

Programming Using C

week 06practice session coding

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Sam buys chocolate and starts keeping them as the following day of the year. Each day of the year, x , is represented from 1 to T . On days where x is odd, Sam will buy x chocolates, no days where x is even, Sam will not purchase any chocolates.

Complete the code in the editor so that for each day N (input $T \leq x \leq N \leq T$) in string s , the number of chocolates Sam purchased during days 1 through N is printed on a new line. This is a function only challenge, no input is handled for you by the hidden test code in the editor.

Input Format

The program takes an array of strings as a parameter.

The linked code in the editor handles reading the following input from stdin, assembling it into an array of strings (s), and calling calculate(s).

The first line of input contains an integer, T (the number of test cases). Each line i of the T subsequent lines describes the i th test case as a string, N (the number of days).

Constraints

$$1 \leq T \leq 2 \times 10^5$$

$$1 \leq N_i \leq 1 \times 10^6$$

$$1 \leq x \leq N_i \leq T$$

Output Format

For each test case, T in any given calculation method should print the total number of chocolates Sam purchased by day N on a new line.

Sample Input 0

```
3
3
2
8
```

Sample Output 0

```
1
1
4
```

Explanation

Test Case 0: $N = 1$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, giving us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 1: $N = 2$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1 and 0 on day 2. This gives us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 2: $N = 8$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, 0 on day 2, and 0 on day 3. This gives us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Answer: (currently empty if N_i)

```
def calculate(s):
    n = len(s)
    ans = 0
    for i in range(1, n+1):
        if i % 2 == 1:
            ans += i
    return ans
```

Test Case	Expected	Got
0	1	1
1	1	1
2	1	1
3	1	1
4	1	1
5	1	1
6	1	1
7	1	1
8	1	1
9	1	1
10	1	1
11	1	1
12	1	1
13	1	1
14	1	1
15	1	1
16	1	1
17	1	1
18	1	1
19	1	1
20	1	1
21	1	1
22	1	1
23	1	1
24	1	1
25	1	1
26	1	1
27	1	1
28	1	1
29	1	1
30	1	1
31	1	1
32	1	1
33	1	1
34	1	1
35	1	1
36	1	1
37	1	1
38	1	1
39	1	1
40	1	1
41	1	1
42	1	1
43	1	1
44	1	1
45	1	1
46	1	1
47	1	1
48	1	1
49	1	1
50	1	1
51	1	1
52	1	1
53	1	1
54	1	1
55	1	1
56	1	1
57	1	1
58	1	1
59	1	1
60	1	1
61	1	1
62	1	1
63	1	1
64	1	1
65	1	1
66	1	1
67	1	1
68	1	1
69	1	1
70	1	1
71	1	1
72	1	1
73	1	1
74	1	1
75	1	1
76	1	1
77	1	1
78	1	1
79	1	1
80	1	1
81	1	1
82	1	1
83	1	1
84	1	1
85	1	1
86	1	1
87	1	1
88	1	1
89	1	1
90	1	1
91	1	1
92	1	1
93	1	1
94	1	1
95	1	1
96	1	1
97	1	1
98	1	1
99	1	1

Passed all tests. ✓

The number of goals achieved by two football teams in matches in a league is given in the form of two lists. Consider

- $match1$ team 1 has played these matches, and has scored $1, 2, 3, 4$ goals in each match respectively.
- $match2$ team 2 has played these matches, and has scored $1, 2, 4, 2$ goals in each match respectively.
- Now look in its entirety, for each match of team 1, the total number of matches of team 1, where team 1 has scored less than or equal to the number of goals scored by team 2 in that match.
- In this case team
- For 1 goals scored by team 1 in its first match, team 2 has 2 matches with scores 1 and 2.
- For 2 goals scored by team 1 in its second match, team 2 has 2 matches with scores 1, 2 and 4.

Where, the answer is 4.

Complete the code in the editor below. The program must return an array of integer integers, one for each $match1[i]$ representing the total number of elements $match2[j]$ satisfying $match1[i] \leq match2[j]$ for $0 \leq j < n$ in the given array.

It has the following

$match1[match1.length]$ - array of positive integers

$match2[match2.length]$ - array of positive integers

Constraints

- $1 \leq n, m \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq match1[i] \leq 10^9$ where $0 \leq i < n$
- $1 \leq match2[j] \leq 10^9$ where $0 \leq j < m$

Input Format

Input lines will be processed as follows and passed to the function

The first line contains an integer n , the number of elements in $match1$.

The next n lines each contain an integer describing $match1[i]$ where $0 \leq i < n$.

The next line contains an integer m , the number of elements in $match2$.

The next m lines each contain an integer describing $match2[j]$ where $0 \leq j < m$.

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

```
4
1
4
2
4
2
4
```

Sample Output 0

```
2
4
```

Explanation 0

We are given $n = 4$, $match1 = [1, 4, 2, 4]$, $m = 5$ and $match2 = [2, 4]$.

1. For $match1[0] = 1$, we have 1 element in $match2$ ($match2[0] = 2$) that are $\leq match1[0]$.

2. For $match1[1] = 4$, we have 4 elements in $match2$ ($match2[0] = 2$, $match2[1] = 4$, $match2[2] = 2$, and $match2[3] = 4$) that are $\leq match1[1]$.

Thus, the function returns the array $[2, 4]$ as the answer.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

```
5
2
3
10
6
4
4
2
7
2
4
```

主 題

Publication 1

1. For $\text{max}(\emptyset) = 1$, let max be a function defined on $\text{max}(\text{max}(\emptyset)) = 1$ that is $\text{max}(\text{max}(\emptyset)) = 1$.
2. For $\text{max}(\emptyset) = 1$, there are 2 elements in $\text{max}(\text{max}(\emptyset)) = \text{max}(\{1\})$.
3. For $\text{max}(\emptyset) = 1$, let max be a function that maps $\text{max}(\text{max}(\emptyset)) = \{1\}$ to $\text{max}(\{1\}) = 2$ that is $\text{max}(\{1\}) = 2$.
4. For $\text{max}(\emptyset) = 1$, let max be a function that maps $\text{max}(\text{max}(\emptyset)) = \{1\}$ to $\text{max}(\{1\}) = 1$, $\text{max}(\{1\}) = 2$, and $\text{max}(\{2\}) = 2$ that is $\text{max}(\{1, 2\}) = 2$.

Thus, the hypothesis that the group $\{T, R, A, Q\}$ is the correct

Answers (usually) appear on page 101.

```

1 // void bubbleSort(int arr[])
2 {
3     int n = arr.length;
4     for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
5     {
6         for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
7         {
8             if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1])
9             {
10                 // swap arr[j] and arr[j + 1]
11                 int temp = arr[j];
12                 arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
13                 arr[j + 1] = temp;
14             }
15         }
16     }
17 }
18
19 // Driver code
20 public static void main(String[] args)
21 {
22     int arr[] = {64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90};
23     bubbleSort(arr);
24     System.out.println("Sorted array is:");
25     for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++)
26     {
27         System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
28     }
29 }

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1	1	1	✓
	2		2	
	3			
	4			
	5			
	6			
	7			
	8			
	9			
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	100			

Forward all items. ✓