

Path Tracer

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Chapter 1

Hierarchical Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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std::exception	
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RandomGenerator	50
Ray	51
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Scene	59
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Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

AABB	Struct representing an Axis Aligned Bounding Box	7
Ball	Representation of a mathematical ball object in the scene	7
Box	Representation of a box (rectangular cuboid) object in the scene	9
Button	Implements a class for creating buttons for a SFML window	11
BVH	Bounding volume hierarchy class for optimising TriangleMesh collisions. Creates a data structure that divides the triangles of the mesh in to groups of Axis Aligned Bounding Boxes (AABB). If a ray misses a box then none of the triangles in the box need to be checked for a collision	13
Camera	Struct representing the camera	16
ClearCoat	Representation of a clear coat material, which can be used for materials that are partially reflective and partially diffusive. Reflective color can be defined independently from diffusive color	17
Diffuse	Representation of a diffusive material	19
Environment	An object for representing a scene environment	23
FileLoader	Implements a class for reading yaml scene files	24
FileLoaderException	An abstract base class for FileLoader exceptions. Exceptions are designed for invalid user inputs in the YAML files	25
FontException	Exception for not finding the given font	27
Gui	Implements the Graphical user interface class	27
GuiException	Abstract class for a GUI exception	29
Hit	Struct containing information about a ray hitting an object	29
Interface	Class that creates an image from a raw RGB matrix and saves the image	30

InvalidFilepathException	
Representation of invalid filepath exception	31
InvalidKeyException	
Representation of invalid key exception	32
InvalidMaterialTypeException	
Representation of invalid material type exception	33
InvalidSizeVectorException	
Representation of invalid size vector exception	35
Material	
An abstract base class for any type of material object can have	36
MaterialNotFoundException	
Representation of material not found exception	39
NegativeDimensionException	
Representation of negative dimension exception	40
NegativeFocusException	
Representation of negative focus exception	41
NegativeFOVException	
Representation of negative field of view exception	43
NegativeRadiusException	
Representation of negative radius exception	44
Node	
Struct representing a node in the bounding volume hiererchy	45
Object	
An abstract base class for any type of visible object in a scene	46
ParameterNotFoundException	
Representation of parameter not found exception	47
RadiusNotFoundException	
Representation of radius not found exception	48
RandomGenerator	
An object for creating random numbers and directions	50
Ray	
Struct representing a ray	51
Rectangle	
Representation of a box (rectangular cuboid) object in the scene	51
Reflective	
Representation of a reflective material that can be used for mirror or metal like materials	53
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Renderer	
Implements the ray tracing algorithm	57
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Exception for unexpected behaviour in the title screen	63
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Trianglemesh object consiting of Triangles, loaded from .obj file	66

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File Index

3.1 File List

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scenery/scene.hpp	98
utils/randomgenerator.hpp	99
utils/types.hpp	100

Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 AABB Struct Reference

Struct representing an Axis Aligned Bounding [Box](#).

```
#include <bvh.hpp>
```

Public Attributes

- Vector **min**
- Vector **max**

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Struct representing an Axis Aligned Bounding [Box](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

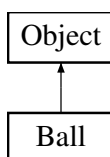
- objects/bvh.hpp

4.2 Ball Class Reference

Representation of a mathematical ball object in the scene.

```
#include <ball.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Ball:



Public Member Functions

- **Ball** (Vector position, float radius, std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > material)
- void [collision](#) ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &rayHit, float &smallestDistance)
Calculate whether a given ray collides with the ball.
- float **getRadius** () const
- void [printInfo](#) (std::ostream &out) const
Print ball info to the desired output stream.

Public Member Functions inherited from [Object](#)

- **Object** (Vector position, std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > material)
- Vector **getPosition** () const
- std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > **getMaterial** () const

4.2.1 Detailed Description

Representation of a mathematical ball object in the scene.

4.2.2 Member Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 collision()

```
void Ball::collision (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & rayHit,
    float & smallestDistance ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Calculate whether a given ray collides with the ball.

If the ray collides with the ball and the collision is closer than the current smallest distance, the "rayHit" data structure will be updated according to the collision.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	ray whose collision will be checked
<i>rayHit</i>	address of a Hit data structure
<i>smallestDistance</i>	

Implements [Object](#).

4.2.2.2 printInfo()

```
void Ball::printInfo (
    std::ostream & out ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Print ball info to the desired output stream.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	output stream
------------	---------------

Returns

std::ostream& the output stream

Implements [Object](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

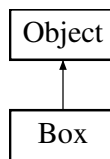
- objects/ball.hpp

4.3 Box Class Reference

Representation of a box (rectangular cuboid) object in the scene.

```
#include <box.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Box:



Public Member Functions

- **Box** (Vector position, float width, float height, float depth, std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > material)
- void [collision](#) ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &rayHit, float &smallestDistance)
Calculate whether a given ray collides with the box.
- float **getWidth** () const
- float **getHeight** () const
- float **getDepth** () const
- void [rotate](#) (float angle, Vector axis)
Rotates the box around a given axis.
- void [printInfo](#) (std::ostream &out) const
Print box info to the desired output stream.

Public Member Functions inherited from [Object](#)

- **Object** (Vector position, std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > material)
- Vector **getPosition** () const
- std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > **getMaterial** () const

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Representation of a box (rectangular cuboid) object in the scene.

The position represent the geometric center of the box.

4.3.2 Member Function Documentation

4.3.2.1 collision()

```
void Box::collision (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & rayHit,
    float & smallestDistance ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Calculate whether a given ray collides with the box.

If the ray collides with the box and the collision is closer than the current smallest distance, the "rayHit" data structure will be updated according to the collision.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	ray whose collision will be checked
<i>rayHit</i>	address of a Hit data structure
<i>smallestDistance</i>	

Implements [Object](#).

4.3.2.2 printInfo()

```
void Box::printInfo (
    std::ostream & out ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Print box info to the desired output stream.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	output stream
------------	---------------

Returns

std::ostream& the output stream

Implements [Object](#).

4.3.2.3 rotate()

```
void Box::rotate (
    float angle,
    Vector axis ) [inline]
```

Rotates the box around a given axis.

The center of rotation is the box's center of mass.

Parameters

<i>angle</i>	rotation in radians
<i>axis</i>	axis of rotation (has to be normalized)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- objects/box.hpp

4.4 Button Class Reference

Implements a class for creating buttons for a SFML window.

```
#include <button.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Button](#) (std::string button_text, sf::Color textColor, int text_size, sf::Vector2f button_size, sf::Color button_color)
Constructor for the button.
- [~Button](#) ()=default
Destroy the [Button](#) object.
- void [setPos](#) (sf::Vector2f pos)
Sets the position of the button in the window.
- void [setColor](#) (sf::Color color)
Sets the color of the button.
- void [setFont](#) (sf::Font &font)
Sets the font of the text of the button.
- void [draw](#) (sf::RenderWindow &window)
Renders the button on the specified SFML window.
- bool [onButton](#) (sf::RenderWindow &window)
Checks if the user's mouse is on the button.

4.4.1 Detailed Description

Implements a class for creating buttons for a SFML window.

4.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.4.2.1 Button()

```
Button::Button (
    std::string button_text,
    sf::Color textColor,
    int text_size,
    sf::Vector2f button_size,
    sf::Color button_color ) [inline]
```

Constructor for the button.

Parameters

<i>button_text</i>	The text inside the button
<i>textColor</i>	The color of the text inside the button
<i>text_size</i>	The size of the text inside the button
<i>button_size</i>	Size of the button
<i>button_color</i>	Color of the button

4.4.3 Member Function Documentation

4.4.3.1 draw()

```
void Button::draw (
    sf::RenderWindow & window ) [inline]
```

Renders the button on the specified SFML window.

Parameters

<i>window</i>	Window to be rendered on
---------------	--------------------------

4.4.3.2 onButton()

```
bool Button::onButton (
    sf::RenderWindow & window ) [inline]
```

Checks if the user's mouse is on the button.

Parameters

<i>window</i>	reference to the window the textbox is on
---------------	---

Returns

true value if mouse is on the button
false value if mouse is not on the button

4.4.3.3 setColor()

```
void Button::setColor (
    sf::Color color ) [inline]
```

Sets the color of the button.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	The color to be set to
--------------	------------------------

4.4.3.4 setFont()

```
void Button::setFont (
    sf::Font & font ) [inline]
```

Sets the font of the text of the button.

Parameters

<i>font</i>	The font to be set to
-------------	-----------------------

4.4.3.5 setPos()

```
void Button::setPos (
    sf::Vector2f pos ) [inline]
```

Sets the position of the button in the window.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	Position of the button
------------	------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- interface/button.hpp

4.5 BVH Class Reference

Bounding volume hierarchy class for optimising [TriangleMesh](#) collisions. Creates a data structure that divides the triangles of the mesh in to groups of Axis Aligned Bounding Boxes ([AABB](#)). If a ray misses a box then none of the triangles in the box need to be checked for a collision.

```
#include <bvh.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **BVH** ()
Default constructor for [BVH](#).
- **BVH** (std::vector< [Triangle](#) > tris)
Construct a new [BVH](#) object.
- void **UpdateNodeBounds** (std::vector< [Node](#) > &bvhNodes, int nodeId)
Updates the bounds of the [AABB](#) based on the triangles it contains.
- void **Subdivide** (std::vector< [Node](#) > &bvhNodes, int nodeId)
Divides the triangles of the current node into new [AABBs](#) recursively.
- void **BVHCollision** ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &rayHit, float &smallestDistance, const int nodeId)
Calculate whether a given ray collides with the [TriangleMesh](#) contained in the [BVH](#) recursively.
- bool **AABBCollision** ([AABB](#) box, [Ray](#) ray, float smallestDistance)

Calculate whether a given ray collides with the [AABB](#).

- `int getRootNodeIdx () const`

Get the `RootNodeIdx` of the [BVH](#).

- `std::vector< Triangle > getTriangles () const`

Get the triangles vector.

- `std::vector< Node > getNodes () const`

Get the nodes vector.

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Bounding volume hierarchy class for optimising [TriangleMesh](#) collisions. Creates a data structure that divides the triangles of the mesh in to groups of Axis Aligned Bounding Boxes ([AABB](#)). If a ray misses a box then none of the triangles in the box need to be checked for a collision.

4.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.5.2.1 BVH()

```
BVH::BVH (
    std::vector< Triangle > tris ) [inline]
```

Construct a new [BVH](#) object.

Parameters

<i>tris</i>	vector containing all the triangles in the mesh
-------------	---

4.5.3 Member Function Documentation

4.5.3.1 AABBCollision()

```
bool BVH::AABBCollision (
    AABB box,
    Ray ray,
    float smallestDistance ) [inline]
```

Calculate whether a given ray collides with the [AABB](#).

Parameters

<i>box</i>	the AABB for which collision is tested
<i>ray</i>	ray whose collision will be checked
<i>smallestDistance</i>	current smallest distance

Returns

true If the ray collides with the box
 false If the ray does not collide with the boc

4.5.3.2 BVHCollision()

```
void BVH::BVHCollision (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & rayHit,
    float & smallestDistance,
    const int nodeIdIdx ) [inline]
```

Calculate whether a given ray collides with the [TriangleMesh](#) contained in the [BVH](#) recursively.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	ray whose collision will be checked
<i>rayHit</i>	address of a Hit data structure
<i>smallestDistance</i>	current smallest distance
<i>nodeIdx</i>	current node index

4.5.3.3 getNodes()

```
std::vector< Node > BVH::getNodes ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the nodes vector.

Returns

std::vector<Node>

4.5.3.4 getRootNodeIdx()

```
int BVH::getRootNodeIdx ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the RootNodeIdx of the [BVH](#).

Returns

int

4.5.3.5 getTriangles()

```
std::vector< Triangle > BVH::getTriangles ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the triangles vector.

Returns

std::vector<Triangle>

4.5.3.6 Subdivide()

```
void BVH::Subdivide (
    std::vector< Node > & bvhNodes,
    int nodeIdIdx ) [inline]
```

Divides the triangles of the current node into new AABBs recursively.

Parameters

<i>bvhNodes</i>	vector containing the nodes
<i>nodeIdx</i>	current node index

4.5.3.7 UpdateNodeBounds()

```
void BVH::UpdateNodeBounds (
    std::vector< Node > & bvhNodes,
    int nodeIdIdx ) [inline]
```

Updates the bounds of the [AABB](#) based on the triangles it contains.

Parameters

<i>bvhNodes</i>	vector containing the nodes
<i>nodeIdx</i>	the current node index

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- objects/bvh.hpp

4.6 Camera Struct Reference

Struct representing the camera.

```
#include <types.hpp>
```

Public Attributes

- Point **position**
- Vector **lookingAt**
- Vector **direction**
- Vector **up**
- Vector **left**
- float **fov**
- float **focus_distance**
- float **DoF**

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Struct representing the camera.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

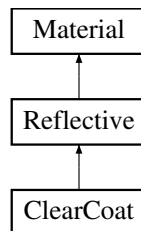
- `utils/types.hpp`

4.7 ClearCoat Class Reference

Representation of a clear coat material, which can be used for materials that are partially reflective and partially diffusive. [Reflective](#) color can be defined independently from diffusive color.

```
#include <material.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ClearCoat:



Public Member Functions

- Color [getClearCoatColor](#) ()
Gets the clear coat color for the material.
- float [getClearCoat](#) ()
Gets clear coat value for the clear coat material.
- [ClearCoat](#) (Color color, std::string name, float specularity, float clearcoat, Color clearcoat_color)
Constructor for [ClearCoat](#) class.
- void [updateRay](#) ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &hit)
Updates the ray according to properties of mirror material.

Public Member Functions inherited from [Reflective](#)

- [Reflective](#) (Color color, std::string name, float specularity)
Constructor for [Reflective](#) class material.
- float [getSpecularity](#) ()
Gets the specularity of the reflective material.
- void [updateRay](#) ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &hit)
Updates the ray according to properties of reflective material.

Public Member Functions inherited from [Material](#)

- Color [getColor](#) ()
Gets the color vector for the material.
- std::string [getName](#) ()
Gets the name of the material.
- [Material](#) (Color color, std::string name)
Constructor for material class.
- Vector [reflectionDir](#) ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &hit)
Computes the direction of perfectly reflected ray.
- Vector [diffuseDir](#) ([Hit](#) &hit)
Computes the direction of the diffuse ray.
- void [updateColor](#) ([Ray](#) &ray)
Updates the color of the ray after interacting with the material.

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from [Material](#)

- [RandomGenerator](#) rnd_

4.7.1 Detailed Description

Representation of a clear coat material, which can be used for materials that are partially reflective and partially diffusive. [Reflective](#) color can be defined independently from diffusive color.

4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.7.2.1 ClearCoat()

```
ClearCoat::ClearCoat (
    Color color,
    std::string name,
    float specularity,
    float clearcoat,
    Color clearcoat_color ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [ClearCoat](#) class.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	Material color as RGB value
<i>name</i>	Name of the material
<i>specularity</i>	Specularity of the material
<i>clearcoat</i>	How large proportion of the rays behaves reflectively
<i>clearcoat_color</i>	Color of the reflected rays

4.7.3 Member Function Documentation

4.7.3.1 getClearCoat()

```
float ClearCoat::getClearCoat ( ) [inline]
```

Gets clear coat value for the clear coat material.

Returns

float representing probability of the clear coat bounce

4.7.3.2 getClearCoatColor()

```
Color ClearCoat::getClearCoatColor ( ) [inline]
```

Gets the clear coat color for the material.

Returns

Color that represents the RGB value for the clear coat bounces

4.7.3.3 updateRay()

```
void ClearCoat::updateRay (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & hit ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Updates the ray according to properties of mirror material.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	Ray that did hit the material
------------	---

Implements [Material](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

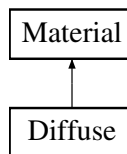
- scenery/material.hpp

4.8 Diffuse Class Reference

Representation of a diffusive material.

```
#include <material.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Diffuse:



Public Member Functions

- **Diffuse** (Color color, std::string name, float emission_strength, Color emission_color)
*Constructor for **Diffuse** class.*
- Color **getEmColor** ()
Gets the emission color for the material.
- float **getEmStrength** ()
Gets the emission strength for the material.
- bool **isEmitting** ()
Tells if the material is emitting i.e. has emission strength larger than zero.
- void **updateRay** (Ray &ray, Hit &hit)
Updates the ray according to properties of diffuse material.

Public Member Functions inherited from **Material**

- Color **getColor** ()
Gets the color vector for the material.
- std::string **getName** ()
Gets the name of the material.
- **Material** (Color color, std::string name)
Constructor for material class.
- Vector **reflectionDir** (Ray &ray, Hit &hit)
Computes the direction of perfectly reflected ray.
- Vector **diffuseDir** (Hit &hit)
Computes the direction of the diffuse ray.
- void **updateColor** (Ray &ray)
Updates the color of the ray after interacting with the material.

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from **Material**

- **RandomGenerator** rnd_

4.8.1 Detailed Description

Representation of a diffusive material.

4.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.8.2.1 Diffuse()

```
Diffuse::Diffuse (  
    Color color,  
    std::string name,  
    float emission_strength,  
    Color emission_color ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [Diffuse](#) class.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	Material color as RGB value
<i>name</i>	Name of the material
<i>emission_strength</i>	Emission strength of the material
<i>emission_color</i>	Emission color of the material

4.8.3 Member Function Documentation

4.8.3.1 getEmColor()

```
Color Diffuse::getEmColor ( ) [inline]
```

Gets the emission color for the material.

Returns

Color vector representing the RGB value for the emission color

4.8.3.2 getEmStrength()

```
float Diffuse::getEmStrength ( ) [inline]
```

Gets the emission strength for the material.

Returns

float representing the emission strength for the material

4.8.3.3 isEmitting()

```
bool Diffuse::isEmitting ( ) [inline]
```

Tells if the material is emitting i.e. has emission strength larger than zero.

Returns

true if material is emitting and zero if it is not emitting

4.8.3.4 updateRay()

```
void Diffuse::updateRay (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & hit ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Updates the ray according to properties of diffuse material.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	Ray that did hit the material
------------	---

Implements [Material](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- scenery/material.hpp

4.9 Environment Class Reference

An object for representing a scene environment.

