Assignment: 14 Part 2

- 1. Preprocess all the Data we have in DonorsChoose <u>Dataset</u> use train.csv
- 2. Combine 4 essay's into one column named 'preprocessed_essays'.
- 3. After step 2 you have to train 3 types of models as discussed below.
- 4. For all the model use 'auc' as a metric. check this for using auc as a metric
- 5. You are free to choose any number of layers/hiddden units but you have to use same type of ar chitectures shown below.
- 6. You can use any one of the optimizers and choice of Learning rate and momentum, resources: <u>cs</u> <u>231n class notes</u>, <u>cs231n class video</u>.
- 7. For all the model's use <u>TensorBoard</u> and plot the Metric value and Loss with epoch. While subm itting, take a screenshot of plots and include those images in .ipynb notebook and PDF.
- 8. Use Categorical Cross Entropy as Loss to minimize.

In [1]:

```
%matplotlib inline
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
import sqlite3
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import nltk
import string
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
from numpy import zeros
from numpy import array
from keras.preprocessing.text import one hot
from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.layers import Flatten
from keras.layers import Input
from keras.layers import Embedding
from keras.layers import LSTM, Bidirectional
from keras.layers.core import Dense, Dropout
from keras.models import Model, load model
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras.utils import to categorical
import keras
from tensorboardcolab import *
from keras.regularizers import 12
from keras.layers import LeakyReLU
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

The default version of TensorFlow in Colab will soon switch to TensorFlow 2.x.

We recommend you <u>upgrade</u> now or ensure your notebook will continue to use TensorFlow 1.x via the %tensorflow_version 1.x magic: <u>more info</u>.

```
In [2]:
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
Go to this URL in a browser: https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?client id=947318989803-6bn6qk8qd
gf4n4g3pfee6491hc0brc4i.apps.googleusercontent.com&redirect\_uri=urn\$3Aietf\$3Awg\$3Aoauth\$3A2.0\$3Aoob\&scontent.com
pe=email%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.qoogleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdocs.test%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.qoogleapis.com%2Faut
h%2Fdrive%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googlea
pis.com%2Fauth%2Fpeopleapi.readonly&response type=code
Enter your authorization code:
Mounted at /content/drive
In [0]:
df = pd.read csv('/content/drive/My Drive/Applied ML assignments/preprocessed data.csv')
In [4]:
df.columns
Out[4]:
Index(['school state', 'teacher prefix', 'project grade category',
       'teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects', 'project_is_approved',
       'clean categories', 'clean subcategories', 'essay', 'price'],
      dtype='object')
In [5]:
df.shape
Out[5]:
(109248, 9)
In [6]:
resource_data = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/My Drive/LSTM Assignment/resources.csv')
resource data.columns
project data = pd.read csv('/content/drive/My Drive/LSTM Assignment/train data.csv')
project_data.columns
#resource data['quantity'].head
Out[6]:
Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'id', 'teacher id', 'teacher prefix', 'school state',
       'project_submitted_datetime', 'project_grade_category',
       'project_subject_categories', 'project_subject_subcategories',
       'project_title', 'project_essay_1', 'project_essay_2',
```

```
'project essay 3', 'project essay 4', 'project resource summary',
 'teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects', 'project_is_approved'],
dtype='object')
```

In [7]:

```
price data = resource data.groupby('id').agg({'price':'sum', 'quantity':'sum'}).reset index()
price data.head(2)
```

Out[7]:

	id	price	quantity
0	p000001	459.56	7
1	p000002	515.89	21

