



SATHYABAMA

INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

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ASSIGNMENT - II

Program : B.E/B.Tech-CSE/IT

Max. Marks: 15

Course : Compiler Design

Course code: SCS1303

Sem : V

Batch : 2018-2022

Part-A(MCQ)

Answer ALL the questions

(5×1=5)

1. The inclusion of Augmented rule in a SLR grammar aims at which action:
 - a. Shift
 - b. Reduce
 - c. Error
 - d. Accept
2. Every SLR grammar is unambiguous, but not every unambiguous grammar is SLR.
 - a. True
 - b. False
3. The Semantic Analysis helps in
 - a. Type Checking
 - b. Helps in generating Intermediate code
 - c. Generates target code.
 - d. Issues error messages
4. The attribute of a node that depends on the value of attributes of children node is called as-----
 - a. Inherited attribute
 - b. Synthesized attribute
 - c. Iterative attribute
 - d. Translation attribute
5. A parse tree showing the values of attributes at each node is called -----
 - a. Syntax tree
 - b. DAG
 - c. Annotated Parse tree
 - d. Control flow graph

Part-B(Short Answers)

Answer ALL the questions

(5×1=5)

1. Compare LL grammars with LR grammars.
2. Construct the operator Precedence table for $\text{id} = * \text{id}$
(Use the grammar: $S \rightarrow L = R \mid R, L \rightarrow * \text{id} \mid R, R \rightarrow L$)
3. Write short notes on precedence functions.
4. Differentiate a syntax tree from a parse tree.
5. List the types of Intermediate Code.

Part-C(Long Answer)

Answer ALL the questions

(1×5=5)

1. Consider the grammar:
 $E \rightarrow E + T \mid T$
 $T \rightarrow T * F \mid F$
 $F \rightarrow (E) \mid \text{id}$
 - a. Construct LR(0) items for the SLR Parser.
 - b. Construct the DFA for the items.