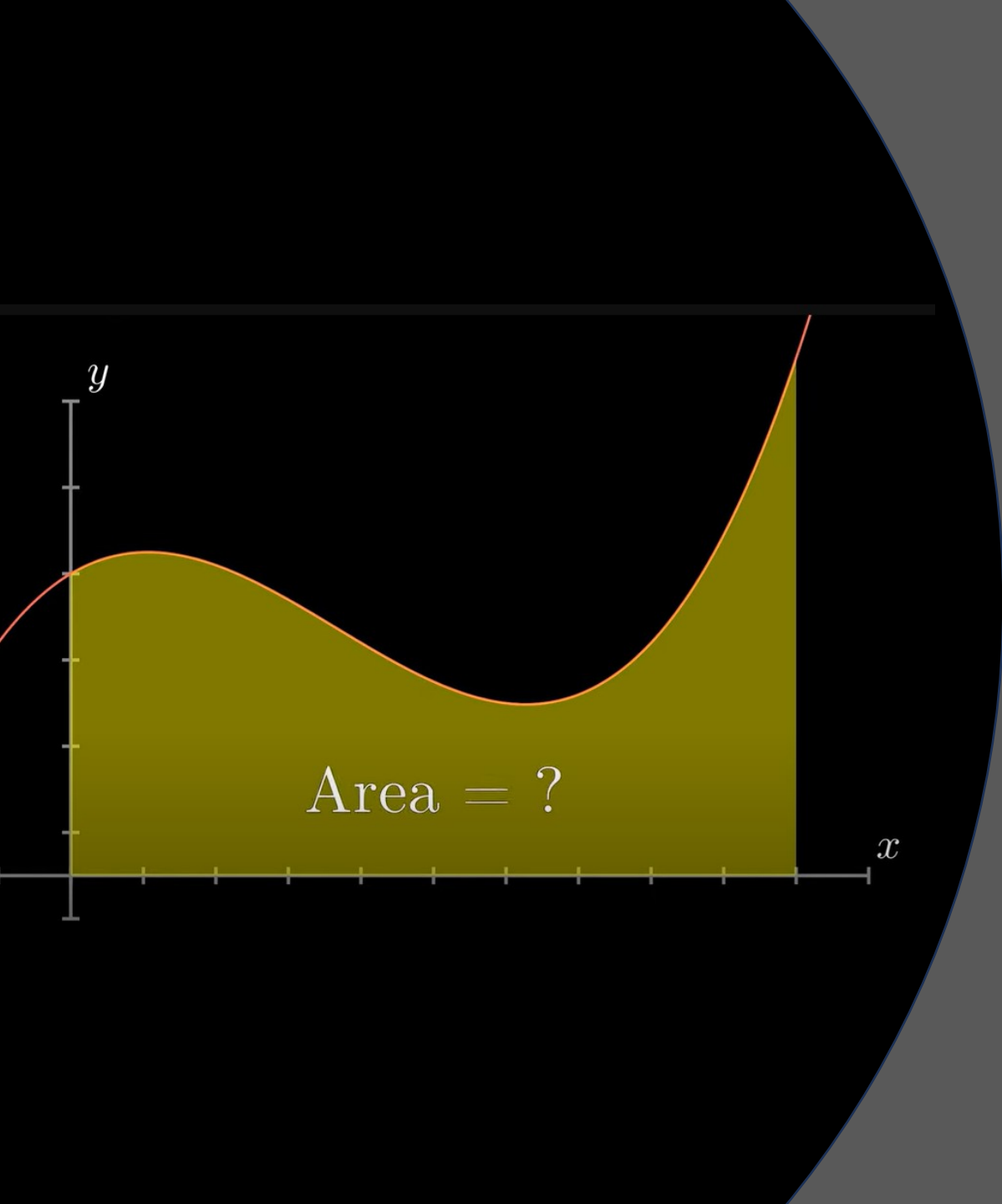
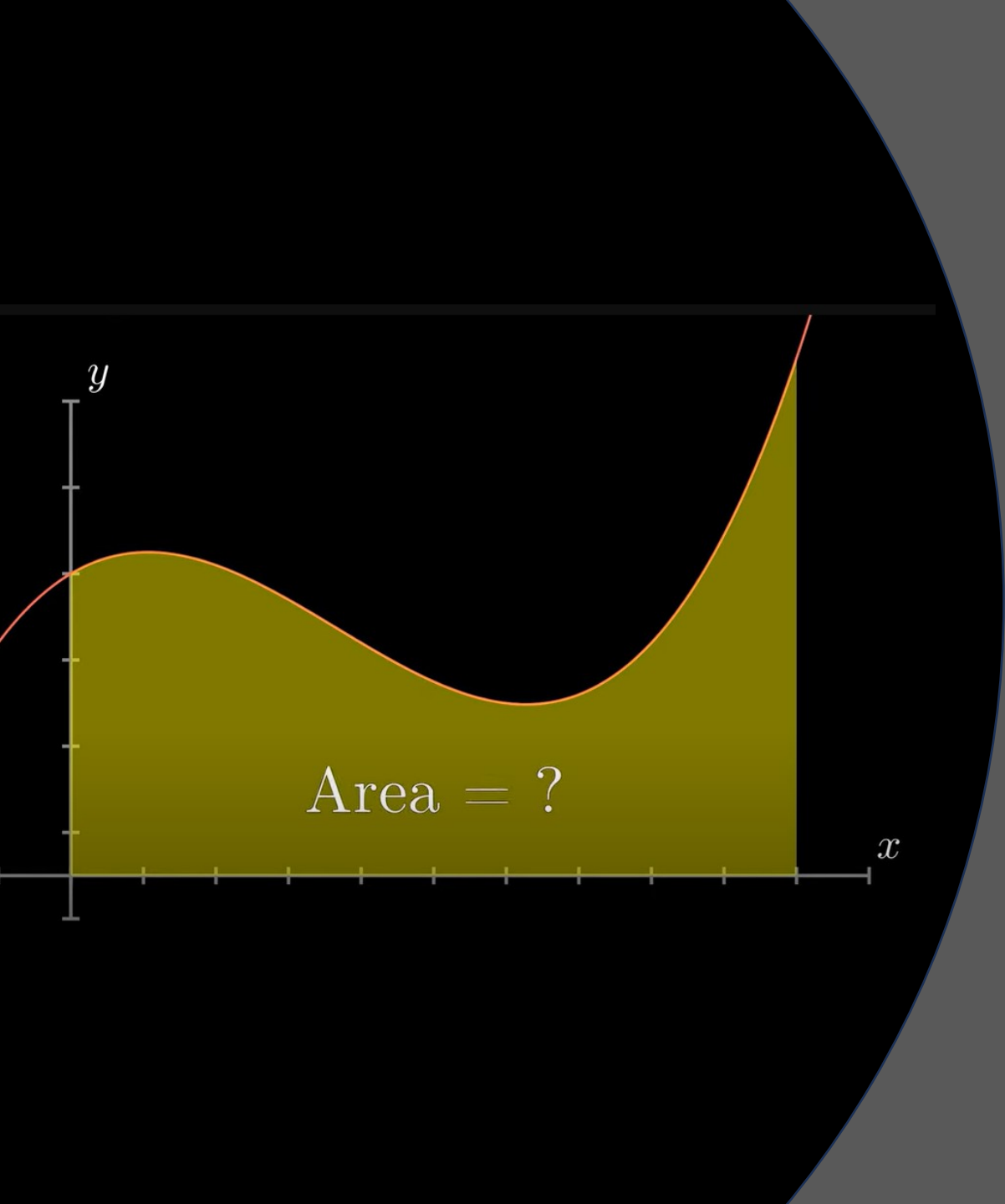


**DIVIDE AND CONQUER :
Parallelizing Simpson's
formula for faster
integration**

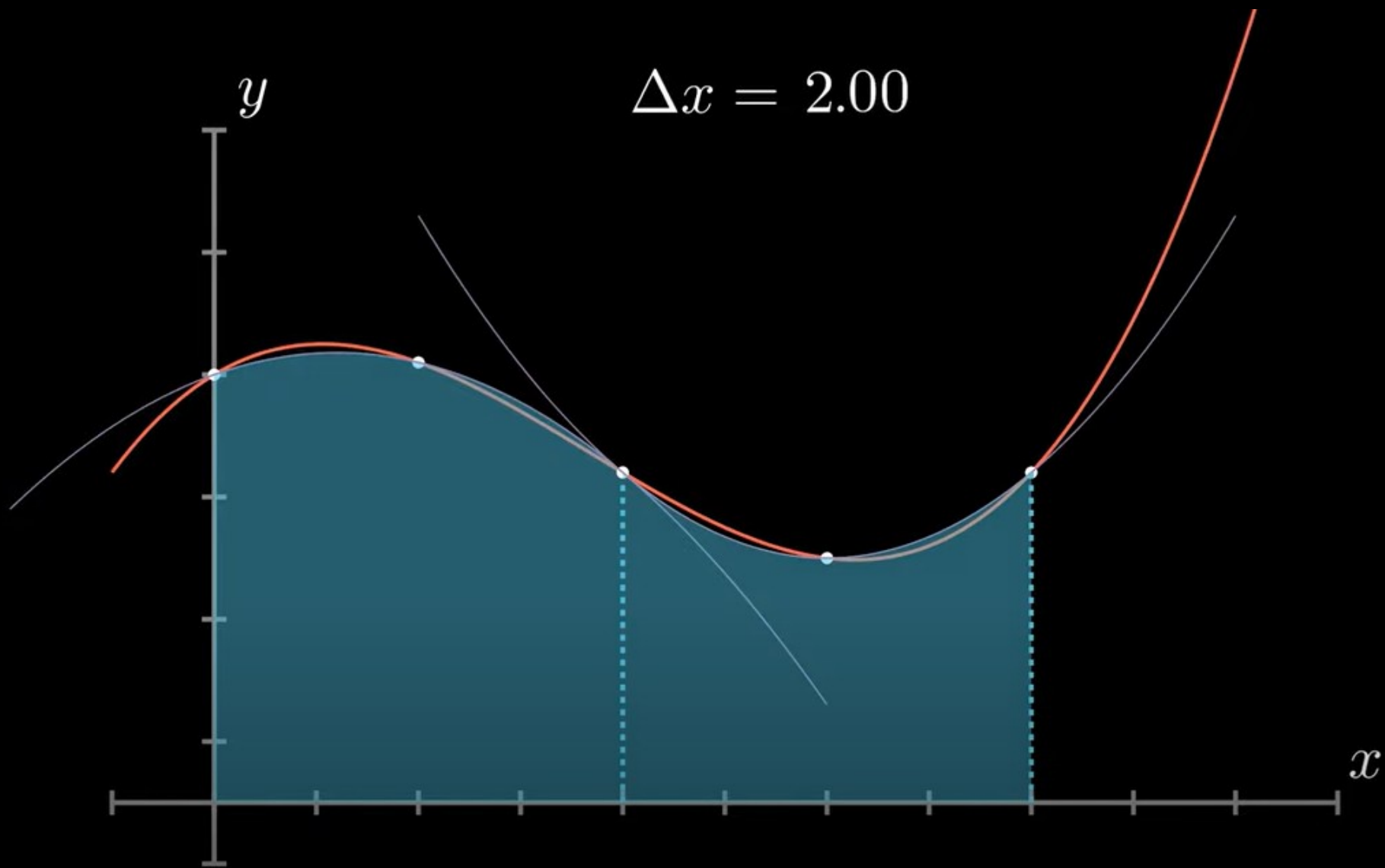