```
In [0]:
project data = pd.merge(project data, price data, on='id', how='left')
In [9]:
project_data['quantity'].shape
Out[9]:
(109248,)
In [0]:
df['quantity'] = project data['quantity']
#df1['columename'] = df2['existing colume name']
In [0]:
df.columns
Out[0]:
Index(['school_state', 'teacher_prefix', 'project_grade_category',
       'teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects', 'project is approved',
       'clean_categories', 'clean_subcategories', 'essay', 'price',
       'quantity'],
      dtype='object')
In [0]:
df = df.reset index()
In [0]:
y=df['project_is_approved']
df.drop(['project is approved'],axis=1, inplace=True)
x=df
In [12]:
#Splitting into train and test data
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(x, y, test size=0.2)
print(X_train.shape, y_train.shape)
print(X_test.shape, y_test.shape)
#Splitting train data into train and cv(60:20)
X_tr, X_cv, y_tr, y_cv = train_test_split(X_train, y_train, test_size=0.2)
print(X tr.shape, y tr.shape)
print (X cv.shape, y cv.shape)
(87398, 9) (87398,)
(21850, 9) (21850,)
(69918, 9) (69918,)
(17480, 9) (17480,)
Categorical features: 'school state', 'teacher prefix', 'project grade category', 'clean categories', 'clean subcategories'
In [0]:
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
class LabelEncoderExt(object):
   def init (self):
        It differs from LabelEncoder by handling new classes and providing a value for it [Unknown]
        Unknown will be added in fit and transform will take care of new item. It gives unknown class i
d
```

```
11 11 11
        self.label encoder = LabelEncoder()
        # self.classes = self.label encoder.classes
   def fit(self, data list):
        This will fit the encoder for all the unique values and introduce unknown value
        :param data list: A list of string
        :return: self
        self.label encoder = self.label encoder.fit(list(data list) + ['Unknown'])
        self.classes = self.label encoder.classes
        return self
   def transform(self, data list):
        This will transform the data list to id list where the new values get assigned to Unknown class
        :param data list:
        :return:
       new data list = list(data list)
        for unique item in np.unique (data list):
            if unique item not in self.label encoder.classes :
                new_data_list = ['Unknown' if x==unique_item else x for x in new_data_list]
        return self.label_encoder.transform(new_data_list)
In [14]:
#teacher prefix
vectorizer = LabelEncoderExt()
vectorizer.fit(X tr['teacher prefix'].values)
teacherprefix ohe train = vectorizer.transform(X tr['teacher prefix'].values)
teacherprefix_ohe_cv = vectorizer.transform(X_cv['teacher_prefix'].values)
teacherprefix ohe test = vectorizer.transform(X test['teacher prefix'].values)
print (teacherprefix ohe cv.shape)
print (teacherprefix ohe train.shape)
print (teacherprefix ohe test.shape)
(17480,)
(69918,)
(21850,)
In [0]:
#Converting categorical features to One hot encoded features
#clean categories
vectorizer = LabelEncoderExt()
vectorizer.fit(X_tr['clean_categories'].values)
categories_one_hot_train = vectorizer.transform(X_tr['clean_categories'].values)
categories_one_hot_cv = vectorizer.transform(X_cv['clean categories'].values)
categories_one_hot_test = vectorizer.transform(X_test['clean_categories'].values)
#clean subcategories
vectorizer = LabelEncoderExt()
vectorizer.fit(X tr['clean subcategories'].values)
subcategories one hot train = vectorizer.transform(X tr['clean subcategories'].values)
subcategories one hot cv = vectorizer.transform(X cv['clean subcategories'].values)
subcategories one hot test = vectorizer.transform(X test['clean subcategories'].values)
#school state
vectorizer = LabelEncoderExt()
vectorizer.fit(X tr['school state'].values)
schoolstate one hot train = vectorizer.transform(X tr['school state'].values)
schoolstate one hot cv = vectorizer.transform(X cv['school state'].values)
schoolstate_one_hot_test = vectorizer.transform(X_test['school_state'].values)
#project grade category
vectorizer = LabelEncoderExt()
vectorizer.fit(X tr['project grade category'].values)
project_grade_category_one_hot_train = vectorizer.transform(X_tr['project_grade_category'].values)
project grade category one hot cv = vectorizer.transform(X cv['project grade category'].values)
```

```
project_grade_category_one_hot_test = vectorizer.transform(X_test['project_grade_category'].values)
```

In [0]:

```
y_binary_train = to_categorical(y_tr)
y_binary_cv = to_categorical(y_cv)
y_binary_test = to_categorical(y_test)
```

In [0]:

