

# Abnb\_Istanbul\_Price\_Prediction

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```
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE)
library(data.table)

## Warning: package 'data.table' was built under R version 3.6.2

library(fpp)

## Loading required package: forecast

## Warning: package 'forecast' was built under R version 3.6.2

## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
##   method             from
##   as.zoo.data.frame zoo

## Loading required package: fma

## Warning: package 'fma' was built under R version 3.6.2

## Loading required package: expsmoother

## Loading required package: lmtest

## Loading required package: zoo

## Warning: package 'zoo' was built under R version 3.6.2

##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   as.Date, as.Date.numeric

## Loading required package: tseries

library(fpp2)

## Loading required package: ggplot2

##
## Attaching package: 'fpp2'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:fpp':
##
```

```
##      ausair, ausbeer, austa, austourists, debitcards, departures,  
##      elecequip, euretail, guinearice, oil, sunspotarea, usmelec
```

```
library(cowplot)
```

```
## Warning: package 'cowplot' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
##
```

```
## *****
```

```
## Note: As of version 1.0.0, cowplot does not change the
```

```
## default ggplot2 theme anymore. To recover the previous
```

```
## behavior, execute:
```

```
## theme_set(theme_cowplot())
```

```
## *****
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
## -- Attaching packages -----  
----- tidyverse 1.3.0 --
```

```
## v tibble  2.1.3      v dplyr    0.8.4  
## v tidyr   1.0.2      v stringr 1.4.0  
## v readr   1.3.1      v forcats 0.4.0  
## v purrr   0.3.3
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
## Warning: package 'purrr' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
## -- Conflicts -----  
----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
## x dplyr::between() masks data.table::between()  
## x dplyr::filter()  masks stats::filter()  
## x dplyr::first()   masks data.table::first()  
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()  
## x dplyr::last()    masks data.table::last()  
## x purrr::transpose() masks data.table::transpose()
```

```
library(psych)
```

```
## Warning: package 'psych' was built under R version 3.6.2
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'psych'
```

```

## The following objects are masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##      %+%, alpha

library(e1071)

## Warning: package 'e1071' was built under R version 3.6.2

library(dplyr)
library(corrplot)

## Warning: package 'corrplot' was built under R version 3.6.2

## corrplot 0.84 loaded

library(GGally)

## Warning: package 'GGally' was built under R version 3.6.2

## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
##   method from
##   +.gg      ggplot2

##
## Attaching package: 'GGally'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##      nasa

## The following object is masked from 'package:fma':
##
##      pigs

AirbnbIstanbul <-
read.csv("C:/Pritesh/Rutgers/Courses/Projects/MVA/Dataset/AirbnbIstanbul.csv"
, stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
Istanbul <- copy(AirbnbIstanbul)
class(Istanbul)

## [1] "data.frame"

setDT(Istanbul)

# data exploration and cleansing #
str(Istanbul) ## to check data type of each var.

## Classes 'data.table' and 'data.frame':  16251 obs. of  16 variables:
##  $ id                : int  4826 20815 25436 27271 28277 28308
28318 29241 30697 33368 ...
##  $ name               : chr   "The Place" "The Bosphorus from
The Comfy Hill" "House for vacation rental furnutare" "LOVELY APT. IN PERFECT
LOCATION" ...

```

```
## $ host_id : int 6603 78838 105823 117026 121607
121695 121721 125742 132137 135136 ...
## $ host_name : chr "Kaan" "GÃ¼lder" "Yesim" "Mutlu"
...
## $ neighbourhood_group : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ neighbourhood : chr "Uskudar" "Besiktas" "Besiktas"
"Beyoglu" ...
## $ latitude : num 41.1 41.1 41.1 41 41 ...
## $ longitude : num 29.1 29 29 29 29 ...
## $ room_type : chr "Entire home/apt" "Entire
home/apt" "Entire home/apt" "Entire home/apt" ...
## $ price : int 554 100 211 237 591 237 633 264
596 295 ...
## $ minimum_nights : int 1 30 21 5 3 1 3 3 1 2 ...
## $ number_of_reviews : int 1 41 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 ...
## $ last_review : chr "2009-06-01" "2018-11-07" ""
"2018-05-04" ...
## $ reviews_per_month : num 0.01 0.38 NA 0.04 NA NA NA NA 0.01
0.02 ...
## $ calculated_host_listings_count: int 1 2 1 1 13 1 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ availability_365 : int 365 49 83 228 356 365 365 365 365
232 ...
## - attr(*, ".internal.selfref")=<externalptr>
```

`grep('NA',Istanbul)` ## indicates NA values are there in 2nd, 5th and 14th column

```
## [1] 2 5 14
```

# i.e. name, neighbourhood\_group and reviews\_per\_month have NA values  
`head(Istanbul,10)`

```
##      id      name host_id host_name
## 1: 4826      The Place   6603     Kaan
## 2: 20815 The Bosphorus from The Comfy Hill 78838 GÃ¼lder
## 3: 25436 House for vacation rental furnutare 105823 Yesim
## 4: 27271 LOVELY APT. IN PERFECT LOCATION 117026 Mutlu
## 5: 28277 Duplex Apartment with Terrace 121607 Alen
## 6: 28308 Great apartment in Cihangir... 121695 Mustafa
## 7: 28318 Cosy home overlooking Bosphorus 121721 Aydin
## 8: 29241 â†ª Istanbul, Your second house 125742 Åževki
## 9: 30697 nice home in popular area 132137 Nan
## 10: 33368 Deluxe double bedroom @ Nisantasi 135136 Ozlem
## neighbourhood_group neighbourhood latitude longitude room_type
price
## 1: NA Uskudar 41.05650 29.05367 Entire home/apt
554
## 2: NA Besiktas 41.06984 29.04545 Entire home/apt
100
## 3: NA Besiktas 41.07731 29.03891 Entire home/apt
211
```

```

## 4:          NA      Beyoglu 41.03220  28.98216 Entire home/apt
237
## 5:          NA      Sisli 41.04471  28.98567 Entire home/apt
591
## 6:          NA      Beyoglu 41.03105  28.98297 Entire home/apt
237
## 7:          NA      Sariyer 41.09048  29.05559 Entire home/apt
633
## 8:          NA      Beyoglu 41.04844  28.95254      Private room
264
## 9:          NA      Beyoglu 41.03350  28.97626      Private room
596
## 10:         NA      Sisli 41.05382  28.99739      Private room
295
##      minimum_nights number_of_reviews last_review reviews_per_month
## 1:             1             1 2009-06-01             0.01
## 2:            30             41 2018-11-07             0.38
## 3:            21              0              NA
## 4:             5              2 2018-05-04             0.04
## 5:             3              0              NA
## 6:             1              0              NA
## 7:             3              0              NA
## 8:             3              0              NA
## 9:             1              1 2010-06-14             0.01
## 10:            2              1 2014-10-21             0.02
##      calculated_host_listings_count availability_365
## 1:                                1             365
## 2:                                2             49
## 3:                                1             83
## 4:                                1            228
## 5:                               13            356
## 6:                                1            365
## 7:                                1            365
## 8:                                1            365
## 9:                                1            365
## 10:                               2            232

```

```
dim(Istanbul) # 16251 obs. and 16 vars
```

```
## [1] 16251    16
```

```
summary(Istanbul) ## summarized view of all the feature/vars
```

```

##      id          name      host_id      host_name
## Min.   : 4826  Length:16251  Min.    : 6603  Length:16251
## 1st Qu.: 8500978 Class :character 1st Qu.: 17882300 Class
## Median :21619750 Mode  :character Median : 52107399 Mode
## Mean   :18856396      Mean   : 88887056
## 3rd Qu.:28702192      3rd Qu.:168134520

```

