

COSC2436: AVL Trees

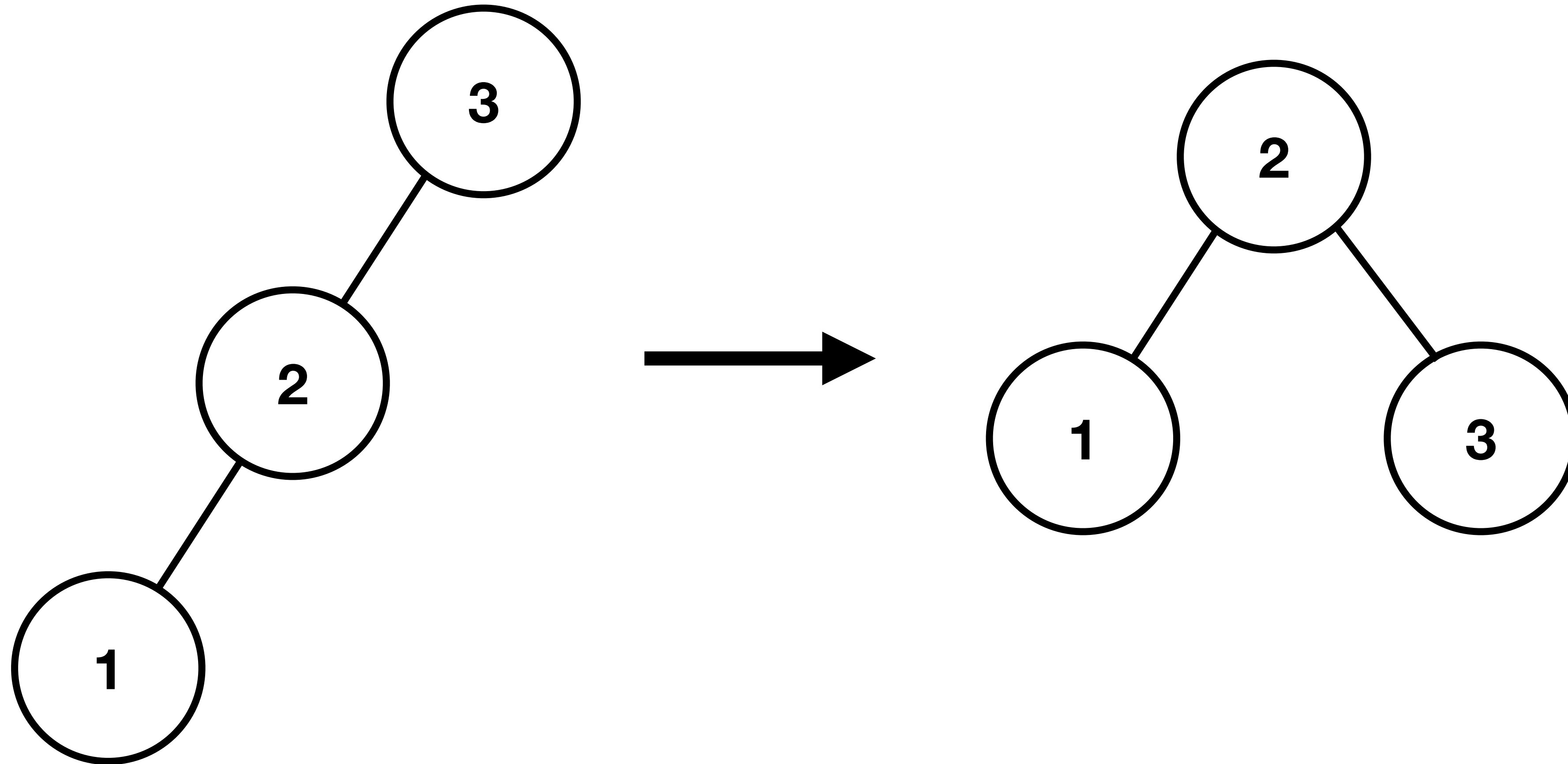
What is an AVL Tree?

- An **AVL Tree** is a BST with a height balance property
- A BST is height balanced if for any node, the heights of the node's left and right subtrees differ by only 0 or 1
- Balance factor is the left subtree height minus the right subtree height (which is 1, 0, or -1 in an AVL Tree)
- If the balance factor is not -1, 0, or 1 you will have to perform a rotation on the tree in order to make it balanced
- A **rotation** is a local rearrangement of a BST that maintains the BST ordering property while rebalancing the tree
- The time complexity for an AVL Tree will always be **$O(\log(n))$**

