1. What is Web 3.0?

Web 3.0 (also called Web3) is the next generation of the internet, aiming to make the web decentralized, trustless, permissionless, and user-owned. It leverages technologies like blockchain, smart contracts, cryptocurrencies, NFTs, and AI to change how data and identity are handled.

Evolution Description

Web 1.0 Static pages, read-only, no user interaction. (1990s–early 2000s)

Web 2.0 Interactive, social media, centralized services. (2004–now)

Web 3.0 Decentralized, user-owned, blockchain-based internet. (Emerging)

♦ 2. Core Features of Web 3.0

Feature	Description
Decentralization	No central authority—data stored on distributed networks.
Blockchain-based	Transparent and immutable ledgers (e.g., Ethereum).
Smart Contracts	Self-executing contracts without third parties.
Tokenization	Use of cryptocurrencies and NFTs to incentivize participation.
Interoperability	Apps and protocols can interact across chains and services.
Ownership & Identity	Users own their data and digital identity via wallets.
Trustless	No need to trust any single intermediary; code and consensus rule.
Permissionless	Anyone can access and build without approvals.

♦ 3. Key Technologies in Web 3.0

♦ a. Blockchain

- Distributed digital ledger.
- Immutable and transparent.
- Examples: Ethereum, Solana, Polkadot, Avalanche.

♦ b. Smart Contracts

• Code that runs on blockchain.

- Executes automatically when conditions are met.
- Used in DeFi, DApps, NFTs.

◆ c. Cryptocurrencies

- Digital currencies for payments and incentives.
- Examples: ETH, BTC, SOL, MATIC.

d. Wallets

- Store crypto and digital identity.
- Examples: MetaMask, Trust Wallet, Coinbase Wallet.

◆ e. Decentralized Apps (DApps)

- Applications built on blockchains.
- Frontend + Smart Contracts.
- Examples: Uniswap (DeFi), OpenSea (NFTs), Lens (Social).

♦ f. IPFS / Arweave

- Decentralized file storage systems.
- IPFS = InterPlanetary File System.

◆ 4. Web 3.0 Architecture Overview

SCSS

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 $\mathsf{User} \longleftrightarrow \mathsf{DApp} \ (\mathsf{Frontend}) \longleftrightarrow \mathsf{Smart} \ \mathsf{Contract} \longleftrightarrow \mathsf{Blockchain}$

 \downarrow

Wallet & Crypto

 \downarrow

Decentralized Storage (IPFS)

♦ 5. Web 3.0 vs Web 2.0

Aspect Web 2.0

Web 3.0

Data Ownership Company-owned

User-owned via wallets

Aspect Web 2.0 Web 3.0

Architecture Centralized Decentralized (blockchain)

Monetization Ad-based, control Token-based, fair incentives

Control Platforms (e.g., Meta, Google) Protocols + communities

Login Email/password Wallets (MetaMask, etc.)

♦ 6. Web 3.0 Use Cases

Area Examples

Finance DeFi (Uniswap, Aave, Compound)

NFTs OpenSea, Rarible

DAOs Decentralized governance (e.g., MakerDAO)

Social Lens Protocol, Farcaster

Gaming Play-to-earn (Axie Infinity, Decentraland)

Identity ENS (Ethereum Name Service), Soulbound Tokens

Storage IPFS, Filecoin, Arweave

♦ 7. Challenges of Web 3.0

Challenge Description

Scalability Blockchains are slower than centralized servers.

User Experience (UX) Wallets and gas fees can confuse non-tech users.

Security Smart contracts are vulnerable if not audited properly.

Energy Use Some blockchains (like Bitcoin) are energy-intensive.

Regulatory Issues Governments are still figuring out how to regulate.

♦ 8. How to Start with Web 3.0 Development

Tools & Stack:

• Frontend: HTML, CSS, JS, React, Vue

Blockchain: Ethereum (via MetaMask), Solidity

• **Libraries**: Web3.js, Ethers.js

• Testing: Hardhat, Foundry

• **Node Providers**: Infura, Alchemy

• Wallets: MetaMask, WalletConnect

Getting Started Example:

1. Write smart contract in Solidity.

2. Deploy to Ethereum via Remix or Hardhat.

3. Connect Web3 frontend using MetaMask and Web3.js.

4. Interact with smart contract (read/write functions).

◆ 9. Popular Web 3.0 Projects (by Category)

Category Projects

Blockchain Ethereum, Solana, Avalanche

DeFi Aave, Compound, Curve

NFT OpenSea, Rarible

Storage IPFS, Filecoin

Identity ENS, Ceramic

DAO Tools Snapshot, Aragon

♦ 10. Future of Web 3.0

- Wider adoption of decentralized identity (DID).
- Integration with AI (personalized + intelligent agents).
- More user-friendly wallets and DApps.
- Mainstream brands entering via NFTs and DAOs.
- Development of Layer 2 scaling solutions.

2 Summary

Web 3.0 is...

- ✓ Decentralized
- arnothing Trustless and permissionless