

# OLYMPIC GAMES PERFORMANCE REPORT

## TERMINOLOGIES USED IN DATA

**Project:** Power BI Dashboard - Olympic Games Analysis

### 1.0 Executive Summary

This report provides a comprehensive analysis of athlete participation and medal distribution for the Olympic Games, based on a dataset of 11,113 athletes. The primary objective was to transform raw data into an interactive Power BI dashboard to visualize key performance metrics, identify top-performing nations, and analyze trends across gender and age demographics.

The analysis reveals that the United States is the highest-performing nation. A near-perfect gender balance was achieved with 5,658 male and 5,455 female athletes. Notably, female athletes slightly outperformed males in gold medal achievements. The dashboard serves as a powerful tool for sports committees and analysts to benchmark performance and strategize for future sporting events.

### 2.0 Introduction & Project Background

The Olympic Games represent the pinnacle of international athletic competition, featuring thousands of athletes from over 200 countries. For national sports committees, tracking performance metrics is crucial for evaluating athletic programs, allocating resources, and identifying areas for improvement.

This project was initiated to address the need for a centralized, visual platform to answer critical questions:

- Which countries are the top performers in the medal tally?
- How are medals distributed between male and female athletes?
- What is the demographic profile (age, gender) of the participating athletes?
- How does performance vary across different medal types (Gold, Silver, Bronze)?

The project involved acquiring a dataset from Kaggle, cleaning and transforming it using a Python script, and building an interactive, multi-page dashboard in Power BI to provide actionable insights.

### 3.0 Key Highlights & Findings

#### 3.1 Overall Participation:

- **Total Athletes:** 11,113
- **Male Athletes:** 5,658 (50.9%)
- **Female Athletes:** 5,455 (49.1%)
- **Total Teams:** 1,698
- **Participating Countries:** 206

#### 3.2 Medal Distribution:

- **Gold Medals:** 752 (Male: 374, Female: 378)

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- **Silver Medals:** 760 (Male: 375, Female: 385)
- **Bronze Medals:** 814 (Male: 409, Female: 405)
- **Total Medals Awarded:** 2,326

**3.3 Top-Performing Country:** The United States led the medal count across all categories (Gold, Silver, Bronze), followed closely by France, China, Great Britain, Australia, the Netherlands, and Germany.

**3.4 Gender Parity:** The data demonstrates a strong commitment to gender equality in the games, with nearly identical participation rates and highly competitive medal outcomes between male and female athletes.

## 4.0 Dashboard Overview & Analysis

The dashboard consists of multiple pages, each designed to provide a different perspective on the data.

### 4.1 Country Performance Page:

This page offers a high-level, geographical overview of the games.

- **World Map:** Visualizes global participation, highlighting the worldwide scale of the event.
- **Medals by Country & Type:** A bar chart comparing the top 7 nations across Bronze, Gold, and Silver medals. The United States shows a significant lead.
- **Medals by Country & Gender:** A companion chart showing the gender split of medals for each top country, revealing variations in performance by gender per nation.
- **KPI Cards:** Display the total medal counts for quick reference.

### 4.2 Athlete Analysis Page:

This page delves deeper into the demographics of the athletes themselves.

- **Age Category and Gender Distribution:** A bar chart showing the number of male and female athletes in each age group. The groups 21-25 and 26-30 contain the highest concentration of athletes, indicating the prime competitive years for Olympians.
- **Total Athletes by Country and Gender:** A horizontal bar chart ranking countries by their total number of athletes and breaking down the count by gender. This shows which nations deployed the largest delegations.
- **Medal Type Breakdown:** Detailed KPI cards for Gold, Silver, and Bronze medals, each containing the total count and its gender split.

### 4.3 Geographical Overview Page:

This page consolidates the key findings into a single view, emphasizing the top-performing nation (USA) and its medal composition, alongside a global map and summary statistics.

## 5.0 Insights & Recommendations

**5.1 Insight:** Female athletes won more gold medals than their male counterparts.

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- **Recommendation:** National committees should continue to invest heavily in women's sports programs, as they are proving to be a major source of top-tier athletic success. Marketing and media coverage should highlight these achievements to inspire future generations.

### **5.2 Insight: The United States is the dominant force across all medal types.**

- **Recommendation:** Other top-tier nations (France, China, GB, Australia) should conduct a granular analysis of the US's success, focusing on their training methodologies, funding allocation, and athlete support systems across different sports.

### **5.3 Insight: Athlete participation peaks in the 21-30 age range.**

- **Recommendation:** Talent identification and development programs should be heavily focused on nurturing athletes in their late teens and early twenties to prepare them for peak performance during these critical years.

### **5.4 Insight: A significant number of athletes compete in the 36-40, 41-45, and even 51+ age categories.**

- **Recommendation:** Sports federations should not discount the potential of experienced athletes. Sports with lower physical attrition can benefit from the tactics and mental fortitude of veteran competitors.

## **6.0 Technical Appendix**

### **6.1 Tools Used:**

- **Data Sourcing:** Kaggle
- **Data Processing:** Python (Pandas, NumPy for data cleaning and transformation)
- **Data Visualization:** Microsoft Power BI
- **Mapping:** Power BI's built-in map visualizations

### **6.2 Data Transformation:**

The Python script was crucial for:

- Cleaning inconsistent country names.
- Classifying athletes into standardized age categories (e.g., 21-25, 26-30).
- Calculating aggregate metrics (total medals per country, gender splits).
- Structuring the data into tables suitable for Power BI's data model.

## **7.0 Conclusion**

The Olympic Games Dashboard successfully transforms a complex dataset into clear, actionable insights. It highlights the United States as the leading sporting nation, confirms the achievement of gender parity in modern games, and provides a demographic profile of the elite athlete. This dashboard serves as a vital tool for strategic decision-making within sports organizations worldwide, enabling data-driven investments in athlete development and training programs to enhance future Olympic performance.