

1.

---

Write a program to simulate the working of stack using an array with the following :

a) Push b) Pop c) Display

The program should print appropriate messages for stack overflow, stack underflow

## Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
void push();
void pop();
void display();
int stack[100],choice,n,top,x,i;

int main()
{
    top=-1;
    printf("\nEnter the size of stack(max=100):");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\n1.push\n2.pop\n3.display\n4.exit");
    do
    {
        printf("\n Enter ID of the operation to be performed:");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice)
        {
            case 1:
            {
                push();
                break;
            }
            case 2:
            {
                pop();
                break;
            }
            case 3:
            {
                display();
                break;
            }
            case 4:
            {
```

```

        printf("\nexit");
        break;
    }
    default:
    {
        printf ("\nEnter a Valid Choice");
    }
}

}

while(choice!=4);
return 0;
}

void push()
{
    if(top>=n-1)
    {
        printf("\nStack Overflow");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Enter a value to be pushed:");
        scanf("%d",&x);
        top++;
        stack[top]=x;
    }
}

void pop()
{
    if(top<=-1)
    {
        printf("\nStack underflow");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\n\t The popped element is %d",stack[top]);
        top--;
    }
}

void display()
{
    if(top>=0)

```

```

{
    printf("\n The elements in the stack: \n");
    for(i=top; i>=0; i--)
        printf("\n> %d",stack[i]);
}
else
{
    printf("\nStack is empty");
}

```

### OUTPUT

Enter the size of stack(max=100):5

- 1.push
- 2.pop
- 3.display
- 4.exit

Enter ID of the operation to be performed:1

Enter a value to be pushed:2

Enter ID of the operation to be performed:1

Enter a value to be pushed:3

Enter ID of the operation to be performed:3

The elements in the stack:

> 3

> 2

Enter ID of the operation to be performed:2

The popped element is 3

2.

WAP to convert a given valid parenthesized infix arithmetic expression to postfix expression. The expression consists of single character operands and the binary operators + (plus), - (minus), \* (multiply) and / (divide)

### Code

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>

```

```

int F(char symbol) {
    switch(symbol) {
        case '+':
        case '-': return 2;
        case '*':
        case '/': return 4;
        case '^':
        case '$': return 5;
        case '(': return 0;
        case '#': return -1;
        default : return 8;
    }
}

int G(char symbol) {
    switch(symbol) {
        case '+':
        case '-': return 1;
        case '*':
        case '/': return 3;
        case '^':
        case '$': return 6;
        case '(': return 9;
        case ')': return 0;
        default : return 7;
    }
}

void infix_postfix (char infix[], char postfix[]){
    int top, i , j;
    char s[30], symbol;
    top = -1;
    s[++top] = '#';
    j = 0;
    for(i = 0; i < strlen(infix); i++) {
        symbol = infix[i];

        while (F(s[top]) > G(symbol)) {
            postfix[j] = s[top--];
            j++;
        }

        if(F(s[top]) != G(symbol)) {

```

```

        s[++top] = symbol;
    }else{
        top--;
    }
}

while(s[top] != '#'){
    postfix[j++] = s[top--];
}

postfix[j] = '\0';
}

void main(){
    char infix [20];
    char postfix[20];
    printf("enter a valid infix expression \n");
    scanf("%s", infix);
    infix_postfix(infix, postfix);
    printf("the postfix expression is: ");
    printf("%s", postfix);
}

```

## OUTPUT

```

srava@LAPTOP-NRIKOIFA ~\Documents\DS_with-C
> cd "c:\Users\srava\Documents\DS_with-C\Programs\"
enter a valid infix expression
((a+(b-c)*d)^e+f)
the postfix expression is: abc-d*+e^f+

```

## 3.

WAP to simulate the working of a queue of integers using an array. Provide the following operations

a) Insert b) Delete c) Display

The program should print appropriate messages for queue empty and queue overflow conditions

