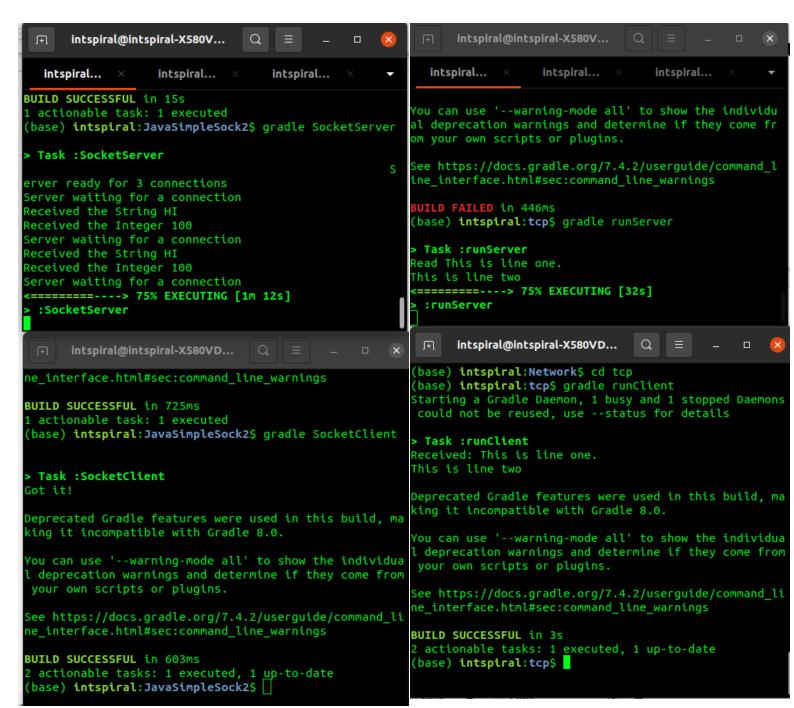
#### Assignment 1

**Github repo link:** <a href="https://github.com/Kallory/ser321-fall2022-B-krpalme3">https://github.com/Kallory/ser321-fall2022-B-krpalme3</a>

```
Command line tasks:
(Linux System, Ubuntu 20.04)
1: mkdir cli assignment
2: cd cli_assignment
3: touch stuff.txt
4: cat > stuff.txt (two lines, ctrl+d to stop adding text)
5: wc stuff.txt
6: cat >> stuff.txt (more text, ctrl+d)
7: mkdir draft
8: mk stuff.txt draft
9: cd draft, touch .secret.txt
10: cp -r $PWD ../final/ (from /draft)
10.5: cd .. (can't do step 11 from inside, my, from inside it's own directory)
11: mv draft draft.remove
12: mv draft.remove/ final
13: ls -AlR
14: zcat NASA_access_log_Aug95.gz
15: gunzip NASA_access_log_Aug95.gz
16: mv NASA_access_log_Aug95 logs.txt
17: mv logs.txt cli assignment/
18: head -100 logs.txt
19: head -100 logs.txt >> logs_top_100.txt
20: tail -100 logs.txt
21: tail -100 logs.txt >> logs_bottom_100.txt
22: cat logs top 100.txt logs bottom 100.txt >> logs snapshot.txt
23: echo 'krpalme3: This is a great assignment - 10/18/2022' >> logs_snapshot.txt
24: less logs.txt
25: cat marks.csv | tail -n +2 | cut -d "%" -f 1
26: cat marks.csv | cut -d "%" -f 4 | sort -n
27: cat marks.csv | tail -n +2 | awk -F "%" ' {sum+=$2; n++;} END {print sum/n}'
28: cat marks.csv | tail -n +2 | awk -F "%" ' {sum+=$2; n++;} END {print sum/n}' >>
       cli_assignment/done.txt
29: mv cli_assignment/done.txt cli_assignment/final/
```