```
import tensorflow as tf
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score

def auroc(y_true, y_pred):
    return tf.py_func(roc_auc_score, (y_true, y_pred), tf.double)
```

In [0]:

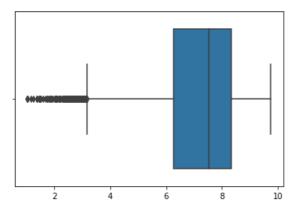
```
def plt_dynamic_auc(x, vy, ty, ax, colors=['b']):
    ax.plot(x, vy, 'b', label="Validation auc")
    ax.plot(x, ty, 'r', label="Train auc")
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid()
    fig.canvas.draw()
```

- 1. Train the TF-IDF on the Train data
- 2. Get the idf value for each word we have in the train data.
- 3. Remove the low idf value and high idf value words from our data. Do some analysis on the Idf values and based on those values choose the low and high threshold value. Because very frequent words and very very rare words don't give much information. (you can plot a box plots and take o nly the idf scores within IQR range and corresponding words)
- 4. Train the LSTM after removing the Low and High idf value words. (In model-1 Train on total da ta but in Model-2 train on data after removing some words based on IDF values)

In [19]:

```
#Train the TF-IDF on Train data
tf idf vect = TfidfVectorizer(min df = 10, max features = 10000)
essay_tfidf_train = tf_idf_vect.fit_transform(X_tr['essay'].values)
#Calculating idf value
response = tf_idf_vect.fit_transform(X_tr['essay'].values)
idf score = tf idf vect.idf # obtaining the idf score from TFIDFVECTORIZER
feature_names = tf_idf_vect.get_feature_names()
idfscore feat=[]
for i in range(len(idf score)):
 idfscore_feat.append([idf_score[i],feature_names[i]])
 idfscore feat.sort()
sns.boxplot(idf score)
#idfscore_feat=idfscore_feat[:3000]
#some top features in idfscore feat list
for i in idfscore feat[:10]:
 print(i)
```

```
[1.0078252716372125, 'students']
[1.045035725458315, 'nannan']
[1.1602860644575494, 'school']
[1.245272643082703, 'my']
[1.3630556787390868, 'learning']
[1.393197806205912, 'classroom']
[1.452590088148317, 'not']
[1.460945676257548, 'learn']
[1.4686401232524526, 'the']
[1.5025267027507732, 'they']
```



```
#idfscore_feat=idfscore_feat[:3000]
#some top features in idfscore_feat list
for i in idfscore_feat[:10]:
    print(i)
```

```
[1.0075946642740503, 'students']
[1.0449310032339192, 'nannan']
[1.1629758650168092, 'school']
[1.2454920014603308, 'my']
[1.3630351163579622, 'learning']
[1.392964723259112, 'classroom']
[1.462459844646436, 'not']
[1.4625116340243627, 'learn']
[1.468777247304226, 'the']
[1.5010148795350806, 'they']
```

In [0]:

```
sorted_idf = np.argsort(idf_score)[::-1]
sorted_idf
#feature_names = tf_idf_vect.get_feature_names()
imp_words = {feature_names[e] for e in sorted_idf[2000:10000]}
not_imp_words = []
for word in feature_names:
    if word not in imp_words:
        not_imp_words.append(word)
```

In [0]:

```
def remove_words_with_lowidfValue(sentences):
   processed = []
   for sent in tqdm(sentences):
      sent = ' '.join(e for e in sent.split() if e not in not_imp_words)
      processed.append(sent)
   return processed
```

In [22]:

```
from tqdm import tqdm
essay_train = remove_words_with_lowidfValue(X_tr.essay)
essay_cv = remove_words_with_lowidfValue(X_cv.essay)
essay_test = remove_words_with_lowidfValue(X_test.essay)
```

```
100%| | 69918/69918 [04:03<00:00, 287.08it/s]
100%| | 17480/17480 [00:59<00:00, 294.39it/s]
100%| | 21850/21850 [01:14<00:00, 293.59it/s]
```

