

== (Exercise # 3.5) ==

Q(1-34)

Date

Find dy/dx

Rules

① $y = -10x + 3\cos x$

Sol.

$$y = -10x + 3\cos x$$

$$y' = -10 \frac{d}{dx} x + 3 \frac{d}{dx} \cos x$$

$$y' = -10 - 3\sin x$$

② $y = \frac{3}{x} + 5\sin x$

Sol.

$$y = \frac{3}{x} + 5\sin x$$

$$y' = 3 \frac{d}{dx} x^{-1} + 5 \frac{d}{dx} \sin x$$

$$y' = -3x^{-2} + 5\cos x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cos x = -\sin x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \cos x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \csc x = -\csc x \cot x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sec x = \sec x \tan x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \tan x = \sec^2 x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cot x = -\csc^2 x$$

③ $y = x^2 \cos x$

Sol.

$$y = x^2 \cos x$$

$$y' = \frac{d}{dx} x^2 \frac{d}{dx} \cos x$$

$$y' = x^2 \frac{d}{dx} \cos x + \cos x \frac{d}{dx} x^2$$

$$y' = -x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x$$

④ $y = \sqrt{x} \sec x + 3$

Sol.

$$y = \sqrt{x} \sec x + 3$$

$$y' = \sqrt{x} \frac{d}{dx} \sec x + \sec x \frac{d}{dx} x^{1/2} + \frac{d}{dx} (3)$$

$$y' = \sqrt{x} \sec x \tan x + \frac{\sec x}{2\sqrt{x}} + 0$$

$$y' = \sqrt{x} \sec x \tan x + \frac{\sec x}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

⑤ $y = \csc x - 4\sqrt{x} + 7$

$$y' = \frac{d}{dx} \csc x - 4 \frac{d}{dx} x^{1/2} + \frac{d}{dx} (7)$$

$$y' = -\csc^2 x \cot x - \frac{2}{2\sqrt{x}} + 0$$

$$y' = -\csc^2 x \cot x - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

⑥ $y = x^2 \cot x - \frac{1}{x^2}$

Sol.

$$y' = x^2 \frac{d}{dx} \cot x + \cot x \frac{d}{dx} x^2 - \frac{d}{dx} x^{-2}$$

$$y' = -x^2 \csc^2 x + 2x \cot x + 2x^{-3}$$

$$y' = -x^2 \csc^2 x + 2x \cot x + 2/x^3$$

⑦ $f(x) = \sin x \tan x$

$$f'(x) = \sin x \frac{d}{dx} \tan x + \tan x \frac{d}{dx} \sin x$$

$$f'(x) = \sin x \sec^2 x + \tan x \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = \sin x \sec^2 x + \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right) \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = \sin x (\sec^2 x + 1)$$

$$\textcircled{8} g(x) = \csc x \cot x$$

Sol,

$$g'(x) = \csc x \frac{d}{dx} \cot x + \cot x \frac{d}{dx} \csc x$$

$$g'(x) = -\csc^3 x + (-\csc x \cot^2 x)$$

$$g'(x) = -\csc^3 x (\csc^2 x + \cot^2 x)$$

$$g'(x) = -\csc x (\csc^2 x + \cot^2 x)$$

$$\textcircled{10} y = (\sin x + \cos x) \sec x$$

$$y' = (\sin x + \cos x) \frac{d}{dx} \sec x + \sec x \frac{d}{dx} (\sin x + \cos x)$$

$$y' = (\sin x + \cos x) (\sec x \tan x) + \sec x (\cos x - \sin x)$$

$$y' = \frac{(\sin x + \cos x) \sin x}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$y' = \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos x \sin x + \cos^2 x - \cos x \sin x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \Rightarrow y' = \sec^2 x$$

$$\textcircled{12} y = \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x}$$

$$y' = \frac{(1 + \sin x) \frac{d}{dx} (\cos x) - (\cos x) \left(\frac{d}{dx} (1) + \frac{d}{dx} \sin x \right)}{(1 + \sin x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-\sin x - (\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x)}{(1 + \sin x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-\sin x - 1}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\textcircled{9} y = (\sec x + \tan x) (\sec x - \tan x)$$

