

Experiment 1.2

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MEDIUM - LEVEL

1. **Problem Title:** Organizational Hierarchy Explorer

2. **Procedure (Step-by-Step):** You are a Database Engineer at TalentTree Inc., an enterprise HR analytics platform that stores employee data, including their reporting relationships. The company maintains a centralized Employee relation that

Each employee's ID, name, department, and manager ID (who is also an employee in the same table).

Your task is to generate a report that maps employees to their respective managers, showing:

The employee's name and department

Their manager's name and department (if applicable)

This will help the HR department visualize the internal reporting hierarchy.

3. **SOL Commands:**

a. Create the database and use it:

```
CREATE DATABASE VaibhavADBMS;
USE VaibhavADBMS:
```

b. Create tables StaffDetails:

```
CREATE TABLE StaffDetails (
StaffID INT IDENTITY(1,1),
StaffName VARCHAR(MAX),
Dept VARCHAR(MAX),
HeadID INT
);
```

c. Insert the values in the tables:

```
INSERT INTO StaffDetails (StaffName, Dept, HeadID)
VALUES
('Neha', 'Marketing', NULL),
('Aman', 'Sales', 1),
('Riya', 'Tech', 1),
('Karan', 'Sales', 2),
('Ishita', 'Tech', 3),
('Mohit', 'Marketing', 1);
```

d. Selecting the Employee Name, Manager name, and Employee and Manager Department:

5. Output:

#	Results	Messa	iges		
	Emplo	yee Name	Manager Name	Employee Dept	Manager Dept
1	Neha		NULL	Marketing	NULL
2	Aman		Neha	Sales	Marketing
3	Riya		Neha	Tech	Marketing
4	Karan	1	Aman	Sales	Sales
5	Ishita		Riya	Tech	Tech
6	Mohit	8	Neha	Marketing	Marketing

6. Learning Outcome:

- a. I learned how to create and manage relational databases using SQL.
- b. I understood how to define primary and foreign key constraints to establish relationships between tables.
- c. I learned how to use LEFT OUTER JOIN to retrieve combined data from related tables, including unmatched rows.
- d. I practiced inserting multiple records efficiently into SQL tables.

HARD - LEVEL

- 1. Problem Title: Financial Forecast Matching with Fallback Strategy
- **2. Procedure (Step-by-Step):** You are a Data Engineer at **FinSight Corp**, a company that models Net Present Value (NPV) projections for investment decisions. Your system maintains two key datasets:
- **Year_tbl:** Actual recorded NPV's of various financial instruments over different years:

ID: Unique Financial instrument identifier.

YEAR: Year of record

NPV: Net Present Value in that year

• **Queries_tbl:** A list of instrument-year pairs for which stakeholders are requesting NPV values:

ID: Financial instrument identifier

YEAR: Year of interest.

Find the NPV of each query from the Queries table. Return the output order by ID and Year in the sorted form.

However, not all **ID-YEAR combinations** in the Queries table are present in the Year_tbl. If an NPV is missing for a requested combination, assume it to be 0 to maintain a consistent financial report.

3. SQL Commands:

a. Create the database and use it:

```
CREATE DATABASE VaibhavADBMS;
USE VaibhavADBMS;
```

b. Create tables InvestmentData and RequestLog:

```
CREATE TABLE InvestmentData (
    InstrumentID INT,
    RecordYear INT,
    NetValue INT
);

CREATE TABLE RequestLog (
    InstrumentID INT,
    QueryYear INT
);
```

c. Insert the values in the tables:

```
INSERT INTO InvestmentData
VALUES
(101, 2020, 75),
(108, 2022, 50),
(113, 2021, 40),
(101, 2021, 110),
(102, 2015, 95),
(103, 2016, 22),
(111, 2022, 17),
(108, 2021, 0);
INSERT INTO RequestLog
VALUES
(101, 2021),
(102, 2015),
(103, 2016),
(108, 2020),
(108, 2021),
(108, 2022),
(113, 2021);
```

d. Selecting the ID, YEAR and NPV:

```
SELECT R.InstrumentID, R.QueryYear, ISNULL(I.NetValue, 0) AS NPV
FROM RequestLog AS R
LEFT OUTER JOIN InvestmentData AS I
ON R.InstrumentID = I.InstrumentID AND R.QueryYear = I.RecordYear
ORDER BY R.InstrumentID, R.QueryYear;
```

4. Output:

	InstrumentID		QueryYear	NPV
1	101		2021	110
2	102		2015	95
3	103		2016	22
4	108		2020	0
5	108		2021	0
6	108		2022	50
7	113		2021	40

5. Learning Outcome:

- a. I learned how to create and manage relational databases using SQL.
- b. I understood how to define primary and foreign key constraints to establish relationships between tables.
- c. I practiced inserting multiple records efficiently into SQL tables to populate them with structured data
- d. I learned how to use LEFT OUTER JOIN to retrieve combined data from related tables, including unmatched rows from the left table.
- e. I learnt how to use ISNULL keyword in SQL queries on tables.