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <process.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define SIZE 3

int item,front=0,rear=-1,q[10];

```

```

void insertRear(){
    if(rear == SIZE-1){
        printf("Queue Overflow\n");
        return;
    }
    rear += 1;
    q[rear] = item;
}

int deleteFront(){
    if(front>rear){
        front = 0;
        rear = -1;
        return -1;
    }
    return q[front++];
}

void displayQueue(){
    int i;
    if(front>rear){
        printf("Queue is empty\n");
        return;
    }
    printf("Contents of Queue: \n");
    for(i=front;i<=rear;i++){
        printf("%d ",q[i]);
    }
}

void main(){
    int choice,flag=0;

    while(flag == 0){
        printf("\n1. Insert Rear\n2. Delete Front\n3. Display Queue\n4.
Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: \n");
        scanf("%d",&choice);

        switch(choice){
            case 1:{
                printf("Item to be inserted: ");

```

```
        scanf("%d",&item);
        insertRear();
        break;
    }

    case 2:{
        item = deleteFront();
        if(item == -1){
            printf("Queue is empty\n");
        }else{
            printf("Item deleted = %d\n",item);
        }
        break;
    }

    case 3:{
        displayQueue();
        break;
    }
    default: exit(0);
}
}
```

## OUTPUT

```
1. Insert Rear
2. Delete Front
3. Display Queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice:
1
Item to be inserted: 30
```

```
1. Insert Rear
2. Delete Front
3. Display Queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice:
3
Contents of Queue:
10 20 30
1. Insert Rear
2. Delete Front
3. Display Queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

4.

WAP to simulate the working of a circular queue of integers using an array. Provide the following operations.

a) Insert b) Delete c) Display

The program should print appropriate messages for queue empty and queue overflow conditions

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#define SIZE 5
```



```
int items[SIZE];
int front = -1, rear = -1;

int isFull() {
    if ((front == rear + 1) || (front == 0 && rear == SIZE - 1)) return
1;
    return 0;
}

int isEmpty() {
    if (front == -1) return 1;
    return 0;
}

void insert(int element) {
    if (isFull())
        printf("\n Queue is full!! \n");
    else {
        if (front == -1) front = 0;
        rear = (rear + 1) % SIZE;
        items[rear] = element;
        printf("\n Inserted -> %d", element);
    }
}

void delete() {
    int element;
    if (isEmpty()) {
        printf("\n Queue is empty !! \n");
        return;
    } else {
        element = items[front];
        if (front == rear) {
            front = -1;
            rear = -1;
        }
        else {
            front = (front + 1) % SIZE;
```

```

    }
    printf("\n Deleted element -> %d \n", element);
}
}

void display() {
    int i;
    if (isEmpty())
        printf(" \n Empty Queue\n");
    else {
        printf("\n Items -> ");
        for (i = front; i != rear; i = (i + 1) % SIZE) {
            printf("%d ", items[i]);
        }
        printf("%d ", items[i]);
    }
}

void main(){
    int item, choice, flag = 1;
    while(flag == 1){
        printf("\n1. Insert\n2. Delete\n3. Display\n4. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter you choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice){
            case 1: {
                printf("Enter the item: \n");
                scanf("%d",&item);
                insert(item);
                break;
            }
            case 2: {
                delete();
                break;
            }
            case 3: {
                display();
                break;
            }
            default: exit(0);
        }
    }
}

```

```
}
```

## OUTPUT

```
1. Insert
2. Delete
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter you choice: 1
Enter the item:
10

    Inserted -> 10
1. Insert
2. Delete
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter you choice: 3

    Front -> 1
    Items -> 20 30 10
    Rear -> 3

1. Insert
2. Delete
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter you choice: █
```

## 5.

WAP to Implement Singly Linked List with following operations

a) Create a linked list. b) Insertion of a node at first position, at any position and at end of list. c) Display the contents of the linked list.

## Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

typedef struct node *Node;

Node getNode(){
    Node x;
    x = (Node)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
```

```

        if(x == NULL) {
            printf("mem full\n");
            exit(0);
        }
        return x;
    }

void freeNode(Node x) {
    free(x);
}

Node insertRear(Node first,int item) {
    Node temp,current;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if(first == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }
    current = first;
    while(current->next != NULL) {
        current = current->next;
    }
    current->next = temp;
    return first;
}

Node insertFront(Node first,int item) {
    Node temp;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if(first == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }
    temp->next = first;
    first = temp;
    return first;
}

Node deleteRear(Node first) {
    Node current,previous;