```
#include <environment.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Environment ()**
Construct a new [Environment](#) with black void.
- void **setSky** (Color skyColor=Color(0.2, 0.5, 1.0), Color horizonColor=Color(0.7, 0.8, 0.8), Color groundColor=Color(0.1, 0.1, 0.1))
Set a sky to the environment.
- Light **getLight** ([Ray](#) &ray)
Calculate environment light collected by a runaway ray.
- Color **getHorizonColor** ()
- Color **getGroundColor** ()
- Color **getSkyColor** ()

4.9.1 Detailed Description

An object for representing a scene environment.

Currently only solid color or sky environments are supported.

4.9.2 Member Function Documentation

4.9.2.1 getLight()

```
Light Environment::getLight (
    Ray & ray ) [inline]
```

Calculate environment light collected by a runaway ray.

The ray direction determines what the ray should "see" in the environment.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	a ray whose path doesn't intersect with any objects
------------	---

Returns

Light collected from the environment by the ray

4.9.2.2 setSky()

```
void Environment::setSky (
    Color skyColor = Color(0.2, 0.5, 1.0),
    Color horizonColor = Color(0.7, 0.8, 0.8),
    Color groundColor = Color(0.1, 0.1, 0.1) ) [inline]
```

Set a sky to the environment.

Parameters are optional, otherwise a default sky is created.

Parameters

<i>skyColor</i>	
<i>horizonColor</i>	
<i>groundColor</i>	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- scenery/environment.hpp

4.10 FileLoader Class Reference

Implements a class for reading yaml scene files.

```
#include <fileloader.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- [FileLoader](#) (std::string filepath)
Construct a new [FileLoader](#) object.
- std::shared_ptr< [Scene](#) > [loadSceneFile](#) ()
Loads a scene from the file specified in filepath and returns a shared pointer to this scene.
- [~FileLoader](#) ()
Destructor for [FileLoader](#) object.
- std::string [getFilepath](#) ()

4.10.1 Detailed Description

Implements a class for reading yaml scene files.

4.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.10.2.1 FileLoader()

```
FileLoader::FileLoader (
    std::string filepath ) [inline]
```

Construct a new [FileLoader](#) object.

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath to the yaml file that contains properties of the scene
-----------------	---

4.10.3 Member Function Documentation

4.10.3.1 loadSceneFile()

```
std::shared_ptr< Scene > FileLoader::loadSceneFile ( ) [inline]
```

Loads a scene from the file specified in filepath and returns a shared pointer to this scene.

Returns

A shared pointer to scene object

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

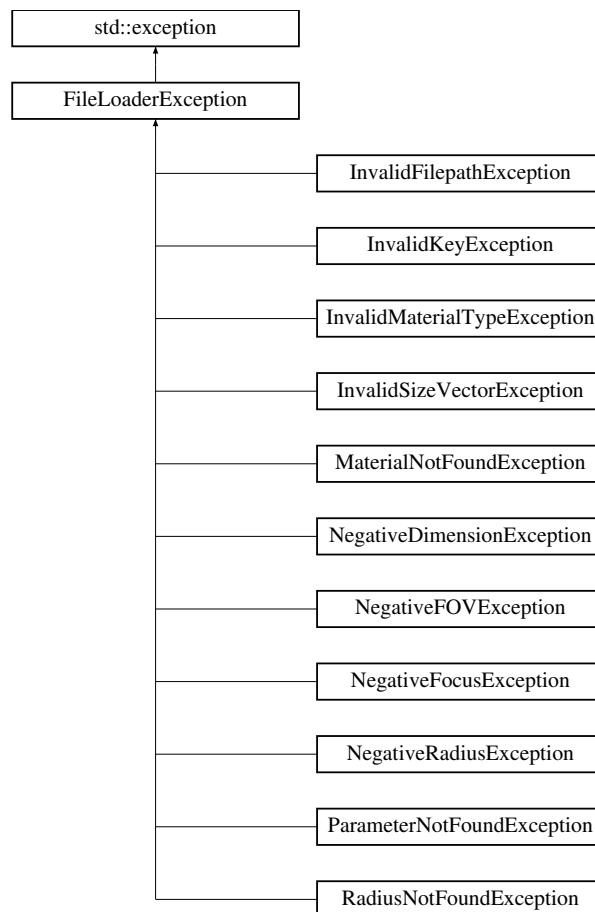
- fileloader/fileloader.hpp

4.11 FileLoaderException Class Reference

An abstract base class for [FileLoader](#) exceptions. Exceptions are designed for invalid user inputs in the YAML files.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for FileLoaderException:



Public Member Functions

- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept=0
Pure virtual function overload for exception messages.

4.11.1 Detailed Description

An abstract base class for [FileLoader](#) exceptions. Exceptions are designed for invalid user inputs in the YAML files.

4.11.2 Member Function Documentation

4.11.2.1 what()

```
virtual const char * FileLoaderException::what ( ) const [pure virtual], [noexcept]
```

Pure virtual function overload for exception messages.

Implemented in [InvalidFilepathException](#), [NegativeRadiusException](#), [InvalidSizeVectorException](#), [NegativeFOVException](#), [NegativeFocusException](#), [InvalidKeyException](#), [MaterialNotFoundException](#), [RadiusNotFoundException](#), [ParameterNotFoundException](#), [NegativeDimensionException](#), and [InvalidMaterialTypeException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

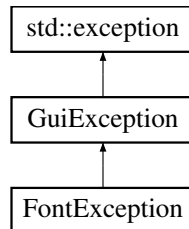
- [fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp](#)

4.12 FontException Class Reference

Exception for not finding the given font.

```
#include <gui_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for FontException:



Public Member Functions

- **FontException** (std::string fontPath)
- virtual const char * **what** () const noexcept

4.12.1 Detailed Description

Exception for not finding the given font.

4.12.2 Member Function Documentation

4.12.2.1 what()

```
virtual const char * FontException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Implements [GuiException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

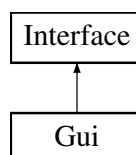
- interface/gui_ex.hpp

4.13 Gui Class Reference

Implements the Graphical user interface class.

```
#include <gui.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Gui:



Public Member Functions

- `std::shared_ptr< Scene > titleScreen ()`
Opens a titlescreen where the user can input a filepath. If the filepath contains a valid yaml file, a shared pointer to a scene constructed with this file is returned. An invalid filepath will result in an error being shown to the user.
- `void openSettings (std::shared_ptr< Scene > loadedScene)`
Opens a settings menu where the user can preview and influence a loaded scene.
- `void openRender (int resX, int resY, std::shared_ptr< Scene > loadedScene, int sampleSize, float dof, int bounces)`

Public Member Functions inherited from [Interface](#)

- `void createImg (std::vector< std::vector< Color > > pixels)`
Create a sf::Image from the matrix of RGB values.
- `bool saveImage (const std::string &filename)`
Save the image with given filename.
- `sf::Image getImage ()`

4.13.1 Detailed Description

Implements the Graphical user interface class.

4.13.2 Member Function Documentation

4.13.2.1 `openSettings()`

```
void Gui::openSettings (
    std::shared_ptr< Scene > loadedScene ) [inline]
```

Opens a settings menu where the user can preview and influence a loaded scene.

The setting menu contains a "preview" button and textboxes for parameter. There are two types of parameters that the user can change. First are the parameters that influence only the final render the user can initiate with pressing enter. The other parameters, in addition to changing the final render, affect the preview image.

Parameters

<code>loadedScene</code>	the scene to be influenced
--------------------------	----------------------------

4.13.2.2 `titleScreen()`

```
std::shared_ptr< Scene > Gui::titleScreen ( ) [inline]
```

Opens a titlescreen where the user can input a filepath. If the filepath contains a valid yaml file, a shared pointer to a scene constructed with this file is returned. An invalid filepath will result in an error being shown to the user.

Returns

`std::shared_ptr<Scene>` The shared pointer to the scene created with the inputted yaml file

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

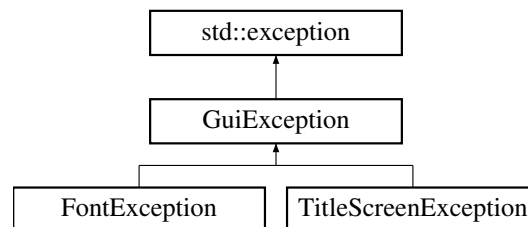
- `interface/gui.hpp`

4.14 GuiException Class Reference

Abstract class for a GUI exception.

```
#include <gui_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for GuiException:

**Public Member Functions**

- virtual const char * **what** () const noexcept=0

4.14.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class for a GUI exception.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `interface/gui_ex.hpp`

4.15 Hit Struct Reference

Struct containing information about a ray hitting an object.

```
#include <types.hpp>
```

Public Attributes

- bool **did_hit** = false
- `std::shared_ptr< Material >` **material**
- Vector **normal**
- Point **point**
- float **distance**

4.15.1 Detailed Description

Struct containing information about a ray hitting an object.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

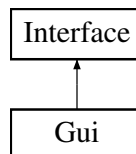
- `utils/types.hpp`

4.16 Interface Class Reference

Class that creates an image from a raw RGB matrix and saves the image.

```
#include <interface.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Interface:



Public Member Functions

- void `createImg` (`std::vector< std::vector< Color > > pixels`)
Create a sf::Image from the matrix of RGB values.
- bool `saveImage` (`const std::string &filename`)
Save the image with given filename.
- sf::Image `getImage` ()

4.16.1 Detailed Description

Class that creates an image from a raw RGB matrix and saves the image.

4.16.2 Member Function Documentation

4.16.2.1 createImg()

```
void Interface::createImg (
    std::vector< std::vector< Color > > pixels ) [inline]
```

Create a sf::Image from the matrix of RGB values.

Parameters

<i>pixels</i>	matrix of RGB values
---------------	----------------------

4.16.2.2 saveImage()

```
bool Interface::saveImage (
    const std::string & filename ) [inline]
```

Save the image with given filename.

Parameters

<i>filename</i>	Image filename
-----------------	----------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

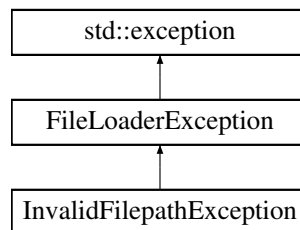
- interface/interface.hpp

4.17 InvalidFilepathException Class Reference

Representation of invalid filepath exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for InvalidFilepathException:



Public Member Functions

- [InvalidFilepathException](#) (std::string filepath)
Constructor for InvalidFilePathException.
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for invalid filepath.

4.17.1 Detailed Description

Representation of invalid filepath exception.

4.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.17.2.1 InvalidFilepathException()

```
InvalidFilepathException::InvalidFilepathException (
    std::string filepath ) [inline]
```

Constructor for InvalidFilePathException.

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the given YAML file
-----------------	---------------------------------

4.17.3 Member Function Documentation

4.17.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * InvalidFilepathException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for invalid filepath.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message.

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

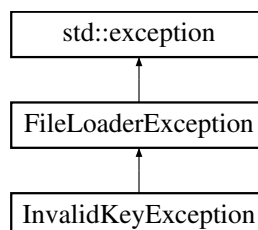
- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.18 InvalidKeyException Class Reference

Representation of invalid key exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for InvalidKeyException:



Public Member Functions

- [InvalidKeyException](#) (std::string filepath, std::string key)
Constructor for [InvalidKeyException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for invalid key value in the YAML file.

4.18.1 Detailed Description

Representation of invalid key exception.

4.18.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.18.2.1 InvalidKeyException()

```
InvalidKeyException::InvalidKeyException (
    std::string filepath,
    std::string key ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [InvalidKeyException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>key</i>	String of the key that was not found from the YAML file

4.18.3 Member Function Documentation

4.18.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * InvalidKeyException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for invalid key value in the YAML file.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

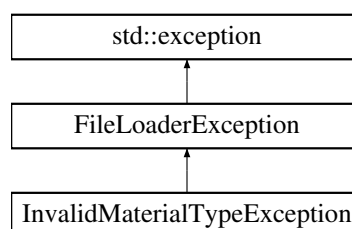
- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.19 InvalidMaterialTypeException Class Reference

Representation of invalid material type exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for InvalidMaterialTypeException:



Public Member Functions

- [InvalidMaterialTypeException](#) (std::string filepath, int line)
Constructor for [InvalidMaterialTypeException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for invalid material type in the YAML file.

4.19.1 Detailed Description

Representation of invalid material type exception.

4.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.19.2.1 InvalidMaterialTypeException()

```
InvalidMaterialTypeException::InvalidMaterialTypeException (
    std::string filepath,
    int line ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [InvalidMaterialTypeException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>line</i>	Line number where material is defined

4.19.3 Member Function Documentation

4.19.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * InvalidMaterialTypeException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for invalid material type in the YAML file.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

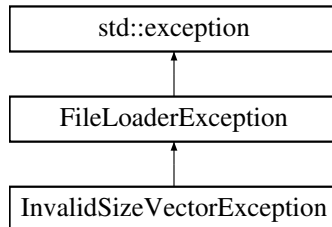
- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.20 InvalidSizeVectorException Class Reference

Representation of invalid size vector exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for InvalidSizeVectorException:



Public Member Functions

- [InvalidSizeVectorException](#) (std::string filepath, size_t size, int line)
Constructor for [InvalidSizeVectorException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for invalid size vector.

4.20.1 Detailed Description

Representation of invalid size vector exception.

4.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.20.2.1 InvalidSizeVectorException()

```
InvalidSizeVectorException::InvalidSizeVectorException (
    std::string filepath,
    size_t size,
    int line ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [InvalidSizeVectorException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>size</i>	Size of the invalid size vector
<i>line</i>	Line number where the invalid size vector is defined

4.20.3 Member Function Documentation

4.20.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * InvalidSizeVectorException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for invalid size vector.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

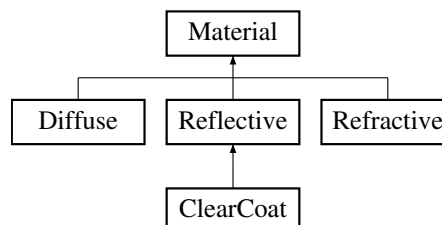
- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.21 Material Class Reference

An abstract base class for any type of material object can have.

```
#include <material.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Material:



Public Member Functions

- Color [getColor](#) ()
Gets the color vector for the material.
- std::string [getName](#) ()
Gets the name of the material.
- [Material](#) (Color color, std::string name)
Constructor for material class.
- Vector [reflectionDir](#) (Ray &ray, Hit &hit)
Computes the direction of perfectly reflected ray.
- Vector [diffuseDir](#) (Hit &hit)
Computes the direction of the diffuse ray.
- void [updateColor](#) (Ray &ray)
Updates the color of the ray after interacting with the material.
- virtual void [updateRay](#) (Ray &ray, Hit &hit)=0
Pure virtual function that updates the ray according to the properties of the material.

Public Attributes

- [RandomGenerator](#) `rnd_`

4.21.1 Detailed Description

An abstract base class for any type of material object can have.

4.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**4.21.2.1 Material()**

```
Material::Material (
    Color color,
    std::string name ) [inline]
```

Constructor for material class.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	Material color as RGB value
<i>name</i>	Name of the material

4.21.3 Member Function Documentation**4.21.3.1 diffuseDir()**

```
Vector Material::diffuseDir (
    Hit & hit ) [inline]
```

Computes the direction of the diffuse ray.

`randomDirection()` and `ray.normal` are both normalized so this gives a random vector whose probability distribution is weighted towards the `ray.normal`.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	Ray that did hit the material
------------	---

Returns

vector towards the direction of the diffused ray

4.21.3.2 getColor()

```
Color Material::getColor ( ) [inline]
```

Gets the color vector for the material.

Returns

Color vector representing the RGB value for the material

4.21.3.3 getName()

```
std::string Material::getName ( ) [inline]
```

Gets the name of the material.

Returns

std::string representing the name of the material

4.21.3.4 reflectionDir()

```
Vector Material::reflectionDir (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & hit ) [inline]
```

Computes the direction of perfectly reflected ray.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	Ray that did hit the material
------------	-------------------------------

Returns

vector towards the direction of the reflected ray

4.21.3.5 updateColor()

```
void Material::updateColor (
    Ray & ray ) [inline]
```

Updates the color of the ray after interacting with the material.

Component wise product with the original color and the color of the interaction material.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	Ray that did hit the material
------------	-------------------------------

4.21.3.6 updateRay()

```
virtual void Material::updateRay (
```



```
Ray & ray,
Hit & hit ) [pure virtual]
```

Pure virtual function that updates the ray according to the properties of the material.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	Ray that did hit the material
------------	---

Implemented in [Diffuse](#), [Reflective](#), [ClearCoat](#), and [Refractive](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

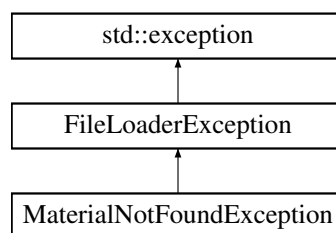
- scenery/material.hpp

4.22 MaterialNotFoundException Class Reference

Representation of material not found exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for MaterialNotFoundException:



Public Member Functions

- [MaterialNotFoundException](#) (std::string filepath, int line)
Constructor for [MaterialNotFoundException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for objects that are missing the material definition in the YAML file.

4.22.1 Detailed Description

Representation of material not found exception.

4.22.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.22.2.1 MaterialNotFoundException()

```
MaterialNotFoundException::MaterialNotFoundException (
    std::string filepath,
    int line ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [MaterialNotFoundException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>line</i>	Line number of the object that do not have material defined

4.22.3 Member Function Documentation

4.22.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * MaterialNotFoundException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for objects that are missing the material definition in the YAML file.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

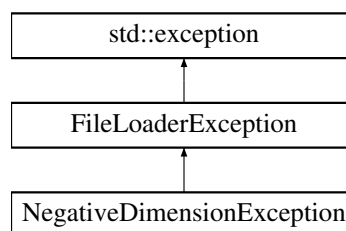
- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.23 NegativeDimensionException Class Reference

Representation of negative dimension exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for NegativeDimensionException:



Public Member Functions

- [NegativeDimensionException](#) (std::string filepath, float value, int line)
Constructor for [NegativeDimensionException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for negative dimension value.

4.23.1 Detailed Description

Representation of negative dimension exception.

4.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.23.2.1 NegativeDimensionException()

```
NegativeDimensionException::NegativeDimensionException (
    std::string filepath,
    float value,
    int line ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [NegativeDimensionException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>value</i>	Value of the negative dimension
<i>line</i>	Line number where the negative dimension is defined

4.23.3 Member Function Documentation

4.23.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * NegativeDimensionException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for negative dimension value.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

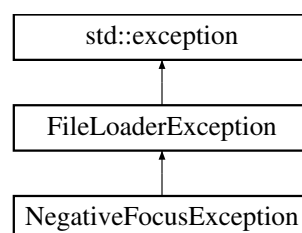
- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.24 NegativeFocusException Class Reference

Representation of negative focus exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for NegativeFocusException:



Public Member Functions

- [NegativeFocusException](#) (std::string filepath, float focus, int line)
Constructor for [NegativeFocusException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for negative focus distance.