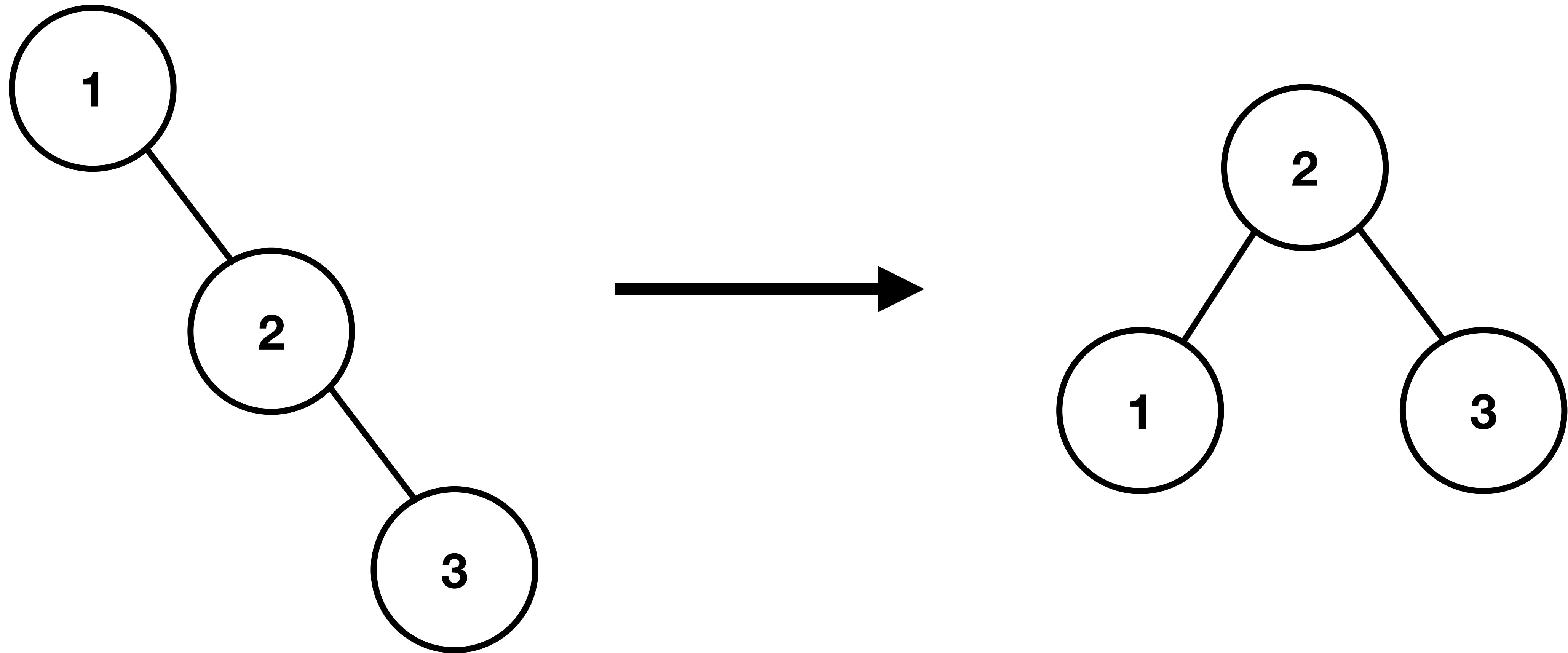
AVL Tree: Rotations

- **The AVL Tree rotations include:**
 - **Single Right Rotation (srr)**
 - **Single Left Rotation (slr)**
 - **Right Left Rotation (rlr)**