```

```

    if(first == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
        return first;
    }
    if(first->next == NULL) {
        printf("Item deleted is %d\n",first->data);
        free(first);
        return NULL;
    }
    previous = NULL;
    current = first;
    while(current->next != NULL) {
        previous = current;
        current = current->next;
    }
    printf("item deleted at rear end is %d\n",current->data);
    free(current);
    previous->next = NULL;
    return first;
}

```

```

Node deleteFront(Node first) {
    Node temp;
    if(first == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
        return first;
    }
    temp = first;
    temp = temp->next;
    printf("Item delted at front end is %d\n",first->data);
    free(first);
    return temp;
}

```

```

Node orderList(Node first,int item) {
    Node temp,prev,cur;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if(first == NULL) {
        printf("in first if\n");
        return temp;
    }
}

```

```

    if(item < first->data){
        printf("second if");
        temp->next = first;
        return temp;
    }
    prev = NULL;
    cur = first;
    while(cur != NULL && item > cur->data){
        printf("in while");
        prev = cur;
        cur = cur->next;
    }
    prev->next = temp;
    temp->next = cur;
    return first;
}

Node insertPosition(int item, int pos, Node first){
    Node temp,prev,cur;
    int count;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if(first == NULL && pos == 1){
        return temp;
    }
    if(first == NULL){
        printf("invalid position\n");
        return first;
    }
    if(pos == 1){
        temp->next = first;
        return temp;
    }

    count = 1;
    prev = NULL;
    cur = first;
    while(cur!=NULL && count != pos){
        prev = cur;
        cur = cur->next;
        count++;
    }
    if(count == pos){

```

```

        prev->next = temp;
        temp->next = cur;
        return first;
    }
    printf("invalid position\n");
    return first;
}

Node deletePosition(int pos, Node first) {
    Node cur, prev;
    int count;
    if (first == NULL || pos <= 0) {
        printf("invalid position\n");
        return NULL;
    }
    if (pos == 1) {
        cur = first;
        first = first->next;
        free(cur);
        return first;
    }
    prev = NULL;
    cur = first;
    count = 1;
    while (cur != NULL) {
        if (count == pos) {
            break;
        }
        prev = cur;
        cur = cur->next;
        count++;
    }
    if (count != pos) {
        printf("invalid position\n");
        return first;
    }
    prev->next = cur->next;
    free(cur);
    return first;
}

```

```

void display(Node first) {
    Node temp;
    if(first == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
        return;
    }
    for(temp=first;temp!=NULL;temp = temp->next){
        printf("%d ",temp->data);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void main() {
    int item,choice,flag = 1,pos;
    Node first = NULL;

    while(flag == 1){
        printf("\n1. Insert Front\n2. Insert Rear\n3. Delete Front\n4.
Delete Rear\n5. Order List\n6. Display\n7. Insert at\n8. Delete at\n9.
Exit");
        printf("\nEnter Your choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        printf("\n");
        switch(choice){
            case 1: printf("Enter the item to be inserted at front:
\n");
                    scanf("%d",&item);
                    first = insertFront(first,item);
                    break;
            case 2: printf("Enter the item to be inserted in the rear:
\n");
                    scanf("%d",&item);
                    first = insertRear(first,item);
                    break;
            case 3: first = deleteFront(first);
                    break;
            case 4: first = deleteRear(first);
                    break;
            case 5: printf("Enter item which will be inserted in
order(ascending): \n");

```



```

        scanf("%d",&item);
        first = orderList(first,item);
        break;
    case 6: display(first);
        break;
    case 7: printf("Enter item to be inserted: \n");
        scanf("%d",&item);
        printf("Enter position to be inserted: \n");
        scanf("%d",&pos);
        first = insertPosition(item,pos,first);
        break;
    case 8: printf("Enter position to be deleted: \n");
        scanf("%d",&pos);
        first = deletePosition(pos,first);
        break;
    case 9: exit(0);
        break;

    default: printf("Enter correct option!\n");
}
}
}

```

## OUTPUT

```

10 20 30 40 50

1. Insert Front
2. Insert Rear
3. Delete Front
4. Delete Rear
5. Order List
6. Display
7. Insert at
8. Delete at
9. Exit
Enter Your choice: 7

Enter item to be inserted:
15
Enter position to be inserted:
2

1. Insert Front
2. Insert Rear
3. Delete Front
4. Delete Rear
5. Order List
6. Display
7. Insert at
8. Delete at
9. Exit
Enter Your choice: 6

10 15 20 30 40 50

```

6.

