

## Introduction

The purpose of this assignment is to generate working Shellcode and test it.

## Working steps

I started with removing null bytes with '0x4' from the registers and used low registers instead of extended. Then I also xored ebx register to be zero.

```
section .text
global _start

_start:
    jmp short one
two:
    ; write(fd, msg, len)
    ; syscall(4, fd, msg, len)
    mov     al, 0x4                ; syscall number (4=write)
    mov     bl, 1                  ; fd=1 (stdout)
    mov     ecx, msg
    mov     dl, 15
    int     0x80                  ; interrupt to kernel

    ; exit(code)
    ; syscall(1, code)
    mov     al, 0x4                ; syscall (1=exit)
    xor     ebx, ebx              ; code=0
    int     0x80                  ; interrupt to kernel

one:
    call two
    msg     db 'TTC6520-3002!', 0xa ; define bytes for string
```

Then I ran make to the hello.asm and ran it through shell\_text.sh. Then I tested it with shelltest and I said that shellcode doesn't have null bytes.

```
(kali@kali-vle)~/softexp/week3/asm
$ ./shell_text.sh hello
\xeb\x13\xb0\x04\xb3\x01\xb9\x15\x90\x04\x08\xb2\x0f\xcd\x80\xb0\x04\x31\xdb\xcd\x80\x54\x54\x43\x36\x35\x32\x30\x2d\x33\x30\x30\x32\x21\x0a

$ ./shelltest
[+] Shellcode: \xeb\x13\xb0\x04\xb3\x01\xb9\x15\x90\x04\x08\xb2\x0f\xcd\x80\xb0\x04\x31\xdb\xcd\x80\x54\x54\x43\x36\x35\x32\x30\x2d\x33\x30\x30\x32\x21\x0a
*****1•TTC6520-3002!
[+] Shellcode doesn't have Null bytes
```

This was all I could successfully do and after this I just tested all kind of things but did not make any progress. Next, I tried to xor all registers to be 0, instead of moving msg to ecx pop ecx and tried to change 'mov edx, msglen' to move messages length to dl. Then I ran hello through shell\_array.sh and copied it to shell\_stub.c and compiled it. I ran shell\_stub but it gave segmentation fault.

```
$ ./shell_stub
zsh: segmentation fault ./shell_stub
```

## Results

At the end I only get through the first step of the assignment and I used about 4 hours to this. I have changed hello.asm so much that I can't remember which attempts are genuine and which are just random tests. In the end, it looks like this.

```
GNU nano 7.2
section .text
global _start

_start:
    jmp short one
two:
    ; write(fd, msg, len)
    ; syscall(4, fd, msg, len)
    xor     eax, eax
    xor     ebx, ebx
    xor     ecx, ecx
    xor     edx, edx
    mov     al, 4                ; syscall number (4=write)
    mov     bl, 1                ; fd=1 (stdout)
    pop     ecx
    mov     dl, 13
    int     0x80                ; interrupt to kernel

    ; exit(code)
    ; syscall(1, code)
    mov     al, 1                ; syscall (1=exit)
    xor     ebx, ebx              ; code=0
    int     0x80                ; interrupt to kernel

one:
    call _two
    msg     db 'TTC6520-3002!', 0xa    ; define bytes for string
```

## System information

Linux kali-vle 6.3.0-kali1-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT\_DYNAMIC Debian 6.3.7-1kali1 (2023-06-29) x86\_64  
GNU/Linux

Program was compiled with Makefile.

```
L$ readelf -h hello
ELF Header:
  Magic:   7f 45 4c 46 01 01 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
  Class:                               ELF32
  Data:                                   2's complement, little endian
  Version:                               1 (current)
  OS/ABI:                                UNIX - System V
  ABI Version:                           0
  Type:                                   EXEC (Executable file)
  Machine:                               Intel 80386
  Version:                               0x1
  Entry point address:                   0x8049000
  Start of program headers:              52 (bytes into file)
  Start of section headers:              4384 (bytes into file)
  Flags:                                  0x0
  Size of this header:                   52 (bytes)
  Size of program headers:               32 (bytes)
  Number of program headers:              2
  Size of section headers:               40 (bytes)
  Number of section headers:              5
  Section header string table index:      4
```