Freedom Struggle - Part 8

Q1: Who announced The Communal Award on 16th August, 1932?

- Ramsay McDonald **(Correct)**
- Gandhiji
- Chaudhary Rehmat Ali
- Iqbal

Q2: Which policy of the British did The Communal Award show?

- Unity and cooperation
- Communal representation **(Correct)**
- Complete independence
- Economic growth

Q3: Who opposed The Communal Award and started fasting unto death?

- Ramsay McDonald
- Iqbal
- Gandhiji **(Correct)**
- Chaudhary Rehmat Ali

Q4: What did the Poona Pact agree upon regarding the representation of depressed classes in the Provincial Legislature?

- Separate electorate
- Decreased seats
- Joint electorate **(Correct)**
- Quota system

Q5: Which leader proposed the idea of Muslim states within the federation with the suggestion for North-West provinces and Kashmir?

- Ramsay McDonald
- Gandhiji
- Chaudhary Rehmat Ali
- Iqbal **(Correct)**

Q6: When was the term 'Pakistan' first introduced by Chaudhary Rehmat Ali?

- 1930
- 1932
- 1933 **(Correct)**
- 1940

Q7: Which session of the Muslim League in 1940 passed the proposal for separate Pakistan?

- Lahore Session **(Correct)**
- Karachi Session
- Islamabad Session
- Quetta Session

Q8: Who drafted the proposal of separate Pakistan passed at the Lahore Session of the Muslim League in 1940?

- Sikandar Hayat Khan **(Correct)**
- Fazlul Haq
- Khaliquzzamah
- Iqbal

Q9: In which session of the Muslim League in December 1943 was the slogan 'Divide and Quit' adopted?

- Lahore Session
- Karachi Session **(Correct)**
- Islamabad Session
- Quetta Session

Q10: The Third Round Table Conference in 1932 was ineffective mainly because:

- Most national leaders were imprisoned **(Correct)**
- It lacked proper organization
- There were no significant issues to discuss
- Foreign delegates did not attend

Q11: What was the key feature of the Poona Pact regarding the electoral system for upper and lower castes?

- Separate electorates
- Joint electorate **(Correct)**
- Quota system
- Direct appointment

Q12: Who moved the proposal for separate Pakistan in the Lahore Session of the Muslim League in 1940?

- Sikandar Hayat Khan
- Fazlul Haq **(Correct)**
- Khaliquzzamah
- Iqbal

Q13: Which leader seconded the proposal of separate Pakistan in the Lahore Session of the Muslim League in 1940?

- Sikandar Hayat Khan
- Fazlul Haq
- Khaliquzzamah **(Correct)**
- Iqbal

Q14: The slogan 'Divide and Quit' was adopted at which Muslim League session in 1943?

- Lahore Session
- Karachi Session **(Correct)**
- Islamabad Session
- Quetta Session

Q15: Which event showed the divide and rule policy of the British?

- Poona Pact
- Iqbal's proposal
- The Communal Award **(Correct)**
- The Third Round Table Conference

Q16: Who suggested that the North-West provinces and Kashmir should be made Muslim states within the federation?

- Ramsay McDonald
- Gandhiji
- Chaudhary Rehmat Ali
- Iqbal **(Correct)**

Q17: When did Chaudhary Rehmat Ali coin the term 'Pakistan'?

- 1930
- 1932
- 1933 **(Correct)**
- 1940

Q18: Which leader drafted the proposal for separate Pakistan passed at the Lahore Session of the Muslim League in 1940?

- Sikandar Hayat Khan **(Correct)**
- Fazlul Haq
- Khaliquzzamah
- Iqbal

Q19: In which session of the Muslim League in December 1943 did the slogan 'Divide and Quit' come about?

- Lahore Session
- Karachi Session **(Correct)**
- Islamabad Session

- Quetta Session

Q20: The Third Round Table Conference in 1932 was mostly unproductive because:

- Most national leaders were detained **(Correct)**
- It had no clear objectives
- There were limited participants
- Foreign representatives were absent

Q21: What was the primary outcome of the Poona Pact in terms of electoral representation for upper and lower castes?

- Separate representation
- Joint representation **(Correct)**
- Reserved seats
- Direct selection