```
#https://machinelearningmastery.com/use-word-embedding-layers-deep-learning-keras/
def padded(encoded_docs):
    max_length = 400
    padded_docs = pad_sequences(encoded_docs, maxlen=max_length, padding='post')
    return padded_docs
```

In [0]:

```
t = Tokenizer()
t.fit_on_texts(essay_train)
vocab_size = len(t.word_index) + 1
# integer encode the documents
encoded_docs = t.texts_to_sequences(essay_train)
essay_pad_train = padded(encoded_docs)

encoded_docs = t.texts_to_sequences(essay_cv)
essay_pad_cv = padded(encoded_docs)

encoded_docs = t.texts_to_sequences(essay_test)
essay_pad_test = padded(encoded_docs)
```

In [0]:

```
#Concatenating numerical features
rem_input_train = np.concatenate((X_tr['quantity'].values.reshape(-1,1),X_tr['price'].values.reshape(-1,1),X_tr['teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects'].values.reshape(-1,1), axis=1)
rem_input_cv = np.concatenate((X_cv['quantity'].values.reshape(-1,1),X_cv['price'].values.reshape(-1,1),X_cv['teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects'].values.reshape(-1,1)), axis=1)
rem_input_test = np.concatenate((X_test['quantity'].values.reshape(-1,1),X_test['price'].values.reshape(-1,1),X_test['teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects'].values.reshape(-1,1)), axis=1)
```

In [25]:

```
#Embedding using Glove vectors
embeddings_index = dict()
f = open(r'/content/drive/My Drive/Applied ML assignments/glove.6B.300d.txt')
#with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Applied ML assignments/glove_vectors', 'rb') as f:
    #text = f.read()
for line in f:
    #line.decode(errors='ignore')
    values = line.split()
    word = values[0]
    coefs = np.asarray(values[1:], dtype='float32')
    embeddings_index[word] = coefs
f.close()
print('Loaded %s word vectors.' % len(embeddings_index))
```

Loaded 400000 word vectors.

In [26]:

```
#create a weight matrix for words in training docs
embedding_matrix = np.zeros((vocab_size, 300))
for word, i in t.word_index.items():
  embedding_vector = embeddings_index.get(word)
  if embedding_vector is not None:
  embedding_matrix[i] = embedding_vector

print("embedding_matrix shape", embedding_matrix.shape)
```

embedding matrix shape (45460, 300)

```
y_binary_train = to_categorical(y_tr)
y_binary_cv = to_categorical(y_cv)
y_binary_test = to_categorical(y_test)
```

In [28]:

```
#Flattening the text input data after calculating embedding matrix using glove vectors
max_length = 400
ins = []
concat = []
text_input = Input(shape=(max_length,), name = "text_input")
# max_length = 150 ---->max_length of sentence
ins.append(text_input)
e1 = Embedding(vocab_size, 300, weights=[embedding_matrix], input_length=max_length, trainable=False)(text_input)

11= LSTM(128,kernel_regularizer=12(0.001),return_sequences=True)(e1)
#11= LeakyReLU(alpha = 0.3)(11)
f1= Flatten()(11)
concat.append(f1)
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:541: The name tf.placeholder is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.placeholder instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:66: The name tf.get default graph is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.get default graph instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:4432: The name tf.random_uniform is deprecated. Please use tf.random.uniform instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:190: The name tf.get default session is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.get default session instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:197: The name tf.ConfigProto is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.ConfigProto instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:203: The name tf.Session is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.Session instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:207: The name tf.global_variables is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.global_variables instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:216: The name tf.is_variable_initialized is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.is_variable_initialized inst ead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:223: The name tf.variables initializer is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.variables initializer instead.