WAP to Implement Singly Linked List with following operations

a) Create a linked list. b) Deletion of first element, specified element and last element in the list. c) Display the contents of the linked list.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};
typedef struct node *Node;
Node getNode() {
    Node x;
    x = (Node)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(x == NULL) {
        printf("mem full\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    return x;
}
Node insertRear(Node first,int item) {
    Node temp,current;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if(first == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }
    current = first;
    while(current->next != NULL) {
        current = current->next;
    }
    current->next = temp;
    return first;
}
Node insertFront(Node first,int item) {
    Node temp;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if(first == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }
```

```

    }
    temp->next = first;
    first = temp;
    return first;
}

Node deleteRear(Node first){
    Node current,previous;
    if(first == NULL){
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
        return first;
    }
    if(first->next == NULL){
        printf("Item deleted is %d\n",first->data);
        free(first);
        return NULL;
    }
    previous = NULL;
    current = first;
    while(current->next != NULL){
        previous = current;
        current = current->next;
    }
    printf("item deleted at rear end is %d\n",current->data);
    free(current);
    previous->next = NULL;
    return first;
}

Node deleteFront(Node first){
    Node temp;
    if(first == NULL){
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
        return first;
    }
    temp = first;
    temp = temp->next;
    printf("Item delted at front end is %d\n",first->data);
    free(first);
    return temp;
}

Node orderList(Node first,int item){
    Node temp,prev,cur;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;

```

```

temp->next = NULL;
if(first == NULL){
    printf("in first if\n");
    return temp;
}
if(item < first->data){
    printf("second if");
    temp->next = first;
    return temp;
}
prev = NULL;
cur = first;
while(cur != NULL && item > cur->data){
    printf("in while");
    prev = cur;
    cur = cur->next;
}
prev->next = temp;
temp->next = cur;
return first;
}

Node insertPosition(int item, int pos, Node first){
    Node temp,prev,cur;
    int count;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if(first == NULL && pos == 1){
        return temp;
    }
    if(first == NULL){
        printf("invalid position\n");
        return first;
    }
    if(pos == 1){
        temp->next = first;
        return temp;
    }

    count = 1;
    prev = NULL;
    cur = first;
    while(cur!=NULL && count != pos){

```

```

        prev = cur;
        cur = cur->next;
        count++;
    }
    if(count == pos){
        prev->next = temp;
        temp->next = cur;
        return first;
    }
    printf("invalid position\n");
    return first;
}

Node deletePosition(int pos, Node first){
    Node cur, prev;
    int count;
    if(first == NULL || pos <= 0){
        printf("invalid position\n");
        return NULL;
    }
    if(pos == 1){
        cur = first;
        first = first->next;
        free(cur);
        return first;
    }
    prev = NULL;
    cur = first;
    count = 1;
    while(cur != NULL){
        if(count == pos){
            break;
        }
        prev = cur;
        cur = cur->next;
        count++;
    }
    if(count != pos){
        printf("invalid position\n");
        return first;
    }
    prev->next = cur->next;
    free(cur);
    return first;
}

```

```

}

void display(Node first){
    Node temp;
    if(first == NULL){
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
        return;
    }
    for(temp=first;temp!=NULL;temp = temp->next){
        printf("%d ",temp->data);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void main(){
    int item,choice,flag = 1,pos;
    Node first = NULL;

    while(flag == 1){
        printf("\n1. Insert Front\n2. Insert Rear\n3. Delete Front\n4.
Delete Rear\n5. Order List\n6. Display\n7. Insert at\n8. Delete at\n9.
Exit");

        printf("\nEnter Your choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        printf("\n");
        switch(choice){
            case 1: printf("Enter the item to be inserted at front:
\n");

                scanf("%d",&item);
                first = insertFront(first,item);
                break;

            case 2: printf("Enter the item to be inserted in the rear:
\n");

                scanf("%d",&item);
                first = insertRear(first,item);
                break;

            case 3: first = deleteFront(first);
                break;

            case 4: first = deleteRear(first);
                break;

            case 5: printf("Enter item which will be inserted in
order(ascending): \n");