 - **Left Right Rotation (lrr)**

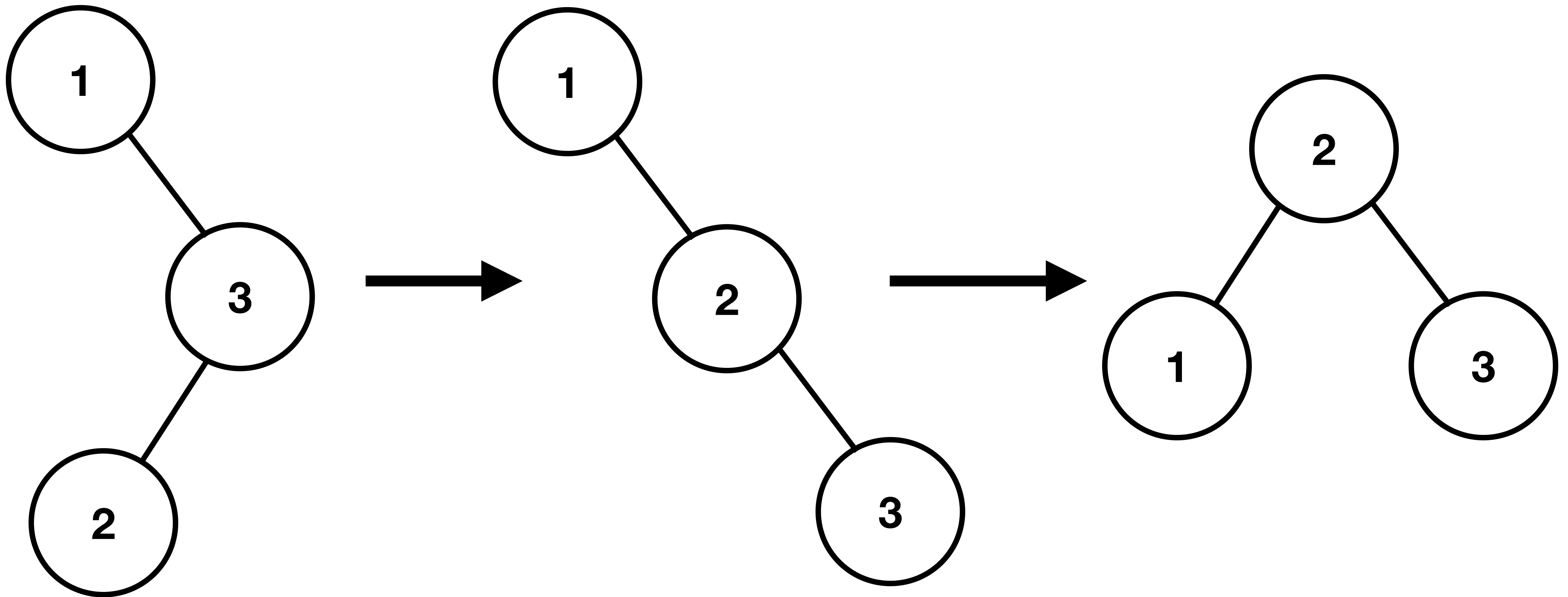
AVL Tree: Single Right Rotation (srr)



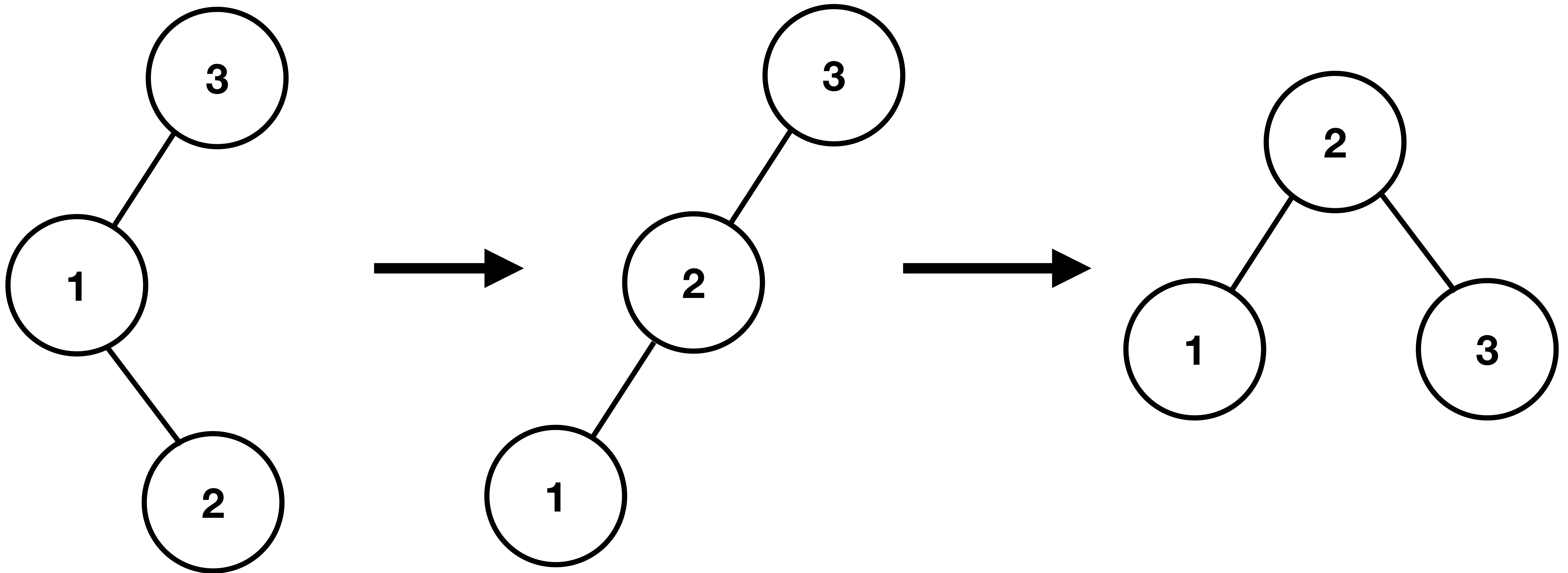
AVL Tree: Single Left Rotation (slr)