4.24.1 Detailed Description

Representation of negative focus exception.

4.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.24.2.1 NegativeFocusException()

```
NegativeFocusException::NegativeFocusException (
    std::string filepath,
    float focus,
    int line ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [NegativeFocusException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>focus</i>	Value of the negative focus distance
<i>line</i>	Line number where the negative dimension is defined

4.24.3 Member Function Documentation

4.24.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * NegativeFocusException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for negative focus distance.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

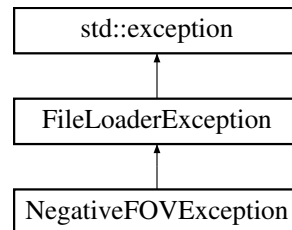
- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.25 NegativeFOVException Class Reference

Representation of negative field of view exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for NegativeFOVException:



Public Member Functions

- [NegativeFOVException](#) (std::string filepath, float fow, int line)
Constructor for [NegativeFOVException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for negative field of view.

4.25.1 Detailed Description

Representation of negative field of view exception.

4.25.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.25.2.1 NegativeFOVException()

```
NegativeFOVException::NegativeFOVException (
    std::string filepath,
    float fow,
    int line ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [NegativeFOVException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>fow</i>	Value of the negative field of view
<i>line</i>	Line number where the negative fow is defined

4.25.3 Member Function Documentation

4.25.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * NegativeFOVException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for negative field of view.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

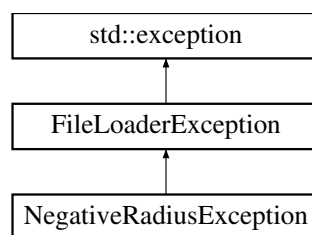
- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.26 NegativeRadiusException Class Reference

Representation of negative radius exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for NegativeRadiusException:



Public Member Functions

- [NegativeRadiusException](#) (std::string filepath, float radius, int line)
Constructor for [NegativeRadiusException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for negative radius.

4.26.1 Detailed Description

Representation of negative radius exception.

4.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.26.2.1 NegativeRadiusException()

```
NegativeRadiusException::NegativeRadiusException (
    std::string filepath,
    float radius,
    int line ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [NegativeRadiusException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>radius</i>	Value of the negative radius
<i>line</i>	Line number where the negative radius is defined

4.26.3 Member Function Documentation

4.26.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * NegativeRadiusException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for negative radius.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message.

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.27 Node Struct Reference

Struct representing a node in the bounding volume hierarchy.

```
#include <bvh.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- bool **isLeaf** ()

Public Attributes

- [AABB](#) **box**
- int **leftChild**
- int **firstTrIdx**
- int **triCount**

4.27.1 Detailed Description

Struct representing a node in the bounding volume hierarchy.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

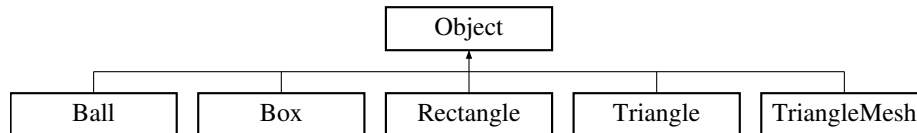
- objects/bvh.hpp

4.28 Object Class Reference

An abstract base class for any type of visible object in a scene.

```
#include <object.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Object:



Public Member Functions

- **Object** (Vector position, std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > material)
- Vector **getPosition** () const
- std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > **getMaterial** () const
- virtual void **collision** ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &rayHit, float &smallestDistance)=0
Calculate whether a given ray collides with the object.
- virtual void **printInfo** (std::ostream &out) const =0
Print object info to the desired output stream.

4.28.1 Detailed Description

An abstract base class for any type of visible object in a scene.

4.28.2 Member Function Documentation

4.28.2.1 collision()

```
virtual void Object::collision (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & rayHit,
    float & smallestDistance ) [pure virtual]
```

Calculate whether a given ray collides with the object.

If the ray collides with the object and the collision is closer than the current smallest distance, the "rayHit" data structure will be updated according to the collision.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	ray whose collision will be checked
<i>rayHit</i>	address of a Hit data structure
<i>smallestDistance</i>	

Implemented in [Ball](#), [Box](#), [Rectangle](#), [Triangle](#), and [TriangleMesh](#).

4.28.2.2 printInfo()

```
virtual void Object::printInfo (
    std::ostream & out ) const [pure virtual]
```

Print object info to the desired output stream.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	output stream
<i>object</i>	object to be printed

Returns

std::ostream& the output stream

Implemented in [Ball](#), [Box](#), [Rectangle](#), [Triangle](#), and [TriangleMesh](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

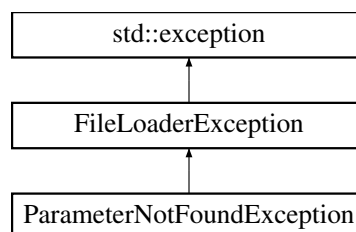
- `objects/object.hpp`

4.29 ParameterNotFoundException Class Reference

Representation of parameter not found exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ParameterNotFoundException:



Public Member Functions

- [ParameterNotFoundException](#) (std::string filepath, int line)
Constructor for [ParameterNotFoundException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for missing parameters.

4.29.1 Detailed Description

Representation of parameter not found exception.

4.29.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.29.2.1 ParameterNotFoundException()

```
ParameterNotFoundException::ParameterNotFoundException (
    std::string filepath,
    int line ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [ParameterNotFoundException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>line</i>	Line number where the parameter is missing

4.29.3 Member Function Documentation

4.29.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * ParameterNotFoundException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for missing parameters.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

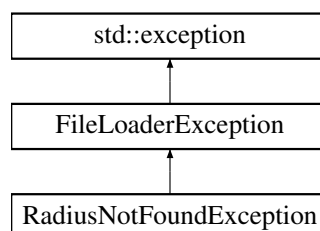
- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.30 RadiusNotFoundException Class Reference

Representation of radius not found exception.

```
#include <fileloader_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for RadiusNotFoundException:



Public Member Functions

- [RadiusNotFoundException](#) (std::string filepath, int line)
Constructor for [RadiusNotFoundException](#).
- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept
Function that creates an exception message for ball object that do not have radius defined in the YAML file.

4.30.1 Detailed Description

Representation of radius not found exception.

4.30.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.30.2.1 RadiusNotFoundException()

```
RadiusNotFoundException::RadiusNotFoundException (
    std::string filepath,
    int line ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [RadiusNotFoundException](#).

Parameters

<i>filepath</i>	Filepath of the YAML file
<i>line</i>	Line number of the ball that do not have radius defined

4.30.3 Member Function Documentation

4.30.3.1 what()

```
virtual const char * RadiusNotFoundException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Function that creates an exception message for ball object that do not have radius defined in the YAML file.

Returns

Pointer to the first char of the exception message

Implements [FileLoaderException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- fileloader/fileloader_ex.hpp

4.31 RandomGenerator Class Reference

An object for creating random numbers and directions.

```
#include <randomgenerator.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- Vector [randomDirection](#) ()
Creates a random direction, i.e., a random point on the unit sphere.
- float [randomZeroToOne](#) ()
Returns a random real number between 0 and 1.
- Vector2 [randomInCircle](#) ()
Creates a random point inside the unit disk.

4.31.1 Detailed Description

An object for creating random numbers and directions.

4.31.2 Member Function Documentation

4.31.2.1 randomDirection()

```
Vector RandomGenerator::randomDirection ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a random direction, i.e., a random point on the unit sphere.

Returns

3-dimensional vector pointing to a random direction

4.31.2.2 randomInCircle()

```
Vector2 RandomGenerator::randomInCircle ( ) [inline]
```

Creates a random point inside the unit disk.

Returns

2-dimensional vector inside of the unit disk.

4.31.2.3 randomZeroToOne()

```
float RandomGenerator::randomZeroToOne ( ) [inline]
```

Returns a random real number between 0 and 1.

Returns

float

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- utils/randomgenerator.hpp

4.32 Ray Struct Reference

Struct representing a ray.

```
#include <types.hpp>
```

Public Attributes

- Point **origin**
- Vector **direction**
- bool **inside_material** = false
- Color **color** = Color(1.0, 1.0, 1.0)
- Light **light** = Color(0.0, 0.0, 0.0)

4.32.1 Detailed Description

Struct representing a ray.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

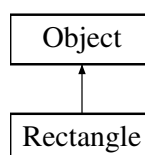
- utils/types.hpp

4.33 Rectangle Class Reference

Representation of a box (rectangular cuboid) object in the scene.

```
#include <rectangle.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Rectangle:



Public Member Functions

- **Rectangle** (Vector position, float width, float height, std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > material)
- void [collision](#) ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &rayHit, float &smallestDistance)
Calculate whether a given ray collides with the rectangle.
- float **getWidth** () const
- float **getHeight** () const
- void [rotate](#) (float angle, Vector axis)
Rotates the box around a given axis.
- void [printInfo](#) (std::ostream &out) const
Print box info to the desired output stream.

Public Member Functions inherited from [Object](#)

- **Object** (Vector position, std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > material)
- Vector **getPosition** () const
- std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > **getMaterial** () const

4.33.1 Detailed Description

Representation of a box (rectangular cuboid) object in the scene.

The position represent the geometric center of the box.

4.33.2 Member Function Documentation

4.33.2.1 [collision\(\)](#)

```
void Rectangle::collision (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & rayHit,
    float & smallestDistance ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Calculate whether a given ray collides with the rectangle.

If the ray collides with the rectangle and the collision is closer than the current smallest distance, the "rayHit" data structure will be updated according to the collision.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	ray whose collision will be checked
<i>rayHit</i>	address of a Hit data structure
<i>smallestDistance</i>	

Implements [Object](#).

4.33.2.2 [printInfo\(\)](#)

```
void Rectangle::printInfo (
```

```
std::ostream & out ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Print box info to the desired output stream.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	output stream
------------	---------------

Returns

std::ostream& the output stream

Implements [Object](#).

4.33.2.3 rotate()

```
void Rectangle::rotate (
    float angle,
    Vector axis ) [inline]
```

Rotates the box around a given axis.

The center of rotation is the box's center of mass.

Parameters

<i>angle</i>	rotation in radians
<i>axis</i>	axis of rotation (has to be normalized)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

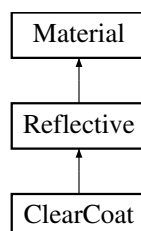
- objects/rectangle.hpp

4.34 Reflective Class Reference

Representation of a reflective material that can be used for mirror or metal like materials.

```
#include <material.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Reflective:



Public Member Functions

- [Reflective](#) (Color color, std::string name, float specularity)
Constructor for [Reflective](#) class material.
- float [getSpecularity](#) ()
Gets the specularity of the reflective material.
- void [updateRay](#) ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &hit)
Updates the ray according to properties of reflective material.

Public Member Functions inherited from [Material](#)

- Color [getColor](#) ()
Gets the color vector for the material.
- std::string [getName](#) ()
Gets the name of the material.
- [Material](#) (Color color, std::string name)
Constructor for material class.
- Vector [reflectionDir](#) ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &hit)
Computes the direction of perfectly reflected ray.
- Vector [diffuseDir](#) ([Hit](#) &hit)
Computes the direction of the diffuse ray.
- void [updateColor](#) ([Ray](#) &ray)
Updates the color of the ray after interacting with the material.

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from [Material](#)

- [RandomGenerator](#) rnd_

4.34.1 Detailed Description

Representation of a reflective material that can be used for mirror or metal like materials.

4.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.34.2.1 Reflective()

```
Reflective::Reflective (
    Color color,
    std::string name,
    float specularity ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [Reflective](#) class material.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	Material color as RGB value
<i>name</i>	Name of the material
<i>specularity</i>	Specularity of the material

4.34.3 Member Function Documentation

4.34.3.1 getSpecularity()

```
float Reflective::getSpecularity ( ) [inline]
```

Gets the specularity of the reflective material.

Returns

specularity of the object

4.34.3.2 updateRay()

```
void Reflective::updateRay (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & hit ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Updates the ray according to properties of reflective material.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	Ray that did hit the material
------------	---

Implements [Material](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

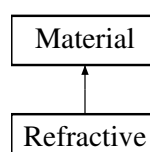
- scenery/material.hpp

4.35 Refractive Class Reference

Representation of a refractive material, which can be used for glass or diamond like materials.

```
#include <material.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Refractive:



Public Member Functions

- [Refractive](#) (Color color, std::string name, float refraction_ratio)
Constructor for [Refractive](#) class.
- void [updateRay](#) (Ray &ray, Hit &hit)
Updates the ray according to properties of [Refractive](#) material.

Public Member Functions inherited from [Material](#)

- Color [getColor](#) ()
Gets the color vector for the material.
- std::string [getName](#) ()
Gets the name of the material.
- [Material](#) (Color color, std::string name)
Constructor for material class.
- Vector [reflectionDir](#) (Ray &ray, Hit &hit)
Computes the direction of perfectly reflected ray.
- Vector [diffuseDir](#) (Hit &hit)
Computes the direction of the diffuse ray.
- void [updateColor](#) (Ray &ray)
Updates the color of the ray after interacting with the material.

Additional Inherited Members

Public Attributes inherited from [Material](#)

- [RandomGenerator](#) rnd_

4.35.1 Detailed Description

Representation of a refractive material, which can be used for glass or diamond like materials.

4.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.35.2.1 Refractive()

```
Refractive::Refractive (
    Color color,
    std::string name,
    float refraction_ratio ) [inline]
```

Constructor for [Refractive](#) class.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	Material color as RGB value
<i>name</i>	Name of the material
<i>refraction_ratio</i>	Refraction ratio from outside to inside the material

4.35.3 Member Function Documentation

4.35.3.1 updateRay()

```
void Refractive::updateRay (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & hit ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Updates the ray according to properties of [Refractive](#) material.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	Ray that did hit the material
<i>hit</i>	Information about the hit point

Implements [Material](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- scenery/material.hpp

4.36 Renderer Class Reference

Implements the ray tracing algorithm.

```
#include <renderer.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Renderer](#) (int res_x, int res_y, std::shared_ptr< [Scene](#) > sceneToRender)
Construct a new [Renderer](#) object and initialize all necessary values.
- void [setMaxBounces](#) (int bounces)
Function to set maximum bounces for rays.
- auto [parallelRender](#) (int samples)
Rendering function that uses all available CPU cores.
- void [setDof](#) (float dof)
Set the depth of field for the camera in the renderer.

4.36.1 Detailed Description

Implements the ray tracing algorithm.

4.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.36.2.1 Renderer()

```
Renderer::Renderer (
    int res_x,
    int res_y,
    std::shared_ptr< Scene > sceneToRender ) [inline]
```

Construct a new [Renderer](#) object and initialize all necessary values.

Parameters

<i>res_x</i>	horizontal resolution of the rendering area
<i>res_y</i>	vertical resolution of the rendering area
<i>sceneToRender</i>	Scene object to be rendered

4.36.3 Member Function Documentation

4.36.3.1 parallelRender()

```
auto Renderer::parallelRender (
    int samples ) [inline]
```

Rendering function that uses all available CPU cores.

Parameters

<i>samples</i>	Amount of samples that will be taken for each pixel
----------------	---

4.36.3.2 setDof()

```
void Renderer::setDof (
    float dof ) [inline]
```

Set the depth of field for the camera in the renderer.

Parameters

<i>dof</i>	Value for depth of field
------------	--------------------------

4.36.3.3 setMaxBounces()

```
void Renderer::setMaxBounces (
    int bounces ) [inline]
```

Function to set maximum bounces for rays.

Parameters

<i>bounces</i>	Number of maximum bounces ray can take
----------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- rendering/renderer.hpp

4.37 Scene Class Reference

Representation of a 3D-scene.

```
#include <scene.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Scene** ()=default
Construct an empty scene.
- **Scene** ([Camera](#) camera, std::list< std::shared_ptr< [Object](#) > > objects)
Construct a new [Scene](#) object with a camera and some objects.
- **~Scene** ()
Destructor for [Scene](#) object. Deletes all the object in the scene.
- **Scene** & **operator=** (const [Scene](#) &that)=default
- **Scene** (const [Scene](#) &that)=default
- [Camera](#) **getCamera** () const
- [Environment](#) & **getEnvironment** ()
- std::list< std::shared_ptr< [Object](#) > > **getObjects** () const
- void **setFov** (float fov)
- void **setFocusDist** (float dof)

Friends

- std::ostream & **operator<<** (std::ostream &out, const [Scene](#) &scene)
Print scene info to the desired output stream.

4.37.1 Detailed Description

Representation of a 3D-scene.

4.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.37.2.1 Scene()

```
Scene::Scene (
    Camera camera,
    std::list< std::shared_ptr< Object > > objects ) [inline]
```

Construct a new [Scene](#) object with a camera and some objects.

Parameters

<i>camera</i>	
<i>objects</i>	

4.37.3 Friends And Related Symbol Documentation

4.37.3.1 operator<<

```
std::ostream & operator<< (
    std::ostream & out,
    const Scene & scene ) [friend]
```

Print scene info to the desired output stream.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	output stream
<i>scene</i>	scene to be printed

Returns

std::ostream& the output stream

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- scenery/scene.hpp

4.38 Textbox Class Reference

Implements a class for creating textboxes that take inputs into SFML-window.