                scanf("%d",&item);
                first = orderList(first,item);

```

```

        break;
    case 6: display(first);
        break;
    case 7: printf("Enter item to be inserted: \n");
        scanf("%d",&item);
        printf("Enter position to be inserted: \n");
        scanf("%d",&pos);
        first = insertPosition(item,pos,first);
        break;
    case 8: printf("Enter position to be deleted: \n");
        scanf("%d",&pos);
        first = deletePosition(pos,first);
        break;
    case 9: exit(0);
        break;

    default: printf("Enter correct option!\n");
}
}
}

```

```

5. Order List
6. Display
7. Insert at
8. Delete at
9. Exit
Enter Your choice: 4

```

```

item deleted at rear end is 10

```

```

1. Insert Front
2. Insert Rear
3. Delete Front
4. Delete Rear
5. Order List
6. Display
7. Insert at
8. Delete at
9. Exit
Enter Your choice: 6

```

```

30 20

```

```

1. Insert Front
2. Insert Rear
3. Delete Front
4. Delete Rear
5. Order List
6. Display
7. Insert at
8. Delete at
9. Exit
Enter Your choice: 

```

7.

WAP Implement Single Link List with following operations

a) Sort the linked list. b) Reverse the linked list. c) Concatenation of two linked lists

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

typedef struct node *Node;

Node getNode() {
    Node x;
    x = (Node)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(x == NULL) {
        printf("mem full\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    return x;
}

void freeNode(Node x) {
    free(x);
}

Node insertRear(Node first, int item) {
    Node temp, current;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if(first == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }
    current = first;
    while(current->next != NULL) {
        current = current->next;
    }
    current->next = temp;
    return first;
}
```



```
Node insertFront(Node first,int item){
```

```
    Node temp;
```

```
    temp = getNode();
```

```
    temp->data = item;
```

```
    temp->next = NULL;
```

```
    if(first == NULL){
```

```
        return temp;
```

```
    }
```

```
    temp->next = first;
```

```
    first = temp;
```

```
    return first;
```

```
}
```

```
Node deleteRear(Node first){
```

```
    Node current,previous;
```

```
    if(first == NULL){
```

```
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
```

```
        return first;
```

```
    }
```

```
    if(first->next == NULL){
```

```
        printf("Item deleted is %d\n",first->data);
```

```
        free(first);
```

```
        return NULL;
```

```
    }
```

```
    previous = NULL;
```

```
    current = first;
```

```
    while(current->next != NULL){
```

```
        previous = current;
```

```
        current = current->next;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("item deleted at rear end is %d\n",current->data);
```

```
    free(current);
```

```
    previous->next = NULL;
```

```
    return first;
```

```
}
```

```
Node deleteFront(Node first){
```

```
    Node temp;
```

```
    if(first == NULL){
```

```
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
```

```
        return first;
```

```

    }
    temp = first;
    temp = temp->next;
    printf("Item delted at front end is %d\n",first->data);
    free(first);
    return temp;
}

Node concat(Node first, Node second){
    Node cur;
    if(first == NULL){
        return second;
    }
    if(second == NULL){
        return first;
    }
    cur = first;
    while(cur->next != NULL){
        cur = cur->next;
    }
    cur->next = second;
    return first;
}

Node swap(Node a, Node b){
    int temp = a->data;
    a->data = b->data;
    b->data = temp;
}

void sort(Node first){
    int swapped, i;
    Node cur;

    if(first == NULL){
        printf("List is empty\n");
        return;
    }

    do{
        swapped = 0;
        cur = first;

        while(cur->next != NULL){
            if(cur->data > cur->next->data){

```

```

        swap(cur,cur->next);
        swapped = 1;
    }
    cur = cur->next;
}
}
while(swapped);
}

Node reverse(Node first){
    Node cur,temp;
    cur = NULL;
    while(first!=NULL){
        temp = first;
        first = first->next;
        temp->next = cur;
        cur = temp;
    }
    return cur;
}

void display(Node first){
    Node temp;
    if(first == NULL){
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
        return;
    }
    for(temp=first;temp!=NULL;temp = temp->next){
        printf("%d ",temp->data);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void main(){
    int item,choice,flag = 1,n,i;
    Node first = NULL;
    Node a,b;

    while(flag == 1){
        printf("\n1. Insert Front\n2. Insert Rear\n3. Delete Front\n4.
Delete Rear\n5. reverse\n6.Concat\n7. Sort\n8. Display\n9. Exit\n");
        printf("\nEnter Your choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);