AVL Tree: Right Left Rotation (rlr)



AVL Tree: Left Right Rotation (lrr)



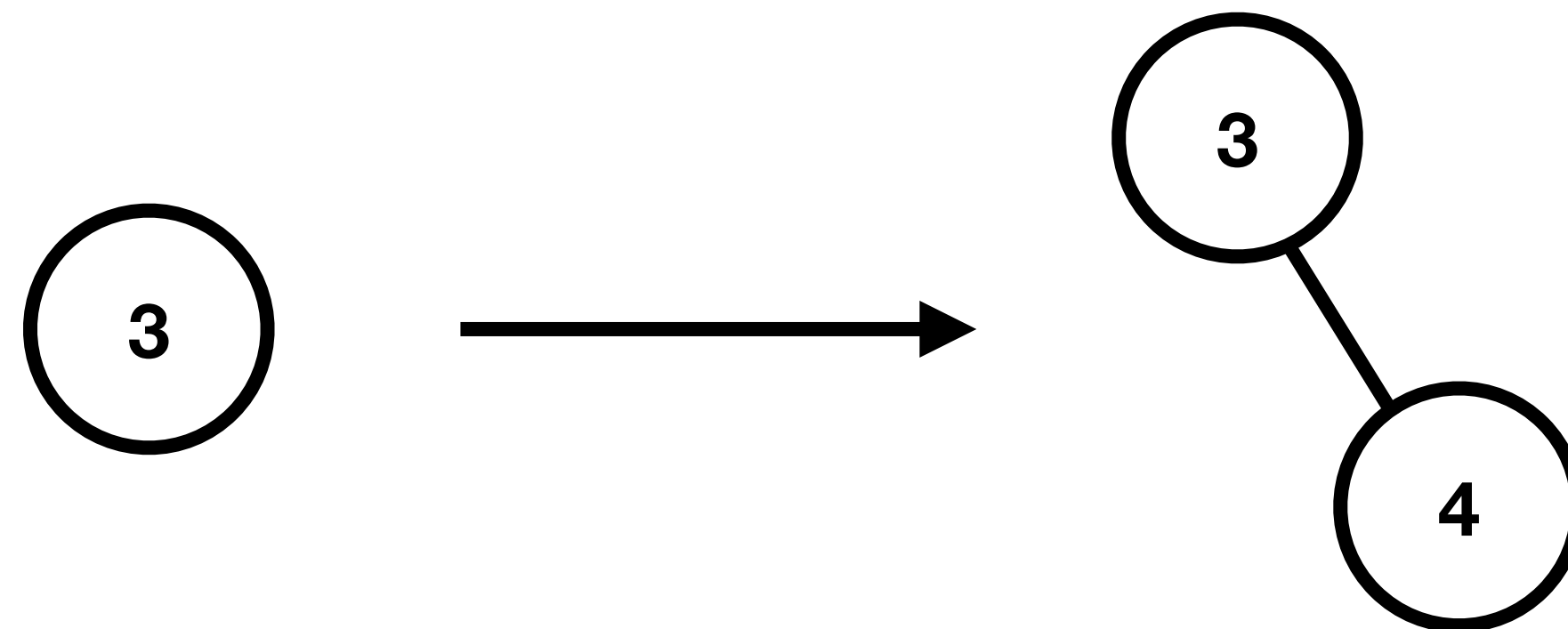
AVL Tree: Insertion

Insert 3



AVL Tree: Insertion

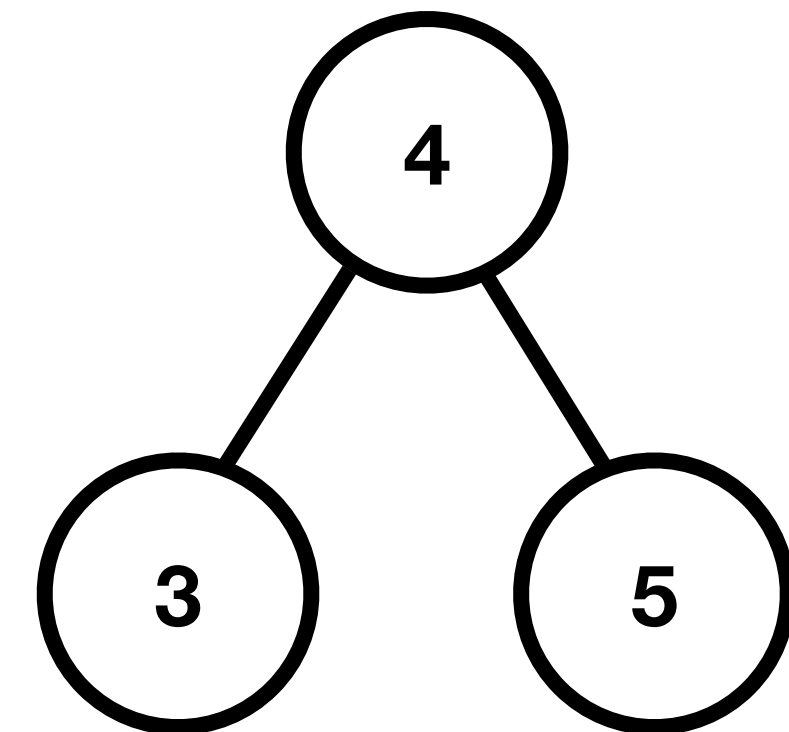
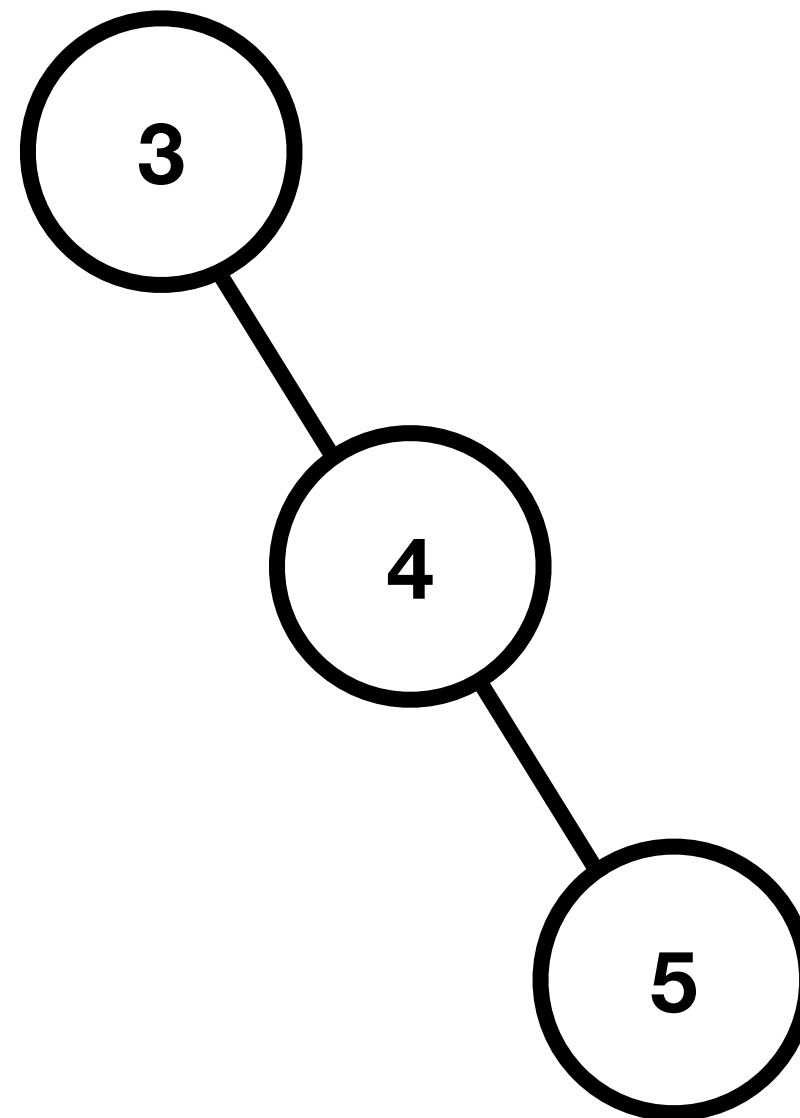
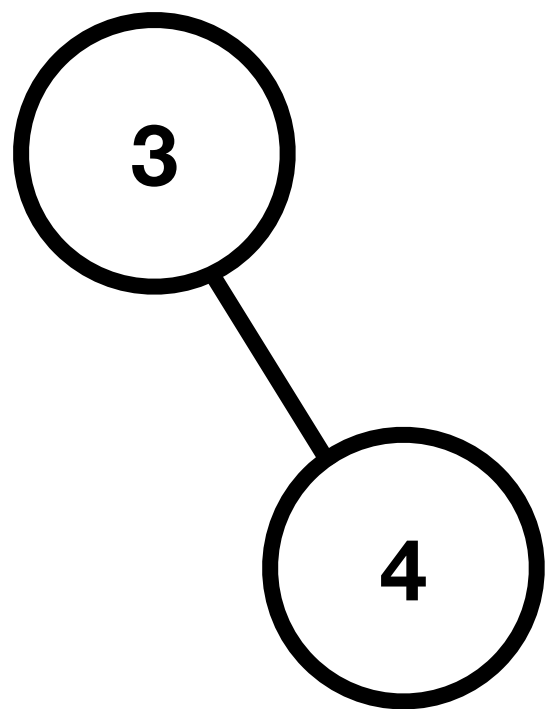
Insert 4