```
#include <textbox.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Textbox** (int size, sf::Color color, bool isSelected, int limit, std::string preText)
*Construct a new **Textbox** object.*
- **~Textbox** ()=default
*Destroy the **Textbox** object.*
- void **setFont** (sf::Font &font)
Set the font of the textbox text.
- void **setSelected** ()
Set the object to be selected.
- void **setUnselected** ()
Set the object to be unselected.
- void **setPos** (sf::Vector2f pos)
Sets the position of the box in the SFML window.
- void **setColor** (sf::Color textColor)
Set the color of the text inside the box.
- void **draw** (sf::RenderWindow &window)
Renders a box on a specified window.
- bool **onButton** (sf::RenderWindow &window)
Checks if the users mouse is on the textbox.
- std::string **getInput** ()
Get the text typed into the textbox.
- void **typedOn** (sf::Event input)
Takes an event, that is supposed to be a keypress, and acts accordingly: checks if the box is selected and if it is the input is checked. If the input is semi-logical (unicode < 128) and the character limit is not exceeded, the character is added to the box. Backspace key deletes the previous inputted character instead of adding it to the box.

4.38.1 Detailed Description

Implements a class for creating textboxes that take inputs into SFML-window.

4.38.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.38.2.1 Textbox()

```
Textbox::Textbox (
    int size,
    sf::Color color,
    bool isSelected,
    int limit,
    std::string preText ) [inline]
```

Construct a new [Textbox](#) object.

Parameters

<i>size</i>	Size of the text
<i>color</i>	Color of the text
<i>isSelected</i>	A boolean value telling if the box is selected
<i>limit</i>	Limit to the the user can input into the box
<i>preText</i>	A non modifiable text in the box before the input space

4.38.3 Member Function Documentation

4.38.3.1 draw()

```
void Textbox::draw (
    sf::RenderWindow & window ) [inline]
```

Renders a box on a specified window.

Parameters

<i>window</i>	a reference to the window
---------------	---------------------------

4.38.3.2 getInput()

```
std::string Textbox::getInput ( ) [inline]
```

Get the text typed into the textbox.

Returns

std::string of the input text

4.38.3.3 onButton()

```
bool Textbox::onButton (
    sf::RenderWindow & window ) [inline]
```

Checks if the users mouse is on the textbox.

Parameters

<i>window</i>	reference to the window the textbox is on
---------------	---

Returns

true value if mouse is on the box

false value if mouse is not on the box

4.38.3.4 setColor()

```
void Textbox::setColor (
    sf::Color textColor ) [inline]
```

Set the color of the text inside the box.

Parameters

<i>textColor</i>	Color that the text is to be set to
------------------	-------------------------------------

4.38.3.5 setFont()

```
void Textbox::setFont (
    sf::Font & font ) [inline]
```

Set the font of the textbox text.

Parameters

<i>font</i>	a loaded font for the text
-------------	----------------------------

4.38.3.6 setPos()

```
void Textbox::setPos (
    sf::Vector2f pos ) [inline]
```

Sets the position of the box in the SFML window.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	Position of the box
------------	---------------------

4.38.3.7 typedOn()

```
void Textbox::typedOn (
    sf::Event input ) [inline]
```

Takes an event, that is supposed to be a keypress, and acts accordingly: checks if the box is selected and if it is the input is checked. If the input is semi-logical (unicode < 128) and the character limit is not exceeded, the character is added to the box. Backspace key deletes the previous inputted character instead of adding it to the box.

Parameters

<i>input</i>	a sf::Event of what the user is doing eg. clicking a button or moving mouse
--------------	---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

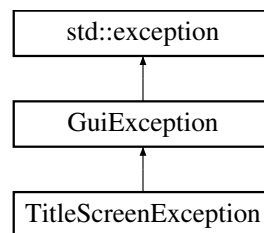
- interface/textbox.hpp

4.39 TitleScreenException Class Reference

Exception for unexpected behaviour in the title screen.

```
#include <gui_ex.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for TitleScreenException:



Public Member Functions

- virtual const char * [what](#) () const noexcept

4.39.1 Detailed Description

Exception for unexpected behaviour in the title screen.

4.39.2 Member Function Documentation

4.39.2.1 what()

```
virtual const char * TitleScreenException::what ( ) const [inline], [virtual], [noexcept]
```

Implements [GuiException](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

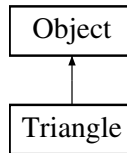
- interface/gui_ex.hpp

4.40 Triangle Class Reference

Representation of a mathematical triangle object in the scene.

```
#include <triangle.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Triangle:



Public Member Functions

- [Triangle](#) (Vector v0, Vector v1, Vector v2, std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > m)
Construct a new [Triangle](#) object.
- void [collision](#) ([Ray](#) &ray, [Hit](#) &rayHit, float &smallestDistance)
Calculate whether a given ray collides with the triangle using the Möller-Trumbore algorithm.
- void [printInfo](#) (std::ostream &out) const
Print triangle info to the desired output stream.
- std::vector< Vector > [getVertexPos](#) () const
Get the vertex positions of the triangle.
- std::vector< Vector > [getPlaneVec](#) () const
Get the plane vectors of the triangle.
- Vector [getNormal](#) () const
Get the normal of the triangle.
- Vector [getCentroid](#) () const
Get the centroid of the triangle.

Public Member Functions inherited from [Object](#)

- **[Object](#)** (Vector position, std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > material)
- Vector [getPosition](#) () const
- std::shared_ptr< [Material](#) > [getMaterial](#) () const

4.40.1 Detailed Description

Representation of a mathematical triangle object in the scene.

4.40.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.40.2.1 Triangle()

```
Triangle::Triangle (
    Vector v0,
    Vector v1,
    Vector v2,
    std::shared_ptr< Material > m ) [inline]
```

Construct a new [Triangle](#) object.

Parameters

<i>v0</i>	Vertex 1
<i>v1</i>	Vertex 2
<i>v2</i>	Vertex 3
<i>m</i>	Material of the triangle

4.40.3 Member Function Documentation

4.40.3.1 collision()

```
void Triangle::collision (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & rayHit,
    float & smallestDistance ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Calculate whether a given ray collides with the triangle using the Möller-Trumbore algorithm.

If the ray collides with the triangle and the collision is closer than the current smallest distance, the "rayHit" data structure will be updated according to the collision.

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	ray whose collision will be checked
<i>rayHit</i>	address of a Hit data structure
<i>smallestDistance</i>	current smallest distance

Implements [Object](#).

4.40.3.2 getCentroid()

```
Vector Triangle::getCentroid ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the centroid of the triangle.

Returns

The centroid vector of the triangle

4.40.3.3 getNormal()

```
Vector Triangle::getNormal ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the normal of the triangle.

Returns

The normal vector of the triangle

4.40.3.4 getPlaneVec()

```
std::vector< Vector > Triangle::getPlaneVec ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the plane vectors of the triangle.

Returns

std::vector<Vector> containing the plane vectors

4.40.3.5 getVertexPos()

```
std::vector< Vector > Triangle::getVertexPos ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the vertex positions of the triangle.

Returns

std::vector<Vector> containing the vertice vectors

4.40.3.6 printInfo()

```
void Triangle::printInfo (
    std::ostream & out ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Print triangle info to the desired output stream.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	output stream
------------	---------------

Implements [Object](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

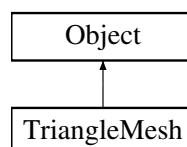
- objects/triangle.hpp

4.41 TriangleMesh Class Reference

Trianglemesh object consiting of Triangles, loaded from .obj file.

```
#include <trianglemesh.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for TriangleMesh:



Public Member Functions

- **TriangleMesh** (std::string obj_filepath, Vector scenePos, std::shared_ptr< **Material** > m, Vector rotation, double scale)
*Construct a new **Triangle** Mesh object.*
- void **collision** (**Ray** &ray, **Hit** &rayHit, float &smallestDistance)
*Calculate whether a given ray collides with the **TriangleMesh**.*
- void **printInfo** (std::ostream &out) const
*Print **TriangleMesh** info to the desired output stream.*
- **BVH** **getBVH** () const
*Get the **BVH** of the trianglemesh object.*
- std::string **getName** () const
Get the name of the trianglemesh object.

Public Member Functions inherited from **Object**

- **Object** (Vector position, std::shared_ptr< **Material** > material)
- Vector **getPosition** () const
- std::shared_ptr< **Material** > **getMaterial** () const

4.41.1 Detailed Description

Trianglemesh object consisting of Triangles, loaded from .obj file.

4.41.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.41.2.1 TriangleMesh()

```
TriangleMesh::TriangleMesh (
    std::string obj_filepath,
    Vector scenePos,
    std::shared_ptr< Material > m,
    Vector rotation,
    double scale ) [inline]
```

Construct a new **Triangle** Mesh object.

Parameters

<i>obj_filepath</i>	filepath string
<i>scenePos</i>	position of the object in the scene
<i>m</i>	material of the object
<i>scale</i>	scaling of the object size
<i>angle</i>	counterclockwise rotation of the object in radians

4.41.3 Member Function Documentation

4.41.3.1 collision()

```
void TriangleMesh::collision (
    Ray & ray,
    Hit & rayHit,
    float & smallestDistance ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Calculate whether a given ray collides with the [TriangleMesh](#).

Parameters

<i>ray</i>	ray whose collision will be checked
<i>rayHit</i>	address of a Hit data structure
<i>smallestDistance</i>	current smallest distance

Implements [Object](#).

4.41.3.2 getBVH()

```
BVH TriangleMesh::getBVH ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the [BVH](#) of the trianglemesh object.

Returns

[BVH](#)

4.41.3.3 getName()

```
std::string TriangleMesh::getName ( ) const [inline]
```

Get the name of the trianglemesh object.

Returns

std::string

4.41.3.4 printInfo()

```
void TriangleMesh::printInfo (
    std::ostream & out ) const [inline], [virtual]
```

Print [TriangleMesh](#) info to the desired output stream.

Parameters

<i>out</i>	output stream
------------	---------------

Implements [Object](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `objects/trianglemesh.hpp`

Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 fileloader.hpp

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <yaml-cpp/yaml.h>
00004 #include <string>
00005 #include <exception>
00006 #include <memory>
00007 #include <sys/stat.h>
00008
00009 #include "trianglemesh.hpp"
00010 #include "box.hpp"
00011 #include "rectangle.hpp"
00012 #include "ball.hpp"
00013 #include "scene.hpp"
00014 #include "types.hpp"
00015 #include "fileloader_ex.hpp"
00016 #include "material.hpp"
00017
00023 class FileLoader {
00024     public:
00025
00032     FileLoader(std::string filepath) {
00033         // Check the existence of the given file
00034         struct stat buf;
00035         if (stat(filepath.c_str(), &buf) == 0)
00036         {
00037             filepath_ = filepath;
00038         }
00039         else
00040         {
00041             throw InvalidFilepathException(filepath);
00042         }
00043     }
00044
00050     std::shared_ptr<Scene> loadSceneFile() {
00051         Camera camera = LoadCamera();
00052         std::list<std::shared_ptr<Object>> objects = LoadObjects();
00053         scene_ = std::make_shared<Scene>(camera, objects);
00054         LoadEnvironment(scene_);
00055         return scene_;
00056     }
00057
00061     ~FileLoader() {}
00062
00063     // Getter for filepath
00064     std::string getFilePath() { return filepath_; }
00065
00066     private:
00067
00075     void LoadEnvironment(std::shared_ptr<Scene> scene) {
00076         if(YAML::LoadFile(filepath_)["Environment"]) {
00077             YAML::Node environment_node = loadParams("Environment");
00078             Eigen::Vector3d skyColor = LoadVector(environment_node, "SkyColor");
00079             Eigen::Vector3d horizonColor = LoadVector(environment_node, "HorizonColor");
00080             Eigen::Vector3d groundColor = LoadVector(environment_node, "GroundColor");
00081             (*scene).getEnvironment().setSky(skyColor, horizonColor, groundColor);
00082         } else {
00083             (*scene).getEnvironment().setSky();
00084         }
00085     }
00086 }
```

```

00084     }
00085 }
00086
00093 Eigen::Vector3d LoadVector(YAML::Node node, std::string key) {
00094     Eigen::Vector3d vector;
00095     YAML::Node coords = node[key];
00096     // Throw exception if incorrect size or if not defined
00097     if (!coords.IsDefined()) {
00098         throw InvalidKeyException(filepath_, key);
00099     }
00100     size_t size = coords.size();
00101     if (size != 3) {
00102         throw InvalidSizeVectorException(filepath_, size, coords.Mark().line);
00103     }
00104     int i = 0;
00105     for (YAML::const_iterator it=coords.begin(); it!=coords.end(); ++it) {
00106         vector[i] = it->as<float>();
00107         i++;
00108     }
00109     return vector;
00110 }
00111
00119 std::shared_ptr<Material> LoadMaterial(YAML::Node node) {
00120     //Material material
00121     YAML::Node material_node = node["Material"];
00122     if (!material_node.IsDefined()) {
00123         throw MaterialNotFoundException(filepath_, node.Mark().line);
00124     }
00125
00126     // Initialize default values
00127     Color color = Color(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
00128     Color emission_color = Color(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
00129     float emission_strength = 0.0;
00130     std::string name = "UNDEFINED";
00131     float specularity = 1.0;
00132     float clearcoat = 0.5;
00133     float refraction_ratio = 1.0;
00134     Color clearCoat_color = Color(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
00135
00136     // Update the parameters based on .yaml file if the parameters are defined
00137     if(material_node["Color"]) {
00138         color = LoadVector(material_node, "Color");
00139     }
00140     if(material_node["EmissionColor"]) {
00141         emission_color = LoadVector(material_node, "EmissionColor");
00142     }
00143     if(material_node["EmissionStrength"]) {
00144         emission_strength = material_node["EmissionStrength"].as<float>();
00145     }
00146     if(material_node["Specularity"]) {
00147         specularity = material_node["Specularity"].as<float>();
00148     }
00149     if(material_node["Name"]) {
00150         name = material_node["Name"].as<std::string>();
00151     }
00152     if(material_node["ClearCoat"]) {
00153         clearcoat = material_node["ClearCoat"].as<float>();
00154     }
00155     if(material_node["ClearCoatColor"]) {
00156         clearCoat_color = LoadVector(material_node, "ClearCoatColor");
00157     }
00158     if(material_node["RefractionRatio"]) {
00159         refraction_ratio = material_node["RefractionRatio"].as<float>();
00160     }
00161
00162     // Return shared pointer to the correct material type or throw exception
00163     std::string type = material_node["Type"].as<std::string>();
00164     if (type == "Diffuse") {
00165         return std::make_shared<Diffuse>(color, name, emission_strength, emission_color);
00166     }
00167     else if (type == "Reflective") {
00168         return std::make_shared<Reflective>(color, name, specularity);
00169     }
00170     else if (type == "ClearCoat") {
00171         return std::make_shared<ClearCoat>(color, name, specularity, clearcoat,
clearCoat_color);
00172     }
00173     else if (type == "Refractive") {
00174         return std::make_shared<Refractive>(color, name, refraction_ratio);
00175     }
00176     else {
00177         throw InvalidMaterialTypeException(filepath_, material_node.Mark().line);
00178     }
00179 }
00180
00187 std::shared_ptr<Ball> LoadBall(YAML::Node ball) {
00188     YAML::Node radius_node = ball["Radius"];

```

```

00189         if (!radius_node.IsDefined()) {
00190             throw RadiusNotFoundException(filepath_, ball.Mark().line);
00191         }
00192         float radius = radius_node.as<float>();
00193         if (radius < 0)
00194         {
00195             throw NegativeRadiusException(filepath_, radius, radius_node.Mark().line);
00196         }
00197         else
00198         {
00199             std::shared_ptr<Ball> ball_ptr = std::make_shared<Ball>(LoadVector(ball, "Position"),
radius, LoadMaterial(ball));
00200             return ball_ptr;
00201         }
00202     }
00203
00210     std::shared_ptr<Box> LoadBox(YAML::Node box) {
00211         YAML::Node width_node = box["Width"];
00212         YAML::Node height_node = box["Height"];
00213         YAML::Node depth_node = box["Depth"];
00214
00215         if (!width_node.IsDefined() || !height_node.IsDefined() || !depth_node.IsDefined()) {
00216             throw ParameterNotFoundException(filepath_, box.Mark().line);
00217         }
00218
00219         float width = width_node.as<float>();
00220         float height = height_node.as<float>();
00221         float depth = depth_node.as<float>();
00222
00223         if (width < 0)
00224         {
00225             throw NegativeDimensionException(filepath_, width, width_node.Mark().line);
00226         }
00227
00228         if (height < 0)
00229         {
00230             throw NegativeDimensionException(filepath_, height, height_node.Mark().line);
00231         }
00232
00233         if (depth < 0)
00234         {
00235             throw NegativeDimensionException(filepath_, depth, depth_node.Mark().line);
00236         }
00237
00238         std::shared_ptr<Box> box_ptr = std::make_shared<Box>(LoadVector(box, "Position"), width,
height, depth, LoadMaterial(box));
00239
00240         Vector rotation;
00241         try
00242         {
00243             rotation = LoadVector(box, "Rotation");
00244         }
00245         catch(const InvalidKeyException& e)
00246         {
00247             std::cout << e.what() << std::endl;
00248             std::cout << "Standard rotation (0, 0, 0) will be used." << std::endl;
00249             rotation = Vector(0, 0, 0);
00250         }
00251         rotation = (rotation / 180.0) * M_PI;
00252
00253         box_ptr->rotate(rotation[0], Vector::UnitX());
00254         box_ptr->rotate(rotation[1], Vector::UnitY());
00255         box_ptr->rotate(rotation[2], Vector::UnitZ());
00256
00257         return box_ptr;
00258     }
00259
00266     std::shared_ptr<TriangleMesh> LoadTriangleMesh(YAML::Node tmesh) {
00267         YAML::Node filepath_node = tmesh["Filepath"];
00268         YAML::Node scale_node = tmesh["Scale"];
00269
00270         if (!filepath_node.IsDefined() || !scale_node.IsDefined()) {
00271             throw ParameterNotFoundException(filepath_, tmesh.Mark().line);
00272         }
00273
00274         std::string tmesh_filepath = filepath_node.as<std::string>();
00275
00276         struct stat buf;
00277         if (stat(tmesh_filepath.c_str(), &buf) != 0)
00278         {
00279             throw InvalidFilepathException(tmesh_filepath);
00280         }
00281
00282         double scale = scale_node.as<double>();
00283
00284         if (scale < 0)
00285         {