Sol,

$$y' = (\sec x + \tan x) \frac{d}{dx} (\sec x - \tan x) + (\sec x - \tan x) \frac{d}{dx} (\sec x + \tan x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (\sec x + \tan x)$$

$$y' = (\sec x + \tan x) (\sec x \tan x - \sec^2 x) + (\sec x - \tan x) (\sec x \tan x + \sec^2 x)$$

$$y' = \sec^2 x \tan x - \sec^3 x + \sec x \tan^2 x - \sec^2 x \tan x + \sec^2 x \tan x + \sec^3 x - \sec^2 x \tan x - \sec^2 x \tan x$$

$$y' = 0$$

$$\textcircled{11} y = \frac{\cot x}{1 + \cot x}$$

$$y' = \frac{(1 + \cot x) \frac{d}{dx} \cot x - \cot x \left(\frac{d}{dx} (1) + \frac{d}{dx} \cot x \right)}{(1 + \cot x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(1 + \cot x) (-\csc^2 x) - \cot x (-\csc^2 x)}{(1 + \cot x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-\csc^2 x \cot x + \csc^2 x \cot x - \csc^2 x}{(1 + \cot x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-\csc^2 x}{(1 + \cot x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-(1 + \sin x)}{(1 + \sin x)^2}$$

$$y' = -1/(1 + \sin x)$$

$$(13) y = \frac{4}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\tan x}$$

$$y = 4\left(\frac{1}{\cos x}\right) + \frac{1}{\tan x}$$

$$y = 4 \sec x + \cot x$$

$$y' = 4 \frac{d}{dx} \sec x + \frac{d}{dx} \cot x$$

$$y' = 4 \sec x \tan x - \csc^2 x$$

$$(14) y = \frac{\cos x}{x} + \frac{x}{\cos x}$$

$$y' = \frac{x \left(\frac{d}{dx} \cos x \right) - \cos x \frac{d}{dx} x}{x^2} + \frac{\cos x \frac{d}{dx} x - x \frac{d}{dx} \cos x}{(\cos^2 x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-x \sin x - \cos x}{x^2} + \frac{\cos x + x \sin x}{(\cos x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{-x \sin x - \cos x}{x^2} + \frac{\cos x + x \sin x}{(\cos x)^2}$$

(15)

$$y = x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x$$

$$y' = x^2 \frac{d}{dx} \sin x + \sin x \frac{d}{dx} x^2 + 2 \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \cos x + \cos x \frac{d}{dx} x \right) - 2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} \sin x \right)$$

$$y' = x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2(-x \sin x + \cos x) - 2 \cos x$$

$$y' = x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x - 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x - 2 \cos x$$

$$y' = x^2 \cos x$$

(16)

$$y = x^2 \cos x - 2x \sin x - 2 \cos x$$

$$y' = x^2 \frac{d}{dx} \cos x + \cos x \frac{d}{dx} x^2 - 2 \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \sin x + \sin x \frac{d}{dx} x \right) - 2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} \cos x \right)$$

$$y' = -x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x + 2 \sin x$$

$$y' = -x^2 \sin x$$



(17) $f(x) = x^3 \sin x \cos x$

Sol,

$$f(x) = x^3 \sin x \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = x^3 \sin x \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) + x^3 \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) (\cos x) + \frac{d}{dx} x^3 \sin x \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = -x^3 \sin^2 x + x^3 \cos^2 x + 3x^2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\boxed{f'(x) = -x^3 \sin^2 x + x^3 \cos^2 x + 3x^2 \sin x \cos x}$$