AVL Tree: Insertion

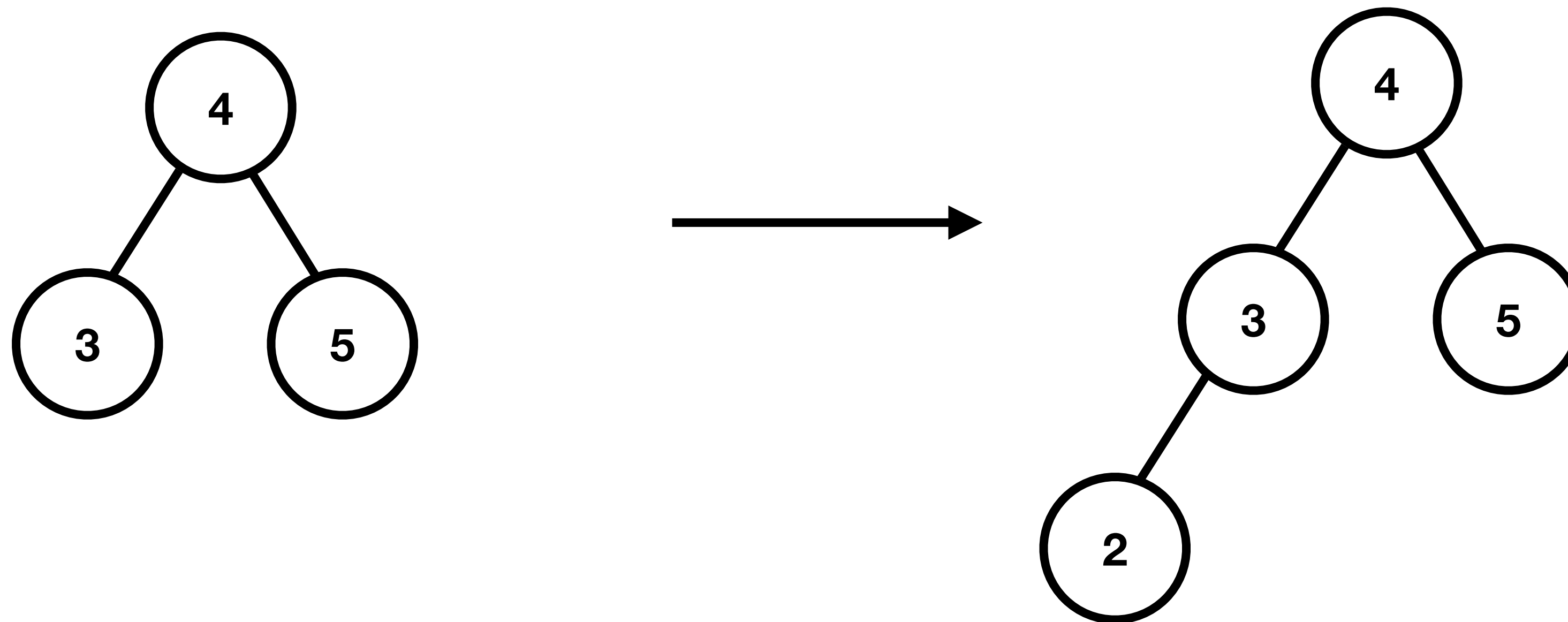
Insert 5

Balance factor is -2 at *node 3* so we do single left rotation



AVL Tree: Insertion