In [0]:

```
#Combining Categorical features
#https://medium.com/@davidheffernan_99410/an-introduction-to-using-categorical-embeddings-ee686ed7e7f9
cat_vars = ["teacher_prefix", "school_state", "project_grade_category", "clean_categories", "clean_subcategories"]

cat_sizes = {}
cat_embsizes = {}
for cat in cat_vars:
    cat_sizes[cat] = X_tr[cat].nunique()
    cat_embsizes[cat] = min(50, cat_sizes[cat]//2+1)
```

In [0]:

```
for cat in cat_vars:
    x = Input((1,), name=cat)
    ins.append(x)
    x = Embedding(cat_sizes[cat]+1, cat_embsizes[cat], input_length=1)(x)
    x = Flatten()(x)
```

```
rem_input_layer = Input(shape=(3,), name="rem_input_layer")
ins.append(rem_input_layer)
rem_input_dense = Dense(64, activation='relu')(rem_input_layer)
concat.append(rem_input_dense)
```

In [32]:

```
#After concatenating text input, categorical and remaining numerical features, applying it to the model
from keras.layers import Concatenate
x = Concatenate()(concat)
#X=BatchNormalization()(X)
x= Dense (256, kernel initializer='glorot normal', kernel regularizer=12(0.001))(x)
\#x = LeakyReLU(alpha = 0.3)(x)
x = Dropout(0.6)(x)
x= Dense(128, kernel initializer='glorot normal', kernel regularizer=12(0.001))(x)
\#x = LeakyReLU(alpha = 0.3)(x)
x = Dropout(0.5)(x)
x= Dense(64, kernel initializer='glorot normal', kernel regularizer=12(0.001))(x)
\#x = LeakyReLU(alpha = 0.3)(x)
x = Dropout(0.5)(x)
x= Dense(32, kernel initializer='glorot normal', kernel regularizer=12(0.001))(x)
\#x = LeakyReLU(alpha = 0.3)(x)
x = Dropout(0.5)(x)
#x=BatchNormalization()(x)
x= Dense(16,activation='relu',kernel initializer='glorot normal',kernel regularizer=12(0.002))(x)
\#x = LeakyReLU(alpha = 0.3)(x)
\#x = Dropout(0.25)(x)
output=Dense(2, activation='softmax')(x)
model 2 = Model(inputs=ins, outputs=output)
model 2.summary()
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:4479: The name tf.truncated normal is deprecated. Please use tf.random.truncated normal instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:148: The name tf.placeholder_with_default is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.placeholder_with_default in stead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:3733 : calling dropout (from tensorflow.python.ops.nn_ops) with keep_prob is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Please use `rate` instead of `keep_prob`. Rate should be set to `rate = 1 - keep_prob`.

WARNING:tensorflow:Large dropout rate: 0.6 (>0.5). In TensorFlow 2.x, dropout() uses dropout rate inste ad of keep prob. Please ensure that this is intended.

Model: "model 1"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #	Connected to
text_input (InputLayer)	(None,	400)	0	
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None,	400, 300)	13638000	text_input[0][0]
teacher_prefix (InputLayer)	(None,	1)	0	
school_state (InputLayer)	(None,	1)	0	
project_grade_category (InputLa	(None,	1)	0	
clean_categories (InputLayer)	(None,	1)	0	
clean_subcategories (InputLayer	(None,	1)	0	
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None,	400, 128)	219648	embedding_1[0][0]
embedding_2 (Embedding)	(None,	1, 3)	18	teacher_prefix[0][0]
embedding_3 (Embedding)	(None,	1, 26)	1352	school_state[0][0]
embedding_4 (Embedding)	(None,	1, 3)	15	project_grade_category[0][0]

embedding_5 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 2	6) 1352	clean_categories[0][0]
embedding_6 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 5)	0) 19500	clean_subcategories[0][0]
rem_input_layer (InputLayer)	(None, 3)	0	
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 5120)	0)	lstm_1[0][0]
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None, 3)	0	embedding_2[0][0]
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None, 26)	0	embedding_3[0][0]
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None, 3)	0	embedding_4[0][0]
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 26)	0	embedding_5[0][0]
flatten_6 (Flatten)	(None, 50)	0	embedding_6[0][0]
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 64)	256	rem_input_layer[0][0]
concatenate_1 (Concatenate)	(None, 5137	2) 0	flatten_1[0][0] flatten_2[0][0] flatten_3[0][0] flatten_4[0][0] flatten_5[0][0] flatten_6[0][0] dense_1[0][0]
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 256)	13151488	concatenate_1[0][0]
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0	dense_2[0][0]
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896	dropout_1[0][0]
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0	dense_3[0][0]
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256	dropout_2[0][0]
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0	dense_4[0][0]
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080	dropout_3[0][0]
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 32)	0	dense_5[0][0]
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528	dropout_4[0][0]
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 2)	34	dense_6[0][0]

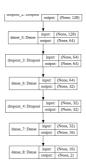
Total params: 27,075,423
Trainable params: 13,437,423
Non-trainable params: 13,638,000

In [0]:

from keras.utils.vis_utils import plot_model
plot_model(model_2, to_file='/content/drive/My Drive/Applied ML assignments/model2.png', show_shapes=Tr
ue, show_layer_names=True)

Out[0]:





```
#https://stackoverflow.com/posts/51734992/revisions
import tensorflow as tf
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score

def auroc(y_true, y_pred):
    return tf.py_func(roc_auc_score, (y_true, y_pred), tf.double)
```

In [35]:

Wait for 8 seconds... TensorBoard link: https://c07e4da9.ngrok.io

In [0]:

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow_core/python/ops/math_grad.py: 1424: where (from tensorflow.python.ops.array_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future versio n.

Instructions for updating:

Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:1033: The name tf.assign add is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.assign add instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:1020: The name tf.assign is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.assign instead.

```
סדבבמ /סדבבמ
                               ----| - 11135 10M5/5LEP - 1055; 0.9334 - autoc; 0.3309 - val 105
s: 0.8029 - val auroc: 0.5970
Epoch 3/15
69918/69918 [========
                      s: 0.7469 - val auroc: 0.6309
Epoch 4/15
69918/69918 [===
                            ======] - 1123s 16ms/step - loss: 0.7304 - auroc: 0.5899 - val los
s: 0.6928 - val auroc: 0.6491
Epoch 5/15
69918/69918 [===
                            ======] - 1184s 17ms/step - loss: 0.6902 - auroc: 0.6220 - val los
s: 0.6654 - val auroc: 0.6563
Epoch 6/15
69918/69918 [===
                           s: 0.6427 - val auroc: 0.6569
Epoch 7/15
69918/69918 [=========
                        ======= ] - 1157s 17ms/step - loss: 0.6361 - auroc: 0.6489 - val los
s: 0.6239 - val auroc: 0.6561
Epoch 8/15
69918/69918 [=============] - 1142s 16ms/step - loss: 0.6206 - auroc: 0.6491 - val los
s: 0.6069 - val_auroc: 0.6621
Epoch 9/15
69918/69918 [=======
                         =======] - 1135s 16ms/step - loss: 0.5947 - auroc: 0.6587 - val los
s: 0.5842 - val auroc: 0.6643
Epoch 10/15
69918/69918 [======
                           ======] - 1138s 16ms/step - loss: 0.5745 - auroc: 0.6629 - val los
s: 0.5688 - val auroc: 0.6588
Epoch 11/15
69918/69918 [===
                            ======] - 1093s 16ms/step - loss: 0.5563 - auroc: 0.6636 - val los
s: 0.5506 - val auroc: 0.6681
Epoch 12/15
69918/69918 [===========
                          s: 0.5325 - val auroc: 0.6623
Epoch 13/15
s: 0.5211 - val auroc: 0.6590
Epoch 14/15
69918/69918 [=============] - 1138s 16ms/step - loss: 0.5095 - auroc: 0.6731 - val los
s: 0.5042 - val auroc: 0.6659
Epoch 15/15
69918/69918 [==
                           =======] - 1089s 16ms/step - loss: 0.4964 - auroc: 0.6757 - val los
s: 0.4934 - val auroc: 0.6643
```

In [36]:

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow_core/python/ops/math_grad.py: 1424: where (from tensorflow.python.ops.array_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future versio n.

Instructions for updating:

Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:1033: The name tf.assign_add is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.assign_add instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:1020: The name tf.assign is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.assign instead.

Train on 69918 samples, validate on 17480 samples

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorboardcolab/core.py:49: The name tf .summary.FileWriter is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.summary.FileWriter instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/callbacks.py:1122: The name tf.sum mary.merge_all is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.summary.merge_all instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorboardcolab/callbacks.py:51: The na me tf.Summary is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.Summary instead.