30: mv cli\_assignment/final/done.txt cli\_assignment/final/average.txt

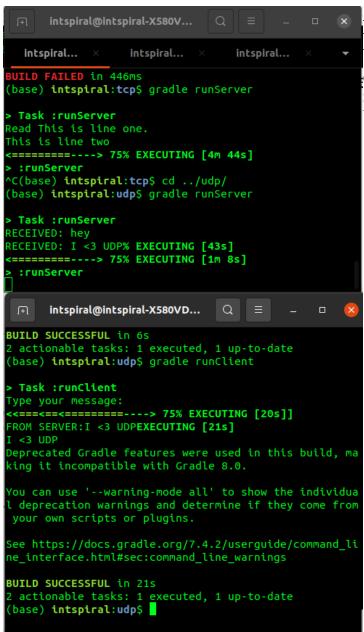


# Ex1: Running JavaSimpleSock2 server and client through gradle

Shows server socket waiting for input from client Returns a message of affirmation to the client

# Ex2: Running tcp server and client through gradle

Sends text utilizing tcp protocol from the server to the client.



# Ex3: Running UDP example through gradle, server and client

Server waits for input from the client via UDP protocol

# **AWS JavaSimpleSock2 Screencast:**

https://youtu.be/ecpvzeyjuA4

# Part II 4.1

## ifconfig, netstat -r

```
(base) intspiral:~$ ifconfig
enp4s0: flags=4099<UP,BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        ether b0:6e:bf:0c:c8:bc txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
        inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
        inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
        loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
        RX packets 83336 bytes 9377304 (9.3 MB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 83336 bytes 9377304 (9.3 MB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
virbr0: flags=4099<UP,BROADCAST,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.122.1 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.122.255
        ether 52:54:00:04:db:ca txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
wlp3s0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.1.100 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.1.255
        inet6 2600:1700:9880:d00:f4ab:9d28:2bc2:6680 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<global>
        inet6 fe80::2151:b225:39c2:3a16 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
        inet6 2600:1700:9880:d00::3c prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x0<global>
        inet6 2600:1700:9880:d00:b4e7:319:8120:2b30 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<global>
        inet6 2600:1700:9880:d00:9157:322:125:cec2 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<global>
        inet6 2600:1700:9880:d00:54df:7539:d2e6:a98a prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<global>
       inet6 2600:1700:9880:d00:8db:c6b3:3fd5:2cf7 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<global>
inet6 2600:1700:9880:d00:dee:dd0f:254f:8979 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<global>
        ether f8:34:41:24:75:c0 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 3939991 bytes 3907608611 (3.9 GB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 309506 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 1255659 bytes 357058869 (357.0 MB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
(base) intspiral:~$ netstat -r
Kernel IP routing table
                                                         MSS Window irtt Iface
Destination
                Gateway
                                Genmask
                                                 Flags
                dsldevice.attlo 0.0.0.0
default
                                                           0 0
                                                                        0 wlp3s0
                0.0.0.0
link-local
                             255.255.0.0
                                                           0 0
                                                                        0 wlp3s0
192.168.1.0
                0.0.0.0
                                255.255.255.0
                                                                        0 wlp3s0
                                                           0 0
                             255.255.255.0
192.168.122.0
               0.0.0.0
                                                           0 0
```

# arp -d, arp- a

```
(base) intspiral:~$ sudo arp -d 192.168.1.254 && arp -a
Samsung.attlocal.net (192.168.1.183) at fc:03:9f:48:09:de [ether] on wlp3s0
? (169.254.169.254) at <incomplete> on wlp3s0
Google-Home-Mini.attlocal.net (192.168.1.106) at 38:8b:59:81:e1:4d [ether] on wlp3s0
Google-Home-Mini.attlocal.net (192.168.1.106) at 38:8b:59:81:e1:4d [ether] on wlp3s0
```