```

```

printf("\n");
switch(choice){
    case 1: printf("Enter the item to be inserted at front:
\n");

        scanf("%d",&item);
        first = insertFront(first,item);
        break;
    case 2: printf("Enter the item to be inserted in the rear:
\n");

        scanf("%d",&item);
        first = insertRear(first,item);
        break;
    case 3: first = deleteFront(first);
        break;
    case 4: first = deleteRear(first);
        break;
    case 5: first = reverse(first);
        display(first);
        break;
    case 6: {
        printf("Enter number of node in List 1: \n");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        a = NULL;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++){
            printf("Enter the item: \n");
            scanf("%d",&item);
            a = insertRear(a,item);
        }

        printf("Enter number of node in List 2: \n");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        b = NULL;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++){
            printf("Enter the item: \n");
            scanf("%d",&item);
            b = insertRear(b,item);
        }

        a = concat(a,b);
        display(a);
        break;
    }
    case 7: sort(first);

```

```

        display(first);
        break;
    case 8: display(first);
        break;
    case 9: exit(0);
        break;
    default: printf("Enter correct option!\n");
}
}
}

```

Enter Your choice: 6	Enter Your choice: 8	Enter Your choice: 8
Enter number of node in List 1:	1 2 3 4	15 17 56 34 3 19
3	1. Insert Front	1. Insert Front
Enter the item:	2. Insert Rear	2. Insert Rear
1	3. Delete Front	3. Delete Front
Enter the item:	4. Delete Rear	4. Delete Rear
2	5. reverse	5. reverse
Enter the item:	6.Concat	6.Concat
3	7. Sort	7. Sort
Enter number of node in List 2:	8. Display	8. Display
4	9. Exit	9. Exit
Enter the item:	Enter Your choice: 5	Enter Your choice: 7
4	4 3 2 1	3 15 17 19 34 56
Enter the item:	1. Insert Front	1. Insert Front
5	2. Insert Rear	2. Insert Rear
Enter the item:	3. Delete Front	3. Delete Front
6	4. Delete Rear	4. Delete Rear
Enter the item:	5. reverse	5. reverse
7	6.Concat	6.Concat
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	7. Sort	7. Sort
	8. Display	8. Display
	9. Exit	9. Exit
	Enter Your choice:	Enter Your choice:

8.

WAP to implement Stack & Queues using Linked Representation

### Stack

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
    struct node *prev;
};

typedef struct node *Node;

Node getNode(){
    Node x;
    x = (Node)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(x == NULL){
        printf("Mem Full\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    return x;
}

Node insertFront(int item, Node head){
    Node temp,cur;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    cur = head->next;
    head->next = temp;
    temp->prev = head;
    temp->next = cur;
    cur->prev = temp;
    return head;
}

Node deleteFront(Node head){
    Node cur,next;
    if(head->next == head){
        printf("List is empty\n");
        return head;
    }
}
```

```

    cur = head->next;
    next= cur->next;
    head->next = next;
    next->prev = head;
    printf("deleted Node with data: %d",cur->data);
    free(cur);
    return head;
}

void display(Node head) {
    Node temp;
    if(head->next == head) {
        printf("List is empty\n");
        return;
    }
    printf("Contents of DLL: \n");
    temp = head->next;
    while(temp != head) {
        printf("%d ",temp->data);
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void main() {
    int choice,item,flag = 1,key;
    Node head;
    head = getNode();
    head->next = head;
    head->prev = head;

    while(flag == 1) {
        printf("\n1. Insert Front\n2. Delete Front\n3. Display\n4.
Exit\n");
        printf("Enter choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice) {
            case 1: printf("Enter item: \n");
                    scanf("%d",&item);
                    head = insertFront(item,head);
                    break;
            case 2: head = deleteFront(head);
                    break;

```

```

        case 3: display(head);
                break;
        default: exit(0);
    }
}
}

```

```

1. Insert Front
2. Delete Front
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter choice: 3
30 20 10

1. Insert Front
2. Delete Front
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter choice: 2
Item delted at front end is 30