```
Epoch 2/20
                         69918/69918 [===
s: 1.0144 - val auroc: 0.6052
Epoch 3/20
                              ====] - 1041s 15ms/step - loss: 0.9094 - auroc: 0.6145 - val_los
69918/69918 [==
s: 0.8321 - val auroc: 0.6882
Epoch 4/20
69918/69918 [======
                            ======] - 1046s 15ms/step - loss: 0.8059 - auroc: 0.6691 - val los
s: 0.7676 - val auroc: 0.7113
Epoch 5/20
69918/69918 [===
                            s: 0.7327 - val auroc: 0.7123
Epoch 6/20
69918/69918 [====
                           =======] - 1048s 15ms/step - loss: 0.7100 - auroc: 0.7131 - val los
s: 0.6971 - val auroc: 0.7206
Epoch 7/20
69918/69918 [=====
                          =======] - 1020s 15ms/step - loss: 0.6775 - auroc: 0.7203 - val los
s: 0.6660 - val auroc: 0.7303
Epoch 8/20
69918/69918 [====
                          =======] - 1047s 15ms/step - loss: 0.6433 - auroc: 0.7324 - val los
s: 0.6350 - val auroc: 0.7311
Epoch 9/20
69918/69918 [===========] - 1033s 15ms/step - loss: 0.6182 - auroc: 0.7353 - val los
s: 0.6135 - val auroc: 0.7284
Epoch 10/20
69918/69918 [=======
                           =======] - 1030s 15ms/step - loss: 0.5926 - auroc: 0.7416 - val los
s: 0.5899 - val auroc: 0.7334
Epoch 11/20
                           =======] - 1058s 15ms/step - loss: 0.5734 - auroc: 0.7429 - val los
69918/69918 [=======
s: 0.5676 - val_auroc: 0.7355
Epoch 12/20
69918/69918 [====
                            ======] - 1029s 15ms/step - loss: 0.5493 - auroc: 0.7466 - val los
s: 0.5514 - val auroc: 0.7361
Epoch 13/20
                            69918/69918 [======
s: 0.5342 - val auroc: 0.7358
Epoch 14/20
                           69918/69918 [======
s: 0.5212 - val auroc: 0.7345
Epoch 15/20
69918/69918 [======
                         s: 0.5073 - val auroc: 0.7370
Epoch 16/20
69918/69918 [===
                            ======] - 1034s 15ms/step - loss: 0.4864 - auroc: 0.7522 - val los
s: 0.4908 - val auroc: 0.7379
Epoch 17/20
69918/69918 [===
                           =======] - 1028s 15ms/step - loss: 0.4725 - auroc: 0.7547 - val los
s: 0.4834 - val auroc: 0.7370
Epoch 18/20
69918/69918 [========
                        ========] - 1037s 15ms/step - loss: 0.4633 - auroc: 0.7546 - val los
s: 0.4732 - val_auroc: 0.7370
Epoch 19/20
69918/69918 [=======
                       s: 0.4616 - val auroc: 0.7390
Epoch 20/20
69918/69918 [=============] - 1045s 15ms/step - loss: 0.4422 - auroc: 0.7569 - val los
s: 0.4559 - val_auroc: 0.7370
```

In [37]:

```
In [38]:

print("{} of test data {}". format(model_2.metrics_names[0],result[0]))
print("{} of test data {}". format(model_2.metrics_names[1],result[1]))
#best_model_2.save("/content/drive/My Drive/Applied ML assignments/best_model_2.h5")

loss of test data 0.4492546766628117
auroc of test data 0.7514955499718008
```