### Trace:

80 59.287871245 Google\_81:e1:4d

Broadcast

ARF

42 Who has 192.168.1.254? Tell 192.168.1.106

## Request & Reply

```
    Address Resolution Protocol (request)

     Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
     Protocol type: IPv4 (0x0800)
     Hardware size: 6
     Protocol size: 4
     Opcode: request (1)
     Sender MAC address: ARRISGro_17:2d:20 (f8:f5:32:17:2d:20)
    Sender IP address: 192.168.1.254
Target MAC address: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
     Target IP address: 192.168.1.100
       Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
       Protocol type: IPv4 (0x0800)
       Hardware size: 6
       Protocol size: 4
       Opcode: reply (2)
       Sender MAC address: IntelCor_24:75:c0 (f8:34:41:24:75:c0)
       Sender IP address: 192.168.1.100
Target MAC address: ARRISGro_17:2d:20 (f8:f5:32:17:2d:20)
Target IP address: 192.168.1.254
```

# Step 3:

- 1) an opcode of 1 is used for a request, 2 for a reply
- 2) ARP header request size 28 bytes. Same for reply, this includes the Host/target MAC addresses and IP addresses
- 3) Broadcast address ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
- 4) A value of 0x0806 under the Ethernet II tab shows Type: ARP (0x0806)

# 4.3 Sniffing TCP/UDP traffic

**TCP** 

1 0.000000000	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	74 34282 → 3333 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65495 Len=0 MSS=65495 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=68.
2 0.000011564	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	74 3333 → 34282 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65483 Len=0 MSS=65495 SACK_PERM.
3 0.000020436	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	66 34282 → 3333 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=0 TSval=681550875 TSecr=68.
4 2.294834225	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	73 34282 → 3333 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=7 TSval=681553170 TSe.
5 2.294853068	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	66 3333 → 34282 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=8 Win=65536 Len=0 TSval=681553170 TSecr=68.
6 5.119532290	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	73 34282 → 3333 [PSH, ACK] Seq=8 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=7 TSval=681555995 TSe.
7 5.119544989	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	66 3333 → 34282 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=15 Win=65536 Len=0 TSval=681555995 TSecr=6.
8 12.199070891	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	66 34282 → 3333 [FIN, ACK] Seq=15 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=0 TSval=681563074 TS.
9 12.199114721	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	66 3333 → 34282 [FIN, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=16 Win=65536 Len=0 TSval=681563074 TS.
10 12.199124944	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	66 34282 → 3333 [ACK] Seq=16 Ack=2 Win=65536 Len=0 TSval=681563074 TSecr=6.

a)nc with the -l command tells netcat to listen and not initiate a connection, the -k just tells it to repeat once it's made contact with something, all of this on the declared port (3333). nc with 127.0.0.1 3333 is telling nc to initiate communication on port 3333 of the computer I'm using.

- b) a total of 10 frames were exchanged between the two terminals while sending these messages
- c) 10 packets were exchanged
- d) 9 packets were needed to start and end the whole process
- e) the sent data is only 14 bytes (7 for the data declaring SER321, 7 for the data declaring Rocks!)
- f) 690 bytes was sent over the wire for the whole process
- g) 690 14 = 686 bytes of overhead

#### UDP

· D I						
1 0.000000000	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	49 48069 → 3333 Len=7		
2 12.871072575	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	49 60940 → 3333 Len=7		

- a) no with the -l command tells netcat to listen and not initiate a connection, the -k just tells it to repeat once it's made contact with something, the -u command tells it to utilize UDP instead of TCP. All of this on the declared port (3333). no with 127.0.0.1 3333 is telling no to initiate communication on port 3333 of the computer I'm using.
- b) 2 frames were needed
- c) 2 packets were needed
- d) 2 packets were needed to capture the entire process
- e) 98 bytes went over the wire
- f) the data was only 14 bytes
- g) 98 14 = 85 bytes of overhead
- h) The difference in relative overhead is that TCP has a lot more due to the extra work it does to ensure that packets arrive in the right order.