```
## Max. :32457561 Max. :243734065
##
## neighbourhood_group neighbourhood latitude longitude
## Mode:logical Length:16251 Min. :40.81 Min. :28.03
## NA's:16251 Class :character 1st Qu.:41.00 1st Qu.:28.97
## Mode :character Median :41.03 Median :28.98
## Mean :41.03 Mean :28.99
## 3rd Qu.:41.05 3rd Qu.:29.02
## Max. :41.41 Max. :29.91
##
## room_type price minimum_nights number_of_reviews
## Length:16251 Min. : 0.0 Min. : 1.000 Min. : 0.000
## Class :character 1st Qu.: 105.0 1st Qu.: 1.000 1st Qu.: 0.000
## Mode :character Median : 190.0 Median : 1.000 Median : 0.000
## Mean : 354.7 Mean : 4.693 Mean : 7.187
## 3rd Qu.: 327.0 3rd Qu.: 2.000 3rd Qu.: 4.000
## Max. :59561.0 Max. :1125.000 Max. :307.000
##
## last_review reviews_per_month calculated_host_listings_count
## Length:16251 Min. : 0.010 Min. : 1.000
## Class :character 1st Qu.: 0.180 1st Qu.: 1.000
## Mode :character Median : 0.520 Median : 1.000
## Mean : 0.915 Mean : 4.104
## 3rd Qu.: 1.190 3rd Qu.: 4.000
## Max. :12.000 Max. :77.000
## NA's :8484
##
## availability_365
## Min. : 0.0
## 1st Qu.:101.0
## Median :340.0
## Mean :249.5
## 3rd Qu.:365.0
## Max. :365.0
##
```

```
unique(Istanbul$room_type) ## 3 unique room types
```

```
## [1] "Entire home/apt" "Private room" "Shared room"
```

```
unique(Istanbul$neighbourhood) ## 39 unique neighbourhoods
```

```
## [1] "Uskudar" "Besiktas" "Beyoglu" "Sisli"
## [5] "Sariyer" "Beykoz" "Atasehir" "Fatih"
## [9] "Adalar" "Kadikoy" "Kagithane" "Maltepe"
## [13] "Bakirkoy" "Esenyurt" "Basaksehir" "Kartal"
## [17] "Gaziosmanpasa" "Bahcelievler" "Bagcilar" "Buyukcekmece"
## [21] "Silivri" "Beylikduzu" "Umraniye" "Sile"
## [25] "Cekmekoy" "Sancaktepe" "Tuzla" "Pendik"
## [29] "Sultangazi" "Eyup" "Zeytinburnu" "Kucukcekmece"
## [33] "Avcilar" "Gungoren" "Catalca" "Bayrampasa"
## [37] "Esenler" "Sultanbeyli" "Arnavutkoy"
```

```
## since, I used stringsAsFactors=FALSE while importing the dataset, few of
the columns
## like name, host_name, neighbourhood and room_type belongs to character
data type
## hence, will factor neighbourhood and room_type for now. name and host_name
doesn't seem
## to be much interest for now, hence will leave those.
str(Istanbul)
```

```
## Classes 'data.table' and 'data.frame': 16251 obs. of 16 variables:
## $ id : int 4826 20815 25436 27271 28277 28308
28318 29241 30697 33368 ...
## $ name : chr "The Place" "The Bosphorus from
The Comfy Hill" "House for vacation rental furnutare" "LOVELY APT. IN PERFECT
LOCATION" ...
## $ host_id : int 6603 78838 105823 117026 121607
121695 121721 125742 132137 135136 ...
## $ host_name : chr "Kaan" "GÃ¼lder" "Yesim" "Mutlu"
...
## $ neighbourhood_group : logi NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ neighbourhood : chr "Uskudar" "Besiktas" "Besiktas"
"Beyoglu" ...
## $ latitude : num 41.1 41.1 41.1 41 41 ...
## $ longitude : num 29.1 29 29 29 29 ...
## $ room_type : chr "Entire home/apt" "Entire
home/apt" "Entire home/apt" "Entire home/apt" ...
## $ price : int 554 100 211 237 591 237 633 264
596 295 ...
## $ minimum_nights : int 1 30 21 5 3 1 3 3 1 2 ...
## $ number_of_reviews : int 1 41 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 ...
## $ last_review : chr "2009-06-01" "2018-11-07" ""
"2018-05-04" ...
## $ reviews_per_month : num 0.01 0.38 NA 0.04 NA NA NA NA 0.01
0.02 ...
## $ calculated_host_listings_count: int 1 2 1 1 13 1 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ availability_365 : int 365 49 83 228 356 365 365 365 365
232 ...
## - attr(*, ".internal.selfref")=<externalptr>
```

```
Istanbul[,room_type:=factor(room_type)]
Istanbul[,neighbourhood:=factor(neighbourhood)]
Istanbul[,last_review:=as.Date(last_review,'%Y-%m-%d')] ## converting
last_review to date datatype
```

```
# datatypes looks better now. hence will see again for NA values
grep ('NA',Istanbul) # 2, 5, 13 and 14 column have NA values
```

```
## [1] 2 5 13 14
```

```
Istanbul[is.na(neighbourhood_group),NROW(neighbourhood_group)] # entire obs.
is blank, will drop this var
```

```

## [1] 16251

Istanbul[is.na(last_review),NROW(last_review)] ## there are 8484 NA values

## [1] 8484

Istanbul[is.na(reviews_per_month),NROW(reviews_per_month)] ## there are 8484
NA values

## [1] 8484

Istanbul$neighbourhood_group <- NULL ## removing neighbourhood_group column
Istanbul[is.na(reviews_per_month),reviews_per_month:=0] ## nearly 50% of the
dataset is filled with NA.
# hence we can't simply remove these many rows. Hence imputing with 0 values.

# performing exploratory data analysis #

str(Istanbul)

## Classes 'data.table' and 'data.frame': 16251 obs. of 15 variables:
## $ id : int 4826 20815 25436 27271 28277 28308
28318 29241 30697 33368 ...
## $ name : chr "The Place" "The Bosphorus from
The Comfy Hill" "House for vacation rental furnutare" "LOVELY APT. IN PERFECT
LOCATION" ...
## $ host_id : int 6603 78838 105823 117026 121607
121695 121721 125742 132137 135136 ...
## $ host_name : chr "Kaan" "GÃ¼lder" "Yesim" "Mutlu"
...
## $ neighbourhood : Factor w/ 39 levels
"Adalar","Arnavutkoy",...: 38 10 10 13 33 13 30 13 13 33 ...
## $ latitude : num 41.1 41.1 41.1 41 41 ...
## $ longitude : num 29.1 29 29 29 29 ...
## $ room_type : Factor w/ 3 levels "Entire
home/apt",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 ...
## $ price : int 554 100 211 237 591 237 633 264
596 295 ...
## $ minimum_nights : int 1 30 21 5 3 1 3 3 1 2 ...
## $ number_of_reviews : int 1 41 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 ...
## $ last_review : Date, format: "2009-06-01" "2018-11-07"
...
## $ reviews_per_month : num 0.01 0.38 0 0.04 0 0 0 0 0.01 0.02
...
## $ calculated_host_listings_count: int 1 2 1 1 13 1 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ availability_365 : int 365 49 83 228 356 365 365 365 365
232 ...
## - attr(*, ".internal.selfref")=<externalptr>