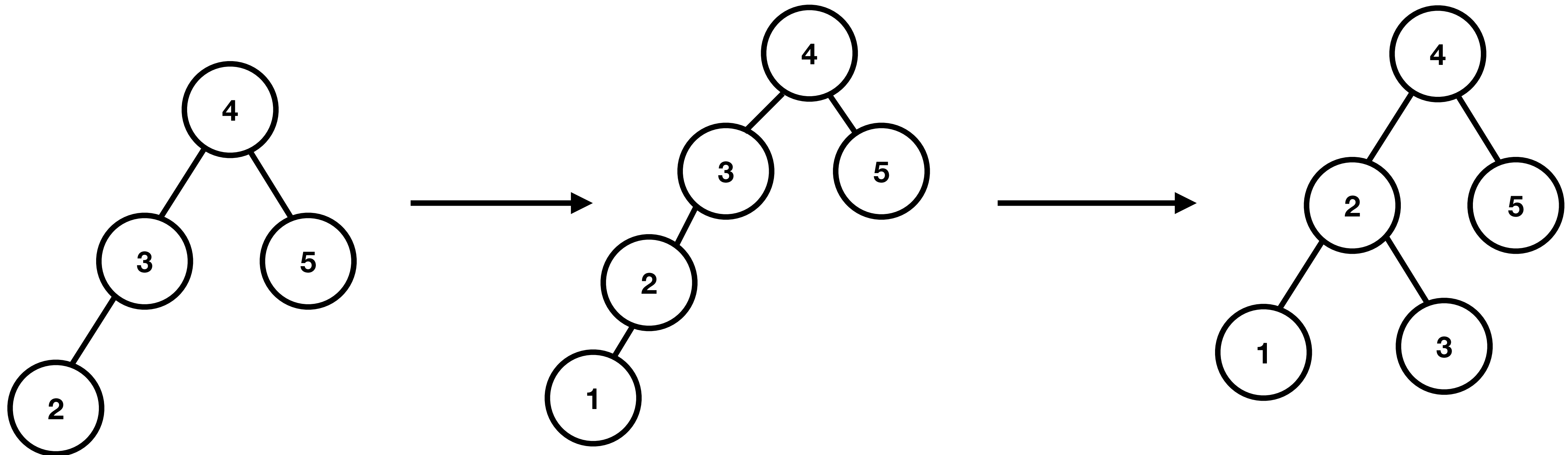
Insert 2



AVL Tree: Insertion

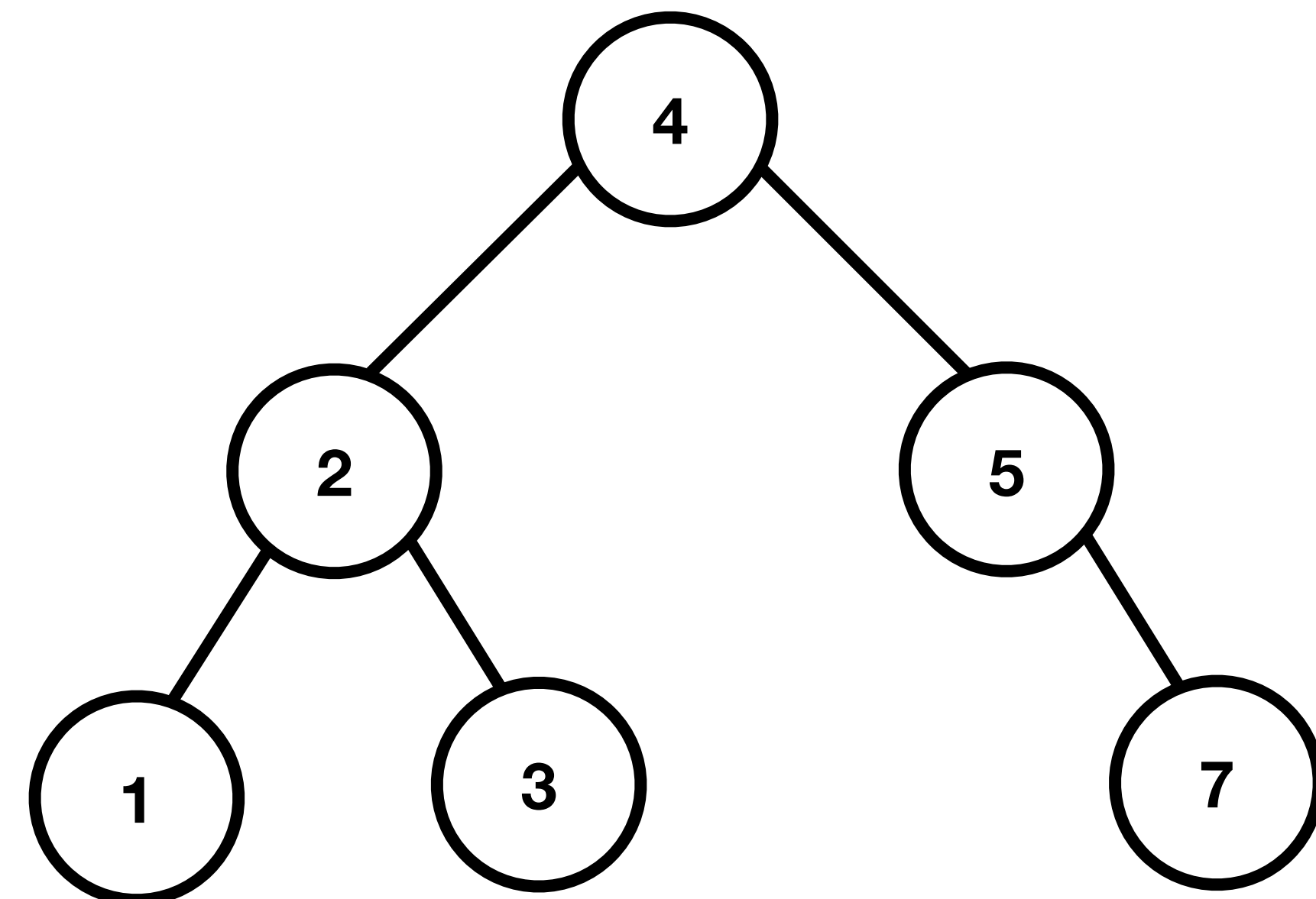
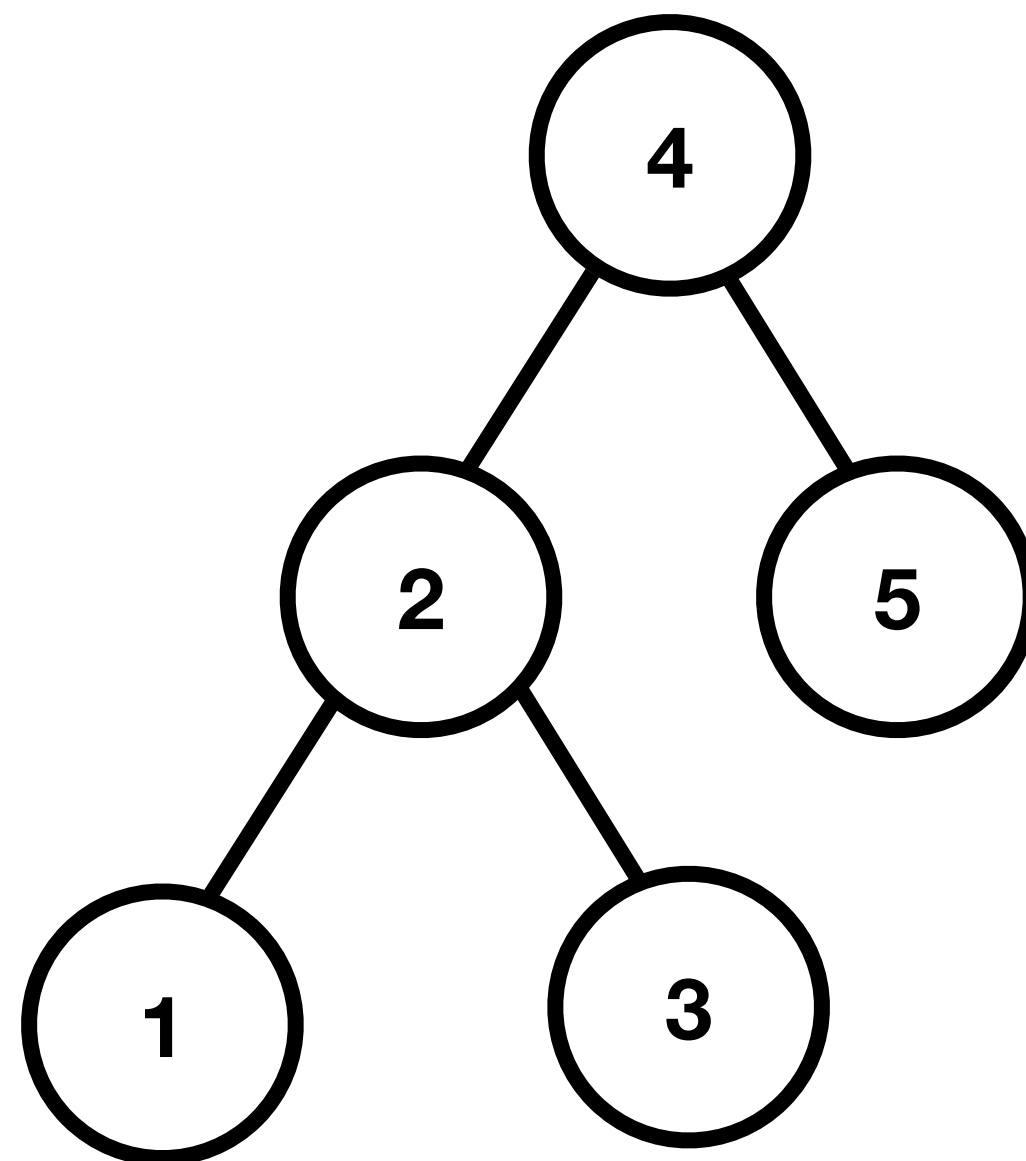
Insert 1