1. Insert Front
2. Delete Front
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter choice: 

```

## Queue

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

typedef struct node *Node;

Node getNode(){
    Node x;
    x = (Node)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(x == NULL){
        printf("mem full\n");
        exit(0);
    }
}

```



```

    }
    return x;
}

void freeNode(Node x) {
    free(x);
}

Node insertRear(Node first, int item) {
    Node temp, current;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    temp->next = NULL;
    if (first == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }
    current = first;
    while (current->next != NULL) {
        current = current->next;
    }
    current->next = temp;
    return first;
}

Node deleteFront(Node first) {
    Node temp;
    if (first == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
        return first;
    }
    temp = first;
    temp = temp->next;
    printf("Item deleted at front end is %d\n", first->data);
    free(first);
    return temp;
}

void display(Node first) {
    Node temp;
    if (first == NULL) {
        printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
        return;
    }

```

```

        for(temp=first;temp!=NULL;temp = temp->next){
            printf("%d ",temp->data);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }

void main(){
    int item,pos,choice,flag = 1;
    Node first = NULL;
    while(flag == 1){
        printf("\n1. Insert Rear\n2. Delete Front\n3. Display\n4.
Exit");
        printf("\nEnter Your choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        printf("\n");
        switch(choice){
            case 1: printf("Enter the item to be inserted in the rear:
\n");
                    scanf("%d",&item);
                    first = insertRear(first,item);
                    break;
            case 2: first = deleteFront(first);
                    break;
            case 3: display(first);
                    break;
            case 4: exit(0);
                    break;
            default: printf("Enter correct option!\n");
        }
    }
}

```

```

Enter the item to be inserted in the rear:
30

```

```

1. Insert Rear
2. Delete Front
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter Your choice: 2

```

```

Item delted at front end is 10

```

```

1. Insert Rear
2. Delete Front
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter Your choice: 3

```

```

20 30

```

```

1. Insert Rear
2. Delete Front
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter Your choice: 

```

9.

WAP Implement doubly link list with primitive operations

a) Create a doubly linked list. b) Insert a new node to the left of the node.

c) Delete the node based on a specific value. c) Display the contents of the list

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
    struct node *prev;
};
typedef struct node *Node;

Node getNode() {
    Node x;
    x = (Node)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(x == NULL) {
        printf("Mem Full\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    return x;
}

Node insertFront(int item, Node head) {
    Node temp, cur;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    cur = head->next;
    head->next = temp;
    temp->prev = head;
    temp->next = cur;
    cur->prev = temp;
    return head;
}

Node insertRear(int item, Node head) {
    Node temp, cur;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->data = item;
    cur = head->prev;
    temp->next = head;
    temp->prev = cur;
    cur->next = temp;
}
```

```

        head->prev = temp;
        return head;
    }

Node deleteFront(Node head) {
    Node cur,next;
    if(head->next == head) {
        printf("List is empty\n");
        return head;
    }
    cur = head->next;
    next= cur->next;
    head->next = next;
    next->prev = head;
    printf("deleted Node with data: %d",cur->data);
    free(cur);
    return head;
}

Node deleteRear(Node head) {
    Node cur,prev;
    if(head->next == head) {
        printf("List is empty\n");
        return head;
    }
    cur = head->prev;
    prev = cur->prev;
    head->prev = prev;
    prev->next = head;
    printf("deleted Node with data: %d",cur->data);
}

void display(Node head) {
    Node temp;
    if(head->next == head) {
        printf("List is empty\n");
        return;
    }
    printf("Contents of DLL: \n");
    temp = head->next;
    while(temp != head) {
        printf("%d ",temp->data);
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    printf("\n");
}

```

```

void main(){
    int choice,item,flag = 1,key;
    Node head;
    head = getNode();
    head->next = head;
    head->prev = head;
    while(flag == 1){
        printf("\n1. Insert Front\n2. Insert Rear\n3. Delete Front\n4.
Delete Rear\n5. Display\n6. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter choice: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice){
            case 1: printf("Enter item: \n");
                    scanf("%d",&item);
                    head = insertFront(item,head);
                    break;
            case 2: printf("Enter item: \n");
                    scanf("%d",&item);
                    head = insertRear(item,head);
                    break;
            case 3: head = deleteFront(head);
                    break;
            case 4: head = deleteRear(head);
                    break;
            case 5: display(head);
                    break;
            default: exit(0);
        }
    }
}

```