dim(Istanbul) # 16251 obs. and 15 vars, with last_review in date format

```

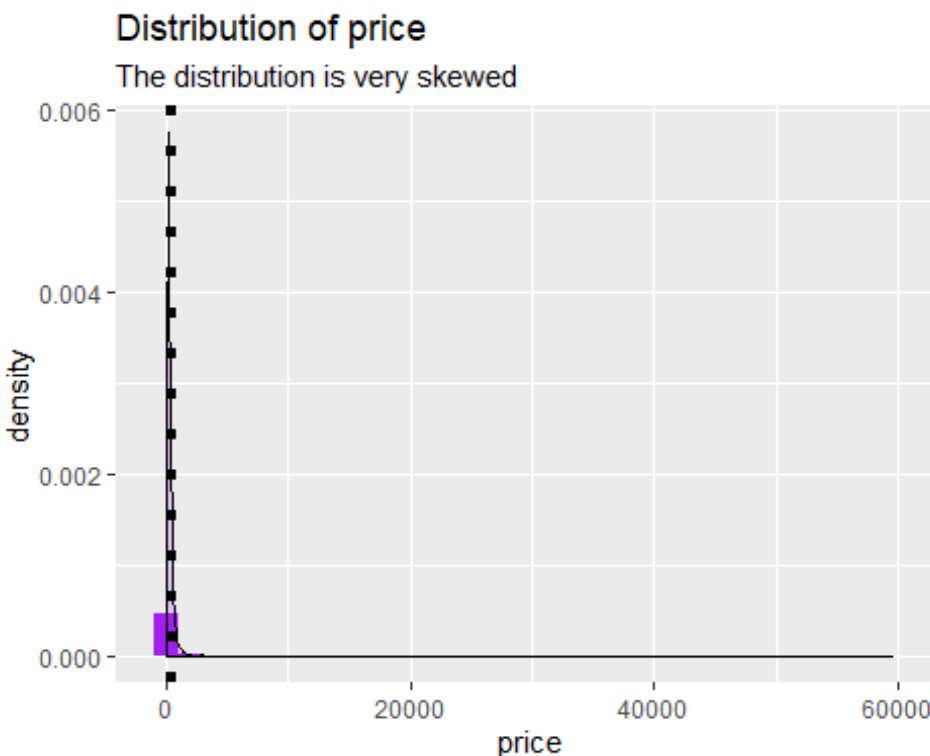


```
## [1] 16251    15

# price looks to be our dependent variable, hence will see the distribution
of price
summary(Istanbul$price)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##      0.0   105.0   190.0   354.7   327.0 59561.0

ggplot(Istanbul, aes(price)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 30, aes(y = ..density..), fill = "purple") +
  geom_density(alpha = 0.2, fill = "purple") +
  ggtitle("Distribution of price",
    subtitle = "The distribution is very skewed") +
  theme(axis.title = element_text(), axis.title.x = element_text()) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = round(mean(Istanbul$price), 2), size = 2, linetype
= 3)
```



```
#As distribution is very skewed, performing Logarithmic transformation to
gain better insight
ggplot(Istanbul, aes(price)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 30, aes(y = ..density..), fill = "purple") +
  geom_density(alpha = 0.2, fill = "purple") +
  ggtitle("Transformed distribution of price",
    subtitle = expression("With" ~'\log'[10] ~ "transformation of x-
axis")) +
  #theme(axis.title = element_text(), axis.title.x = element_text()) +
```

```
geom_vline(xintercept = round(mean(Istanbul$price), 2), size = 2, linetype
= 3) +
scale_x_log10() +
annotate("text", x = 1800, y = 0.75, label = paste("Mean price = ",
paste0(round(mean(Istanbul$price), 2), "$")),
color = "#32CD32", size = 8)
```

## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous x-axis

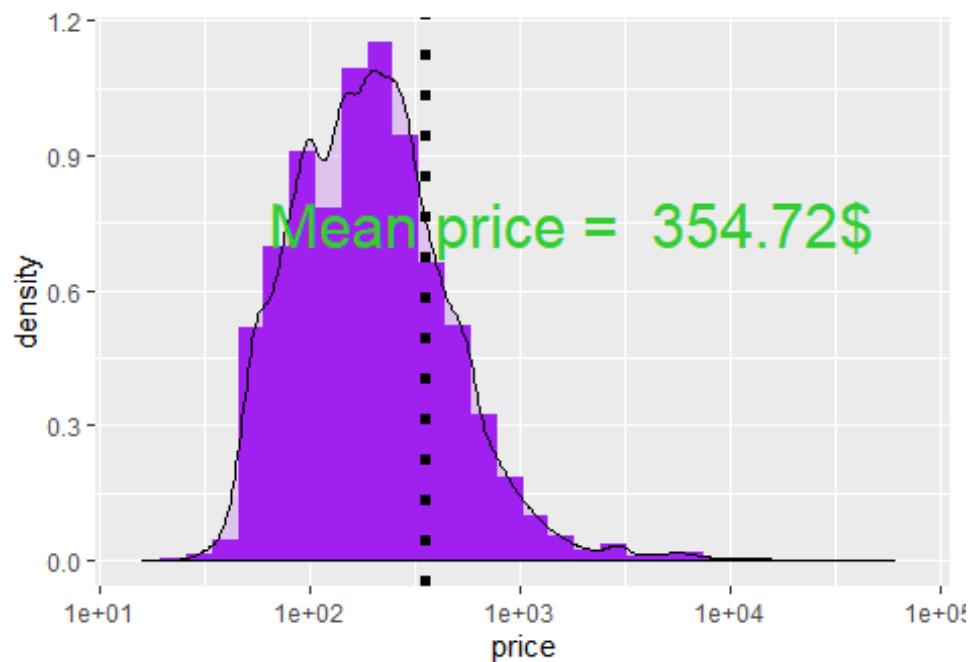
## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous x-axis

## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing non-finite values (stat\_bin).

## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing non-finite values (stat\_density).

### Transformed distribution of price

With log<sub>10</sub> transformation of x-axis



*#What drives price? Checking Price values with respect to KPIs*

*#1 relationship between price and room type*

```
describeBy(Istanbul$price,Istanbul$room_type)
```

```
##
```

```
## Descriptive statistics by group
```

```
## group: Entire home/apt
```

```
## vars      n    mean      sd median trimmed   mad min    max range  skew
kurtosis
```

```
## X1       1 7191 425.88 913.75    285  315.58 164.57    0 52728 52728 31.39
1580.85
```

```
##          se
```

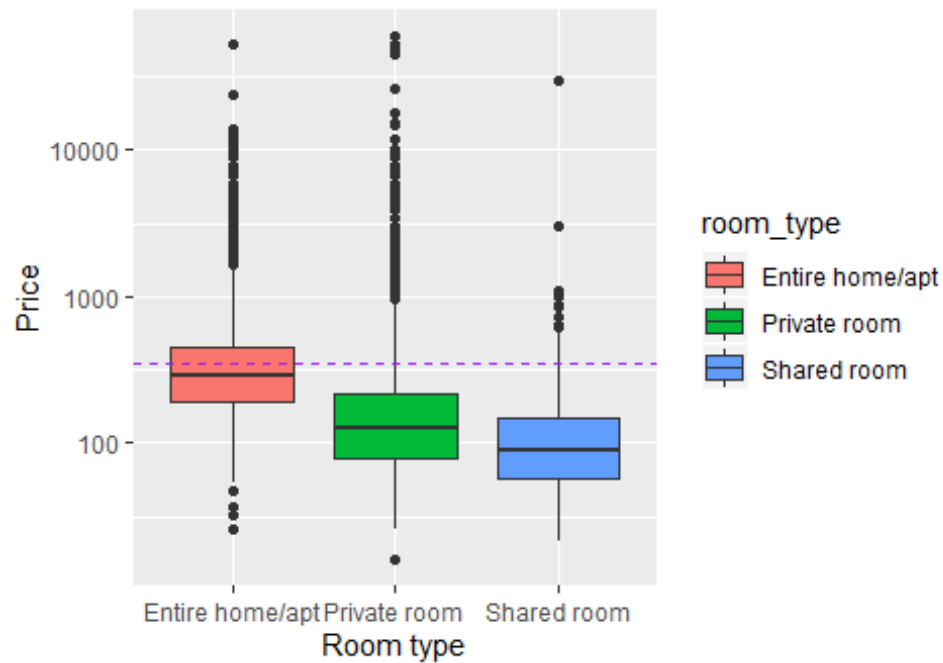
```
## X1 10.78
## -----
## group: Private room
##   vars    n   mean      sd median trimmed   mad min   max range skew
kurtosis
## X1      1 8565 303.78 1749.27    127   150.8 78.58   16 59561 59545 25.6
769.35
##       se
## X1 18.9
## -----
## group: Shared room
##   vars    n   mean      sd median trimmed   mad min   max range skew
kurtosis
## X1      1 495 202.51 1351.03    90   104.3 47.44   21 29786 29765 21.25
461.52
##       se
## X1 60.72