```

```

00286         throw NegativeDimensionException(filepath_, scale, scale_node.Mark().line);
00287     }
00288
00289     Vector rotation;
00290     try
00291     {
00292         rotation = LoadVector(tmesh, "Rotation");
00293     }
00294     catch(const InvalidKeyException& e)
00295     {
00296         std::cout << e.what() << std::endl;
00297         std::cout << "Standard rotation (0, 0, 0) will be used." << std::endl;
00298         rotation = Vector(0, 0, 0);
00299     }
00300     rotation = (rotation / 180.0) * M_PI;
00301
00302     std::shared_ptr<TriangleMesh> tmesh_ptr = std::make_shared<TriangleMesh>(tmesh_filepath,
LoadVector(tmesh, "Position"), LoadMaterial(tmesh), rotation, scale);
00303
00304     return tmesh_ptr;
00305 }
00306
00313 std::shared_ptr<Rectangle> LoadRectangle(YAML::Node rect) {
00314     YAML::Node width_node = rect["Width"];
00315     YAML::Node height_node = rect["Height"];
00316
00317     if (!width_node.IsDefined() || !height_node.IsDefined()) {
00318         throw ParameterNotFoundException(filepath_, rect.Mark().line);
00319     }
00320
00321     float width = width_node.as<float>();
00322     float height = height_node.as<float>();
00323
00324     if (width < 0)
00325     {
00326         throw NegativeDimensionException(filepath_, width, width_node.Mark().line);
00327     }
00328
00329     if (height < 0)
00330     {
00331         throw NegativeDimensionException(filepath_, height, height_node.Mark().line);
00332     }
00333
00334     std::shared_ptr<Rectangle> rect_ptr = std::make_shared<Rectangle>(LoadVector(rect,
"Position"), width, height, LoadMaterial(rect));
00335
00336     Vector rotation;
00337     try
00338     {
00339         rotation = LoadVector(rect, "Rotation");
00340     }
00341     catch(const InvalidKeyException& e)
00342     {
00343         std::cout << e.what() << std::endl;
00344         std::cout << "Standard rotation (0, 0, 0) will be used." << std::endl;
00345         rotation = Vector(0, 0, 0);
00346     }
00347     rotation = (rotation / 180.0) * M_PI;
00348
00349     rect_ptr->rotate(rotation[0], Vector::UnitX());
00350     rect_ptr->rotate(rotation[1], Vector::UnitY());
00351     rect_ptr->rotate(rotation[2], Vector::UnitZ());
00352
00353     return rect_ptr;
00354 }
00355
00361 std::list<std::shared_ptr<Object>> LoadObjects() {
00362     YAML::Node objects = loadParams("Objects");
00363     std::list<std::shared_ptr<Object>> object_list;
00364     for (YAML::const_iterator it=objects.begin(); it!=objects.end(); ++it) {
00365         if ((*it)["Object"]["Type"].as<std::string>() == "Ball") {
00366             object_list.push_back(LoadBall((*it)["Object"]));
00367         }
00368         if ((*it)["Object"]["Type"].as<std::string>() == "Box") {
00369             object_list.push_back(LoadBox((*it)["Object"]));
00370         }
00371         if ((*it)["Object"]["Type"].as<std::string>() == "TriangleMesh") {
00372             object_list.push_back(LoadTriangleMesh((*it)["Object"]));
00373         }
00374         if ((*it)["Object"]["Type"].as<std::string>() == "Rectangle") {
00375             object_list.push_back(LoadRectangle((*it)["Object"]));
00376         }
00377     }
00378     return object_list;
00379 }
00380
00386 Camera LoadCamera() {

```

```

00387         YAML::Node params = loadParams("Camera");
00388
00389         YAML::Node angle_node = params["Angle"];
00390         float angle = angle_node.IsDefined() ? angle_node.as<float>() : 0; // Set angle to zero if
it not defined in yaml
00391
00392         YAML::Node DoF_node = params["DepthOfField"];
00393         float DoF = DoF_node.IsDefined() ? DoF_node.as<float>() : 0; // Set depth of field to zero
if not defined in yaml
00394
00395         float fow = params["Fov"].as<float>();
00396         float focus = params["FocusDistance"].as<float>();
00397         if (fow < 0)
00398         {
00399             throw NegativeFOVException(filepath_, fow, params["Fov"].Mark().line);
00400         }
00401         else if (focus < 0)
00402         {
00403             throw NegativeFocusException(filepath_, focus, params["FocusDistance"].Mark().line);
00404         }
00405         Camera camera;
00406         camera.position = LoadVector(params, "Position");
00407         camera.lookingAt = LoadVector(params, "LookingAt");
00408         camera.direction = (camera.lookingAt - camera.position).normalized();
00409         Eigen::AngleAxisd rotation(angle*M_PI/180, camera.direction); // Rotation around the axis
of camera looking direction
00410         Vector left = Vector(-camera.direction[1], camera.direction[0], 0).normalized(); // Vector
towards left of the image plane (90 degrees with respect to cam dir)
00411         camera.left = rotation * left; // Rotate the camera's left direction according to rotation
00412         camera.up = camera.direction.cross(camera.left); // Up direction dynamically determined
from camera direction and left direction
00413         camera.fov = M_PI * fow;
00414         camera.focus_distance = focus;
00415         camera.DoF = DoF;
00416         return camera;
00417     }
00418
00424     YAML::Node loadParams(std::string key) {
00425         YAML::Node params = YAML::LoadFile(filepath_)[key];
00426         if (!params.IsDefined()) {
00427             throw InvalidKeyException(filepath_, key);
00428         }
00429         else
00430         {
00431             return params;
00432         }
00433     }
00434
00435
00436
00437     std::string filepath_;
00438     std::shared_ptr<Scene> scene_;
00439 };

```

5.2 fileloader_ex.hpp

```

00001 #ifndef FILELOADER_EXCEPTION
00002 #define FILELOADER_EXCEPTION
00003
00004 #include <exception>
00005 #include <iostream>
00006 #include <string>
00007
00012 class FileLoaderException : public std::exception {
00013 public:
00014     FileLoaderException() {}
00015
00019     virtual const char* what() const noexcept = 0;
00020
00021     virtual ~FileLoaderException() = default;
00022
00023 };
00024
00029 class InvalidFilepathException : public FileLoaderException {
00030 public:
00036     InvalidFilepathException(std::string filepath) : FileLoaderException() {
00037         msg_ = "FileLoader exception caught:\nInvalid filepath: " + filepath;
00038     }
00039
00045     virtual const char* what() const noexcept {
00046         return msg_.c_str();
00047     }
00048

```



```

00213 };
00214
00219 class MaterialNotFoundException : public FileLoaderException {
00220     public:
00227         MaterialNotFoundException(std::string filepath, int line) : FileLoaderException() {
00228             msg_ = "FileLoader exception caught:\nMaterial not defined for object at line: " +
00229                 std::to_string(line) + ", in file: " + filepath + ".";
00230         }
00231
00237         virtual const char* what() const noexcept {
00238             return msg_.c_str();
00239         }
00240
00241     private:
00242         std::string msg_;
00243 };
00244
00249 class RadiusNotFoundException : public FileLoaderException {
00250     public:
00257         RadiusNotFoundException(std::string filepath, int line) : FileLoaderException() {
00258             msg_ = "FileLoader exception caught:\nRadius not defined for ball at line: " +
00259                 std::to_string(line) + ", in file: " + filepath + ".";
00260         }
00261
00267         virtual const char* what() const noexcept {
00268             return msg_.c_str();
00269         }
00270
00271     private:
00272         std::string msg_;
00273 };
00274
00279 class ParameterNotFoundException : public FileLoaderException {
00280     public:
00287         ParameterNotFoundException(std::string filepath, int line) : FileLoaderException() {
00288             msg_ = "FileLoader exception caught:\nMissing parameters in line: " +
00289                 std::to_string(line) + ", in file: " + filepath + ".";
00290         }
00291
00297         virtual const char* what() const noexcept {
00298             return msg_.c_str();
00299         }
00300
00301     private:
00302         std::string msg_;
00303 };
00304
00309 class NegativeDimensionException : public FileLoaderException {
00310     public:
00318         NegativeDimensionException(std::string filepath, float value, int line) :
00319             FileLoaderException() {
00320             msg_ = "FileLoader exception caught:\nNegative dimension: " +
00321                 std::to_string(value) + " in file: " + filepath +
00322                 ", on line: " + std::to_string(line);
00323         }
00329         virtual const char* what() const noexcept {
00330             return msg_.c_str();
00331         }
00332
00333     private:
00334         std::string msg_;
00335 };
00336 };
00337
00342 class InvalidMaterialTypeException : public FileLoaderException {
00343     public:
00350         InvalidMaterialTypeException(std::string filepath, int line) : FileLoaderException() {
00351             msg_ = "FileLoader exception caught:\nInvalid material type in file: " +
00352                 filepath + ", for material starting on line: " + std::to_string(line) + ".";
00353         }
00354
00360         virtual const char* what() const noexcept {
00361             return msg_.c_str();
00362         }
00363
00364     private:
00365         std::string msg_;
00366 };
00367
00368 #endif
00369

```

5.3 button.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <iostream>
00004 #include <SFML/Graphics.hpp>
00009 class Button {
00010     public:
00011
00021     Button(std::string button_text, sf::Color textColor, int text_size, sf::Vector2f button_size,
sf::Color button_color) {
00022         button_text_.setString(button_text);
00023         button_text_.setFillColor(textColor);
00024         button_text_.setCharacterSize(text_size);
00025
00026         button_.setFillColor(button_color);
00027         button_.setSize(button_size);
00028     }
00029
00034     ~Button() = default;
00035
00036
00042     void setPos(sf::Vector2f pos) {
00043         button_.setPosition(pos);
00044
00045         float text_pos_x = (pos.x + button_.getLocalBounds().width / 2) -
(button_text_.getGlobalBounds().width / 2);
00046         float text_pos_y = (pos.y + button_.getLocalBounds().height / 2) -
(button_text_.getGlobalBounds().height / 2);
00047         button_text_.setPosition({text_pos_x, text_pos_y});
00048     }
00049
00055     void setColor(sf::Color color) {
00056         button_.setFillColor(color);
00057     }
00058
00064     void setFont(sf::Font &font) {
00065         button_text_.setFont(font);
00066     }
00067
00073     void draw(sf::RenderWindow &window) {
00074         window.draw(button_);
00075         window.draw(button_text_);
00076     }
00077
00085     bool onButton(sf::RenderWindow &window) {
00086         float mousePos_x = sf::Mouse::getPosition(window).x;
00087         float mousePos_y = sf::Mouse::getPosition(window).y;
00088         float butPos_x = button_.getPosition().x;
00089         float butPos_y = button_.getPosition().y;
00090         float butSize_x = button_.getSize().x;
00091         float butSize_y = button_.getSize().y;
00092
00093         bool onButton_x = (mousePos_x >= butPos_x) && (mousePos_x <= (butSize_x + butPos_x));
00094         bool onButton_y = (mousePos_y >= butPos_y) && (mousePos_y <= (butSize_y + butPos_y));
00095
00096         return (onButton_x && onButton_y);
00097     }
00098
00099
00100
00101     private:
00102     sf::Text button_text_;
00103     sf::RectangleShape button_;
00104 };

```

5.4 gui.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <SFML/Graphics.hpp>
00004 #include "renderer.hpp"
00005 #include "button.hpp"
00006 #include "textbox.hpp"
00007 #include "fileloader.hpp"
00008 #include "types.hpp"
00009 #include "gui_ex.hpp"
00010
00015 class Gui : public Interface {
00016     public:
00017
00025     std::shared_ptr<Scene> titleScreen() {
00026         sf::Font arial;

```



```

00027         std::string arialpath = "../fonts/Arial.ttf";
00028         if(!arial.loadFromFile(arialpath)) {
00029             throw FontException(arialpath);
00030         }
00031         sf::Font comic;
00032         std::string comicpath = "../fonts/ComicSansMS.ttf";
00033         if(!comic.loadFromFile(comicpath)) {
00034             throw FontException(comicpath);
00035         }
00036
00037         selectedBox = nullptr;
00038
00039         sf::RenderWindow window(sf::VideoMode(700, 400), "Path Tracer", sf::Style::Titlebar |
sf::Style::Close);
00040
00041         //Creates all UI elements
00042         sf::Text title;
00043         title.setFillColor(sf::Color::White);
00044         title.setFont(comic);
00045         title.setCharacterSize(50);
00046         title.setString("Path Tracer");
00047         title.setPosition({175, 150});
00048
00049         sf::Text invalidPath;
00050         invalidPath.setFillColor(sf::Color::Red);
00051         invalidPath.setFont(arial);
00052         invalidPath.setCharacterSize(25);
00053         invalidPath.setString("Invalid filepath");
00054         invalidPath.setPosition({175, 250});
00055
00056         bool error = false;
00057
00058         Textbox filepathBox(25, sf::Color::White, false, 30, "Enter filename: ");
00059         filepathBox.setFont(arial);
00060         filepathBox.setPos({175, 225});
00061
00062         while(window.isOpen()) {
00063             sf::Event event;
00064             //Checks user created events constantly
00065             while(window.pollEvent(event)) {
00066                 switch(event.type) {
00067                     case sf::Event::Closed:
00068                         window.close();
00069                         break;
00070                     case sf::Event::MouseButtonPressed:
00071                         if(filepathBox.onButton(window)) {
00072                             filepathBox.setSelected();
00073                             filepathBox.setColor(sf::Color::Green);
00074                         }
00075                         break;
00076                     case sf::Event::TextEntered:
00077                         filepathBox.typedOn(event);
00078                         break;
00079                     case sf::Event::KeyPressed:
00080                         if(event.key.code == sf::Keyboard::Enter){
00081                             try
00082                             {
00083                                 std::string filepath = filepathBox.getInput().substr();
00084                                 FileLoader loader(filepath);
00085                                 window.close();
00086                                 std::shared_ptr<Scene> loadedScene = loader.loadSceneFile();
00087                                 return loadedScene;
00088                             }
00089                             catch(FileLoaderException& ex) {
00090                                 error = true;
00091                             }
00092                         } else if(event.key.code == sf::Keyboard::Escape){
00093                             filepathBox.setColor(sf::Color::White);
00094                         }
00095                         break;
00096                     default:
00097                         break;
00098                 }
00099             }
00100
00101             window.clear();
00102             window.draw(title);
00103             if(error) {
00104                 window.draw(invalidPath);
00105             }
00106             filepathBox.draw(window);
00107             window.display();
00108
00109         }
00110         throw TitleScreenException();
00111     }
00112

```

```

00113
00125     void openSettings(std::shared_ptr<Scene> loadedScene) {
00126         sf::Image image;
00127         sf::Sprite sprite;
00128         sf::Texture texture;
00129         sf::Font arial;
00130         std::string arialpath = "../fonts/Arial.ttf";
00131         if(!arial.loadFromFile(arialpath)) {
00132             throw FontException(arialpath);
00133         }
00134
00135         sf::RenderWindow window(sf::VideoMode(700, 400), "Path Tracer", sf::Style::Titlebar |
sf::Style::Close);
00136
00137         //Creates all the UI elements
00138         sf::Vector2f size(200, 100);
00139         Button preview("Preview", sf::Color::Black, 20, size, sf::Color::Green);
00140         preview.setFont(arial);
00141         preview.setPos({0, 300});
00142
00143         Textbox resXbox(20, sf::Color::White, false, 4, "ResX: ");
00144         resXbox.setFont(arial);
00145         resXbox.setPos({0, 0});
00146
00147         Textbox resYbox(20, sf::Color::White, false, 4, "ResY: ");
00148         resYbox.setFont(arial);
00149         resYbox.setPos({0, 25});
00150
00151         Textbox sampleBox(20, sf::Color::White, false, 4, "Samples: ");
00152         sampleBox.setFont(arial);
00153         sampleBox.setPos({0, 50});
00154
00155         Textbox bounceBox(20, sf::Color::White, false, 4, "Light bounces: ");
00156         bounceBox.setFont(arial);
00157         bounceBox.setPos({0, 75});
00158
00159         Textbox fovBox(20, sf::Color::White, false, 4, "Fov: ");
00160         fovBox.setFont(arial);
00161         fovBox.setPos({0, 125});
00162
00163         Textbox dofBox(20, sf::Color::White, false, 4, "Depth of field: ");
00164         dofBox.setFont(arial);
00165         dofBox.setPos({0, 150});
00166
00167         Textbox focusBox(20, sf::Color::White, false, 4, "Focus distance: ");
00168         focusBox.setFont(arial);
00169         focusBox.setPos({0, 175});
00170
00171         sf::Text errorText;
00172         errorText.setFont(arial);
00173         errorText.setFillColor(sf::Color::Red);
00174         errorText.setCharacterSize(20);
00175         errorText.setPosition({0, 225});
00176
00177         selectedBox = nullptr;
00178
00179         while (window.isOpen())
00180         {
00181             sf::Event event;
00182             //Checks user created events constantly
00183             while (window.pollEvent(event))
00184             {
00185                 switch(event.type) {
00186                     case sf::Event::Closed:
00187                         window.close();
00188                         break;
00189                     case sf::Event::MouseMoved:
00190                         if(preview.onButton(window)) {
00191                             preview.setColor(sf::Color::White);
00192                         }else {
00193                             preview.setColor(sf::Color::Green);
00194                         }
00195                         break;
00196                     case sf::Event::MouseButtonPressed:
00197                         //Checks if preview button can be clicked
00198                         if(preview.onButton(window)) {
00199                             if(checkIfPosFloat(fovBox.getInput()) && fovBox.getInput() != ""){
00200                                 loadedScene->setFov((M_PI * std::stof(fovBox.getInput()) / 180));
00201                             }
00202
00203                             if(checkIfPosFloat(focusBox.getInput()) && focusBox.getInput() != ""){
00204                                 loadedScene->setFocusDist(std::stof(focusBox.getInput()));
00205                             }
00206
00207                             Renderer previewCreator(500, 400, loadedScene);
00208
00209                             if(checkIfPosFloat(dofBox.getInput()) && dofBox.getInput() != ""){