Balance factor is 2 at *node 3* so we do single right rotation



AVL Tree: Insertion

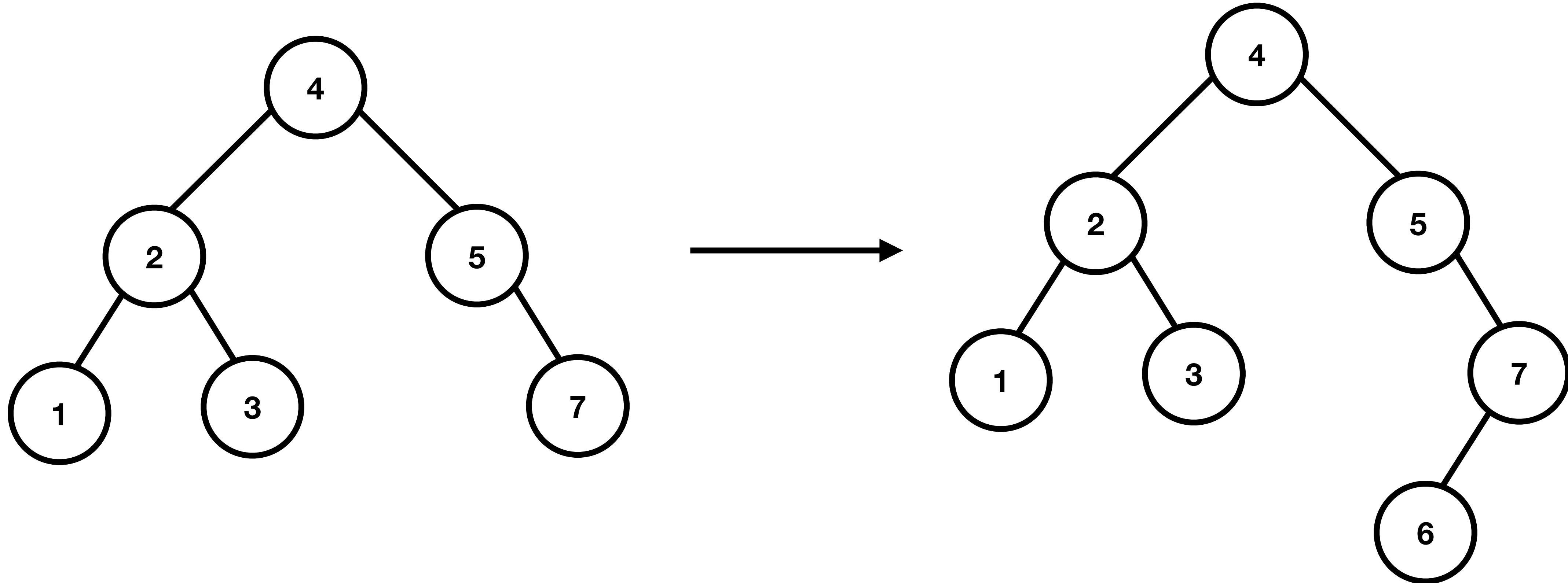
Insert 7



AVL Tree: Insertion

Insert 6

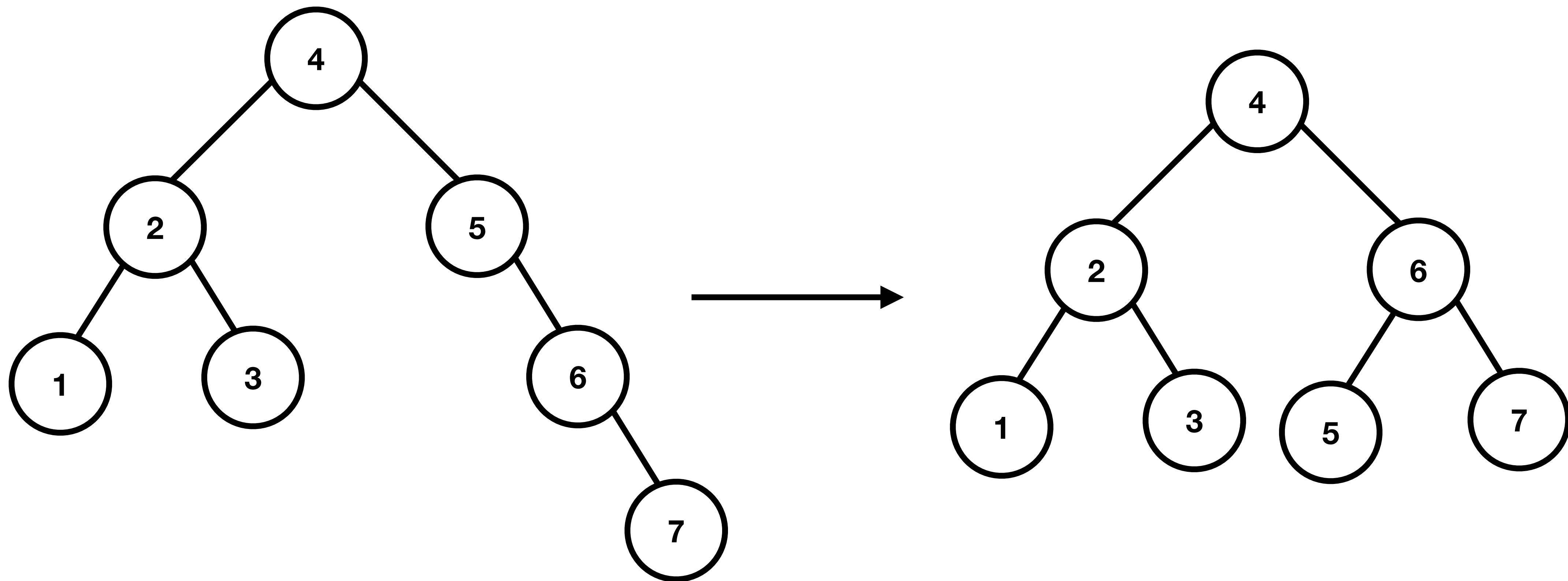
Balance factor is **-2** at *node 5* so we do a right left rotation



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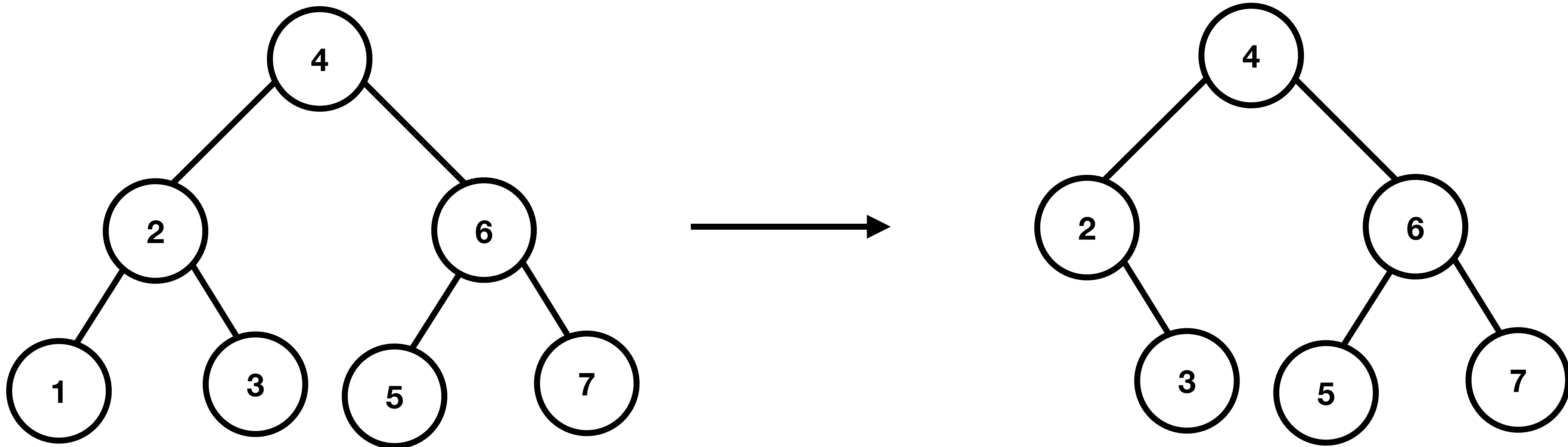
AVL Tree: Insertion

Insert 6 (continued)