```

1. Insert Front
2. Insert Rear
3. Delete Front
4. Delete Rear
5. Display
6. Exit
Enter choice: 2
Enter item:
30

```

```

1. Insert Front
2. Insert Rear
3. Delete Front
4. Delete Rear
5. Display
6. Exit
Enter choice: 5
Contents of DLL:
20 10 30

```

```

1. Insert Front
2. Insert Rear
3. Delete Front
4. Delete Rear
5. Display
6. Exit
Enter choice: 4
deleted Node with data: 30
1. Insert Front

```

## 10.

Write a program

- To construct a binary Search tree.
- To traverse the tree using all the methods i.e., in-order, preorder and post order
- To display the elements in the tree.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
};

typedef struct node *Node;

Node getNode() {
    Node x;
    x = (Node)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(x == NULL) {
        printf("Memory Full\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    return x;
}

Node insert(Node root, int data) {
    Node temp, cur, prev;
    temp = getNode();
    temp->right = NULL;
    temp->left = NULL;
    temp->data = data;
    if(root == NULL) {
        return temp;
    }
    prev = NULL;
    cur = root;
    while(cur != NULL) {
        prev = cur;
        cur = (data < cur->data) ? cur->left : cur->right;
    }
    if(data < prev->data)
```

```

        prev->left = temp;
    else
        prev->right = temp;
    return root;
}

void display(Node root, int i){
    int j;
    if(root != NULL){
        display(root->right, i+1);
        for(j=1;j<=i;j++){
            printf(" ");
        }
        printf("%d\n", root->data);
        display(root->left, i+1);
    }
}

void preorder(Node root){
    if(root != NULL){
        printf(">> %d\n", root->data);
        preorder(root->left);
        preorder(root->right);
    }
}

void inorder(Node root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        inorder(root->left);
        printf(">> %d\n", root->data);
        inorder(root->right);
    }
}

void postorder(Node root){
    if (root!=NULL){
        postorder(root->left);
        postorder(root->right);
        printf(">> %d\n", root->data);
    }
}

void findMax(Node root){
    Node temp;
    temp = root;

```

```

        while (temp->right != NULL){
            temp = temp->right;
        }
        printf("Maximum value in the BST is: %d", temp->data);
    }

void findMin(Node root){
    Node temp;
    temp = root;
    while (temp->left != NULL){
        temp = temp->left;
    }
    printf("Minimum value in the BST is: %d", temp->data);
}

void main(){
    Node root = NULL;
    int choice,i,item,flag = 1;
    while(flag == 1){
        printf("\n1. insert\n2. preorder\n3. inorder\n4. postorder\n5.
Find maximum\n6. Find minimum \n7. display\n");
        printf("Enter the choice: \n");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch(choice){
            case 1: printf("Enter the item: \n");
                    scanf("%d", &item);
                    root = insert(root, item);
                    break;
            case 2: if(root == NULL){
                        printf("Tree is empty\n");
                    }else{
                        printf("Given Tree: \n");
                        display(root,1);
                        printf("Preorder Traversal: \n");
                        preorder(root);
                    }
                    break;
            case 3: if(root == NULL){
                        printf("Tree is empty\n");
                    }else{
                        printf("Given Tree: \n");
                        display(root,1);
                    }
                }
    }
}

```



```

        printf("Inorder Traversal: \n");
        inorder(root);
    }
    break;
case 4: if(root == NULL){
        printf("Tree is empty\n");
    }else{
        printf("Given Tree: \n");
        display(root,1);
        printf("postorder Traversal: \n");
        postorder(root);
    }
    break;
case 5: findMax(root);
    break;
case 6: findMin(root);
    break;
case 7: display(root, 0);
    break;
default: exit(0);
}
}
}

```

```

1. insert
2. preorder
3. inorder
4. postorder
5. Find maximum
6. Find minimum
7. display
Enter the choice:
7
      23
     15
    14
   10
    8
     6
    3

```

```

Enter the choice:
3
Given Tree:
      23
     15
    14
   10
    8
     6
    3
Inorder Traversal:
>> 3
>> 6
>> 8
>> 10
>> 14
>> 15
>> 23

```