#### 4.4

#### From home to ASU

```
(base) intspiral:~$ traceroute6 www.asu.edu
traceroute to pantheon-systems.map.fastly.net (2a04:4e42::645) from 2600:1700:9880:d00:dee:dd0f:254f:8979, 30 hops max, 24
byte packets

1 ** *

2 2001:506:6000:121:75:29:10:171 (2001:506:6000:121:75:29:10:171) 9.2949 ms 7.6098 ms 7.3164 ms

3 2001:506:6000:22:75:29:4:136 (2001:506:6000:22:75:29:4:136) 8.9706 ms 7.8492 ms 7.8358 ms

4 2001:1890:ff:e0de:12:83:46:1 (2001:1890:ff:e0de:12:83:46:1) 10.9563 ms 10.3117 ms 11.9001 ms

5 2001:1890:f6:48a::2 (2001:1890:f6:48a::2) 11.7006 ms 10.6668 ms 10.8867 ms

6 ** *

7 * * *

8 * * *

9 * * *

10 * * *

11 * * *
```

From mobile hotspot to ASU

```
(base) intspiral > tracerouted www.asu.edu
traceroute to pantheon-systems.map.fastly.net (2a04:4e42:45::645) from 2600:100b:b023:147:dee:dd0f:254f:8979, 30 hops max,
2 byte packets
1 2600:100b:b023:147::21 (2600:100b:b023:147:21) 4.6015 ms 5.2600 ms 4.7008 ms
2 2600:100b:b023:147:0:1c:5faf:4140 (2600:100b:b023:147:0:1c:5faf:4140) 48.3789 ms 56.7083 ms 48.9557 ms
3 ***
4 ***
5 2001:4888:45:200e:432:25:0:1 (2001:4888:45:200e:432:25:0:1) 147.2414 ms 90.5815 ms 65.1854 ms
6 ***
7 ***
8 2001:4888:45:1020:432:10:10 (2001:4888:45:1020:432:10:10) 71.2234 ms 49.8921 ms 49.6954 ms
9 2001:4888:45:1020:432:10:11 (2001:4888:45:1020:432:10:11) 90.8147 ms 66.1032 ms 68.5536 ms
10 2600:804::47 (2600:804::47) 70.8300 ms 80.7395 ms 78.2268 ms
1 ***
1 ***
1 ***
1 ***
1 ***
1 ***
1 ***
1 ***
1 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
2 ***
3 ***
4 ***
5 ***
6 ***
7 ***
8 ***
9 ***
9 ***
9 ***
9 ***
9 ***
```

- a) My home network is the fastest
- b) My home network has the fewest hops

#### 4.5

Running things locally <a href="https://youtu.be/EqC9Ur5Y8sg">https://youtu.be/EqC9Ur5Y8sg</a>

# Running Server on AWS <a href="https://youtu.be/JqiYauPdWk4">https://youtu.be/JqiYauPdWk4</a>

```
> Task :SocketServer
Server ready for 3 connection
Server waiting for a connection
Received the String HI
Received the Integer 100
Server waiting for a connection
**Server wait
```

The changes were that I needed to set wireshark to listen to my ethernet as opposed to the loop back. My gradle call, specifically my client, required the IP address from my ec2 instance on AWS.

#### Client on AWS

This would not work without issues as my ec2 instance is currently only configured to allow traffic INTO port 8888, not sent traffic out. My personal computer probably isn't setup to receive traffic on that port from an outside source. Either way some connection based variables would need to be adjusted on either side.

#### Client on AWS 2

I can easily reach my server on AWS because it's configured to receive input on the port I've preselected, 8888. As stated above, the same cannot be said for anything leaving my AWS server or anything coming in on my personal machine through that port. My router would reject incoming traffic unless I configured it otherwise.