Agenda:

Sconditional Prob

Multiplication Rule

Marginal L. Joint Prob

Tree diag approach.

Blaw of Total Prob

Baye's Thm.

(2) Conditional Prob

 $X_1 \longrightarrow \text{first wood} (How)$ $X_2 \longrightarrow \text{and} " (au)$ $X_3 \longrightarrow \text{and} " (You)$

 $P\left(X_3 = "You" \mid \frac{X_1 = "Now"}{and X_2 = "are"}\right)$

eg2: Sum of 2 dices

$$(93) P(D_1=2 \cap (D_1+D_2 \angle = 5))$$

$$(g.4) P (D_1=2) D_1+D_2 Z=5)$$

La Conditional

Conditional Prob:

$$P(A|B) = P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(B)$$

$$P\left(D_{1}=2 \mid (D_{1}+D_{2}) \leq 5\right)$$

$$= P(D_1 = Q \cap (D_1 + D_2 = S))$$

$$=\frac{3/3/6}{10/3/6}$$

$$P(A|B) = P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(B) = P(A|B) ** P(B)$$

$$P(A \cap B) = P(A|B) ** P(B)$$

$$P(A \cap B) = P(A|B) ** P(B)$$

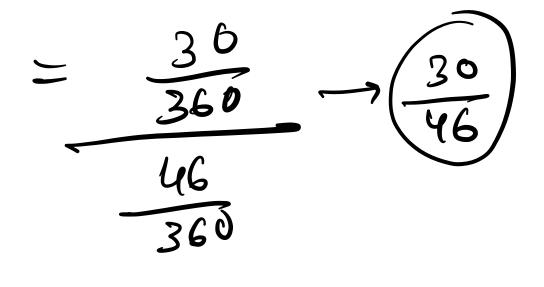
$$P(A \cap B) = P(A \cap B)$$

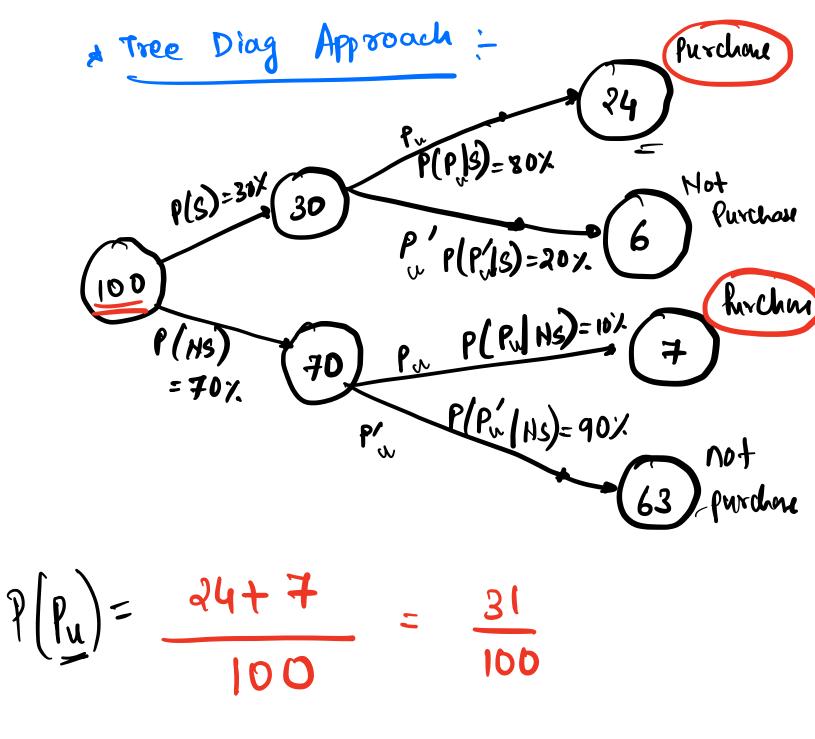
last lec -> Sachin ug

$$P(\omega_0) = Tru = \frac{184}{360}$$

$$(3)P(c)=\frac{46}{360}$$

$$= \frac{p(C \cap w)}{p(c)}$$





$$P(J) = \frac{5+19}{1000} = \frac{24}{1000} \times 100 \times 1000 \times 10000 \times 1000 \times 10000$$

$$= 10 \times * 2 \times + 3 \times * 4 \times * 4$$

$$P(RNJ) = \frac{5}{1000}$$

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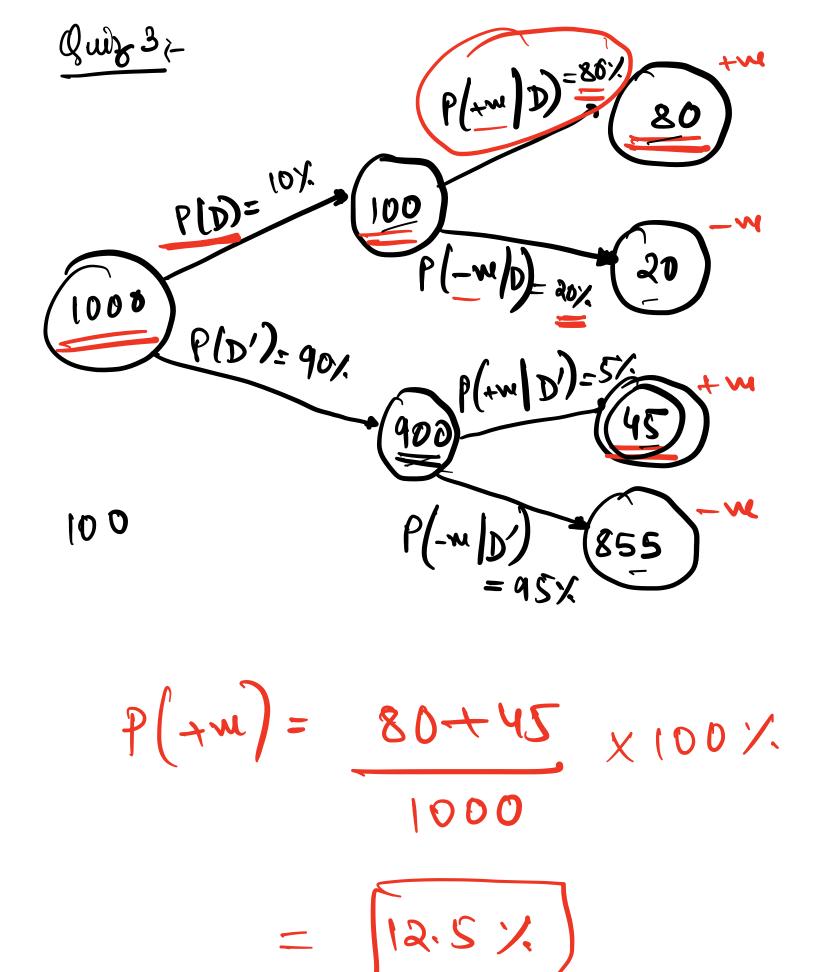
Summary:



des 4 lotal focus).

$$P(A(B) = P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(B)$$



$$\frac{(d \cap w+)q}{(d)q} = \frac{(d)m+}{(d)q}$$

$$=\frac{1000}{45}\times100\%$$

$$P(A|B) = P(B|A) + P(A)$$

$$P(B)$$

Simple durivation:

$$P(A \cap B) = P(B \cap A) \rightarrow 0$$

$$P(A|B) = P(A\cap B)$$

$$P(B)$$

$$P(A|B) + P(B) = P(B|A) + P(A)$$

Posterior Prob

Likelihood

Paior

Marginal Prob