```

```

00210         previewCreator.setDof(std::stof(dofBox.getInput()));
00211     }
00212     createImg(previewCreator.parallelRender(1));
00213     saveImage("preview.png");
00214     image.loadFromFile("preview.png");
00215     texture.loadFromImage(image);
00216     sprite.setTexture(texture);
00217     sprite.setPosition(200, 0);
00218 }
00219 //checks if any textboxes can be clicked
00220 clickBox(resXbox, window);
00221 clickBox(resYbox, window);
00222 clickBox(sampleBox, window);
00223 clickBox(bounceBox, window);
00224 clickBox(fovBox, window);
00225 clickBox(dofBox, window);
00226 clickBox(focusBox, window);
00227 break;
00228
00229 case sf::Event::TextEntered:
00230     fovBox.typedOn(event);
00231     resXbox.typedOn(event);
00232     resYbox.typedOn(event);
00233     dofBox.typedOn(event);
00234     sampleBox.typedOn(event);
00235     focusBox.typedOn(event);
00236     bounceBox.typedOn(event);
00237     break;
00238
00239 case sf::Event::KeyPressed:
00240     if(event.key.code == sf::Keyboard::Enter){
00241         int resX;
00242         int resY;
00243         int sampleSize;
00244         int bounceAmount;
00245         float dof = 0;
00246
00247         if(checkIfPosFloat(fovBox.getInput()) && fovBox.getInput() != ""){
00248             loadedScene->setFov((M_PI * std::stof(fovBox.getInput()) / 180));
00249         }
00250
00251         if(checkIfPosFloat(focusBox.getInput()) && focusBox.getInput() != ""){
00252             loadedScene->setFocusDist(std::stof(focusBox.getInput()));
00253         }
00254
00255         if(checkIfPosFloat(dofBox.getInput()) && dofBox.getInput() != ""){
00256             dof = std::stof(dofBox.getInput());
00257         }
00258
00259         if(checkIfPosNum(resXbox.getInput()) && resXbox.getInput() != ""){
00260             resX = std::stof(resXbox.getInput());
00261         }else {
00262             errorText.setString("Invalid resX");
00263             break;
00264         }
00265
00266         if(checkIfPosNum(resYbox.getInput()) && resYbox.getInput() != ""){
00267             resY = std::stof(resYbox.getInput());
00268         }else {
00269             errorText.setString("Invalid resY");
00270             break;
00271         }
00272
00273         if(checkIfPosNum(sampleBox.getInput()) && sampleBox.getInput() != ""){
00274             sampleSize = std::stoi(sampleBox.getInput());
00275         }else {
00276             errorText.setString("Invalid sample amount");
00277             break;
00278         }
00279
00280         if(checkIfPosNum(bounceBox.getInput()) && bounceBox.getInput() != ""){
00281             bounceAmount = std::stoi(bounceBox.getInput());
00282         }else {
00283             errorText.setString("Invalid bounce amount");
00284             break;
00285         }
00286
00287         selectedBox = nullptr;
00288         window.close();
00289         openRender(resX, resY, loadedScene, sampleSize, dof, bounceAmount);
00290         break;
00291     }
00292 default:
00293     break;
00294 }
00295 }
00296

```

```

00297         window.clear();
00298         preview.draw(window);
00299         window.draw(sprite);
00300         window.draw(errorText);
00301         fovBox.draw(window);
00302         resXbox.draw(window);
00303         resYbox.draw(window);
00304         focusBox.draw(window);
00305         dofBox.draw(window);
00306         sampleBox.draw(window);
00307         bounceBox.draw(window);
00308         window.display();
00309     }
00310 }
00311 }
00312 }
00313 }
00314 }
00315 void openRender(int resX, int resY, std::shared_ptr<Scene> loadedScene, int sampleSize, float dof,
int bounces) {
00316     sf::RenderWindow window(sf::VideoMode(resX, resY), "Path Tracer", sf::Style::Close);
00317     window.setSize(sf::Vector2u(resX, resY));
00318     window.setFramerateLimit(0);
00319     sf::Image image;
00320     sf::Sprite sprite;
00321     sf::Texture texture;
00322     Renderer sceneRenderer(resX, resY, loadedScene);
00323     sceneRenderer.setMaxBounces(bounces);
00324     sceneRenderer.setDof(dof);
00325     std::vector<std::vector<Color>> combinedSamples;
00326
00327     int i = 0;
00328
00329     while (window.isOpen())
00330     {
00331         sf::Event event;
00332         while (window.pollEvent(event))
00333         {
00334             switch(event.type) {
00335                 case sf::Event::Closed:
00336                     window.close();
00337                     break;
00338                 default:
00339                     break;
00340             }
00341         }
00342         while(i < sampleSize) {
00343             auto result = sceneRenderer.parallelRender(1);
00344             float weight = 1.0 / (1 + i);
00345             if(i == 0) {
00346                 combinedSamples = result;
00347             } else {
00348                 for (int pixel = 0; pixel < resX * resY; ++pixel)
00349                 {
00350                     int x = pixel % resX;
00351                     int y = pixel / resX;
00352
00353                     combinedSamples[x][y] = clamp(combinedSamples[x][y] * (1 - weight) +
weight * result[x][y]);
00354                 }
00355             }
00356             createImg(combinedSamples);
00357             saveImage("image.png");
00358             image.loadFromFile("image.png");
00359             texture.loadFromImage(image);
00360             sprite.setTexture(texture);
00361             window.clear();
00362             window.draw(sprite);
00363             window.display();
00364             i++;
00365         }
00366     }
00367 }
00368 }
00369 }
00370 }
00371 }
00372
00373 private:
00374     Textbox* selectedBox = nullptr;
00375
00376     bool checkIfPosNum(std::string text) {
00377         for(auto i : text) {
00378             if(!std::isdigit(i)) {
00379                 return false;
00380             }
00381         }
00382     }
00383 }

```

```

00389         return true;
00390     }
00391
00399     bool checkIfPosFloat(std::string text) {
00400         int j = text.length();
00401         for(auto i : text) {
00402             if(!std::isdigit(i)) {
00403                 if(j != 2 && std::to_string(text[text.length()-2]) != ".") {
00404                     return false;
00405                 }
00406             }
00407             j--;
00408         }
00409         return true;
00410     }
00411
00421     void clickBox(Textbox &box, sf::RenderWindow &window) {
00422         if(box.onButton(window)) {
00423             if(selectedBox) {
00424                 selectedBox->setUnselected();
00425                 selectedBox->setColor(sf::Color::White);
00426             }
00427             box.setSelected();
00428             box.setColor(sf::Color::Green);
00429             selectedBox = &box;
00430         }
00431     }
00432
00439     Color clamp(Color input) {
00440         float R = input(0) > 1 ? 1 : input(0);
00441         float G = input(1) > 1 ? 1 : input(1);
00442         float B = input(2) > 1 ? 1 : input(2);
00443         return Color(R, G, B);
00444     }
00445 };

```

5.5 gui_ex.hpp

```

00001 #ifndef GUI_EXCEPTION
00002 #define GUI_EXCEPTION
00003
00004 #include <exception>
00005 #include <iostream>
00006 #include <string>
00007
00012 class GuiException : public std::exception {
00013 public:
00014     GuiException() {}
00015
00016     virtual const char* what() const noexcept = 0;
00017
00018     virtual ~GuiException() = default;
00019 };
00020
00025 class TitleScreenException : public GuiException {
00026 public:
00027     TitleScreenException() : GuiException() {
00028         msg_ = "Title window closed";
00029     }
00030
00031     virtual const char* what() const noexcept {
00032         return msg_.c_str();
00033     }
00034
00035 private:
00036     std::string msg_;
00037 };
00038
00043 class FontException : public GuiException {
00044 public:
00045     FontException(std::string fontPath) : GuiException() {
00046         msg_ = "Did not find font in path: " + fontPath;
00047     }
00048
00049     virtual const char* what() const noexcept {
00050         return msg_.c_str();
00051     }
00052
00053 private:
00054     std::string msg_;
00055 };
00056
00057 #endif

```

5.6 interface.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <SFML/Graphics.hpp>
00004 #include <vector>
00005
00006 #include "types.hpp"
00007
00012 class Interface {
00013 private:
00014     sf::Image img;
00015
00021     sf::Uint8 scale(float x) {
00022         return floor(255*x);
00023     }
00024
00025 public:
00026
00032     void createImg(std::vector<std::vector<Color>> pixels) {
00033         int width = pixels.size();
00034         int height = pixels[0].size();
00035         img.create(width, height);
00036         for (int i = 0; i < width; ++i) {
00037             for (int j = 0; j < height; ++j) {
00038                 const sf::Uint8 R = scale(pixels[i][j](0));
00039                 const sf::Uint8 G = scale(pixels[i][j](1));
00040                 const sf::Uint8 B = scale(pixels[i][j](2));
00041                 img.setPixel(i, j, sf::Color(R, G, B));
00042             }
00043         }
00044     }
00045
00051     bool saveImage(const std::string &filename) {
00052         return img.saveToFile(filename);
00053     }
00054
00055     sf::Image getImage() { return img; }
00056
00057 };

```

5.7 textbox.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <iostream>
00004 #include <sstream>
00005 #include <SFML/Graphics.hpp>
00006
00007 #define BACKSPACE_KEY 8
00008 #define ESCAPE_KEY 27
00009 #define TAB_KEY 9
00010 #define ENTER_KEY 11
00011
00016 class Textbox {
00017 public:
00018
00028     Textbox(int size, sf::Color color, bool isSelected, int limit, std::string preText) {
00029         textbox_.setCharacterSize(size);
00030         size_ = size;
00031         textbox_.setFillColor(color);
00032         textbox_.setString(preText);
00033         isSelected_ = isSelected;
00034         limit_ = limit + preText.length() - 1;
00035         preTextLength = preText.length();
00036         text_ << preText;
00037     }
00038
00043     ~Textbox() = default;
00044
00050     void setFont(sf::Font &font) {
00051         textbox_.setFont(font);
00052     }
00053
00058     void setSelected() {
00059         isSelected_ = true;
00060     }
00061
00066     void setUnselected() {
00067         isSelected_ = false;
00068     }
00069
00075     void setPos(sf::Vector2f pos) {

```

```

00076         textbox_.setPosition(pos);
00077     }
00078
00084     void setColor(sf::Color textColor) {
00085         textbox_.setFillColor(textColor);
00086     }
00087
00093     void draw(sf::RenderWindow &window) {
00094         window.draw(textbox_);
00095     }
00096
00104     bool onButton(sf::RenderWindow &window) {
00105         float mousePos_x = sf::Mouse::getPosition(window).x;
00106         float mousePos_y = sf::Mouse::getPosition(window).y;
00107         float boxPos_x = textbox_.getPosition().x;
00108         float boxPos_y = textbox_.getPosition().y;
00109         float boxSize_x = (size_/1.618)*limit_;
00110         float boxSize_y = size_;
00111
00112         bool onBox_x = (mousePos_x >= boxPos_x) && (mousePos_x <= (boxSize_x + boxPos_x));
00113         bool onBox_y = (mousePos_y >= boxPos_y) && (mousePos_y <= (boxSize_y + boxPos_y));
00114
00115         return (onBox_x && onBox_y);
00116     }
00117
00118     std::string getInput() {
00124         return text_.str().substr(preTextLength);
00125     }
00126
00127     void typedOn(sf::Event input) {
00138         if(isSelected_ && input.key.code != sf::Keyboard::Enter) {
00139             int inputChar = input.text.unicode;
00140             if(inputChar < 128 && inputChar != 0 && inputChar != TAB_KEY && inputChar != ENTER_KEY) {
00141                 if(text_.str().length() <= limit_) {
00142                     checkInput(inputChar);
00143                 } else if(inputChar == BACKSPACE_KEY) {
00144                     deleteLastChar();
00145                 }
00146             }
00147         }
00148     }
00149
00150 private:
00151     sf::Text textbox_;
00152     std::ostringstream text_;
00153     bool isSelected_ = false;
00154     int limit_;
00155     int preTextLength;
00156     int size_;
00157
00166     void checkInput(int inputChar) {
00167         if(inputChar != BACKSPACE_KEY && inputChar != ESCAPE_KEY) {
00168             text_ << static_cast<char>(inputChar);
00169         }
00170         else if(inputChar == BACKSPACE_KEY) {
00171             deleteLastChar();
00172         }
00173         else if(inputChar == ESCAPE_KEY && isSelected_ == true) {
00174             setUnselected();
00175             textbox_.setFillColor(sf::Color::White);
00176         }
00177         textbox_.setString(text_.str());
00178     }
00179
00184     void deleteLastChar() {
00185         if(text_.str().length() > preTextLength){
00186             std::string newText = text_.str();
00187             newText.pop_back();
00188             text_.str(std::string());
00189             text_ << newText;
00190             textbox_.setString(text_.str());
00191         }
00192     }
00193
00194 };

```

5.8 ball.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "object.hpp"
00004 #include "fileloader_ex.hpp"

```

```

00005 #include "material.hpp"
00006
00007 #include <memory>
00008
00013 class Ball : public Object
00014 {
00015 private:
00016     float radius_;
00017
00018 public:
00019     Ball(Vector position, float radius, std::shared_ptr<Material> material) : Object(position,
00020 material), radius_(radius) {}
00021
00022 void collision(Ray& ray, Hit &rayHit, float& smallestDistance) {
00023
00024     Vector toBall = ray.origin - this->getPosition();
00025
00026     float a = ray.direction.dot(ray.direction);
00027     float b = 2 * ray.direction.dot(toBall);
00028     float c = toBall.dot(toBall) - radius_ * radius_;
00029
00030     float discriminant = b*b - 4*a*c;
00031
00032     if (discriminant >= 0)
00033     {
00034         float distance = (-b - sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a);
00035
00036         if (distance > 0 && distance < smallestDistance)
00037         {
00038             smallestDistance = distance;
00039             rayHit.distance = distance;
00040             rayHit.material = this->getMaterial();
00041             rayHit.did_hit = true;
00042             rayHit.point = ray.origin + ray.direction * distance;
00043             rayHit.normal = (rayHit.point - this->getPosition()).normalized();
00044         }
00045     }
00046
00047     return;
00048 }
00049
00050 float getRadius() const { return radius_; }
00051
00052 void printInfo(std::ostream& out) const {
00053     out << "Ball at: (" << this->getPosition().transpose() << ") with radius: " << this->getRadius() <<
00054 ", with material: " << (*getMaterial()).getName() << std::endl;
00055 }
00056
00057 };

```

5.9 box.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "object.hpp"
00004 #include <vector>
00005
00012 class Box : public Object
00013 {
00014 private:
00015     float width_; /* Associated with y direction */
00016     float height_; /* Associated with z direction */
00017     float depth_; /* Associated with x direction */
00018
00019     std::vector<Vector> corners_;
00020
00021     /*
00022      *      4.....7
00023      *      / :      / :
00024      *  0-----3  :
00025      *  | : | :
00026      *  | 5...|...6
00027      *  | / | /
00028      *  1-----2
00029      *
00030      * When looking towards positive x-direction
00031      */
00032
00033     std::list<std::vector<int>> sides_ = { {0, 1, 2},
00034 {3, 2, 6},
00035 {7, 6, 5},
00036 {4, 5, 1},
00037 {4, 0, 3},
00038 {1, 5, 6}};

```



```

00038
00039 public:
00040     Box(Vector position, float width, float height, float depth, std::shared_ptr<Material> material)
00041         : Object(position, material), width_(width), height_(height), depth_(depth) {
00042
00043         corners_.push_back(Vector(-depth_/2, width_/2, height_/2) + position);
00044         corners_.push_back(Vector(-depth_/2, width_/2, -height_/2) + position);
00045         corners_.push_back(Vector(-depth_/2, -width_/2, -height_/2) + position);
00046         corners_.push_back(Vector(-depth_/2, -width_/2, height_/2) + position);
00047
00048         corners_.push_back(Vector(depth_/2, width_/2, height_/2) + position);
00049         corners_.push_back(Vector(depth_/2, width_/2, -height_/2) + position);
00050         corners_.push_back(Vector(depth_/2, -width_/2, -height_/2) + position);
00051         corners_.push_back(Vector(depth_/2, -width_/2, height_/2) + position);
00052     }
00053
00054 void collision(Ray& ray, Hit &rayHit, float& smallestDistance) {
00055
00056     // Check first whether ray collides with the bounding ball
00057     Vector toBall = ray.origin - this->getPosition();
00058     float radius = width_ * width_ + height_ * height_ + depth_ * depth_;
00059     float a = ray.direction.dot(ray.direction);
00060     float b = 2 * ray.direction.dot(toBall);
00061     float c = toBall.dot(toBall) - radius;
00062     float discriminant = b*b - 4*a*c;
00063     if (discriminant < 0) return;
00064
00065     // If inside ball, check sides
00066     for (auto side : sides_) {
00067
00068         Vector topLeft = corners_[side[0]];
00069         Vector bottomLeft = corners_[side[1]];
00070         Vector bottomRight = corners_[side[2]];
00071
00072         Vector s1 = -bottomLeft + bottomRight;
00073         Vector s2 = -bottomLeft + topLeft;
00074
00075         Vector normal = s1.cross(s2).normalized();
00076
00077         float distance = (bottomLeft - ray.origin).dot(normal) / ray.direction.dot(normal);
00078         Vector intersection = -bottomLeft + ray.origin + ray.direction * distance;
00079
00080         if (intersection.dot(s1) <= s1.squaredNorm()
00081             && intersection.dot(s1) >= 0
00082             && intersection.dot(s2) <= s2.squaredNorm()
00083             && intersection.dot(s2) >= 0
00084         )
00085         {
00086             if (distance > 0 && distance < smallestDistance)
00087             {
00088                 smallestDistance = distance;
00089                 rayHit.distance = distance;
00090                 rayHit.material = this->getMaterial();
00091                 rayHit.did_hit = true;
00092                 rayHit.point = ray.origin + ray.direction * distance;
00093                 rayHit.normal = normal;
00094             }
00095         }
00096     }
00097
00098 float getWidth() const { return width_; }
00099 float getHeight() const { return height_; }
00100 float getDepth() const { return depth_; }
00101
00102 void rotate(float angle, Vector axis) {
00103     Eigen::AngleAxisd rotation(angle, axis);
00104
00105     for (auto& corner : corners_) {
00106         corner = (rotation * (corner - this->getPosition())) + this->getPosition();
00107     }
00108
00109 void printInfo(std::ostream& out) const {
00110     out << "Box at: (" << this->getPosition().transpose() << ") with dimensions: " << width_ << "x" <<
00111     height_ << "x" << depth_ << ", with material: " << (*getMaterial()).getName() << std::endl;
00112 }
00113 };