ggplot(Istanbul, aes(x = room_type, y = price)) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill = room_type)) + scale_y_log10() +
  xlab("Room type") +
  ylab("Price") +
  ggtitle("Boxplots of price by room type",
    subtitle = "Entire homes and apartments have the highest avg
price") +
  geom_hline(yintercept = mean(Istanbul$price), color = "purple", linetype =
2)

## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis
## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
```

## Boxplots of price by room type

Entire homes and apartments have the highest avg price

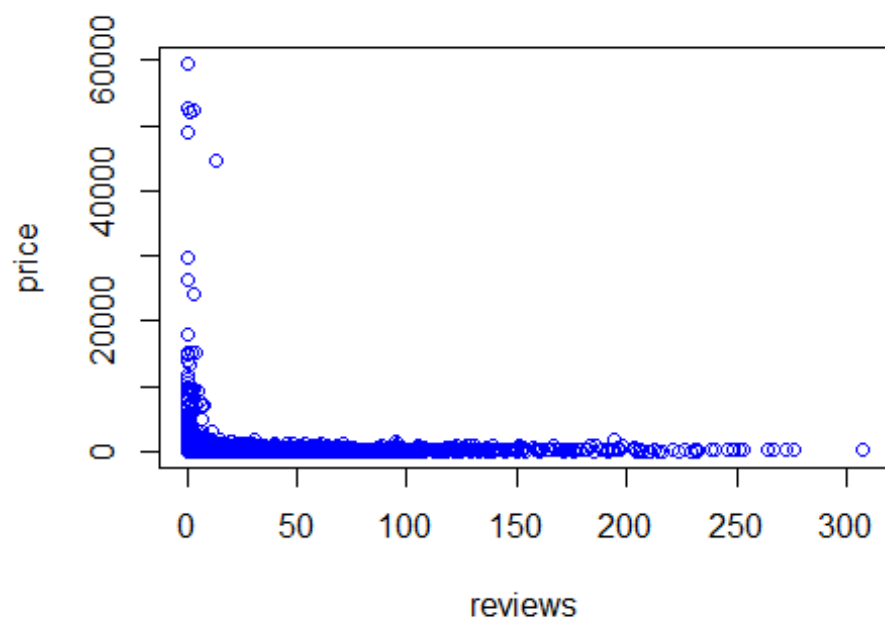


*# We see that Entire Home/Apartments have the highest avg price. Also the private room's*

*# prices are comparable to Entire Home/Apartments price*

*#2 price vs number of reviews*

```
plot(price ~ number_of_reviews, data=Istanbul,xlab='reviews', ylab =  
'price',col='blue')
```



*#The most pricy Listings have Lesser number of reviews*

*#3 price vs room type and neighbourhoods*

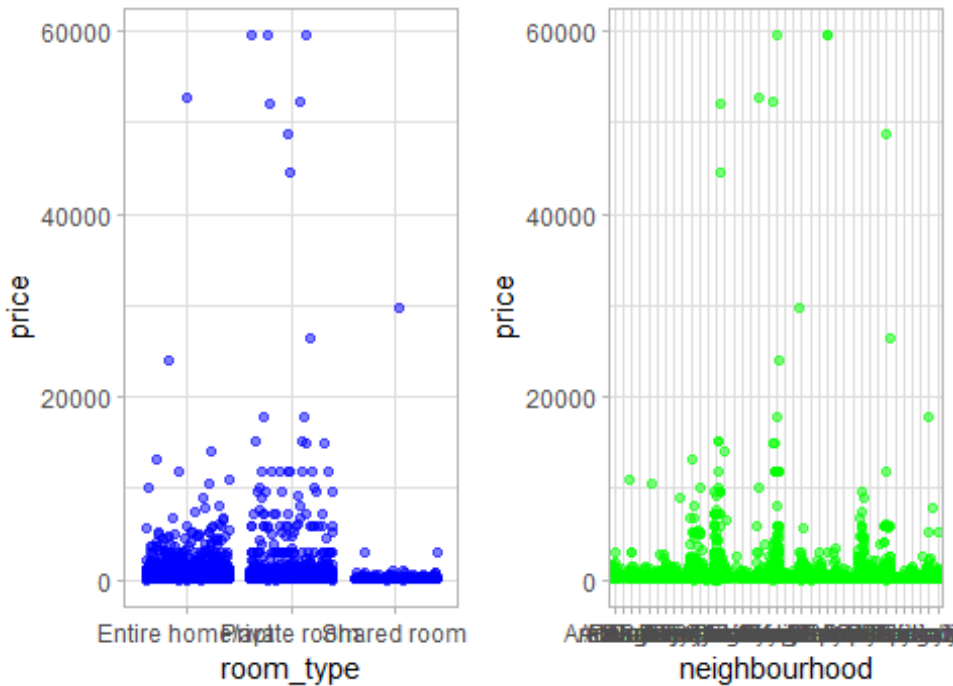
*#Scatter plot in one screen, Price vs Room type & Neighbourhood*

```
x <- ggplot(Istanbul, aes(room_type, price)) +
  geom_jitter(color = "blue", alpha = 0.5) +
  theme_light()

y <- ggplot(Istanbul, aes(neighbourhood, price)) +
  geom_jitter(color = "green", alpha = 0.5) +
  theme_light()

