

Freedom Struggle - Part 5

Q1: When was the resolution for the Non-Cooperation Movement passed by the Congress?

- 1920 **(Correct)**
- 1921
- 1922
- 1923

Q2: Who was appointed as the leader of the Civil Disobedience Programme during the Congress Session at Allahabad in 1921?

- Motilal Nehru
- CR Das
- NC Kelkar
- Gandhiji **(Correct)**

Q3: What did the Non-Cooperation Movement envisage in terms of local bodies?

- Resignation from nominated offices **(Correct)**
- Joining British courts
- Boycotting foreign goods
- Offering for military jobs

Q4: What incident led to Gandhiji withdrawing the Non-Cooperation Movement in 1922?

- Chauri-Chaura Incident **(Correct)**
- Congress Session in Allahabad
- British courts boycott
- CR Das becoming President

Q5: Who demanded an end to the boycott of Legislative Councils and formed the Swaraj Party in 1923?

- Motilal Nehru
- Gandhiji
- CR Das **(Correct)**
- NC Kelkar

Q6: Where did the clash between a mob and the police leading to the Chauri-Chaura Incident in 1922 happen?

- Calcutta
- Delhi
- Gorakhpur **(Correct)**

- Allahabad

Q7: What compelled Gandhiji to withdraw the Non-Cooperation Movement in 1922?

- Boycott of British courts
- Resignation from local bodies
- Clash at Chauri-Chaura **(Correct)**
- Joining military jobs

Q8: Who were the leaders of the Swaraj Party formed in 1923?

- Motilal Nehru, NC Kelkar
- CR Das, Gandhiji
- NC Kelkar, Gandhiji
- Motilal Nehru, CR Das **(Correct)**

Q9: In which city was the Congress Session held where the Civil Disobedience Programme was planned in 1921?

- Mumbai
- Calcutta
- Allahabad **(Correct)**
- Delhi

Q10: What did the Swaraj Party demand from nationalists to do with Legislative Councils?

- Boycott
- Join and expose **(Correct)**
- Resign
- Ignore

Q11: Which leaders were known as Pro-changers in the context of the Swaraj Party formation?

- NC Kelkar, Gandhiji
- CR Das, NC Kelkar
- Motilal Nehru, Gandhiji
- Motilal Nehru, CR Das **(Correct)**

Q12: What was the response of the people to the call of boycotting foreign goods during the Non-Cooperation Movement?

- Join military jobs
- Resign from local bodies
- Offer for government jobs
- General public refusal **(Correct)**

Q13: What was the significance of the Non-Cooperation Movement led by Gandhiji in 1920?

- First mass-based political movement **(Correct)**
- Only for nominated officials
- Focused on military reformation
- Boycott foreign courts

Q14: What action did the lawyers take as part of the Non-Cooperation Movement?

- Join British courts
- Resign from legal profession
- Boycott foreign goods
- Refusal to attend British courts **(Correct)**

Q15: How did the Non-Cooperation Movement participants respond to government durbars?

- Active participation
- Resignation from posts
- Boycott **(Correct)**
- Violent protests

Q16: What led to the burning of policemen that resulted in the withdrawal of the Non-Cooperation Movement by Gandhiji?

- Police retaliation
- Chauri-Chaura Incident **(Correct)**
- Congress decision
- Local unrest

Q17: Who demanded the resignation from nominated offices and posts in local bodies as part of the Non-Cooperation Movement?

- CR Das
- NC Kelkar
- Gandhiji **(Correct)**
- Motilal Nehru

Q18: What was the reaction of the general public to offering themselves for military and other government jobs during the Non-Cooperation Movement?

- Boycott **(Correct)**
- Active participation
- Join military jobs
- Resign from jobs