```

5.10 bvh.hpp

```
00001 #pragma once
```

```

00002
00003 #include "types.hpp"
00004 #include "triangle.hpp"
00005 #include <vector>
00006
00011 struct AABB
00012 {
00013     Vector min, max;
00014 };
00015
00020 struct Node
00021 {
00022     AABB box;
00023     int leftChild;
00024     bool isLeaf() { return triCount > 0; }
00025     int firstTriIdx, triCount;
00026 };
00027
00034 class BVH
00035 {
00036 public:
00041     BVH() { }
00042
00048     BVH(std::vector<Triangle> tris) {
00049         //Initialize variables
00050         n = tris.size();
00051         triangles = tris;
00052         std::vector<Node> bvhNodes(n*2 - 1);
00053         rootNodeIdx = 0;
00054         nodesUsed = 1;
00055         for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
00056             triIdx.push_back(i);
00057         }
00058         Node& root = bvhNodes[rootNodeIdx];
00059         root.leftChild = 0;
00060         root.triCount = n;
00061
00062         //Create the structure
00063         UpdateNodeBounds(bvhNodes, rootNodeIdx);
00064         Subdivide(bvhNodes, rootNodeIdx);
00065
00066         //Copy structure to a private variable
00067         for(int i = 0; i < bvhNodes.size(); i++) {
00068             nodes.push_back(bvhNodes[i]);
00069         }
00070     }
00071
00078     void UpdateNodeBounds(std::vector<Node>& bvhNodes, int nodeId) {
00079         Node& currentNode = bvhNodes[nodeId];
00080
00081         //Set bounds to "infinity" in the beginning
00082         currentNode.box.min = Vector(1e30f, 1e30f, 1e30f);
00083         currentNode.box.max = Vector(-1e30f, -1e30f, -1e30f);
00084
00085         //Loop over triangles and set new bounds accordingly
00086         for(int first = currentNode.firstTriIdx, i=0; i < currentNode.triCount; i++) {
00087             int leafTriIdx = triIdx[first + i];
00088             Triangle &leafTriangle = triangles[leafTriIdx];
00089             std::vector<Vector> vertices = leafTriangle.getVertexPos();
00090             currentNode.box.min = currentNode.box.min.cwiseMin(vertices[0]);
00091             currentNode.box.min = currentNode.box.min.cwiseMin(vertices[1]);
00092             currentNode.box.min = currentNode.box.min.cwiseMin(vertices[2]);
00093             currentNode.box.max = currentNode.box.max.cwiseMax(vertices[0]);
00094             currentNode.box.max = currentNode.box.max.cwiseMax(vertices[1]);
00095             currentNode.box.max = currentNode.box.max.cwiseMax(vertices[2]);
00096         }
00097     }
00098
00105     void Subdivide(std::vector<Node>& bvhNodes, int nodeId) {
00106         //Terminates recursion
00107         Node &currentNode = bvhNodes[nodeId];
00108         if(currentNode.triCount <= 2) return;
00109
00110         //Determine the split
00111         Vector extent = currentNode.box.max - currentNode.box.min;
00112         int axis = 0;
00113         if(extent(1) > extent(0)) axis = 1;
00114         if(extent(2) > extent(axis)) axis = 2;
00115         float splitPos = currentNode.box.min(axis) + extent(axis)*0.5f;
00116
00117         //Partition triangles
00118         int i = currentNode.firstTriIdx;
00119         int j = i + currentNode.triCount - 1;
00120         while(i <= j) {
00121             if(triangles[triIdx[i]].getCentroid()(axis) < splitPos) {
00122                 i++;
00123             } else {

```

```

00124         std::swap(triIdx[i], triIdx[j--]);
00125     }
00126 }
00127
00128 //Check if one of the sides is empty
00129 int leftCount = i - currentNode.firstTriIdx;
00130 if(leftCount == 0 || leftCount == currentNode.triCount) return;
00131
00132 //create child nodes
00133 int leftChildIdx = nodesUsed++;
00134 int rightChildIdx = nodesUsed++;
00135 bvhNodes[leftChildIdx].firstTriIdx = currentNode.firstTriIdx;
00136 bvhNodes[leftChildIdx].triCount = leftCount;
00137 bvhNodes[rightChildIdx].firstTriIdx = i;
00138 bvhNodes[rightChildIdx].triCount = currentNode.triCount - leftCount;
00139 currentNode.leftChild = leftChildIdx;
00140 currentNode.triCount = 0;
00141
00142 //Update node bounds
00143 UpdateNodeBounds(bvhNodes, leftChildIdx);
00144 UpdateNodeBounds(bvhNodes, rightChildIdx);
00145 //Recursion
00146 Subdivide(bvhNodes, leftChildIdx);
00147 Subdivide(bvhNodes, rightChildIdx);
00148 }
00149
00150 void BVHCollision(Ray& ray, Hit& rayHit, float& smallestDistance, const int nodeId) {
00151     Node& currentNode = nodes[nodeId];
00152     if(!AABBCollision(currentNode.box, ray, smallestDistance)) return;
00153     if(currentNode.isLeaf()) {
00154         for(int i = 0; i < currentNode.triCount; i++) {
00155             triangles[triIdx[currentNode.firstTriIdx + i]].collision(ray, rayHit,
00156                 smallestDistance);
00157         }
00158     } else {
00159         BVHCollision(ray, rayHit, smallestDistance, currentNode.leftChild);
00160         BVHCollision(ray, rayHit, smallestDistance, currentNode.leftChild + 1);
00161     }
00162 }
00163
00164 bool AABBCollision(AABB box, Ray ray, float smallestDistance) {
00165     float tx1 = (box.min(0) - ray.origin(0))/ray.direction(0);
00166     float tx2 = (box.max(0) - ray.origin(0))/ray.direction(0);
00167     float tmin = std::min(tx1, tx2);
00168     float tmax = std::max(tx1, tx2);
00169
00170     float ty1 = (box.min(1) - ray.origin(1))/ray.direction(1);
00171     float ty2 = (box.max(1) - ray.origin(1))/ray.direction(1);
00172     tmin = std::max(tmin, std::min(ty1, ty2));
00173     tmax = std::min(tmax, std::max(ty1, ty2));
00174
00175     float tz1 = (box.min(2) - ray.origin(2))/ray.direction(2);
00176     float tz2 = (box.max(2) - ray.origin(2))/ray.direction(2);
00177     tmin = std::max(tmin, std::min(tz1, tz2));
00178     tmax = std::min(tmax, std::max(tz1, tz2));
00179
00180     return tmax >= tmin && tmin < smallestDistance && tmax > 0;
00181 }
00182
00183 int getRootNodeIdx() const {
00184     return rootNodeIdx;
00185 }
00186
00187 std::vector<Triangle> getTriangles() const {
00188     return triangles;
00189 }
00190
00191 std::vector<Node> getNodes() const {
00192     return nodes;
00193 }
00194
00195 private:
00196     std::vector<Triangle> triangles;
00197     std::vector<int> triIdx;
00198     std::vector<Node> nodes;
00199     int rootNodeIdx;
00200     int nodesUsed;
00201     int n;
00202 };

```

5.11 object.hpp

```
00001 #pragma once
```

```

00002
00003 #include "types.hpp"
00004 #include "material.hpp"
00005
00006 #include <memory>
00007
00012 class Object
00013 {
00014 private:
00015     Vector position_;
00016     std::shared_ptr<Material> material_;
00017     std::string name_;
00018
00019 public:
00020     Object(Vector position, std::shared_ptr<Material> material)
00021         : position_(position), material_(material) {}
00022
00023     virtual ~Object() { }
00024
00025     Vector getPosition() const { return position_; }
00026     std::shared_ptr<Material> getMaterial() const { return material_; }
00027
00038     virtual void collision(Ray& ray, Hit &rayHit, float& smallestDistance) = 0;
00039
00047     virtual void printInfo(std::ostream& out) const = 0;
00048 };
00049
00059 std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream& out, const Object& object) {
00060     object.printInfo(out);
00061     return out;
00062 }

```

5.12 rectangle.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "object.hpp"
00004 #include <vector>
00005 #include <memory>
00006
00013 class Rectangle : public Object
00014 {
00015 private:
00016     float width_; /* Associated with y direction */
00017     float height_; /* Associated with z direction */
00018
00019     std::vector<Vector> corners_;
00020     /*
00021     *
00022     * 0-----3
00023     * |         |
00024     * |         |
00025     * |         |
00026     * 1-----2
00027     *
00028     * When looking towards positive x-direction
00029     */
00030
00031 public:
00032     Rectangle(Vector position, float width, float height, std::shared_ptr<Material> material)
00033         : Object(position, material), width_(width), height_(height) {}
00034
00035     corners_.push_back(Vector(0, width_/2, height_/2) + position);
00036     corners_.push_back(Vector(0, width_/2, -height_/2) + position);
00037     corners_.push_back(Vector(0, -width_/2, -height_/2) + position);
00038     corners_.push_back(Vector(0, -width_/2, height_/2) + position);
00039 }
00040
00051 void collision(Ray& ray, Hit &rayHit, float& smallestDistance) {
00052
00053     Vector topLeft = corners_[0];
00054     Vector bottomLeft = corners_[1];
00055     Vector bottomRight = corners_[2];
00056
00057     Vector s1 = -bottomLeft + bottomRight;
00058     Vector s2 = -bottomLeft + topLeft;
00059
00060     Vector normal = s1.cross(s2).normalized();
00061
00062     float distance = (bottomLeft - ray.origin).dot(normal) / ray.direction.dot(normal);
00063     Vector intersection = -bottomLeft + ray.origin + ray.direction * distance;
00064
00065     if (intersection.dot(s1) <= s1.squaredNorm())

```

```

00066         && intersection.dot(s1) >= 0
00067         && intersection.dot(s2) <= s2.squaredNorm()
00068         && intersection.dot(s2) >= 0
00069     }
00070     {
00071         if (distance > 0 && distance < smallestDistance)
00072         {
00073             smallestDistance = distance;
00074             rayHit.distance = distance;
00075             rayHit.material = this->getMaterial();
00076             rayHit.did_hit = true;
00077             rayHit.point = ray.origin + ray.direction * distance;
00078             rayHit.normal = normal;
00079         }
00080     }
00081 }
00082
00083 float getWidth() const { return width_; }
00084 float getHeight() const { return height_; }
00085
00094 void rotate(float angle, Vector axis) {
00095     Eigen::AngleAxisd rotation(angle, axis);
00096
00097     for (auto& corner : corners_) {
00098         corner = (rotation * (corner - this->getPosition())) + this->getPosition();
00099     }
00100 }
00101
00108 void printInfo(std::ostream& out) const {
00109     out << "Rectangle at: (" << this->getPosition().transpose() << ") with dimensions: " << width_ <<
    "x" << height_ << ", with material: " << getMaterial()->getName() << std::endl;
00110 }
00111
00112 };

```

5.13 triangle.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "types.hpp"
00004 #include "object.hpp"
00005 #include <vector>
00006
00011 class Triangle : public Object
00012 {
00013 public:
00022     Triangle(Vector v0, Vector v1, Vector v2, std::shared_ptr<Material> m) : Object(v0, m) {
00023         //Vectors pointing at the vertices
00024         a = v0;
00025         b = v1;
00026         c = v2;
00027
00028         //Vectors on the triangle plane
00029         e1 = b-a;
00030         e2 = c-a;
00031
00032         //Normal vector of the triangle
00033         n = e1.cross(e2).normalized();
00034
00035         //Centroid of the triangle
00036         centroid = Vector(v0.mean(), v1.mean(), v2.mean());
00037     }
00038
00049     void collision(Ray& ray, Hit &rayHit, float& smallestDistance) {
00050         //Compute determinant
00051         Vector p = ray.direction.cross(e2);
00052         float det = e1.dot(p);
00053
00054         //Check if the ray is on the same plane as the triangle
00055         if(det == 0) return;
00056
00057         float invDet = 1 / det;
00058
00059         //Compute beta
00060         Vector s = ray.origin - a;
00061         float beta = s.dot(p)*invDet;
00062
00063         //If beta < 0 or beta > 1 the ray does not intersect the triangle
00064         if(beta < 0 || beta > 1) return;
00065
00066         //Compute gamma
00067         Vector q = s.cross(e1);
00068         float gamma = ray.direction.dot(q)*invDet;

```

```

00069
00070 //If gamma < 0 or beta + gamma > 1 the ray does not intersect the triangle
00071 if(gamma < 0 || beta + gamma > 1) return;
00072
00073 //Compute t
00074 float t = e2.dot(q)*invDet;
00075
00076 //If t < smallestDistance the ray intersects the triangle
00077 if(t < smallestDistance) {
00078     smallestDistance = t;
00079     rayHit.distance = t;
00080     rayHit.material = this->getMaterial();
00081     rayHit.did_hit = true;
00082     rayHit.point = ray.origin + ray.direction*t;
00083     rayHit.normal = this->n;
00084 }
00085
00086 return;
00087 }
00088
00094 void printInfo(std::ostream& out) const {
00095     std::vector<Vector> v = getVertexPos();
00096     out << "Triangle at: (" << v[0].transpose() << "), (" << v[1].transpose()
00097     << "), (" << v[2].transpose() << "), with normal: (" << getNormal().transpose()
00098     << "), with material: " << getMaterial()->getName() << std::endl;
00099 }
00100
00106 std::vector<Vector> getVertexPos() const {
00107     std::vector<Vector> v;
00108     v.push_back(a);
00109     v.push_back(b);
00110     v.push_back(c);
00111     return v;
00112 }
00113
00119 std::vector<Vector> getPlaneVec() const {
00120     std::vector<Vector> v;
00121     v.push_back(e1);
00122     v.push_back(e2);
00123     return v;
00124 }
00125
00131 Vector getNormal() const {
00132     return n;
00133 }
00134
00140 Vector getCentroid() const {
00141     return centroid;
00142 }
00143
00144 private:
00145     Vector a, b, c;
00146     Vector e1, e2;
00147     Vector n;
00148     Vector centroid;
00149 };
00150
00151

```

5.14 trianglemesh.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "triangle.hpp"
00004 #include "bvh.hpp"
00005 #include "../libs/tiny_obj_loader/tiny_obj_loader.cc"
00006
00007 #include <iostream>
00008 #include <vector>
00009 #include <string>
00010
00015 class TriangleMesh : public Object {
00016 public:
00026     TriangleMesh(std::string obj_filepath, Vector scenePos, std::shared_ptr<Material> m, Vector
rotation, double scale) : Object(scenePos, m) {
00027         unsigned long pos = obj_filepath.find_last_of("/");
00028         std::string basepath = obj_filepath.substr(0, pos+1);
00029         std::string obj_name = obj_filepath.substr(pos+1, obj_filepath.length());
00030
00031         //Name of the object without .obj
00032         name = obj_name.substr(0, obj_name.length()-4);
00033
00034         tinyobj::attrib_t attributes;

```

```

00035         std::vector<Triangle> triangles;
00036         std::vector<tinyobj::shape_t> objects;
00037         std::vector<tinyobj::material_t> materials;
00038         std::string warnings;
00039         std::string errors;
00040         std::vector<Vector> vertices;
00041
00042         //Load data from object file
00043         bool r = tinyobj::LoadObj(&attributes, &objects, &materials, &warnings, &errors,
obj_filepath.c_str(), basepath.c_str());
00044
00045         //Check for errors in loading the data
00046         if(!errors.empty()) {
00047             std::cout << "Error: " << errors << std::endl;
00048         }
00049         if(!r) {
00050             std::cout << "Failed to load object file." << std::endl;
00051             exit(1);
00052         }
00053
00054         //Loop over objects (shapes)
00055         for(size_t o = 0; o < objects.size(); o++) {
00056             size_t o_offset = 0;
00057             //Loop over triangles (faces)
00058             for(size_t t = 0; t < objects[o].mesh.num_face_vertices.size(); t++) {
00059                 int fv = objects[o].mesh.num_face_vertices[t];
00060
00061                 //Looping over vertices in this face
00062                 for(size_t v = 0; v < fv; v++) {
00063                     tinyobj::index_t idx = objects[o].mesh.indices[o_offset + v];
00064                     tinyobj::real_t vx = attributes.vertices[3*idx.vertex_index+0];
00065                     tinyobj::real_t vz = attributes.vertices[3*idx.vertex_index+1];
00066                     tinyobj::real_t vy = attributes.vertices[3*idx.vertex_index+2];
00067
00068                     //Orientating the object according to the rotation vector
00069                     Eigen::AngleAxisd xRotation(rotation[0], Vector::UnitX());
00070                     Eigen::AngleAxisd yRotation(rotation[1], Vector::UnitY());
00071                     Eigen::AngleAxisd zRotation(rotation[2], Vector::UnitZ());
00072
00073                     Vector relVertex = Vector(vx, vy, vz);
00074
00075                     relVertex = xRotation * relVertex;
00076                     relVertex = yRotation * relVertex;
00077                     relVertex = zRotation * relVertex;
00078
00079                     //Creating one vertex
00080                     Vector vertex = relVertex*scale+scenePos;
00081                     vertices.push_back(vertex);
00082                 }
00083                 o_offset += fv;
00084             }
00085         }
00086
00087         //Loops over vertices and creates triangles
00088         for(int i = 0; i < vertices.size()/3; ++i) {
00089             triangles.push_back(Triangle(vertices[i*3], vertices[i*3+1], vertices[i*3+2], m));
00090         }
00091
00092         bvh = BVH(triangles);
00093
00094         std::cout << "Object file: " << obj_name << ", succesfully opened!" << std::endl;
00095
00096         triangles.clear();
00097         objects.clear();
00098         materials.clear();
00099     }
00100
00101     void collision(Ray& ray, Hit& rayHit, float& smallestDistance) {
00102         bvh.BVHCollision(ray, rayHit, smallestDistance, bvh.getRootNodeIdx());
00103         return;
00104     }
00105
00106     void printInfo(std::ostream& out) const {
00107         out << "TriangleMesh object: " << name << ", at : " << this->getPosition().transpose() << ", with
material: " << (*getMaterial()).getName() << std::endl;
00108     }
00109
00110     BVH getBVH() const {
00111         return bvh;
00112     }
00113
00114     std::string getName() const {
00115         return name;
00116     }
00117 }

```