SIMPSON'S RULE :

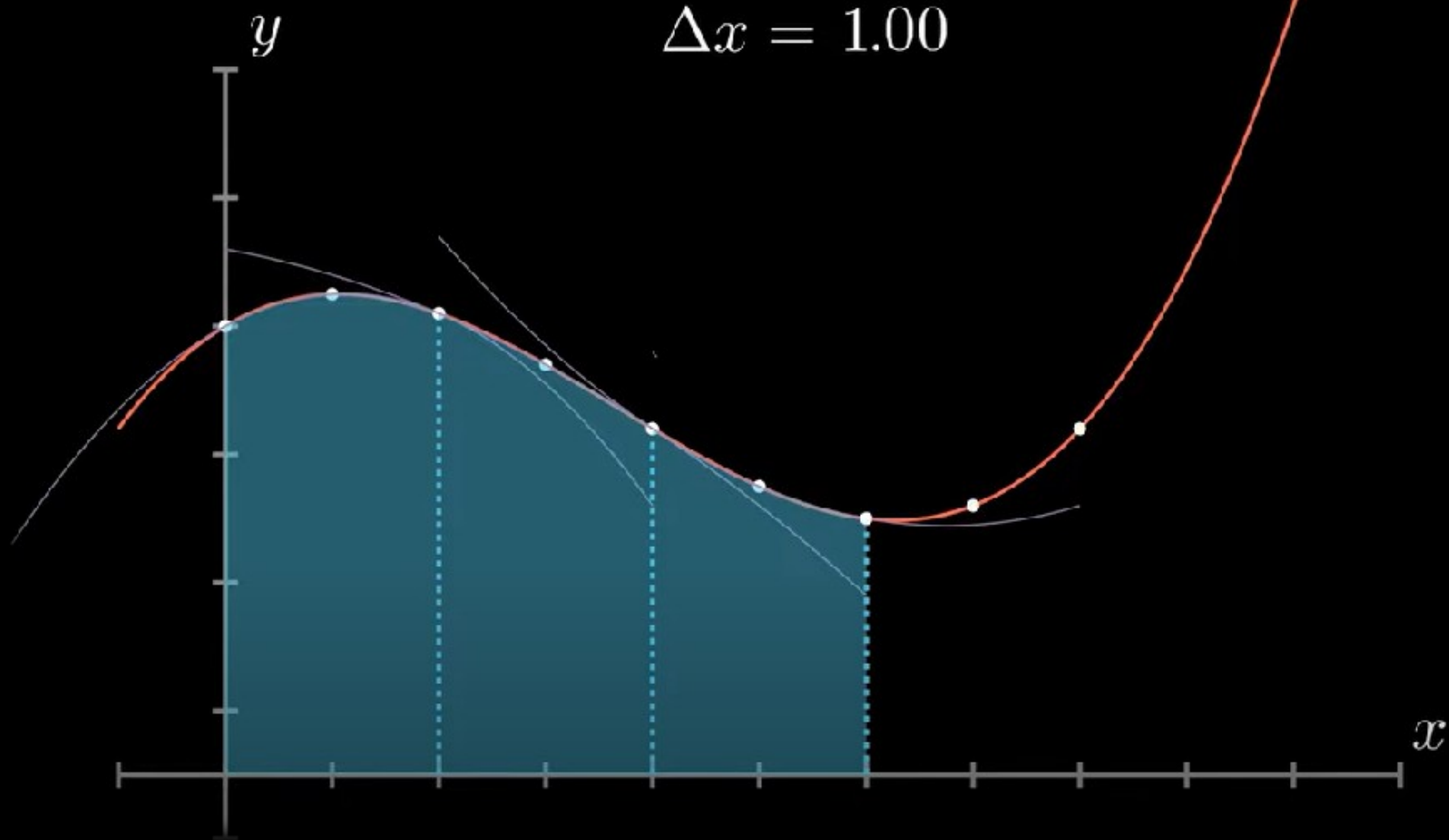
Simpson's rule approximates the definite integral of a function by fitting quadratic segments between equally spaced points and summing their areas.