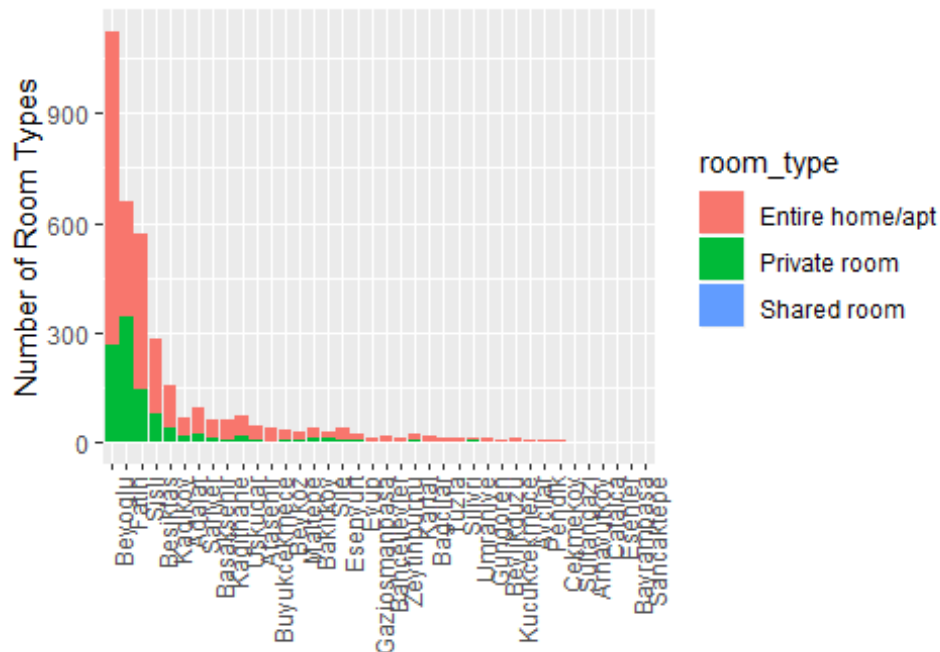
p <- plot_grid(x, y)
title <- ggdraw() + draw_label("Price vs Room type & Neighbourhood",
  fontface='bold')
plot_grid(title, p, ncol=1, rel_heights=c(0.1, 1))
```

## Price vs Room type & Neighbourhood



```
# The scatter plot doesn't give clear picture, hence will draw the bar chart
# Above Average Price by Neighbourhood Areas and room_type together.
Istanbul %>% filter(price >= mean(price)) %>% group_by(neighbourhood,
room_type) %>% tally %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(neighbourhood, desc(n)), n, fill = room_type)) +
  xlab(NULL) +
  ylab("Number of Room Types") +
  ggtitle("Number of Room Types having above average price",
          subtitle = "Most of them are entire homes or apartments") +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1))
```

Most of them are entire homes or apartments



# Beyoglu, Sisli and Fatih neighbourhoods have more than the average price  
# as well have more number of units than other neighbourhoods.

### # Top 10 most priced locations

```
range(Istanbul$price) ## range of price
```

```
## [1] 0 59561
```

```
avgNeighbourhood=Istanbul[,avgneighprice:=mean(price),by=neighbourhood]
Istanbul.1 <- avgNeighbourhood[price > avgneighprice]
top10localities <- head(arrange(Istanbul.1,desc(Istanbul.1$price)), n = 10)
top10localities
```

##	id	name
host_id		
## 1	30361326	3 Rooms 1 Living Room - Grand Holiday Istanbul
227944870		
## 2	30361470	3 Rooms 1 Living Room Dublex - Grand Holiday Istanbul
227944870		
## 3	31974054	Elegance Single Room - Avicenna Hotel
166950259		
## 4	22119662	Gunluk kiralik daire
161593238		
## 5	29257295	Ä°stanbul town history place
20973637		
## 6	19619789	CoZy room in BeyoÄŸlu/cihangir
36781586		

```

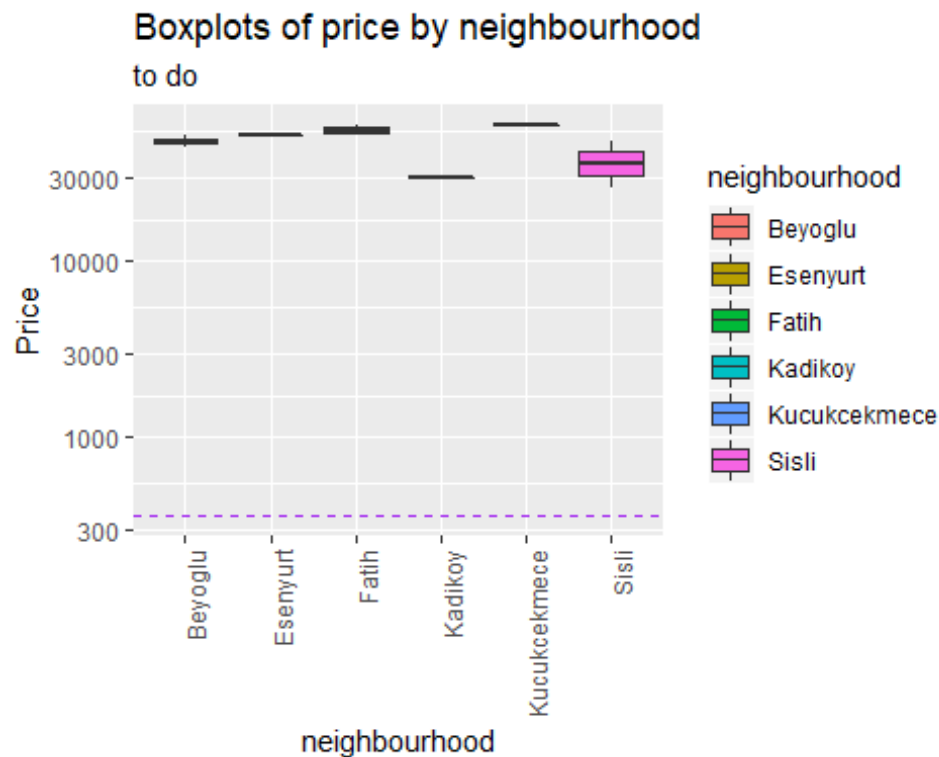
## 7 20275354  stanbul un kalbi sisli. Center of istanbul sisli
118695718
## 8 7016669 Private room in Beyo lu(nice view)
36781586
## 9 19235485 hmgv
134667922
## 10 13703737 Room in the center BOMONTI
3162918
## host_name neighbourhood latitude longitude room_type price
## 1 İlhan Kucukcekmece 41.03740 28.79435 Private room 59561
## 2 İlhan Kucukcekmece 41.03841 28.79471 Private room 59561
## 3 Avicenna Fatih 41.00445 28.97907 Private room 59561
## 4 Leylan Esenyurt 41.02681 28.62680 Entire home/apt 52728
## 5 Memo Fatih 41.00850 28.96649 Private room 52243
## 6 Kaan Beyoglu 41.03015 28.98064 Private room 52000
## 7 Ipek Sisli 41.05465 28.98111 Private room 48842
## 8 Kaan Beyoglu 41.03383 28.97151 Private room 44671
## 9 Deniz Kadikoy 40.99484 29.02976 Shared room 29786
## 10 Cagatay Sisli 41.05709 28.98525 Private room 26364
## minimum_nights number_of_reviews last_review reviews_per_month
## 1 1 0 <NA> 0.00
## 2 1 0 <NA> 0.00
## 3 1 0 <NA> 0.00
## 4 5 0 <NA> 0.00
## 5 2 3 2018-11-03 0.75
## 6 1 1 2017-07-21 0.05
## 7 2 0 <NA> 0.00
## 8 1 13 2016-04-25 0.30
## 9 300 0 <NA> 0.00
## 10 1 0 <NA> 0.00
## calculated_host_listings_count availability_365 avgneighprice
## 1 3 360 1263.4643
## 2 3 331 1263.4643
## 3 4 363 498.9310
## 4 1 0 403.1296
## 5 1 359 498.9310
## 6 2 89 373.1771
## 7 1 0 342.1759
## 8 2 363 373.1771
## 9 1 364 204.3891
## 10 1 364 342.1759

ggplot(top10localities, aes(x = neighbourhood, y = price)) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill = neighbourhood)) + scale_y_log10() +
  xlab("neighbourhood") +
  ylab("Price") +
  ggtitle("Boxplots of price by neighbourhood",
    subtitle = "to do") +
  geom_hline(yintercept = mean(Istanbul$price), color = "purple", linetype =

```