```

00142 private:
00143     BVH bvh;
00144     std::string name;
00145 };

```

5.15 renderer.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "types.hpp"
00004 #include <vector>
00005 #include "randomgenerator.hpp"
00006 #include <iostream>
00007 #include <omp.h>
00008 #include <chrono>
00009 #include <memory>
00010
00011 class Renderer
00012 {
00013 private:
00014     std::shared_ptr<Scene> scene_;
00015     Camera camera_;
00016     RandomGenerator rnd_;
00017
00018     int resolution_x;
00019     int resolution_y;
00020     std::vector<std::vector<Color>> result;
00021
00022     float anti_alias_radius = 1;
00023
00024     int max_bounces = 5; // Default value if anyone do not change
00025
00026     float view_width;
00027     float view_height;
00028
00029     Vector topleft_pixel;
00030     Vector pixel_x;
00031     Vector pixel_y;
00032
00033     int progressBarWidth = 100;
00034
00035     Color clamp(Color input) {
00036         float R = input(0) > 1 ? 1 : input(0);
00037         float G = input(1) > 1 ? 1 : input(1);
00038         float B = input(2) > 1 ? 1 : input(2);
00039         return Color(R, G, B);
00040     }
00041
00042     Ray createRay(int x, int y) {
00043         // Depth of field randomizes the origin
00044         Vector2 jiggle = rnd_.randomInCircle() * camera_.DoF;
00045         Vector randomShift = jiggle(0) * pixel_x + jiggle(1) * pixel_y;
00046         Point origin = camera_.position + randomShift;
00047
00048         // Anti-aliasing randomizes the target
00049         jiggle = rnd_.randomInCircle() * anti_alias_radius;
00050         randomShift = jiggle(0) * pixel_x + jiggle(1) * pixel_y;
00051         Vector target = topleft_pixel + pixel_y * y + pixel_x * x + randomShift;
00052
00053         Vector direction = (target-origin).normalized();
00054
00055         return Ray{.origin = origin, .direction = direction};
00056     }
00057
00058     Hit rayCollision(Ray& ray) {
00059         float closestHit = INFINITY;
00060         Hit rayHit = { .did_hit = false };
00061
00062         for (auto object : (*scene_).getObjects()) {
00063             object->collision(ray, rayHit, closestHit);
00064         }
00065
00066         return rayHit;
00067     }
00068
00069     Light trace(Ray& ray) {
00070         for (int bounce = 0; bounce < max_bounces; ++bounce)
00071         {
00072             Hit hit = rayCollision(ray);
00073         }
00074     }
00075
00076
00077
00078
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```



```

00111         if (hit.did_hit && hit.distance > 0.0001) {
00112             // Update ray according to material properties
00113             (*hit.material).updateRay(ray, hit);
00114         }
00115         else
00116         {
00117             ray.light += (*scene_).getEnvironment().getLight(ray).cwiseProduct(ray.color);
00118             break;
00119         }
00120     }
00121     return ray.light;
00122 }
00123
00130 void progressBar(int sample, int samples) {
00131     std::cout << "[";
00132     int pos = progressBarWidth * (sample + 1)/samples;
00133     for (int i = 0; i < progressBarWidth; ++i) {
00134         if (i < pos) std::cout << "=";
00135         else if (i == pos) std::cout << ">";
00136         else std::cout << " ";
00137     }
00138     std::cout << "]" << std::round((sample + 1) * 100.0 / samples) << " %\r";
00139     std::cout.flush();
00140 }
00141
00142 public:
00143
00151     Renderer(int res_x, int res_y, std::shared_ptr<Scene> sceneToRender) {
00152         resolution_x = res_x;
00153         resolution_y = res_y;
00154         result = std::vector<std::vector<Color>>(resolution_x, std::vector<Color> (resolution_y));
00155         scene_ = sceneToRender;
00156         camera_ = (*scene_).getCamera();
00157         view_width = camera_.focus_distance * tan(camera_.fov / 2);
00158         view_height = view_width * (resolution_y - 1) / (resolution_x - 1);
00159         pixel_x = -2 * view_width / (resolution_x - 1) * camera_.left;
00160         pixel_y = -2 * view_height / (resolution_y - 1) * camera_.up;
00161         topleft_pixel = camera_.position + camera_.focus_distance * camera_.direction + view_width *
camera_.left + view_height * camera_.up;
00162     }
00163
00169     void setMaxBounces(int bounces) {
00170         max_bounces = bounces;
00171     }
00172
00178     auto parallelRender(int samples) {
00179
00180         auto startTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
00181         std::vector<std::vector<Color>> result(resolution_x, std::vector<Color> (resolution_y));
00182
00183         std::cout << "Rendering started..." << std::endl;
00184
00185         for (int sample = 0; sample < samples; ++sample)
00186         {
00187             float weight = 1.0 / (sample + 1);
00188
00189             #pragma omp parallel for num_threads(omp_get_max_threads())
00190             for (int x = 0; x < resolution_x; ++x)
00191             {
00192                 for (int y = 0; y < resolution_y; ++y)
00193                 {
00194                     Ray ray = createRay(x, y);
00195                     Light totalLight = trace(ray);
00196                     result[x][y] = clamp(result[x][y] * (1 - weight) + weight *
totalLight.cwiseSqrt());
00197                 }
00198             }
00199             progressBar(sample, samples);
00200         }
00201
00202         std::cout << std::endl;
00203         auto endTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
00204         std::chrono::duration<float> duration = endTime - startTime;
00205         std::cout << "Used " << omp_get_max_threads() << " threads.\n" << std::endl;
00206         std::cout << "Rendering completed in " << duration.count() << " seconds.\n" << std::endl;
00207
00208         return result;
00209     }
00210
00216     void setDof(float dof) {
00217         camera_.DoF = dof;
00218     }
00219 };

```

5.16 environment.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "types.hpp"
00004
00011 class Environment
00012 {
00013 private:
00014     Color skyColor_;
00015     Color horizonColor_;
00016     Color groundColor_;
00017 public:
00018
00023     Environment() : skyColor_(Color(0, 0, 0)), horizonColor_(Color(0, 0, 0)), groundColor_(Color(0, 0,
00024 0)) {}
00034     void setSky(Color skyColor = Color(0.2, 0.5, 1.0), Color horizonColor = Color(0.7, 0.8, 0.8),
00035     Color groundColor = Color(0.1, 0.1, 0.1)) {
00036         skyColor_ = skyColor;
00037         horizonColor_ = horizonColor;
00038         groundColor_ = groundColor;
00039     }
00048     Light getLight(Ray& ray) {
00049
00050         if (ray.direction(2) >= 0)
00051         {
00052             return horizonColor_ + (skyColor_ - horizonColor_) * pow(abs(ray.direction(2)), 0.8);
00053         }
00054         else
00055         {
00056             return horizonColor_ + (groundColor_ - horizonColor_) * pow(abs(ray.direction(2)), 0.1);
00057         }
00058     }
00059
00060     // Getters
00061     Color getHorizonColor() { return horizonColor_; }
00062     Color getGroundColor() { return groundColor_; }
00063     Color getSkyColor() { return skyColor_; }
00064 };

```

5.17 material.hpp

```

00001 #ifndef MATERIAL_CLASS
00002 #define MATERIAL_CLASS
00003
00004 #include "types.hpp"
00005 #include "randomgenerator.hpp"
00006
00007 #include <vector>
00008
00012 class Material {
00013 private:
00014     Color color_;
00015     std::string name_;
00016
00017 public:
00018     RandomGenerator rnd_;
00019
00025     Color getColor() { return color_; }
00026
00032     std::string getName() { return name_; }
00033
00040     Material(Color color, std::string name) : color_(color), name_(name) {}
00041
00048     Vector reflectionDir(Ray& ray, Hit& hit) {
00049         return ray.direction - 2 * ray.direction.dot(hit.normal) * hit.normal;
00050     }
00051
00061     Vector diffuseDir(Hit& hit) {
00062         return (rnd_.randomDirection() + hit.normal).normalized();
00063     }
00064
00072     void updateColor(Ray& ray) {
00073         ray.color = ray.color.cwiseProduct(getColor());
00074         return;
00075     }
00076
00082     virtual void updateRay(Ray& ray, Hit& hit) = 0;
00083 };
00084
00089 class Diffuse : public Material {

```

```

00090     private:
00091
00092         bool emitting_;
00093         Color emission_color_;
00094         float emission_strength_;
00095
00104         void diffuseEmission(Ray& ray) {
00105             if (!isEmitting()) { return; } // If not emitting, do nothing
00106             else {
00107                 ray.light += (getEmStrength() * getEmColor()).cwiseProduct(ray.color);
00108                 return;
00109             }
00110         }
00111
00112     public:
00113
00122         Diffuse(Color color, std::string name, float emission_strength, Color emission_color) :
00123         Material(color, name), emission_strength_(emission_strength), emission_color_(emission_color)
00124         {
00125             // Boolean value, to determine if material is emitting
00126             (emission_strength > 0) ? (emitting_ = true) : (emitting_ = false);
00127         }
00128
00133         Color getEmColor() { return emission_color_; }
00134
00140         float getEmStrength() { return emission_strength_; }
00141
00147         bool isEmitting() { return emitting_; }
00148
00154         void updateRay(Ray& ray, Hit& hit) {
00155             ray.origin = hit.point;
00156             Vector diffused_dir = diffuseDir(hit);
00157             ray.direction = diffused_dir;
00158             updateColor(ray);
00159             diffuseEmission(ray);
00160             return;
00161         }
00162     };
00163
00168     class Reflective : public Material {
00169     private:
00170
00171         float specularity_;
00172
00173     public:
00174
00182         Reflective(Color color, std::string name, float specularity) :
00183         Material(color, name), specularity_(specularity) {}
00184
00190         float getSpecularity() { return specularity_; }
00191
00197         void updateRay(Ray& ray, Hit& hit) {
00198             ray.origin = hit.point;
00199             updateColor(ray);
00200             Vector reflectedRay = reflectionDir(ray, hit);
00201             Vector diffusedRay = diffuseDir(hit);
00202             // Weight direction of the reflection based on specularity
00203             ray.direction = diffusedRay + getSpecularity() * (reflectedRay - diffusedRay);
00204             return;
00205         }
00206     };
00207
00213     class ClearCoat : public Reflective {
00214     private:
00215
00216         float clearcoat_;
00217         Color clearcoat_color_;
00218
00224         bool clearCoatBounce() { return (clearcoat_ >= rnd_.randomZeroToOne()); }
00225
00233         void updateColor(Ray& ray, bool bounce) {
00234             ray.color = ray.color.cwiseProduct(bounce ? getClearCoatColor() : getColor());
00235             return;
00236         }
00237
00238     public:
00239
00240         Color getClearCoatColor() { return clearcoat_color_; }
00241
00247         float getClearCoat() { return clearcoat_; }
00248
00264         ClearCoat(Color color, std::string name, float specularity, float clearcoat, Color
00265         clearcoat_color) :
00266         Reflective(color, name, specularity), clearcoat_(clearcoat),
00267         clearcoat_color_(clearcoat_color) {}
00268     };

```

```

00272     void updateRay(Ray& ray, Hit& hit) {
00273         bool bounce = clearCoatBounce();
00274         ray.origin = hit.point;
00275         updateColor(ray, bounce);
00276         Vector diffused_dir = diffuseDir(hit);
00277         if (bounce) {
00278             ray.direction = diffused_dir + getSpecularity() * (reflectionDir(ray, hit) -
diffused_dir);
00279         }
00280         else {
00281             ray.direction = diffused_dir;
00282         }
00283         return;
00284     }
00285 };
00286
00287 class Refractive : public Material {
00288 private:
00289     float refraction_ratio_; // From outside to inside the material
00290
00291     // Theta is angle between incoming ray and surface normal (vectors has to be normalized)
00292     float cosTheta(Vector a, Vector b) {
00293         return a.dot(b);
00294     }
00295
00296     Vector refractionPerpendicular(Vector in, Vector normal, float ref_ratio) {
00297         float cos_theta = cosTheta(-in, normal);
00298         return ref_ratio * (in + cos_theta * normal);
00299     }
00300
00301     Vector refractionDir(Ray& ray, Hit& hit, float ref_ratio) {
00302         Vector perpendicular = refractionPerpendicular(ray.direction, hit.normal, ref_ratio);
00303         Vector parallel = -sqrt(1 - perpendicular.dot(perpendicular)) * hit.normal;
00304         return perpendicular + parallel;
00305     }
00306
00307     float reflectance(float cos_theta, float ref_ratio) {
00308         float r0 = (1 - ref_ratio) / (1 + ref_ratio);
00309         r0 = r0 * r0;
00310         return r0 + (1 - r0) * pow((1 - cos_theta), 5);
00311     }
00312
00313 public:
00314
00315     Refractive(Color color, std::string name, float refraction_ratio) :
00316         Material(color, name), refraction_ratio_(refraction_ratio) {}
00317
00318     void updateRay(Ray& ray, Hit& hit) {
00319         ray.origin = hit.point;
00320         updateColor(ray);
00321
00322         // Real refraction ratio depends on the direction
00323         float ref_ratio = ray.inside_material ? 1 / refraction_ratio_ : refraction_ratio_;
00324
00325         // Real glass reflects depending on the intersection angle and refraction ratio
00326         float cos_theta = cosTheta(-ray.direction, hit.normal);
00327         float sin_theta = sqrt(1 - cos_theta*cos_theta);
00328         bool must_reflect = ref_ratio * sin_theta > 1;
00329         float reflectanceProb = reflectance(cos_theta, ref_ratio);
00330
00331         if (must_reflect || reflectanceProb > rnd_.randomZeroToOne()) {
00332             // Reflects
00333             Vector reflectedDir = reflectionDir(ray, hit);
00334             ray.direction = reflectedDir;
00335         } else {
00336             // Refracts
00337             Vector refractedDir = refractionDir(ray, hit, ref_ratio);
00338             ray.inside_material = !(ray.inside_material);
00339             ray.direction = refractedDir;
00340         }
00341         return;
00342     }
00343 };
00344
00345 #endif

```

5.18 scene.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <memory>
00004 #include <list>
00005 #include <iostream>

```

```

00006 #include "ball.hpp"
00007 #include "types.hpp"
00008 #include "environment.hpp"
00009
00014 class Scene
00015 {
00016 private:
00017     std::list<std::shared_ptr<Object>> objects_;
00018     Camera camera_;
00019     Environment environment_;
00020
00021 public:
00026     Scene() = default;
00027
00034     Scene(Camera camera, std::list<std::shared_ptr<Object>> objects) : camera_(camera),
objects_(objects) {}
00035
00036
00041     ~Scene() {}
00042
00043     // Default copying for now - list is copied (are the objects copied as well?)
00044     Scene& operator=(const Scene& that) = default;
00045     Scene(const Scene& that) = default;
00046
00047     Camera getCamera() const { return camera_; }
00048
00049     Environment& getEnvironment() { return environment_; }
00050
00051     std::list<std::shared_ptr<Object>> getObjects() const { return objects_; }
00052
00053     void setFov(float fov) {
00054         camera_.fov = fov;
00055     }
00056
00057     void setFocusDist(float dof) {
00058         camera_.focus_distance = dof;
00059     }
00060
00068     friend std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream& out, const Scene& scene) {
00069         out << "\n===== SCENE INFORMATION
===== " << std::endl;
00070
00071         for (auto object : scene.objects_)
00072         {
00073             out << (*object);
00074         }
00075
00076         out << std::endl;
00077
00078         out << "Camera at: (" << scene.camera_.position.transpose() << ") looking at point: ("
00079             << scene.camera_.lookingAt.transpose() << ") with FOV: " << scene.camera_.fov / M_PI * 180
00080             << " degrees, DOF: " << scene.camera_.DoF << " and focus distance; " <<
scene.camera_.focus_distance << "." << std::endl;
00081
00082         out <<
"===== \n"
<< std::endl;
00083
00084         return out;
00085     }
00086 };

```

5.19 randomgenerator.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <random>
00004 #include "types.hpp"
00005
00010 class RandomGenerator
00011 {
00012 private:
00013
00014     std::random_device randomDevice; /* Random numbers provided by the OS */
00015     std::mt19937 randomInt; /* Uniformly distributed random integers */
00016     std::uniform_real_distribution<float> randZeroToOne; /* Uniformly distributed reals between 0 and
1 */
00017     std::normal_distribution<float> normal; /* Random numbers satisfying the standard normal
distribution */
00018
00019 public:
00020     RandomGenerator() : randomInt(randomDevice()), randZeroToOne(0, 1), normal(0, 1) {}
00021     ~RandomGenerator() = default;

```

```

00022
00028     Vector randomDirection() {
00029         return Vector(normal(randomInt), normal(randomInt), normal(randomInt)).normalized();
00030     }
00031
00037     float randomZeroToOne() { return randZeroToOne(randomInt); }
00038
00044     Vector2 randomInCircle() {
00045         float angle = randZeroToOne(randomInt) * 2 * M_PI;
00046         float distance = randZeroToOne(randomInt);
00047
00048         return Vector2(cos(angle), sin(angle)) * sqrt(distance);
00049     }
00050 };

```

5.20 types.hpp

```

00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <Eigen/Dense>
00004 #include <string>
00005 #include <memory>
00006
00007 typedef Eigen::Vector3d Vector;
00008 typedef Eigen::Vector3d Point;
00009 typedef Eigen::Vector3d Color;
00010 typedef Eigen::Vector3d Light;
00011 typedef Eigen::Vector2d Vector2;
00012 typedef Eigen::Matrix<double, 3, 3> Matrix;
00013
00014 // Forward declaration for Material class, such that the Hit struct knows the existence
00015 class Material;
00016
00021 struct Camera
00022 {
00023     Point position;
00024     Vector lookingAt;
00025     Vector direction;
00026     Vector up;
00027     Vector left;
00028     float fov;
00029     float focus_distance;
00030     float DoF;
00031 };
00032
00037 struct Ray
00038 {
00039     Point origin;
00040     Vector direction;
00041     bool inside_material = false;
00042     Color color = Color(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
00043     Light light = Color(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
00044 };
00045
00050 struct Hit
00051 {
00052     bool did_hit = false;
00053     std::shared_ptr<Material> material; // Has to be pointer, since compiler do not yet know anything
00054     // about Material class
00055     Vector normal;
00056     Point point;
00057     float distance;
00058 };

```

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