(18) $g(x) = (2-x) \tan^2 x$

$$g'(x) = (2-x) \frac{d}{dx} \tan^2 x + \tan^2 x \frac{d}{dx} (2-x)$$

$$g'(x) = (2-x) (2 \tan x \sec^2 x) + (\tan^2 x) (-1)$$

$$g'(x) = 2(2-x) \tan x \sec^2 x - \tan^2 x$$

$$\boxed{g'(x) = 2(2-x) \tan x (\sec^2 x - \tan x)}$$

(19) $s = \tan t - t$

$$s = \tan t - t$$

$$s' = \frac{d}{dt} \tan t - \frac{d}{dt} t$$

$$\boxed{s' = \sec^2 t - 1}$$

(20) $s = t^2 - \sec t + 1$

$$s' = \frac{d}{dt} t^2 - \frac{d}{dt} \sec t + \frac{d}{dt} (1)$$

$$\boxed{s' = 2t - \sec t \tan t}$$

(21) $s = \frac{1 + \csc t}{1 - \csc t}$

$$s' = \frac{(1 - \csc t)(-\csc t \cot t) - (1 + \csc t)(\csc t \cot t)}{(1 - \csc t)^2}$$

$$s' = \frac{-\csc t \cot t + \csc^2 t \cot t - \csc t \cot t - \csc^2 t \cot t}{(1 - \csc t)^2} \Rightarrow \boxed{s' = \frac{-2 \csc t \cot t}{(1 - \csc t)^2}}$$

$$(22) \quad s = \frac{\sin t}{1 - \cos t}$$

Quotient Rule.

$$s' = \frac{1}{\cot t - 1}$$

$$(23) \quad r = 4 - \theta^2 \sin \theta.$$

Power Rule + Product Rule.

$$r' = -\theta(2\cos\theta + 2\sin\theta)$$

$$(24) \quad r = \theta \sin \theta + \cos \theta.$$

Power Rule + Product Rule.

$$r' = \theta \cos \theta$$

$$(25) \quad r = \sec \theta \csc \theta.$$

Product Rule.

$$r' = \sec^2 \theta - \csc^2 \theta$$

$$(26) \quad r = (1 + \sec \theta) \sin \theta.$$

Product Rule.

$$r' = \cos \theta + \sec^2 \theta$$

$$(27) \quad p = 5 + \frac{1}{\cot q}.$$

Power Rule.

$$p' = \sec^2 q$$

$$(28) \quad p = ((1 + \csc q) \cos q)$$

Power + Product Rule.

$$p' = -\sin q - \csc^2 q$$

$$(29) \quad p = \frac{\sin q + \cos q}{\cos q}.$$

Quotient Rule.

$$p' = \sec^2 q$$

$$(30) \quad p = \frac{\tan q}{1 + \tan q}$$

Quotient Rule.

$$p' = \frac{\sec^2 q}{(1 + \tan q)^2}$$

$$(31) \quad p = \frac{q \sin q}{q^2 - 1}$$

Quotient + Product Rule.

$$p' = \frac{q^3 \cos q - q^2 \sin q - q \cos q - \sin q}{(q^2 - 1)^2}$$

$$(32) \quad p = \frac{3q + \tan q}{q \sec q}$$

Quotient + Power Rule.

$$p' = \frac{q \sec^3 q - 3q^2 \sec q \tan q - q \sec q \tan^2 q - \sec q \tan q}{(q \sec q)^2}$$

$$(33) \quad \text{Find } y'' \text{ if}$$

$$a) \quad y = \csc x$$

$$y'' = 2\csc^3 x - \csc x$$

$$b) \quad y = \sec x$$

$$y'' = 2\sec^3 x - \sec x$$

$$(34) \quad \text{Find } y^{(4)}:$$

$$a) \quad y = -2 \sin x.$$

$$y' = -2 \cos x$$

$$y'' = -2(-\sin x)$$

$$y''' = 2 \cos x$$

$$y^{(4)} = -2 \sin x$$

$$b) \quad y = 9 \cos x.$$

$$y' = -9 \sin x$$

$$y'' = -9 \cos x$$

$$y''' = 9 \sin x$$

$$y^{(4)} = 9 \cos x$$

(THE END)