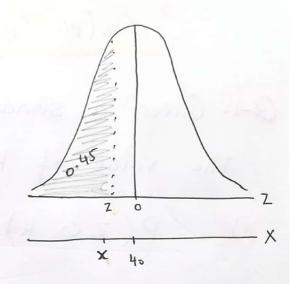
X ~ N (40, 6')

$$F(z) = 0.45$$

$$=> Z = -0.13$$

$$=40+6\times(-0.13)$$

$$\chi = 39.22$$



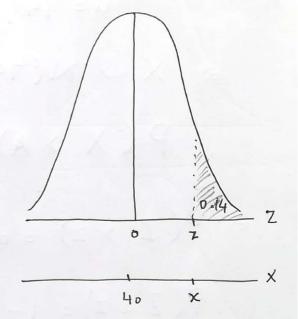
$$Z = \frac{X - M}{6}$$

$$P(X > X) = 0.14$$

$$\Rightarrow P(Z > Z) = 0.14$$

$$F(z) = 0.86$$

$$=40+6\times1.08$$



Q-3: The average grade for an exam is 74, and the standard deviation is 7. If 12% of the class is given A's, and the grades are curred to follow a normal distribution, what is the lowest possible A and highest possible B?

Sol:- $\mu = 74$, $\sigma = 7$

$$\Rightarrow X \sim N(74, 49).$$
 $P(X > A) = 0.12$

$$P(Z > Z) = 0.19$$

$$P(Z < Z) = 1 - 0.19$$

$$F(Z) = 0.88$$

$$P(Z > Z) = 1.18$$

$$A = \mu + 6Z$$

$$= 74 + 7 \times 1.18$$

$$= 82.26 \approx 83.$$
Therefore lowest A is 83.

and highest B is 82.