```
2) +  
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1))
```

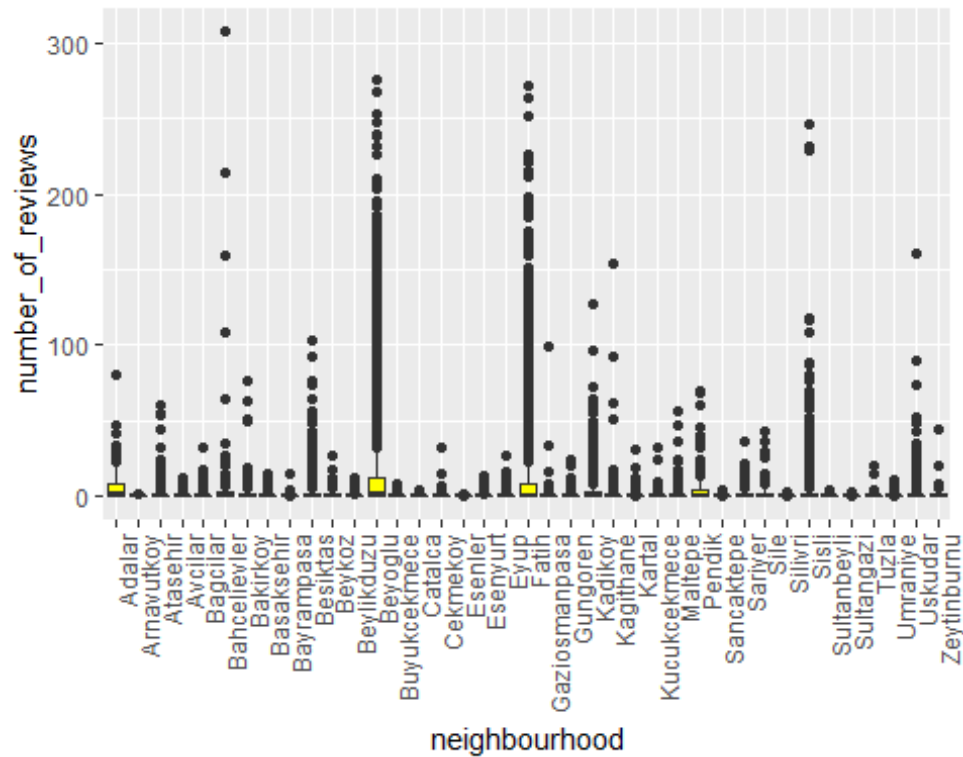


*#4 no. of reviews and neighbourhood relation*

```
summary(Istanbul$number_of_reviews)
```

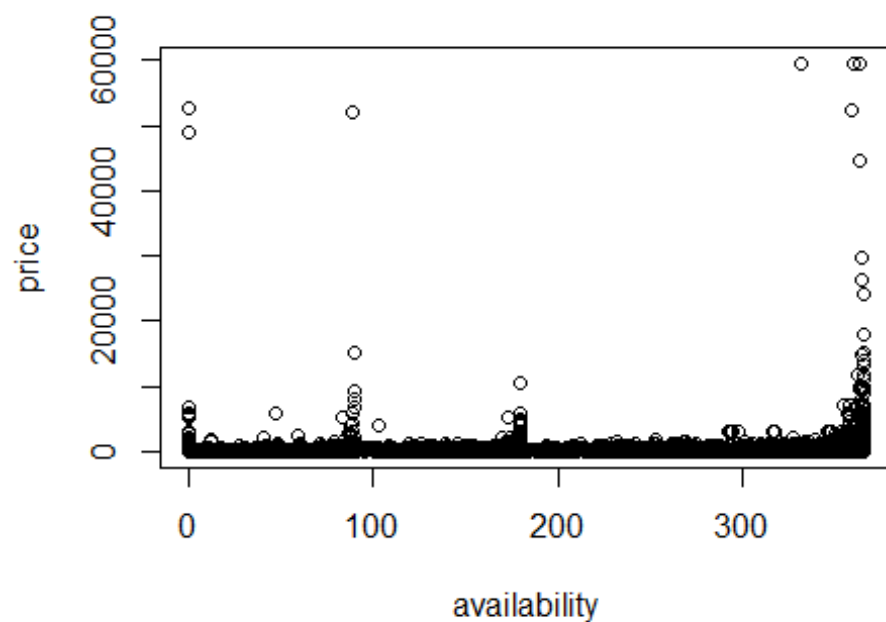
```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##  0.000   0.000   0.000   7.187   4.000  307.000
```

```
ggplot(Istanbul, aes(x=neighbourhood, y=number_of_reviews)) +  
geom_boxplot(fill='yellow') + theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90,  
hjust = 1))
```



```
# Top 10 neighbourhoods having most number of reviews, pending
# top10reviews_by_locality <-
head(arrange(Istanbul,desc(Istanbul$number_of_reviews)), n = 10)
# top10reviews_by_locality
# ggplot(top10reviews_by_locality,aes(x=neighbourhood,y=number_of_reviews)) +
# geom_boxplot(fill='yellow') + theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90,
# hjust = 1))

#5 price vs availability relation
plot(price ~ availability_365, data=Istanbul,xlab='availability', ylab =
'price')
```

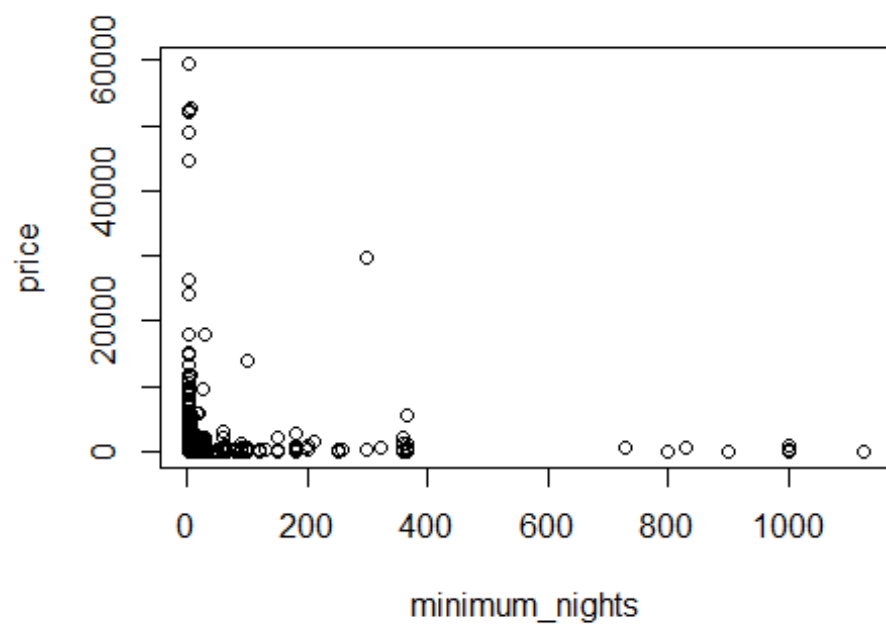


*#It is hard to see a clear pattern but the most priced listings have either very few days availability*

*# or maximum days availability*

*#6 price vs minimum nights relation*