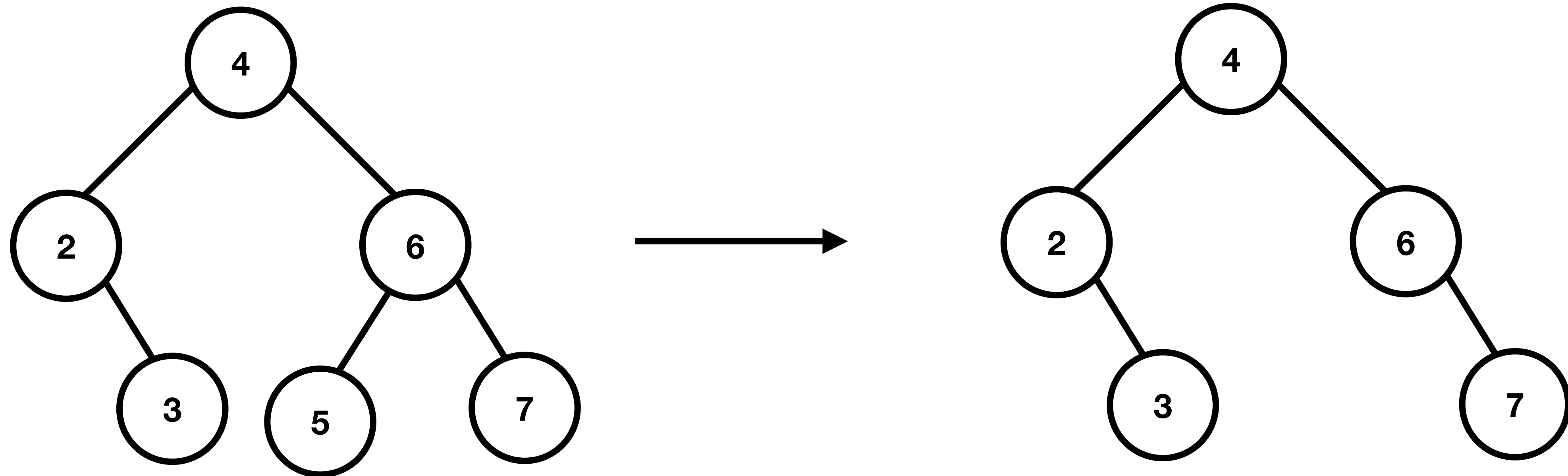
AVL Tree: Deletion

Delete 1



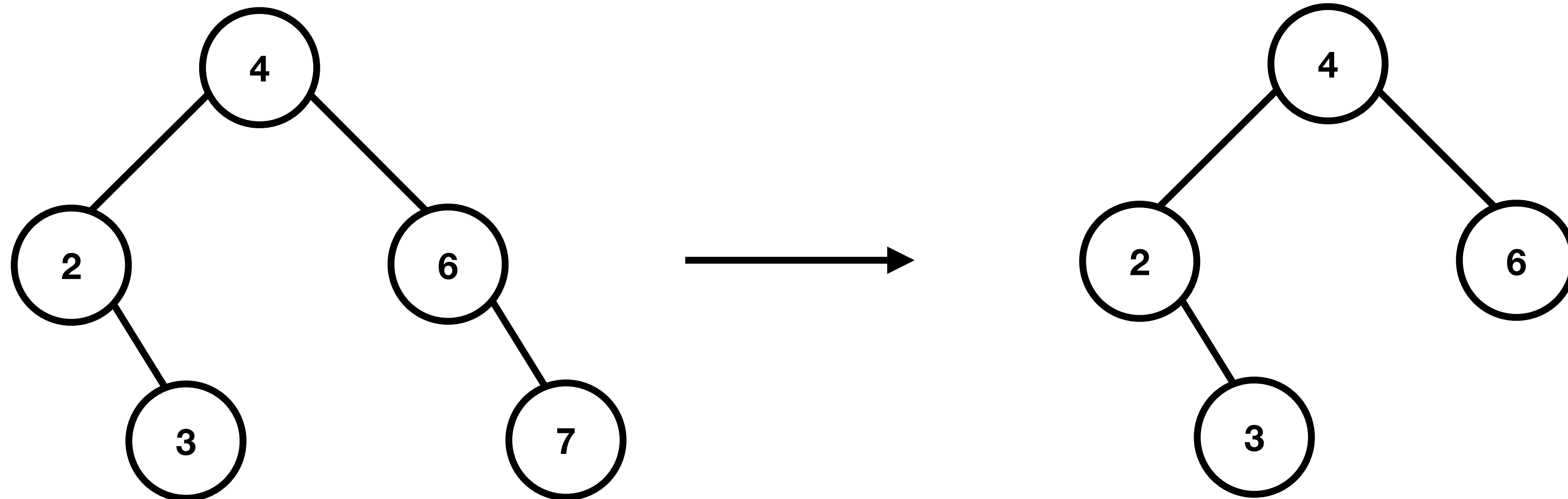
AVL Tree: Deletion

Delete 5



AVL Tree: Deletion

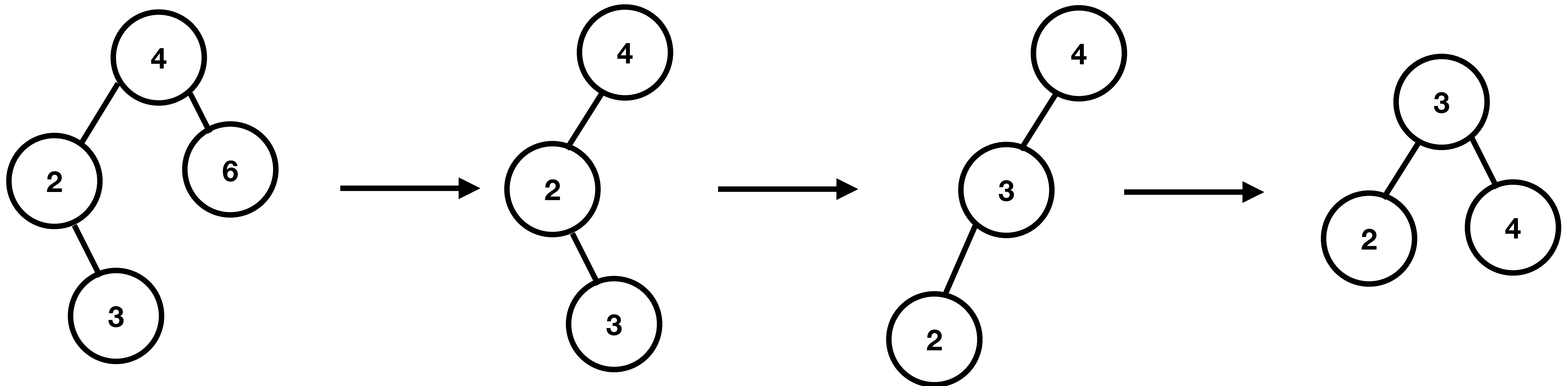
Delete 7



AVL Tree: Deletion

Delete 6

Balance factor is 2 at *node 4* so do left right rotation



AVL Tree: Height Function

```
14 ▼ int getHeight(node *n){  
15     if(n == nullptr)  
16         return -1;  
17     int leftHeight = getHeight(n->left);  
18     int rightHeight = getHeight(n->right);  
19     if(leftHeight > rightHeight)  
20         return leftHeight + 1;  
21     return rightHeight + 1;  
22 }
```

AVL Tree: Balance Factor Function

```
24 ▼ int getBalanceFactor(node *n){  
25     if(n == nullptr)  
26         return 0;  
27     return getHeight(n->left) - getHeight(n->right);  
28 }
```