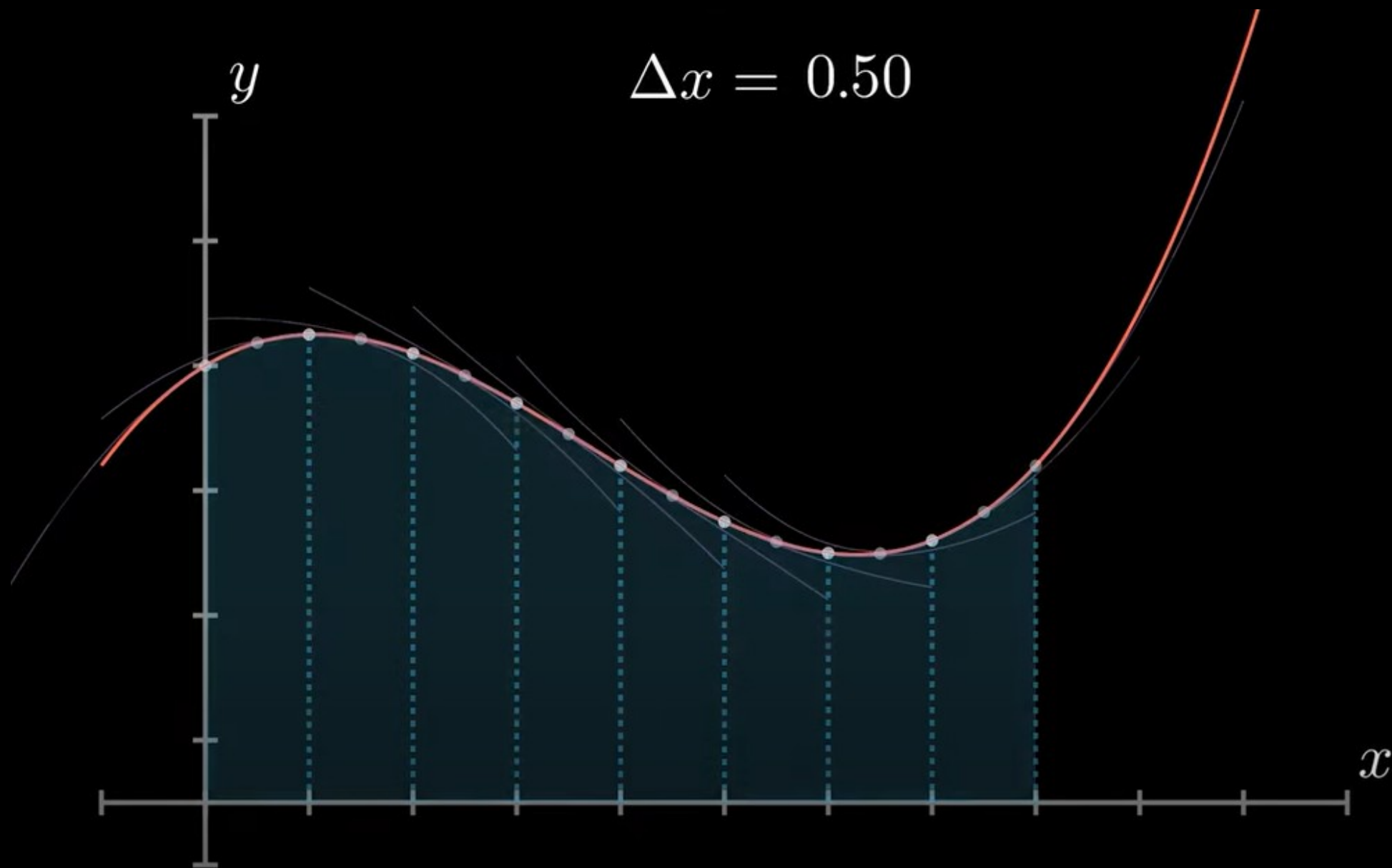


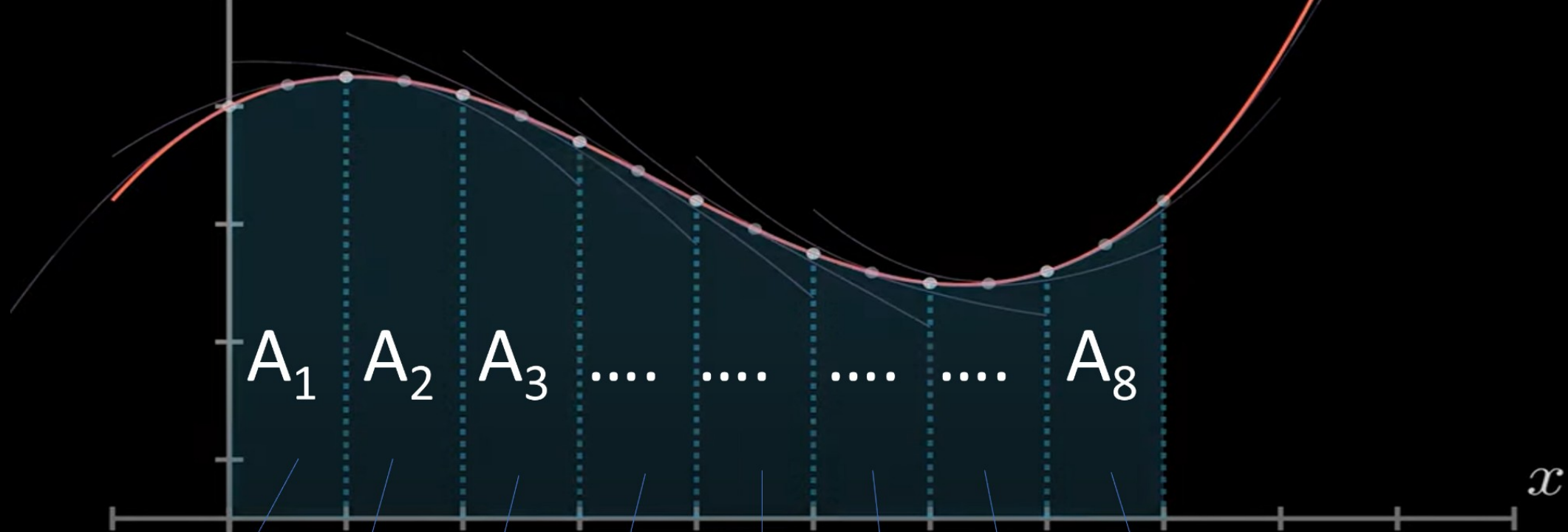
*The goal is to find
area under the
curve within a
definite range.*



$$\Delta x = 1.00$$

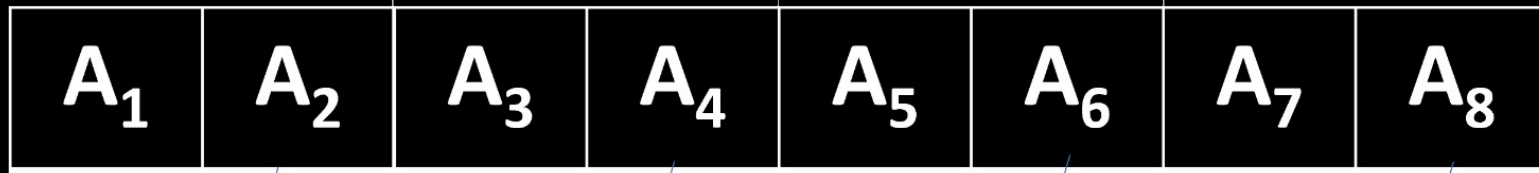


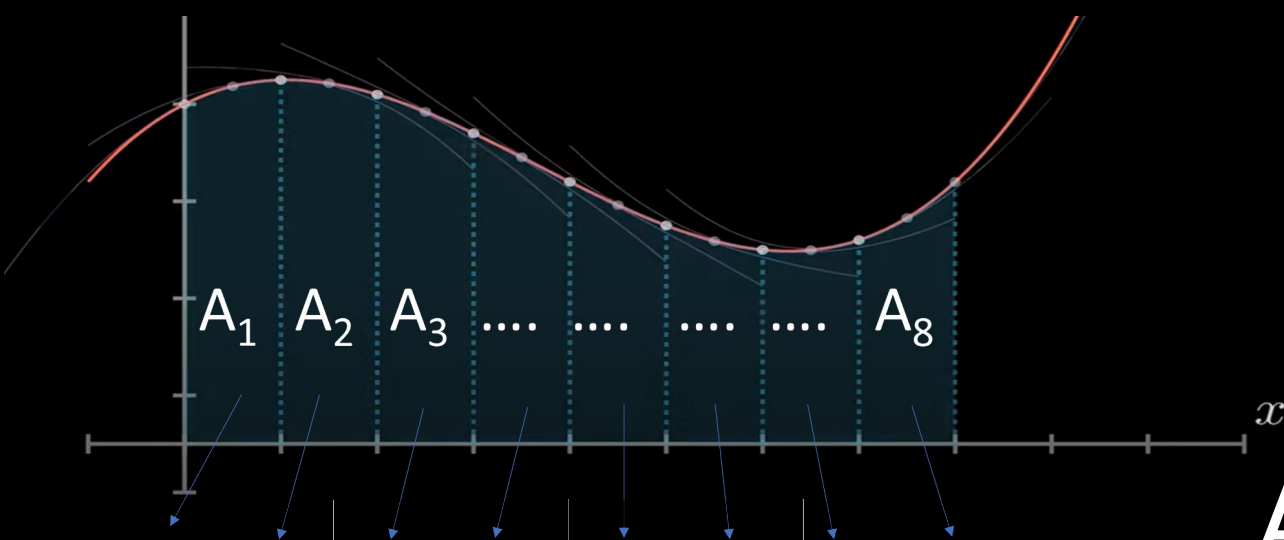




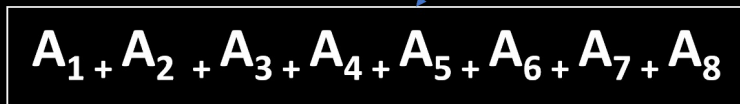
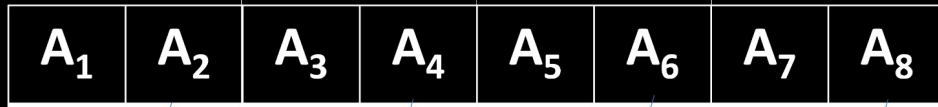
A_1	A_2	A_3	A_4	A_5	A_6	A_7	A_8
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$A_1 + A_2$	$A_3 + A_4$	$A_5 + A_6$	$A_7 + A_8$
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Architecture :
Single Instruction
Multiple Data



References

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<https://meral.edu.mm/record/875/files/Parallel%20Processing%20in%20Numerical%20Integration.pdf>
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- Asynchronous Parallel Adaptive Simpson Integration and Its Application to Quantum Computing:
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2304.01121> by S. A. Elhers and V. V. Ivanov (2022)
- Efficient parallel evaluation of composite Simpson's rule using OpenMP:
<https://github.com/yjc801/parallel-computing/blob/master/hw1/simpson.c> by K. Madi and W. Jalab (2012)