```
plot(price ~ minimum_nights, data=Istanbul,xlab='minimum_nights', ylab =  
'price')
```

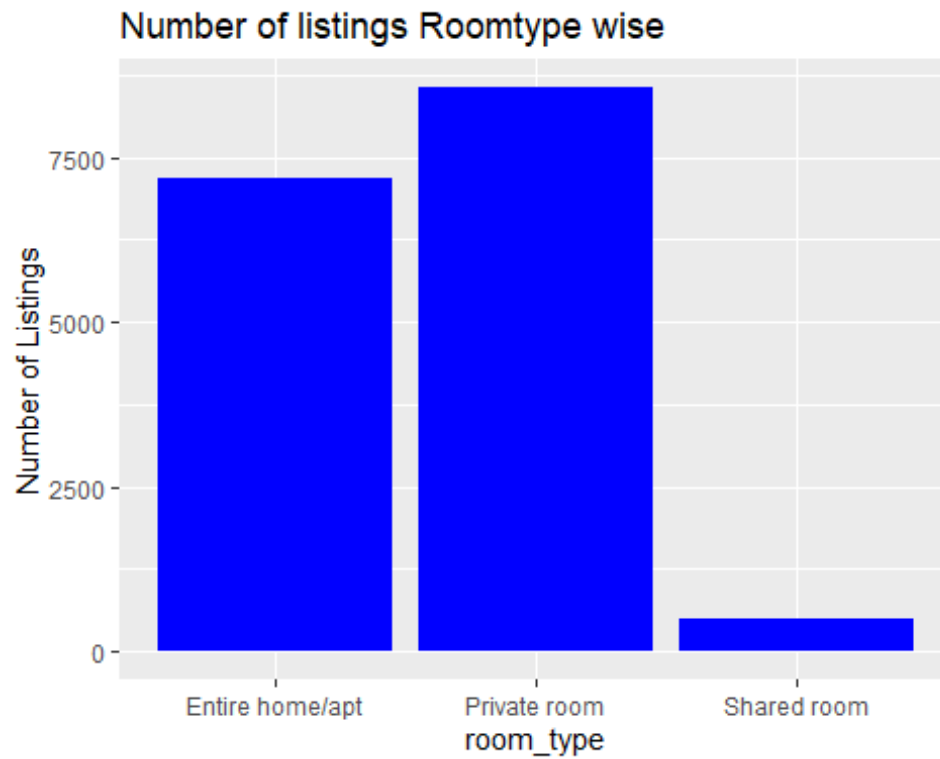


*#with lesser number of 'min no of nights' , Prices are high and Prices decrease with increase in Min no of nights*

*#7 listing vs room type relation*

*#no of listings vs room type*

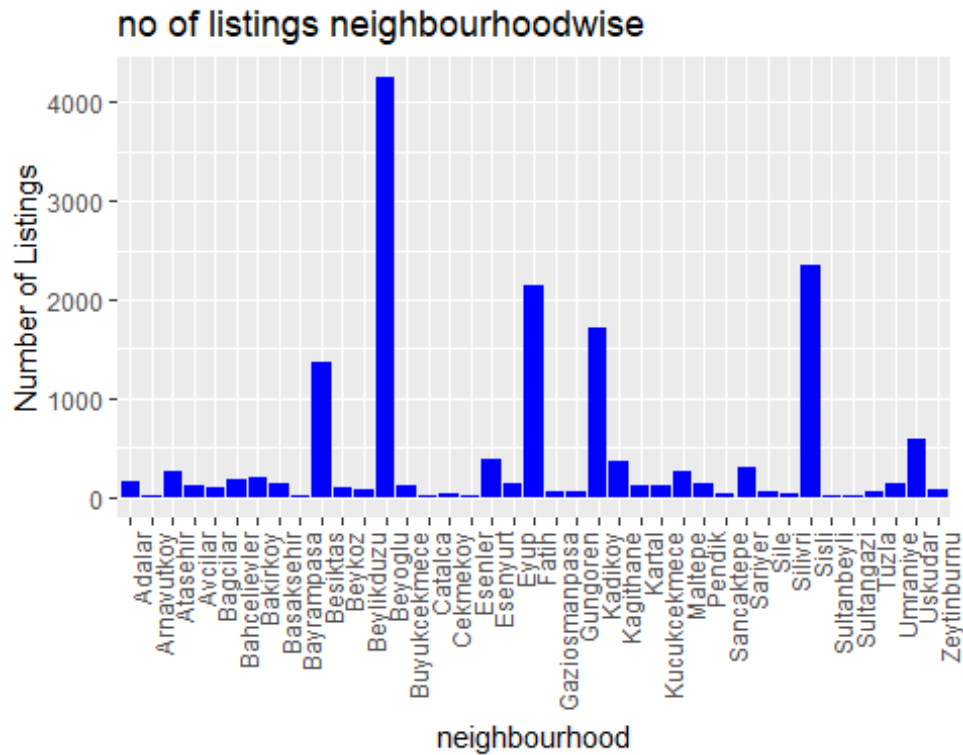
```
ggplot(Istanbul,aes(x=room_type)) + geom_bar(fill = 'blue')+
  ylab("Number of Listings") +
  ggtitle("Number of listings Roomtype wise")
```



*#Private rooms are more in number*

*#8 no of listings neighbourhoodwise*

```
ggplot(Istanbul, aes(x=neighbourhood)) + geom_bar(fill = 'blue') +  
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1)) +  
  ylab("Number of Listings") +  
  ggtitle("no of listings neighbourhoodwise")
```



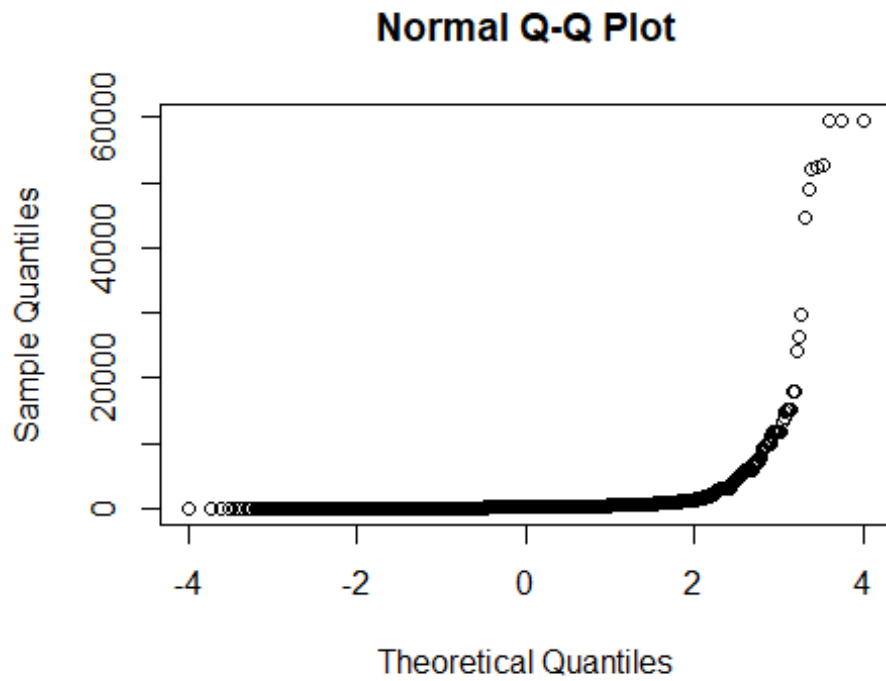
# Beyoglu, Sisli and Fatih have most number of listings

# checking correlation between all the variables

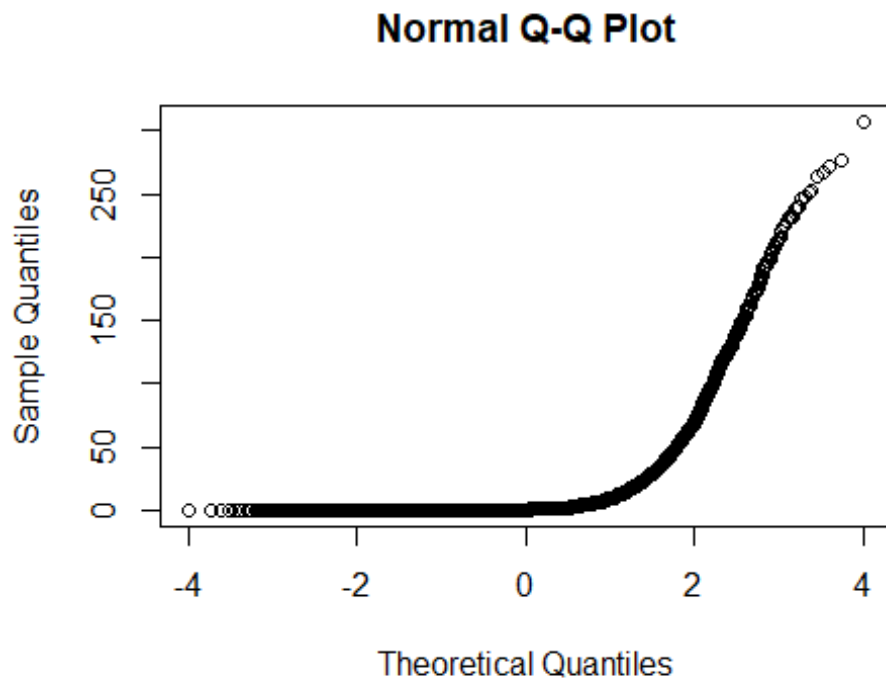
```
Istanbul.2 <- Istanbul[,c(6,7,9,10,11,13,14,15)] ## filtering dataset
containing only numerical data
```

## qqnorm plot ## indicating that the variables are not normalized

```
q1 = qqnorm(Istanbul.2$price)
```



```
q2 = qqnorm(Istanbul.2$number_of_reviews)
```



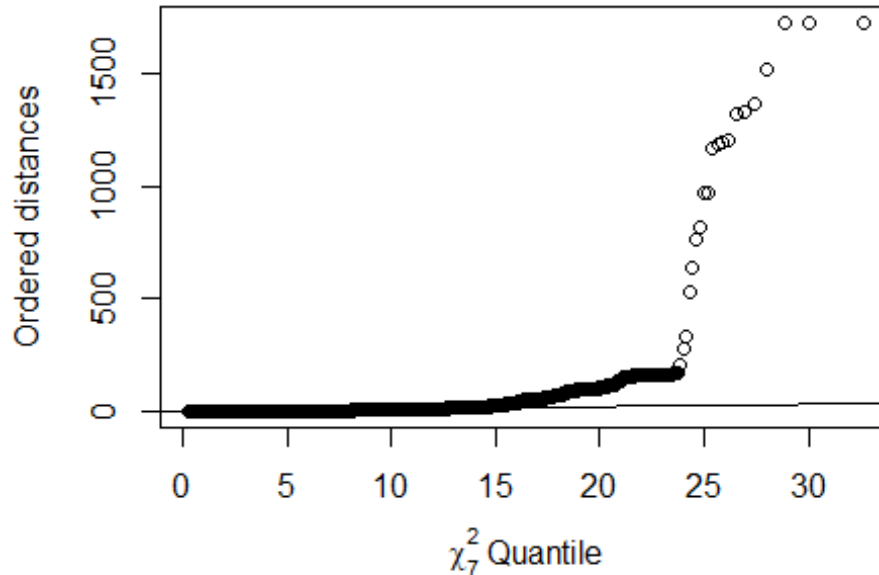
```
skewness(Istanbul.2$price)
```

```
## [1] 28.86686

#skewness is 28.86 so its high skewness as out of range of -1 to 1
#Price not normal

Istanbul.3 <- Istanbul.2[,
c("latitude","longitude","price","minimum_nights","number_of_reviews","calculated_host_listings_count","availability_365")]
Istanbul.cm <- colMeans(Istanbul.3) ## average of all the 7 variables
Istanbul.S <- cov(Istanbul.3) ## covariance of the 7 vars
Istanbul.d <- apply(Istanbul.3, MARGIN = 1, function(Istanbul.3)t(Istanbul.3
- Istanbul.cm) %*% solve(Istanbul.S) %*% (Istanbul.3 - Istanbul.cm))

## multi variate chi square plot ## to signify whether my variables are
normally distributed
plot(qchisq((1:nrow(Istanbul.3) - 1/2) / nrow(Istanbul.3), df = 7),
sort(Istanbul.d),
     xlab = expression(paste(chi[7]^2, " Quantile")),
     ylab = "Ordered distances")
abline(a = 0, b = 1)
```



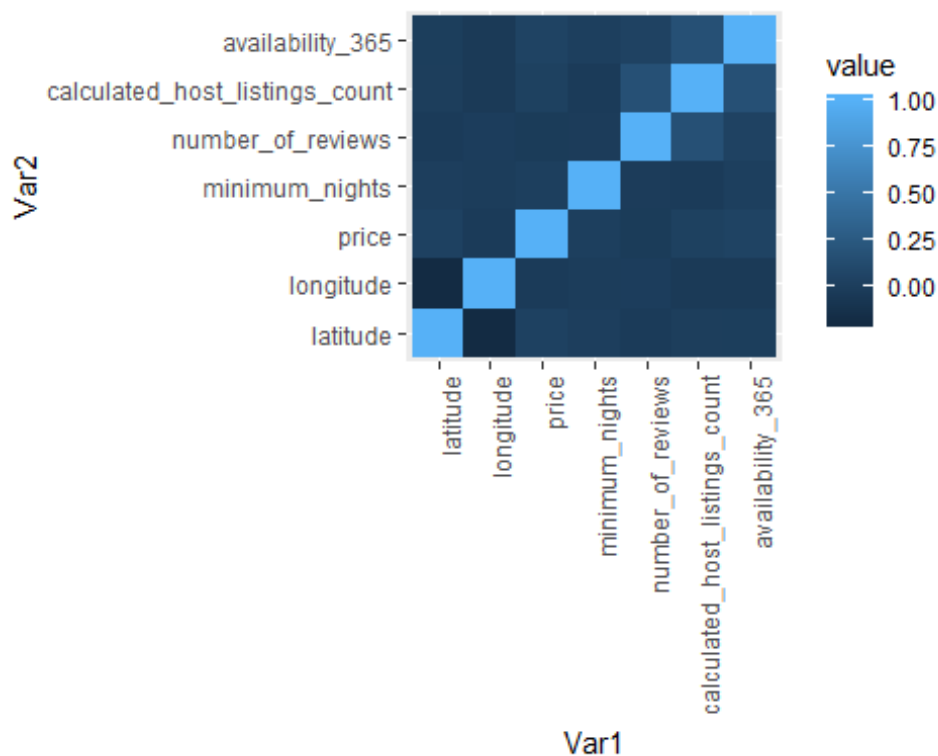
```
## this signifies that multi variables are not normally distributed

#Correlation matrix
corr <- cor(Istanbul.3)
corr.melt <- melt(corr)
```



```
## Warning in melt(corr): The melt generic in data.table has been passed a
matrix
## and will attempt to redirect to the relevant reshape2 method; please note
that
## reshape2 is deprecated, and this redirection is now deprecated as well. To
## continue using melt methods from reshape2 while both libraries are
attached,
## e.g. melt.list, you can prepend the namespace like reshape2::melt(corr).
In the
## next version, this warning will become an error.
```

```
ggplot(corr_melt) + geom_tile(aes(Var1, Var2, fill=value)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1))
```



```
#Some correlation between Calculated host Listing and noof reviews
#Some correlation between Price and calculated_host_listings_count
#Some correlation between Price and availability_365
#Some correlation between calculated_host_listings_count & availability_365
#A bit of relation between Price and Latitude
```